



Preview – Information



Thank you for your interest in this product. Within this preview, you will see:

- ✓ A selection of Ready-To-Use Google Slides Lessons.
- ✓ A selection of worksheets included in the workbook.

When you make a purchase, you will receive a folder that contains the .pdf workbook file and a link to where you can make a copy of the Google Slides Lessons unit to your Google Drive.

Thank you for shopping with us. Please let us know if you have any questions at:

rob@supersimplesheets.com



Google Slides Lessons Preview





Manitoba Math Curriculum Statistics– Grade 5

3-Part Lesson Format

Part 1 – Minds On!

- Learning Goals
- Discussion Questions
- Quotes
- And More!

SAMPLING METHODS

Learning Goal

We are learning to **explain and compare** different sampling methods, so we can **collect data** that fairly represents a population and understand why the way we choose a sample is important.

FIRST-HAND VS SECOND-HAND DATA

Read the description and decide whether it is First-Hand or Second-Hand data.

Description	Data Type
1) The heights of students in a Grade 5 class are measured and recorded.	First-Hand Data
2) Information about the population of Canadian provinces is found in a report.	
3) A survey is given to classmates about their favourite after-school activity.	
4) The number of books read each month is tracked in a reading journal.	Second-Hand Data
5) A news article is used to find the average snowfall in Yellowknife.	
6) The number of cars passing the school during recess is counted.	
7) A website is used to find the distances between major Canadian cities.	

Part 2 – Action!

- Writing
- Matching
- Drag and Drop
- Drawing
- And More!

Part 3 – Consolidation!

- Exit Cards
- Quizzes
- Reflection
- And More!

FIRST-HAND VS SECOND-HAND DATA

Drag the descriptions into the correct category.

First-Hand Data	Second-Hand data	
Rainfall is measured each day for a week.	A book is used to find facts about whales.	Plant heights are measured every week.
Daily screen time is tracked for one month.	A news article is used to find election results.	The colours of cars in a parking lot are counted.



Manitoba Math Curriculum Statistics– Grade 5

SAMPLING METHODS

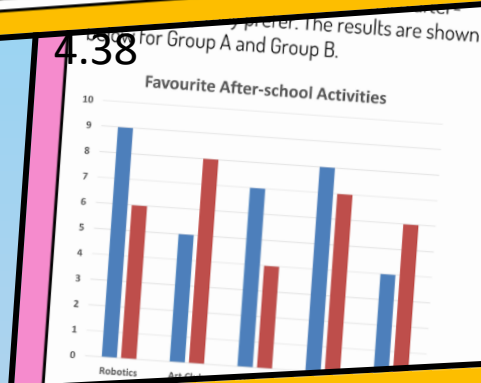
Which type of sampling method was used in the examples below?

Examples of Sampling Methods	Sampling Methods
1) Selecting names by pulling them out of a hat from the whole class list	
2) Dividing a school into boys and girls, then randomly choosing students from each group	
3) Surveying every 6th student who enters the library	
4) Separating a city's population into age groups (children, adults, seniors) and choosing some from each group	
5) Putting all employee names into a random number generator to pick participants	
6) Using a computer to randomly select 25% of households in a neighbourhood	

Random Sampling

Stratified Sampling

Systematic Sampling



- 1) Which activity was most popular in Group A?
- 2) Which activity was most popular in Group B?
- 3) Which activity received the least total votes combined?
- 4) Which activity shows the narrowest difference between the two groups?
- 4) How many students participated in the survey altogether?
- 5) If 3 more students in Group A preferred Robotics, how many more votes would it have than the next most popular activity?

INTERPRETING DOUBLE BAR GRAPHS

The students in grade 5 were asked which type of lunch they prefer, and the teachers were asked the same question. The results are shown in the double bar graph below.

Favourite Lunch Choice (Teachers vs Students)

Lunch Choice	Teachers	Students
Pizza	6	11
Poutine	10	9
Pasta	6	7
Salad	6	6
Sushi	10	4
Rice	5	12

	Pizza	Poutine	Pasta	Salad	Sushi	Rice
Teachers						
Students						

1) Which lunch did the **students** like the most?

2) Which lunch got the **most votes combined**?

3) Which lunch did both groups like the **same amount**?

4) Did more **students or teachers** participate in the survey?

5) What is the **mode** for each group?

Teachers

Students

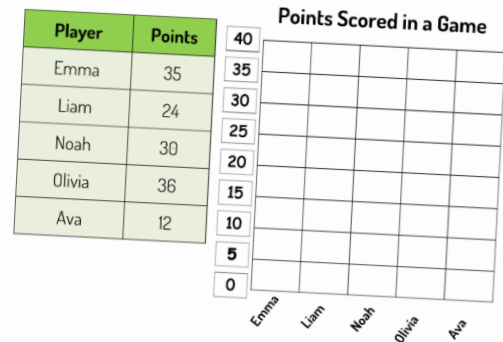
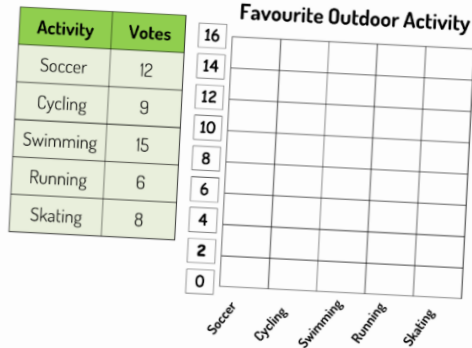
Teachers Students



Manitoba Math Curriculum Statistics– Grade 5

DRAWING BAR GRAPHS

Draw the bars for each of the many-to-one bar graphs below.



DRAWING A DOUBLE BAR GRAPH

Two Grade 5 classes were asked which school subject they find most interesting. The result is listed below:

Class A: Math, Science, Math, Art, Science, Math, Gym, Science, Math, Art, Science, Math

Class B: Science, Gym, Math, Gym, Science, Art, Gym, Science, Math, Gym, Science, Art

Fill in the frequency table below. Then draw a double bar graph.

Subject	Class A	Class B
Math		
Science		
Art		
Gym		

Favourite School Subject



TALLY MARKS

Which is greater? Use $>$ $=$ $<$

### III		
### ### ### ### I		10
### ### ### II		23
### ### ### ### III		31
### ### ### ### ### III		24
### ### ###		37
### ### III		12
### ### ### ###		11
		22

Name: _____

5

Curriculum Connection
D1.1

First-Hand vs Second-Hand Data

First-Hand Data

Data that you have collected yourself

Example

- asking your classmates their favourite food

Second-Hand Data

Data that has been collected by someone else

Example

- How much rainfall landed in Calgary in May

Questions

Read the description and circle if it is first-hand or second-hand data

1) You find Sydney Crosby's goals per game in the playoffs last year and graph the data	First-Hand Second-Hand
2) You measure the heights of the kids in your class	First-Hand Second-Hand
3) You find the population of your city in the year 2000	First-Hand Second-Hand
4) You ask your friends what their favourite colour is	First-Hand Second-Hand
5) You look up the population of your city in the year 2000	First-Hand Second-Hand
6) You look up the distances from your house to different countries around the world	First-Hand Second-Hand

Preview of 40 pages from this product that contains 99 pages total.

Part 2

Write your own first-hand and second-hand data descriptions below

1) First-Hand	
2) Second-Hand	
3) First-Hand	
4) Second-Hand	

Name: _____

6

Curriculum Connection
D1.1

First-Hand Data Survey Questions

When we collect first-hand data, we often use survey questions to ask people to gather the data. We can also create research questions for experiments we plan to perform so that we can collect first-hand data.

Example of First-Hand Survey Questions

- What is your favourite hobby?
- What is your favourite food?

Example of First-Hand Research Questions

- How much snow will fall this month in my backyard?
- How many pushups can I do every day for 10 days?

Part 1

Write 5 survey questions you could ask to gather first-hand data

1)

2)

3)

4)

5)

Part 2

Write 5 research questions for experiments you could do to gather first-hand data

1)

2)

3)

4)

5)

Name: _____

7

Curriculum Connection
D1.1

Second-Hand Data - Generating Questions

When we collect second-hand data, we are finding data from another source. This means someone else has collected the data for others to use as second-hand data.

Using second-hand data allows us to answer questions we may have. With so much data available to us, we can write research questions about almost anything and find the data online.

Examples

- 1) Which YouTubers had the most views last year?
- 2) Which players scored the most points last year?
- 3) What were the average temperatures in Canada, the USA, Jamaica, and _____ last year?

Practice Write 10 questions you could look up to gather second-hand data

1)

2)

3)

4)

5)

6)

7)

8)

9)

10)

Name: _____

8

Curriculum Connection
D1.1

Finding Second-Hand Data

Choose a research question that you are most interested in. Find data that answers your research question. Organize your data by using the table below.

Organizer

Fill in the table below

1) What is your research question?

2) How will you organize your data? You will need 4 or 5 categories so you can use your data to make comparisons.
For example: Swisher's goal totals for his first 5 seasons.

Categories

Data

3) What did you learn about your second-hand data?

4) Why is this data considered second-hand data?

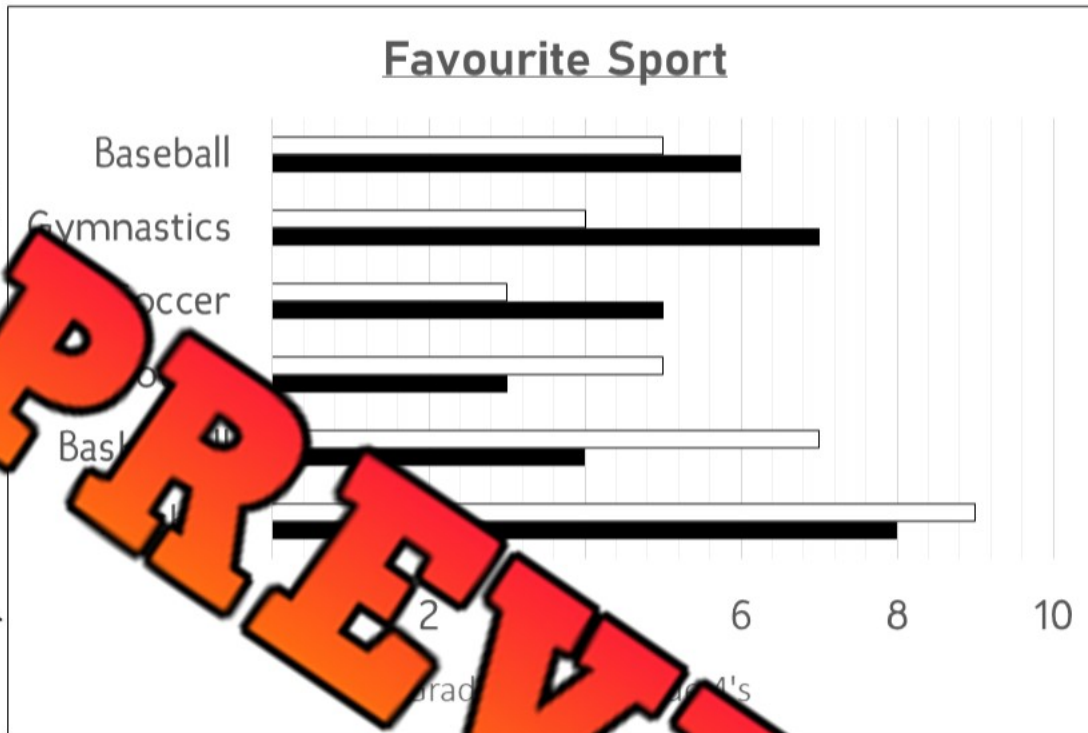
Name: _____

10

Curriculum Connection
D1.2

Horizontal Double-Bar Graph

The grade 4s and 5s were asked which sport they liked the best. The results have been displayed below in a horizontal double bar graph.



Sport	Baseball	Gymnastics	Soccer	Football	Basketball	Hockey
Grade 4						
Grade 5						

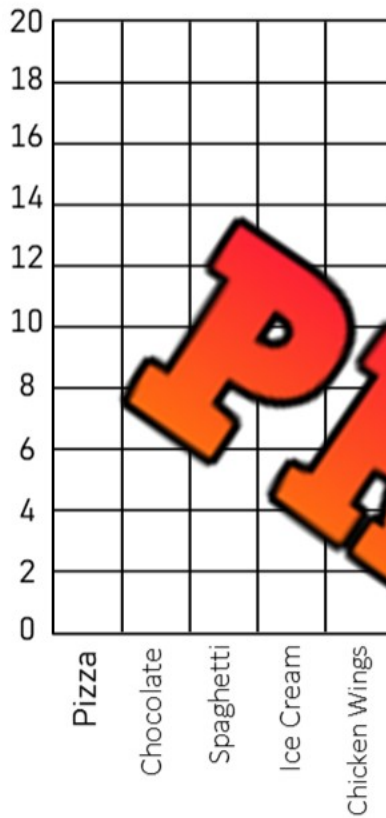
a) Which sport was most popular?	
b) Which sport was the least popular?	
c) How many grade 4's and 5's chose gymnastics as their favourite?	
d) How many kids liked basketball and soccer the best?	
e) How many kids liked hockey more than football?	
f) How many grade 5's were surveyed?	
g) How many total kids were surveyed?	

Name: _____

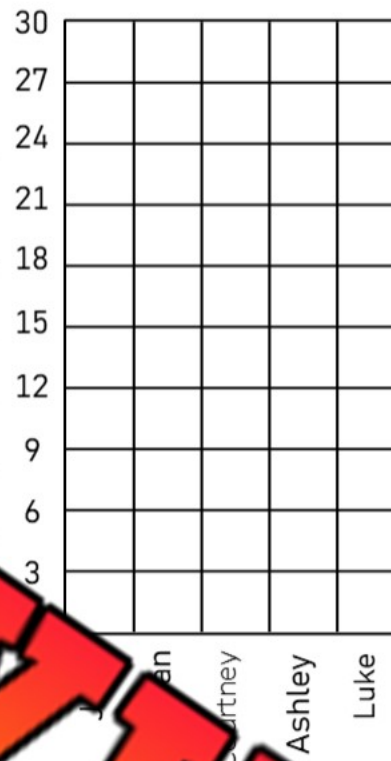
Drawing Bar Graphs

Questions

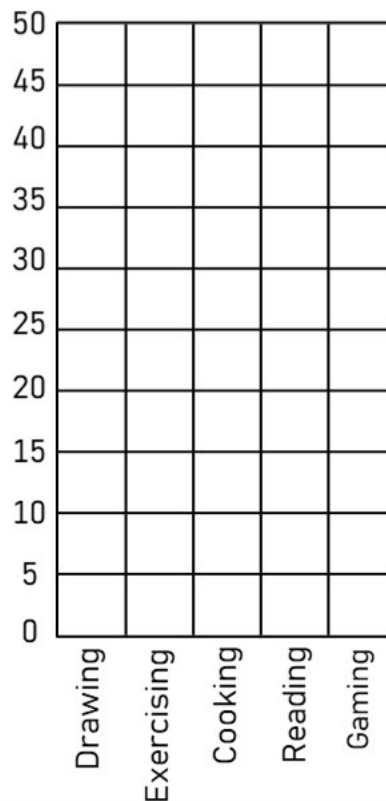
Draw the bars for each of the bar graphs below



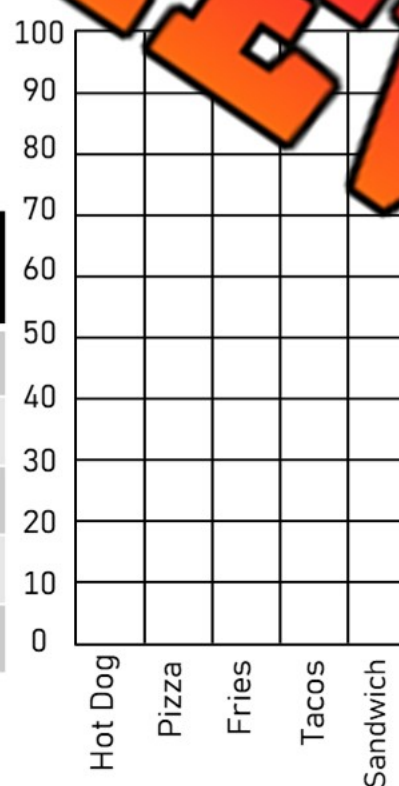
Favourite Food	# of votes
Pizza	14
Chocolate	10
Spaghetti	4
Ice Cream	16
Chicken Wings	12



Player	# of points
Jake	30
Nathan	12
Courtney	18
Ashley	24
Luke	6



Favourite Hobby	# of votes
Drawing	10
Exercising	20
Cooking	35
Reading	25
Gaming	40



Favourite Food	# of votes
Hot Dog	30
Pizza	60
Fries	50
Tacos	80
Sandwich	35

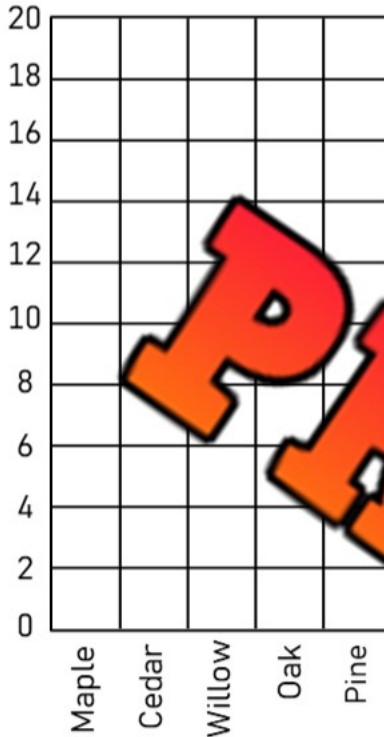
Name: _____

12

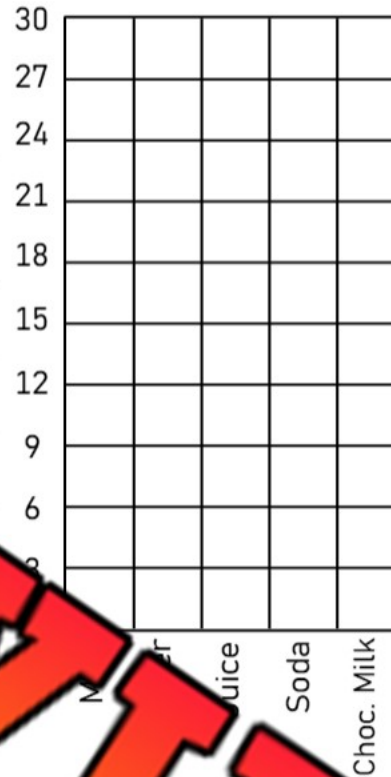
Drawing Bar Graphs

Questions

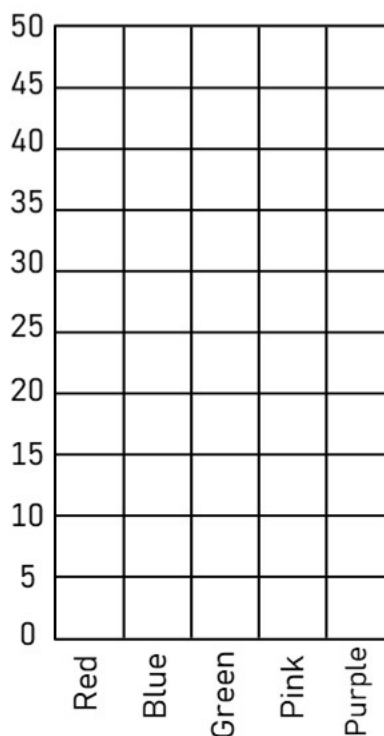
Draw the bars for each of the bar graphs below



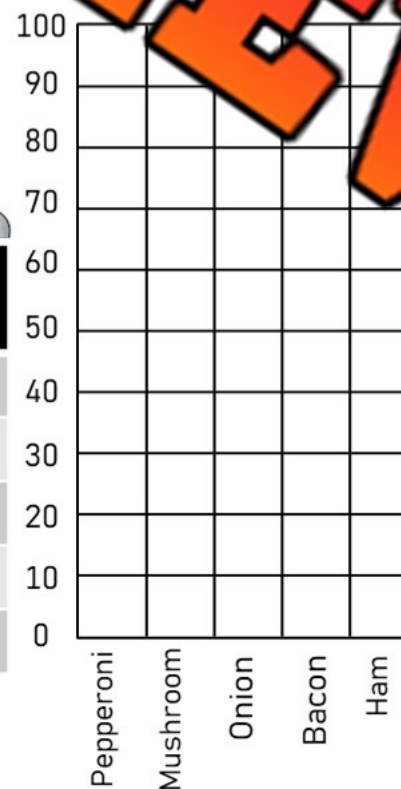
Favourite Tree	# of votes
Maple	8
Cedar	11
Willow	14
Oak	17
Pine	17



Favourite Drink	# of points
Milk	9
Water	3
Juice	16
Soda	21
Choc. Milk	25



Favourite Colour	# of votes
Red	40
Blue	30
Green	15
Pink	8
Purple	20



Favourite Pizza Topping	# of votes
Pepperoni	80
Mushroom	40
Onion	30
Bacon	60
Ham	25

Name: _____

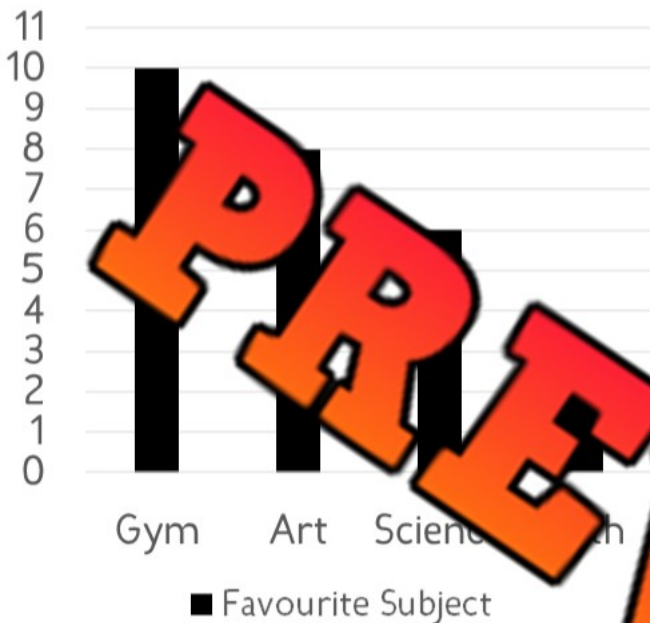
13

Curriculum Connection
D1.2

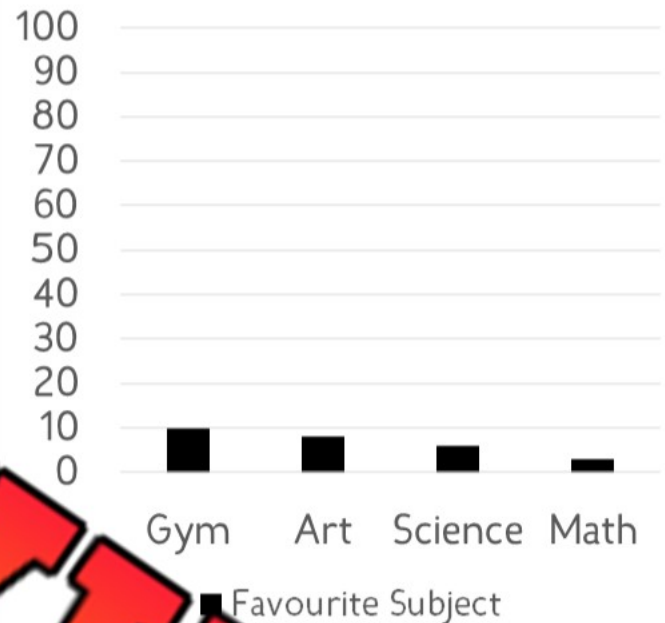
Favourite Subject - Examining Scale

The two graphs below display the same data. Examine both graphs and answer the questions below.

Favourite Subject – Graph A



Favourite Subject – Graph B



Questions

What do you notice about the two graphs?

- What is the scale in Graph A?
- What is the scale in Graph B?
- Which graph uses more of the space?
- Which graph is easier to read and interpret? Why is that graph better?
- Why is it important to choose an appropriate scale?

Name: _____

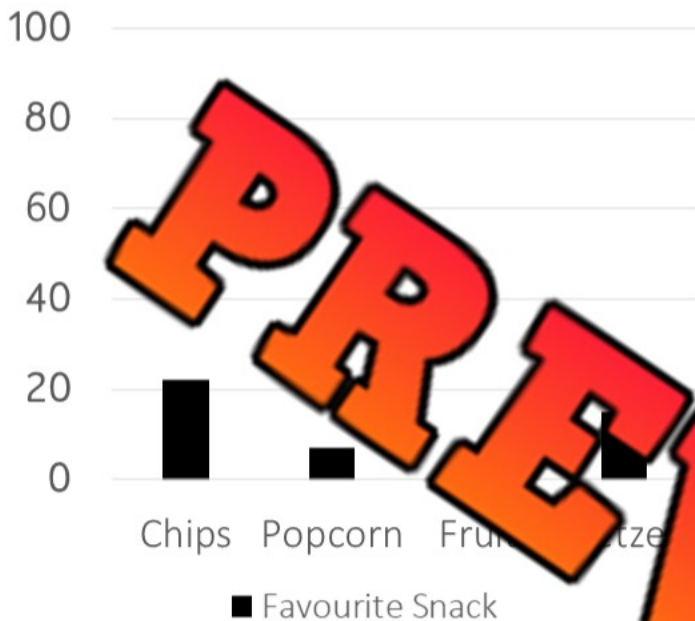
14

Curriculum Connection
D1.2

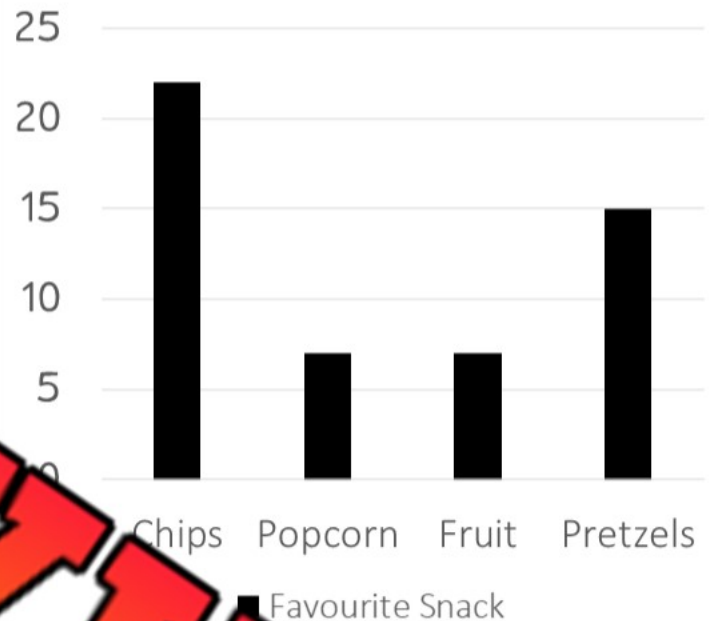
Favourite Snack - Examining Scale

The two graphs below display the same data. Examine both graphs and answer the questions below.

Favourite Snack – Graph A



Favourite Snack – Graph B



Questions What do you notice about the two graphs?

- What is the scale in Graph A?
- What is the scale in Graph B?
- Which graph uses more of the space?
- Which graph is better? Why?
- What other scales could you use for the data?
 - Go up by _____
 - Go up by _____

Name: _____

15

Curriculum Connection
D1.2

Creating Scale

When you create a scale for your graph, you need to look at the data so you can decide what to go up by. The goal is to create a scale that will fill the graph area.

Step 1: Look at the data. Find the lowest and highest numbers.

Step 2: Count how many lines you have to plot your data.

Step 3: Decide what to go up by to ensure you have enough space to plot ALL the data.

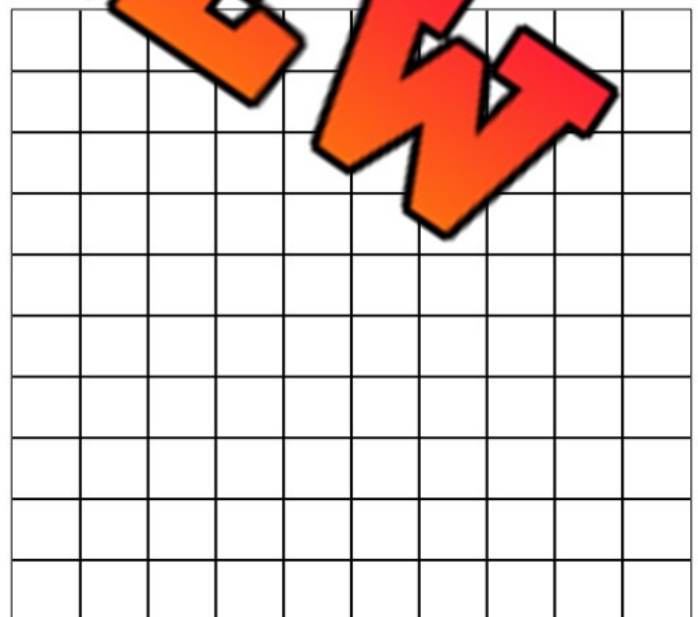
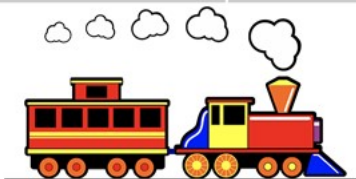


Brownie
Ice Cream
Cookie
Donut
Pudding

Favourite Dessert	# of votes
Brownie	14
Ice Cream	12
Cookie	2
Donut	16
Pudding	6



Favourite Transportation Method	# of votes
Bus	5
Car	15
Airplane	30
Train	25
Boat	40



Bus
Car
Airplane
Train
Boat

Name: _____

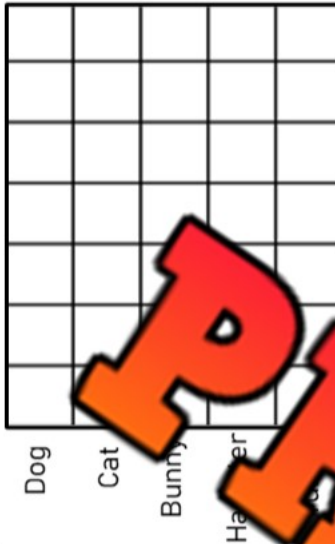
16

Curriculum Connection
D1.2

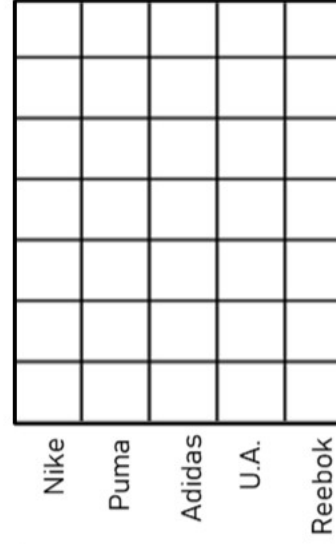
Creating Scale

Questions

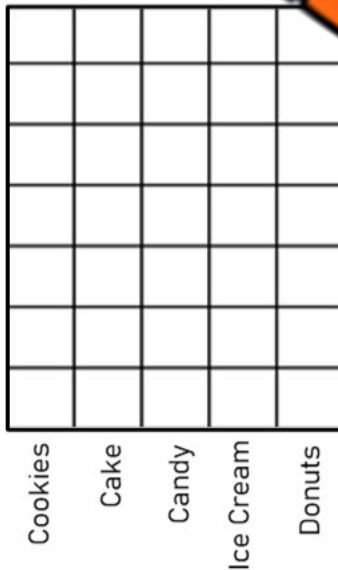
Read the numbers and decide which scale to use. Next, draw your bar graphs



Pets	Votes
Dog	8
Cat	14
Bunny	2
Hamster	6
Guinea Pig	10



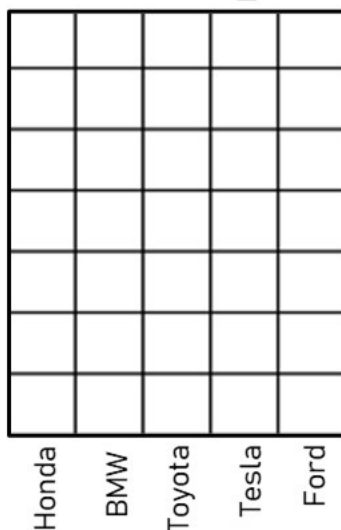
Brand	Votes
Nike	7
Puma	2
Adidas	4
Under Armour	5
Reebok	3



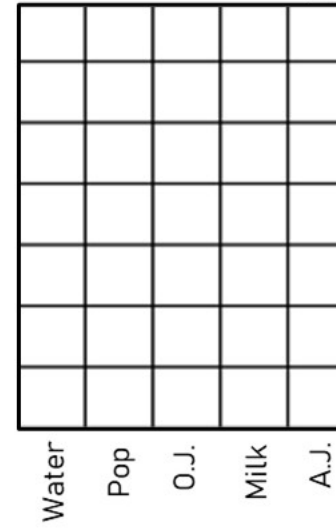
Food	Votes
Cookies	9
Cake	12
Candy	21
Ice Cream	15
Donuts	18



Subject	Votes
Math	20
Science	30
Gym	70
Art	50
Language	40



Cars	Votes
Honda	40
BMW	100
Toyota	60
Tesla	120
Ford	30



Drinks	Votes
Water	200
Pop	500
Orange Juice	400
Milk	300
Apple Juice	600

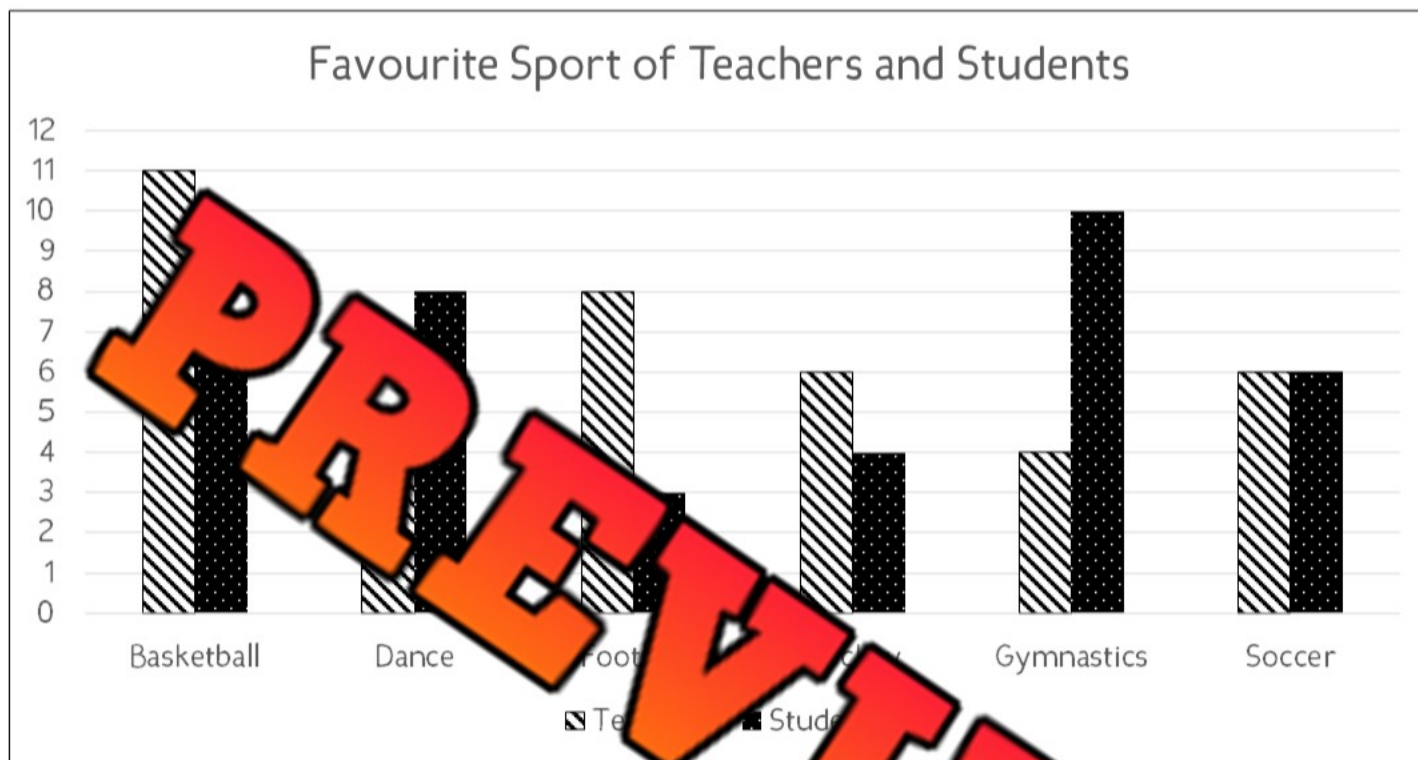
Name: _____

17

Curriculum Connection
D1.2

Interpreting a Double Bar Graph

The teachers at Pineview Public School and students in grade 5 were asked which sport is their favourite. The results are displayed in the double bar graph below.



a) Which sport did the teachers like the most?

b) Which sport did the students like the most?

c) Which sport got the most votes combined?

d) Which sport did the teachers and students like the same?

e) Did more teachers or students participate in the survey?

f) How many people participated in the survey?

g) What could the title be for the x-axis → ?

h) What could the title be for the y-axis ↑ ?

Name: _____

18

Curriculum Connection
D1.1, D1.2

Double Bar Graph - Favourite Social Media

You surveyed the students in grade 5 and 6 asking which social media app was their favourite. The results have been sorted by grade in the double-bar graph below.



Part 1 Fill in the frequency table by reading the double bar graph above

Grades	Snapchat	YouTube	Tik Tok	Facebook	Instagram
5					
6					

Part 2 Answer the questions below

a) How many students in each grade were surveyed?	(5)	(6)
b) Which social media was the most popular? How many votes did it get?		
c) How many more grade 6's liked Tik Tok than grade 5's?		
d) Which type of data is this – first-hand or second-hand?		

Interpreting a Double Bar Graph - Favourite Beverage

A restaurant wants to know which drinks to keep in stock. They decide to sample two different age groups – adults (18+) and people under 18. They randomly select 30 individuals from each group.



Part 1 Fill in the frequency table by reading the double bar graph above

Age Group	Coffee	Juice	Pop	Tea	Chocolate Milk
Under 18					
Adults (18+)					

Part 2 Answer the questions below

a) How many people in each age group were surveyed?	
b) Which drinks would you keep in stock?	
c) Which type of data is this: first-hand or second-hand?	
d) How many more adults preferred coffee than people under 18?	
e) How many more people under 18 preferred pop than adults?	

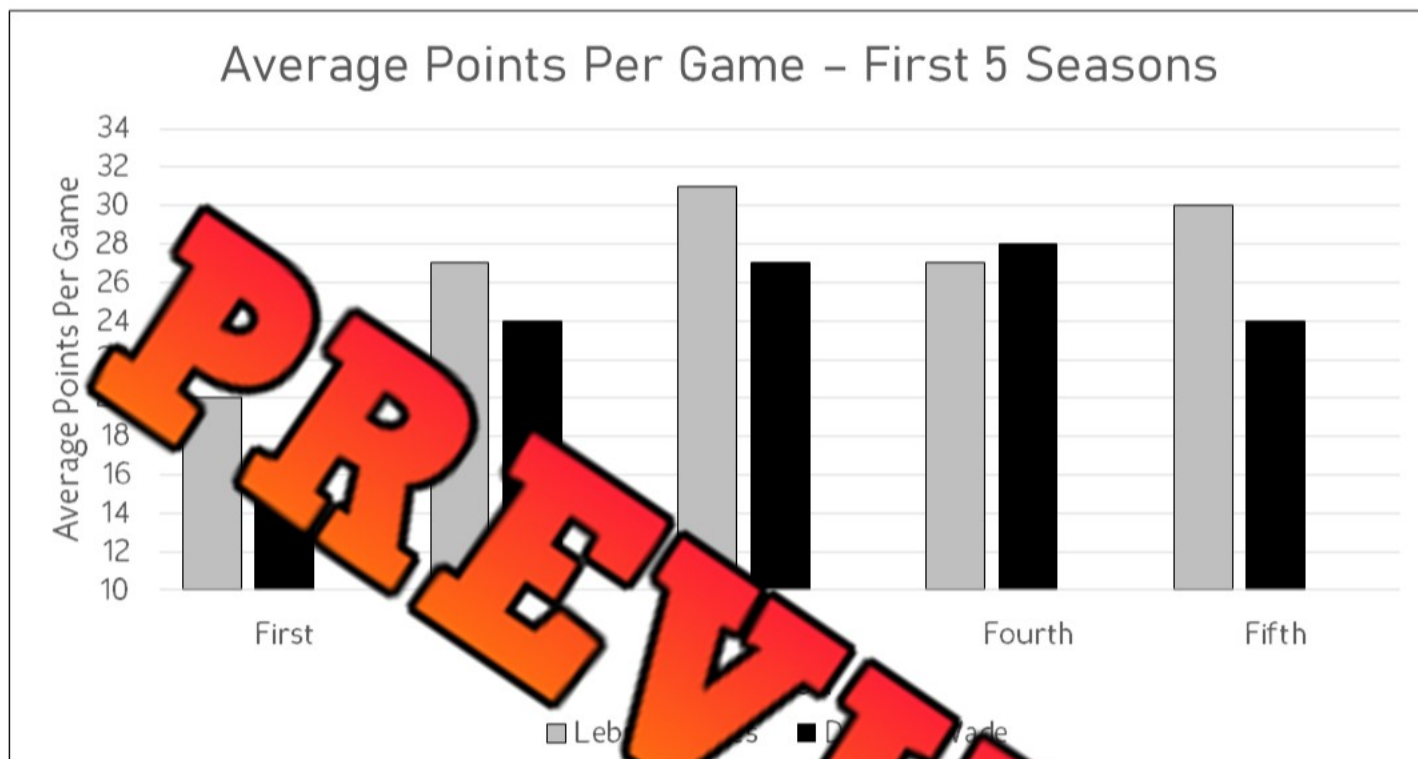
Name: _____

20

Curriculum Connection
D1.1, D1.2

Interpreting a Double Bar Graph - James vs Wade

Lebron James and Dwyane Wade started their NBA careers in the same year. Their points per game have been displayed in the double bar graph below.



Part 1

Fill in the frequency table by reading the double bar graph above

Season	First	Second	Third	Fourth	Fifth
Lebron James					
Dwyane Wade					

Part 2

Answer the questions below

a) What number does the graph start with on the y-axis ↑ ?	
b) What is the title of the y-axis → ?	
c) Which type of data is this: first-hand or second-hand?	
d) Which season did Wade score more points than James?	
e) How many more points per game did James score in the first 5 seasons together?	

Name: _____

21

Curriculum Connection
D1.2

Tally Marks

= 1	= 2	= 3	= 4	/ = 5
/ = 6	/ = 7	/ = 8	/ = 9	/ / = 10

Part 1

Count the tally marks

/	/	/	
_____	_____	_____	_____
/	/ /	/ /	/ / /
_____	_____	_____	_____

Part 2

Draw a tally marks that represent the number

3 =	7 =	_____
12 =	15 =	18 =
26 =	31 =	

Part 3

Which is greater? Use the < > or =

8 _____ /	13 _____ / /	14 _____ / / /
---------------	----------------------	----------------------------

Name: _____

22

Curriculum Connection
D1.2

Tally Marks and Frequency Tables

Part 1 Fill in the table by writing in the frequency of the tally marks

1. The students in a class were asked what their favourite sport is. The results are listed below. Fill in the frequency of the tally marks in each category below.

Category	Football	Hockey	Basketball	Soccer
Tally				
Frequency				

- a) How many people were surveyed in the class? _____
- b) Which sport is the most popular in the class? _____
- c) Which sport was the least popular? _____
- d) How many more people liked hockey than basketball? _____



Part 2 Fill in the table by drawing the tally marks based on the frequency

2. Henry asked his friends what food they liked the most. He forgot to draw the tally marks, but he wrote down the frequency. Help him fill in the table by drawing the tally marks.

Category	Pizza	Sandwich	Hot Dogs	French Fries
Tally				
Frequency	13	5	12	9

- a) How many friends participated in the survey? _____
- b) Which food is the most popular? _____
- c) How many more friends liked French fries than sandwiches? _____

Name: _____

23

Curriculum Connection
D1.2

Survey - Double Bar Graph - Eye Colour

Directions

- 1) Create two groups that you will ask the survey question, "what is your eye colour?"
- 2) Record the results in the table below. Make sure to keep the data from the two groups separate.

Survey Question		What is your eye colour?					
0							
Group 1	Group 2						
Tally	Tally						

Interpreting Your Survey Results

- 1) Did any of the survey results surprise you?

- 2) Was there a big difference between the two groups? Explain why or why not.

- 3) Is this first-hand data or second-hand data? Explain why.

Name: _____

24

Curriculum Connection
D1.2

Creating a Double-Bar Graph - Eye Colour

Use the data you collected to plot your graph. Remember the following labels:

X axis label ☐ Y axis label ☐ Title ☐ Scale ☐ Options ☐ Legend ☐

PREVIEW



Legend

☐	
☐	

X

Name: _____

27

Curriculum Connection
D1.1, D1.2

Double Bar Graph - First-Hand Data

Directions

- 1) Create your own survey question that you will ask two different groups
- 2) Decide on two groups to ask the survey question to
- 3) Fill in the organizer below

Survey Question							
Op							
Group 1	Group 2						
Tally	Tally						

Interpreting Your Survey Results

- 1) Did any of the survey results surprise you?

- 2) Was there a big difference between the two groups? Explain why you think this was the case.

- 3) Which other groups could you ask this survey question to? List 3 more groups.

Name: _____

28

Curriculum Connection
D1.1, D1.2

My Double Bar Graph - First Hand Data

Use the data you collected to plot your graph. Remember the following labels:

X axis label ☐ Y axis label ☐ Title ☐ Scale ☐ Options ☐ Legend ☐

PREVIEW



Legend

☐	
☐	

Name: _____

29

Curriculum Connection
D1.1, D1.2

My Double Bar Graph - Second Hand Data

Directions

- 1) Think of 2 different populations that you can compare (countries, athletes, YouTubers)
- 2) Think of a research question that allows you to compare two different populations
Examples: How many views did Two YouTubers have in each of the last 5 years?
- 3) Make sure you have 4 or 5 data points so you can compare the two groups
Examples: year (2015, 2016, etc.), season, athlete's season (first year, second year)

Survey Question							
Data							
Group 1	Group 2						

Interpreting Your Survey Results

- 1) What did you learn about the two groups? Write at least _____ as you learned.

- 2) Why do we use second-hand data? What does it allow us to do?

- 3) Why is it helpful to graph the data we collect?

Name: _____

30

Curriculum Connection
D1.1, D1.2

My Double Bar Graph - Second Hand Data

Use the data you collected to plot your graph. Remember the following labels:

X axis label ☐ Y axis label ☐ Title ☐ Scale ☐ Options ☐ Legend ☐



X

Name: _____

33

Curriculum Connection
D1.2

My Infographic

Title: _____



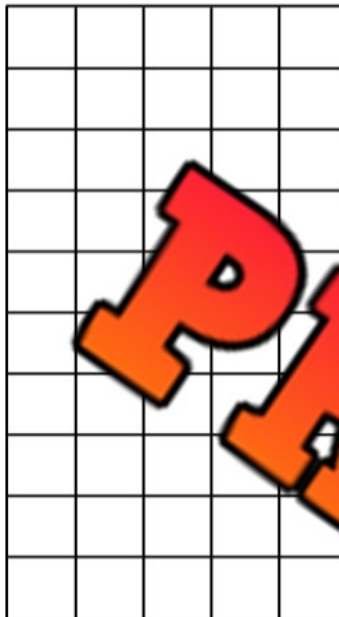
Name: _____

37

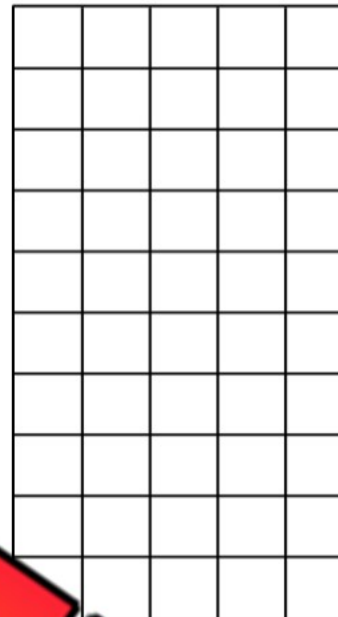
Unit Quiz - Data Literacy

Part 1

Draw the bars for each of the bar graphs below



Favourite Food	# of votes
Pizza	12
Chocolate	6
Spaghetti	8
Ice Cream	16
Chicken Wings	10



Player	# of points
Jake	15
Nathan	30
Courtney	15
Ashley	21
Luke	9

Pizza
Chocolate
Spaghetti
Ice Cream
Chicken Wings

Jake
Nathan
Courtney
Ashley
Luke

Part 2

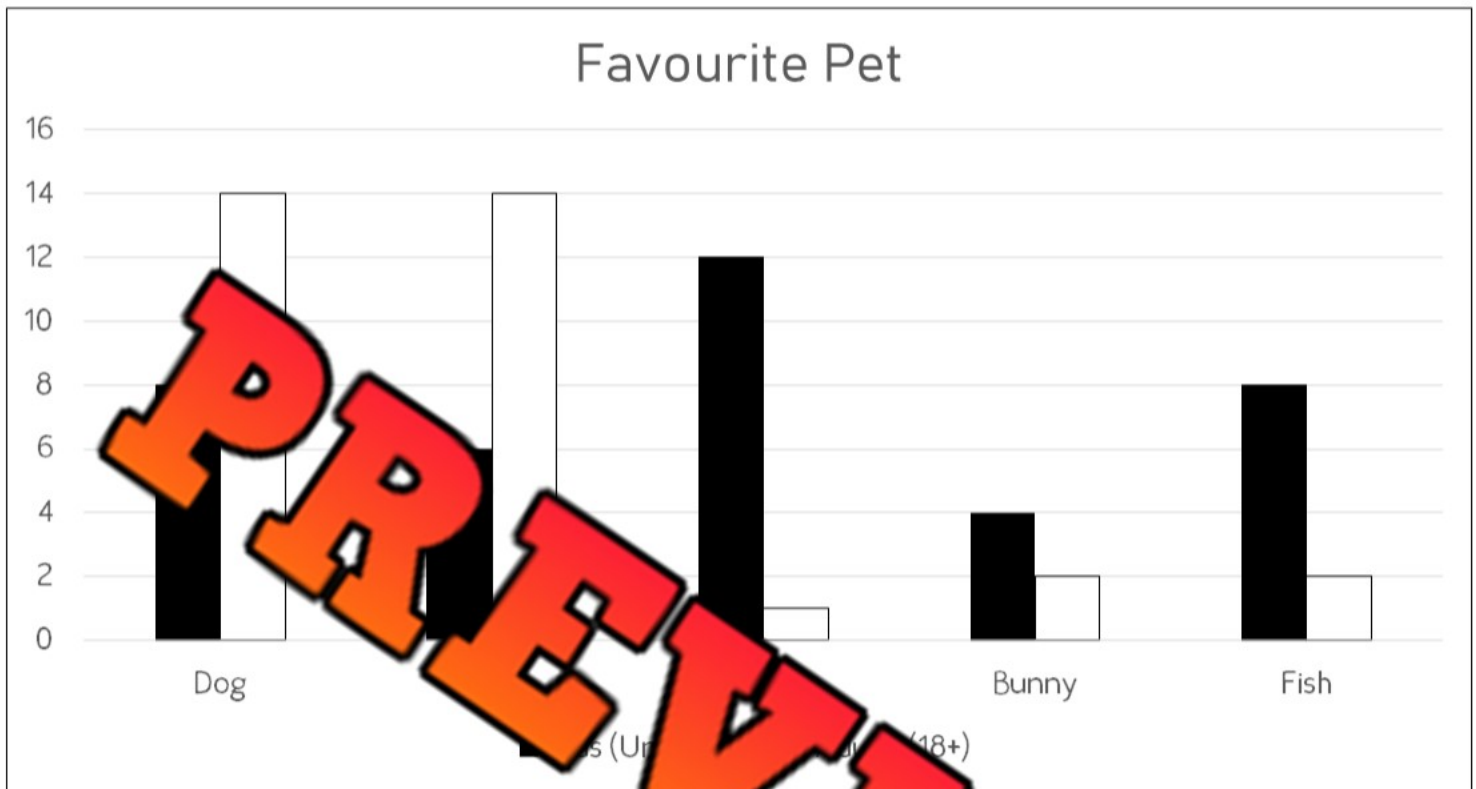
Read the description of the data and circle if it is First-Hand or Second-Hand

1) You count how many cars drive by each hour in front of your house	First-Hand Second-Hand
2) You measure the shoe sizes of the students in your class	First-Hand Second-Hand
3) You look up which YouTubers had the most views last year	First-Hand Second-Hand
4) You research how much snowfall each province had last year	First-Hand Second-Hand
5) You ask your classmates how many siblings they have	First-Hand Second-Hand

Part 3

Read the graph and answer the questions below

Customers at a pet store were surveyed to see which pet was their favourite.



Answer the following questions about the graph above

1. Fill in the frequency table

	Dog	Cat	Hamster	Bunny	Fish
Under 18					
Adults					
Totals					

2. How many customers were surveyed? _____
3. What is the scale of the graph? _____
4. Which pet do kids like the most? _____ Adults? _____
5. How much more popular are dogs than bunnies? _____

Part 4

Graph the data below in a double bar graph

You surveyed the grade 4s and 5s by asking which sport they liked the best. The results are below.

Hockey		Basketball		Soccer		Baseball		Gymnastics	
Gr 4	Gr 5	Gr 4	Gr 5	Gr 4	Gr 5	Gr 4	Gr 5	Gr 4	Gr 5
8	12	6	10	6	3	7	5	8	5



Legend

☐
☐

- 1) Which sport is the most popular? _____
- 2) Which sport is the least popular? _____
- 3) How many grade 4s were surveyed? _____ Grade 5s: _____
- 4) Is this a first-hand or second-hand data? _____
- 5) How would you sample the grade 4 and 5 students in your school for this survey?

Name: _____

41

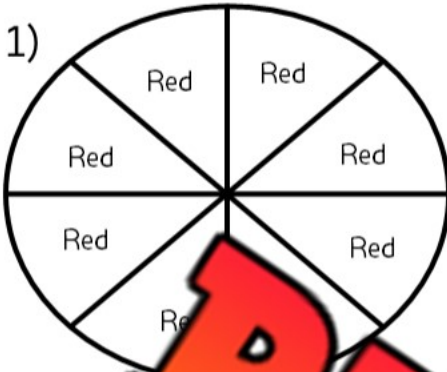
Curriculum Connection
D1.3

Describing Probability - Certain or Impossible?

Questions

Read the spinner and describe if the event is certain or impossible

1)

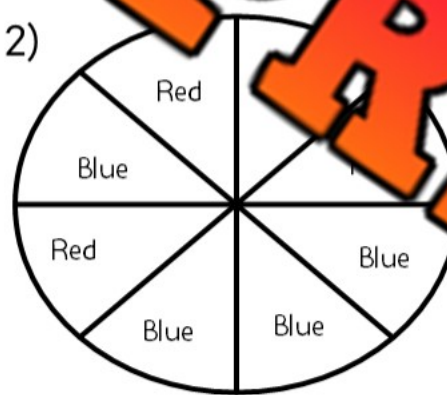


a) Spinning a red is _____

b) Spinning a blue is _____

c) Spinning a yellow is _____

2)

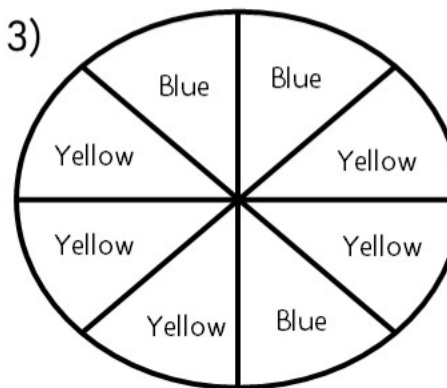


a) Spinning a purple is _____

b) Spinning a blue or red is _____

c) Spinning a yellow is _____

3)

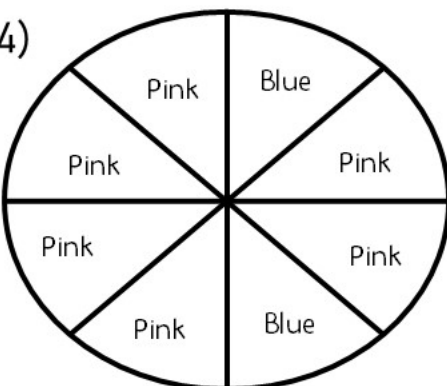


a) Spinning a yellow is _____

b) Spinning a green is _____

c) Spinning a red is _____

4)



a) Spinning a pink or blue is _____

b) Spinning a red is _____

c) Spinning a green is _____

Certain or Impossible?

Questions

Circle if the likelihood is possible or impossible

a) Tuesday will come after Monday



Certain

Impossible

b) You will drive home from school



Certain

Impossible

c) You will get your foot hurt today



Certain

Impossible

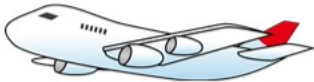
d) You will breathe today.



Certain

Impossible

e) You will drive an airplane today



Certain

Impossible

f) You will fly today.



Certain

Impossible

g) You will see an animal today



Certain

Impossible

h) It will rain cats and dogs



Certain

Impossible

i) School will end forever today



Certain

Impossible

j) You will teleport to France



Certain

Impossible

Describing the Likelihood of Events

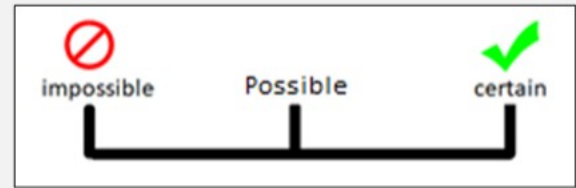
We can describe the likelihood of events by using the following terms:

impossible, possible, certain

Impossible = Cannot happen (seeing a dinosaur)

Possible = It could happen (eating a treat today)

Certain = Will definitely happen (breathing today)



Question Use the terms to describe the likelihood of the events below

1. You will see a dinosaur today.

2. You will have a class today.



3. You will sleep tonight.

4. You will find money on the ground today.



5. You will buy a lottery ticket and win.

6. It will rain or snow today.



7. You will teleport to Africa today.

8. You will roll a 2 when you roll a dice.



9. You will watch TV today.

10. Your teacher will give you free time today.



Describing the Likelihood of Events

Questions

Circle the likelihood of the event happening

a) You have a guest speaker today



Certain
Possible
Impossible

b) You will read a book today



Certain
Possible
Impossible

c) You will see a dinosaur today



Certain
Possible
Impossible

d) You play in the NHL this year.



Certain
Possible
Impossible

e) You will drink pop today



Certain
Possible
Impossible

f) You will drink something today.



Certain
Possible
Impossible

g) It will be dark tonight



Certain
Possible
Impossible

h) You will fly a plane home



Certain
Possible
Impossible

i) You will remember your dream tonight



Certain
Possible
Impossible

j) You will speak to a friend today



Certain
Possible
Impossible

Likelihood of Events - Rolling a Dice

Rolling a Dice

A dice has 6 sides. Each side has a number of dots between 1 and 6. When you roll a dice, it is possible you could get any of the numbers from 1-6.



Questions

Use these terms to describe likelihood: Certain, Possible, Impossible

1. What is the likelihood of you rolling a 1?
2. What is the likelihood of you rolling a 5?
3. What is the likelihood of you rolling a 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6?
4. What is the likelihood of you rolling a 7?
5. What is the likelihood of you rolling an odd number?
6. What is the likelihood of you rolling a 0?

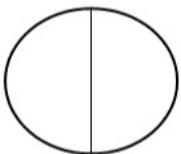
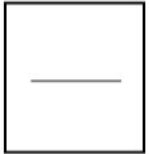
Name: _____

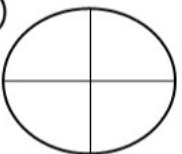
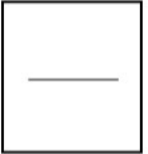
48

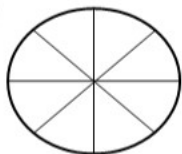
Curriculum Connection
D1.4

Describing the Likelihood - Equally Likely

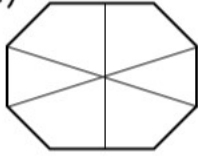
Part 1 Shade in half of the shapes. Write the fraction of shaded in shapes to total shapes

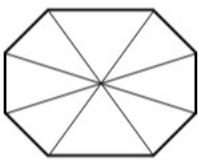
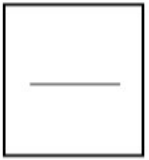
a)   Favourable outcomes
Possible outcomes

b)  

c)  

d)  

e)  

f)  

Part 2 Write the fraction of numbers below? Write the fraction

Number	Fraction
20	$\frac{10}{20}$
8	
12	
26	
40	
32	
70	

Name: _____

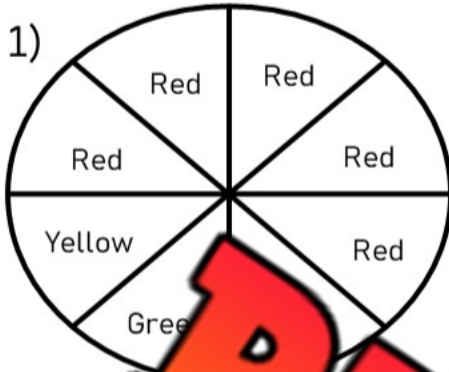
49

Curriculum Connection
D1.4

Describing Likelihood - Less Likely, More Likely

Questions

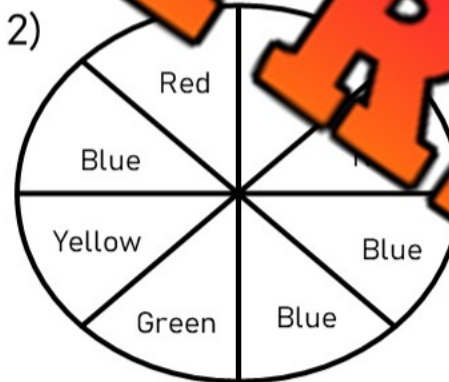
Read the spinner and describe the probability as Less Likely or More Likely.
Then write the fraction



a) Spinning a red is _____

b) Spinning a blue is _____

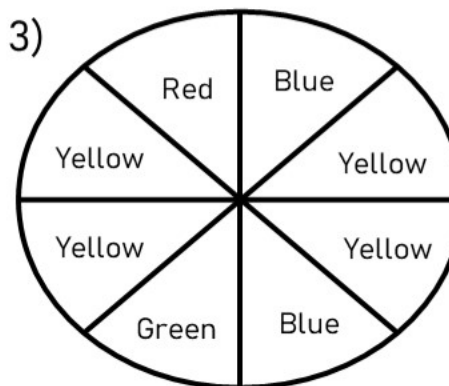
c) Spinning a blue or red is _____



a) Spinning a red is _____

b) Spinning a blue is _____

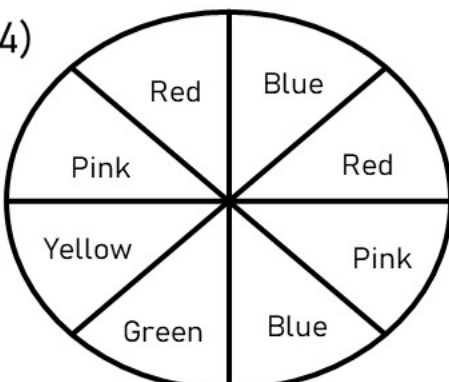
c) Spinning a yellow or red is _____



a) Spinning a red or blue is _____

b) Spinning a green is _____

c) Spinning a yellow or red is _____



a) Spinning a red or green is _____

b) Spinning a blue, pink, or red is _____

c) Spinning a green or pink is _____

Name: _____

50

Curriculum Connection
D1.4

Describing the Likelihood of Events

We can describe the likelihood of events by using the following terms:

impossible, unlikely, equally likely, likely, certain

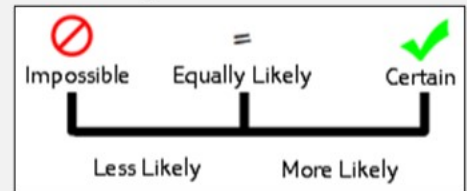
Impossible = Cannot happen

Less Likely = Will probably not happen

Equally likely = There is an equal chance it could happen and that it won't happen

More Likely = Will probably happen

Certain = Will definitely happen



Question Use these terms to describe the likelihood of the events below

1) You will have an ice cream cone tonight 	
2) You will drink water today 	
3) You will play on an electronic game today 	
4) You will win the lottery today	
5) You will see an alien today 	
6) You will ride in a vehicle today	
7) You will sleep tonight 	
8) You will eat chips today	
9) You will go swimming today 	
10) You will play a sport today	

Describing the Likelihood of Events

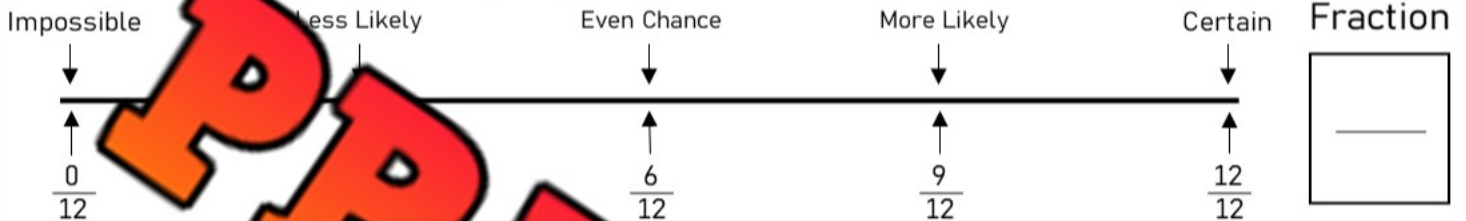
Cookie Jar

There were 12 cookies in a cookie jar. 7 of the cookies were chocolate chip (cc), 2 were oatmeal raisin (or), and 3 were double chocolate (dc).



Questions Write the fraction for each of the situations below. Then circle the probability

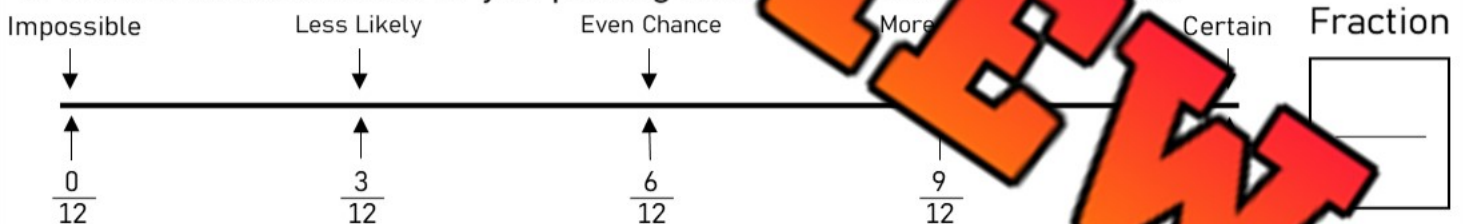
1. What is the likelihood of you picking out a double chocolate cookie?



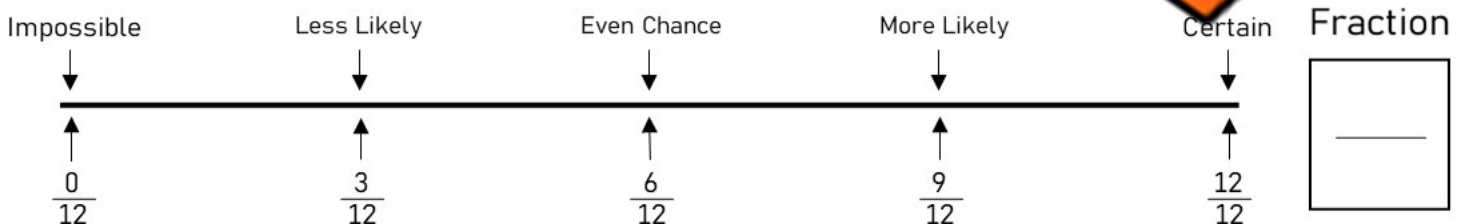
2. What is the likelihood of you picking out a chocolate chip cookie?



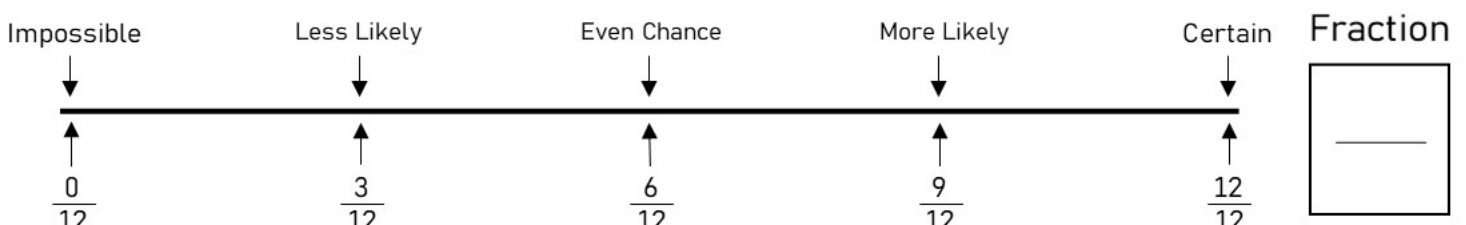
3. What is the likelihood of you picking out an oatmeal raisin cookie?



4. What is the likelihood of you picking out a chocolate chip cookie or an oatmeal raisin cookie?



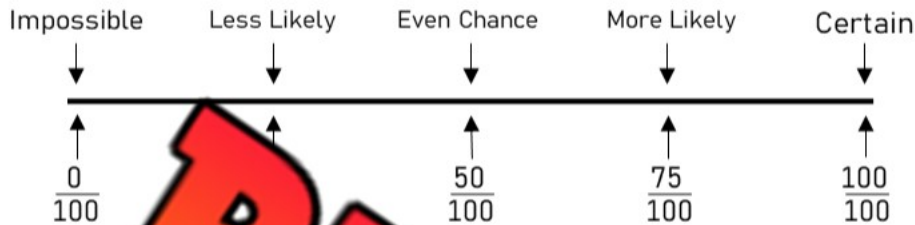
5. What is the likelihood of you picking out an oatmeal raisin cookie or a double chocolate cookie?



Describing the Likelihood of Events - Probability Line

Questions Write the fraction for each of the situations below. Then circle the probability

1) It has rained 6 out of the last 8 days. What is the probability it will rain tomorrow?



Fraction



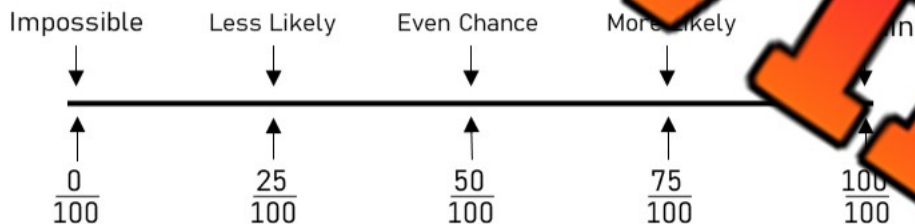
2) Steve has made 9 out of 16. What is the probability he will make his next shot?



Fraction



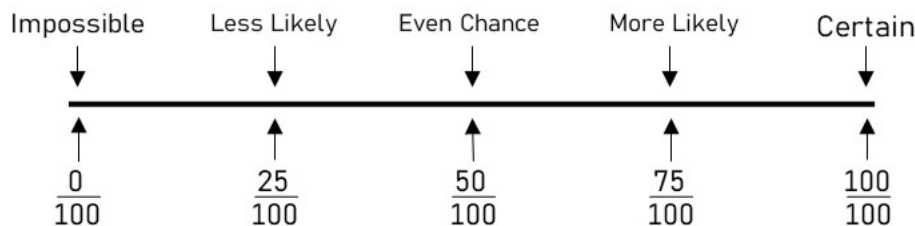
3) Heather hits 5 out of 10 balls in baseball. What is the probability she will hit the next ball?



Fraction



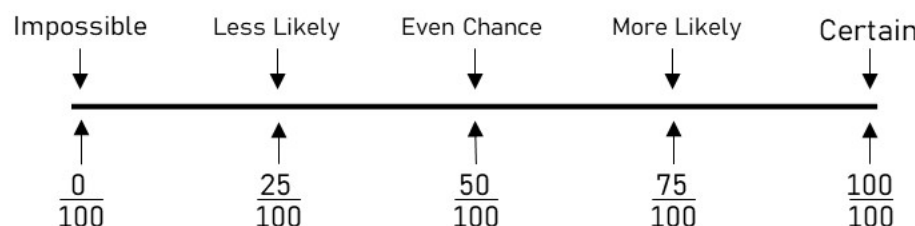
4) Ryan is flipping a coin. What is the probability she gets a tails on the next flip?



Fraction



5) In a box of 4 chocolates, 3 are caramel. What is the probability you will get a caramel?



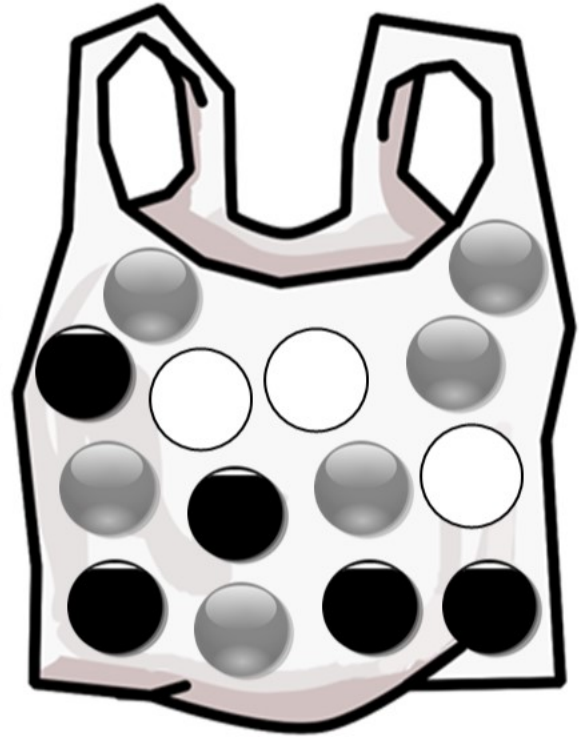
Fraction



Describing the Likelihood of Events

Marbles

There are 14 marbles in a bag.
What is the likelihood of you pulling
out a white, grey, or black marble?



Frequency table Fill in the frequency table below

Marble Color	Frequency
Black	
Grey	
White	

Questions

Describe the likelihood and write the fraction
(impossible, less likely, equally likely, more likely, certain)

1. What is the likelihood of pulling out a black marble?

2. What is the likelihood of pulling out a grey marble?

3. What is the likelihood of pulling out a white marble?

4. What is the likelihood of pulling out a black, white, or grey marble?

5. What is the likelihood of pulling out a black or white marble?

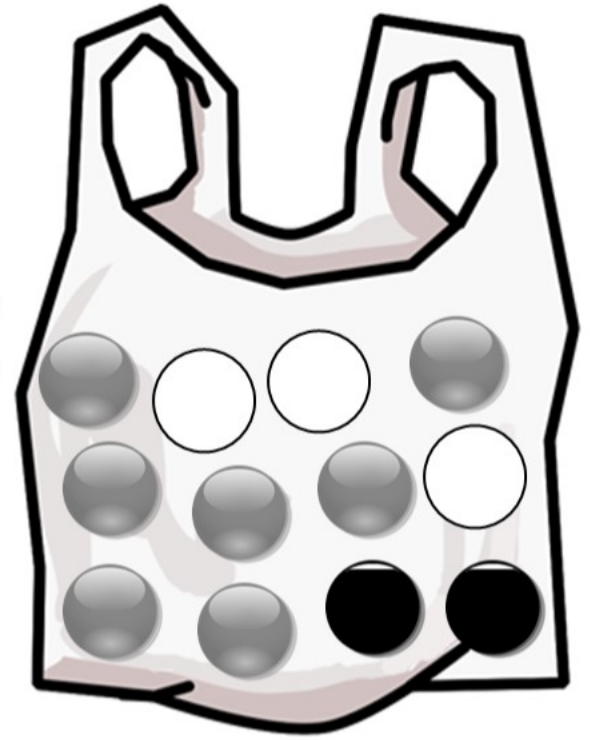
6. What is the likelihood of pulling out a green marble?

Marbles

There are 12 marbles in a bag. What is the likelihood of you pulling out a white, grey, or black marble?

Frequency Table Fill in the frequency table below

Marble Colour	Frequency
Black	
Grey	
White	



Questions

Describe the probability and write the fraction (possible, unlikely, equally likely, more likely, certain)

1. What is the likelihood of pulling out a black marble?

2. What is the likelihood of pulling out a grey marble?

3. What is the likelihood of pulling out a white marble?

4. What is the likelihood of pulling out a black, white, or grey marble?

5. What is the likelihood of pulling out a black or white marble?

6. What is the likelihood of pulling out a green marble?