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Saskatchewan Math Curriculum Patterns & Relations – Grade 8

3-Part Lesson Format

Part 1 – Minds On!

- Learning Goals
- Discussion Questions
- Quotes
- And More!

LEARNING GOAL

We are learning to analyze and describe increasing patterns using addition and multiplication to understand how numbers grow, change, and relate to each other.

Increasing Decimal Pattern Rules - Tenths

Fill in the boxes and blanks to complete the patterns by figuring out the pattern rules.

#	PATTERN							RULE
1)	7.8	8.3	8.8					Start at _____, then add _____ each time
2)	22.9	23.2	23.5					Start at _____, then add _____ each time
3)	41.0	41.7	42.4					Start at _____, then add _____ each time
4)	53.5	54.6	55.7					Start at _____, then add _____ each time
5)	79.8	82.1	84.4					Start at _____, then add _____ each time

Part 2 – Action!

- Writing
- Matching
- Drag and Drop
- Drawing
- And More!

Part 3 – Consolidation!

- Exit Cards
- Quizzes
- Reflection
- And More!

Exit Cards - Increasing Patterns

✓ Decide if the statements below are True or False. ✗

Pattern: 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, <u>32</u>, <u>64</u>, <u>128</u> Pattern Rule: Start at 1, multiply by 2 each time. True/False Statements: a) The 6th number is 32. ✓ b) The pattern adds 2 each time. ✗ c) The 7th number is 64. ✓	Pattern Rule: Start at 147.53, add 1.08 each time. Next numbers: 148.61, 149.69, 150.77 True/False Statements: a) The pattern will land on 155.09 ✓ b) The 5th number is 152.85. ✗ c) The pattern multiplies by 1.08 each time. ✗
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Saskatchewan Math Curriculum

Patterns & Relations – Grade 8

Decreasing Decimal Pattern Rules - Hundredths

Fill in the blanks to complete the decreasing patterns below.

1)	8.61	8.57	8.53	8.49	_____	_____	_____	_____
2)	89.43	89.30	89.17	_____	_____	_____	_____	
3)	164.78	163.53	162.28	_____	_____	_____	_____	
4)	503.04	497.70	492.36	_____	_____	_____	_____	

Fill in the tables below.

RULE = Add 44		RULE = Subtract 25		RULE = Multiply 11		RULE = Divide 8	
In	Out	In	Out	In	Out	In	Out
129		363			77	48	
	347		494	11			9
	438		507	15			11
696		679					

Decreasing Patterns

How many blocks are in each term? Sketch the next 3 terms.

1)						
	Functional Relationship	Expression:				
	Figure Number	1	2	3	4	5
	Number of Blocks					
2)						
	Functional Relationship	Expression:				
	Figure Number	1	2	3	4	5
	Number of Blocks					



Saskatchewan Math Curriculum

Patterns & Relations – Grade 8

Two-Variable Linear Relationships

Fill in the tables and answer the questions.

1) At a skate rental kiosk, you pay a fixed fee for the helmet, then more money for every hour you skate.

Hours (x)	0	1	2	3	4	5
Cost (y)	\$4.00	\$9	\$14	\$19	\$24	\$29

a) What is the functional relationship between the two variables (algebraic expression)?

b) How much does the helmet fee cost?

c) How much would 12 hours of skating cost?



Evaluating Algebraic Expressions - Bowling

Solve the subtraction expressions below. Then calculate the order and determine the customer's change.

Morgan works at the Harbourview Bowling Centre snack counter. They sell pizza slices (x), smoothies (m), and token packs (t). Morgan finds the total cost of an order (o) and subtracts it from the customer's payment (p) to determine the change (c).

Item	Price
Pizza slice (x)	\$3.75
Smoothie (m)	\$4.50
Token pack (t)	\$2.25

Order Cost (o)	Payment (p)	Expression: p-o
\$14.30	\$20.00	
\$27.85	\$30.00	
\$8.95	\$20.00	
\$41.70	\$50.00	

Order			Expression	Payment (p)	Change (c) (p - o)
x	m	t	$2x + m + 3t$ $2 \times 3.75 + 4.50 + 3 \times 2.25$ $7.50 + 4.50 + 6.75 = 18.75$	\$20.00	$20.00 - 18.75$ \$1.25
2	1	3		\$30.00	
1	3	2		\$50.00	
4	0	1			

Evaluating Algebraic Expressions

- 1) $9 - t$
- 2) $k + 22$
- 3) $36 + m$
- 4) $45 \div 5$
- 5) $68x$
- 6) $(y \div 13) + 72$
- 7) $9(z - 51)$

In words

Nine subtract a number

Grade 8

Patterns and Relationships



	Curriculum Expectations	Pages
P8.1	Demonstrate understanding of linear relations concretely, pictorially (including graphs), physically, and symbolically	5 – 68
Preview of 125 pages from this product that contains 338 pages total.		
P8.2	• $ax + b = c$ • $\frac{x}{a} + b = c$ • $a(x + b) = c$ concretely, pictorially, and symbolically, where a, b, and c are integers.	73 – 167
TQ	Tests and quizzes	69 – 72, 168 – 170

Increasing Pattern Rules - Adding

Part 1

Continue the increasing patterns below

1) 87, 93, 99, _____, _____, _____

Pattern Rule: Start at 87, add _____ each time

2) 148, 159, 170, _____, _____, _____

Pattern Rule: Start at _____ add _____ each time

3) 287, _____, _____, _____, _____

Pattern Rule: Start at _____ add _____ each time

4) 346, 361, 376, _____, _____, _____

Pattern Rule: Start at _____ add _____ each time

5) 503, 528, 553, _____, _____, _____

Pattern Rule: Start at _____ add _____ each time

BONUS

Nora gets paid based on how fast she works. She is getting faster each day! Check out her paycheque for the last 5 weeks.

Week	Pay
1	120
2	250
3	390
4	540
5	700

Question

How much will she make in week 10 if the pattern continues?

Part 2

Fill in the blanks below using the pattern rule

1) Start at 27, add 16 each time

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

2) Start at 9, add 22 each time

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

3) Start at 15, add 25 each time

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

4) Start at 74, add 13 each time

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

5) Start at 118, add 31 each time

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Exit Cards

Cut Out

Cut out the exit cards below and have students complete them at the end of class

Name: _____

Continuing the increasing patterns.

1) 147.53, 148.61, 149.69, _____,

2) 310.20, 315.30, 320.40, _____,

3) 450.50, 453.53, 456.56, _____,

Name: _____

Continuing the increasing patterns.

1) 147.53, 148.61, 149.69, _____,

2) 310.20, 315.30, 320.40, _____,

3) 450.50, 453.53, 456.56, _____,

Name: _____

Continuing the increasing patterns.

1) 147.53, 148.61, 149.69, _____,

2) 310.20, 315.30, 320.40, _____,

3) 450.50, 453.53, 456.56, _____,

Name: _____

Continuing the increasing patterns.

1) 147.53, 148.61, 149.69, _____,

2) 310.20, 315.30, 320.40, _____,

3) 450.50, 453.53, 456.56, _____,

Name: _____

8

Curriculum Connection
P8.1

Decreasing Subtraction Patterns

Shrinking/Decreasing Patterns

-10 -10 -10 -10 -10
 $\wedge \quad \wedge \quad \wedge \quad \wedge \quad \wedge$
 60, 50, 40, 30, 20, 10

-5 -5 -5 -5 -5
 $\wedge \quad \wedge \quad \wedge \quad \wedge \quad \wedge$
 45, 40, 35, 30, 25, 20



Part 1

Decreasing Patterns - Subtracting

1) _____, _____	2) 122, 116, 110, _____, _____, _____
3) 177, 168, 1 _____, _____	4) 264, 253, 242, _____, _____, _____
5) 337, 329, 321, _____, _____	6) 466, 452, 438, _____, _____, _____
7) 597, 574, 551, _____, _____, _____	8) 754, 722, _____, _____, _____, _____
9) 891, 874, 857, _____, _____, _____	10) 9 _____, 80, 9 _____, _____, _____, _____

Part 2

Challenging subtraction patterns - fill in the blanks

1)	125	115	106	98	91					
2)	188	168	150	134	120					
3)	300	250	205	165	130					
4)	700	600	510	430	360					
5)	1000	800	625	475	350					

Exit Cards

Cut Out

Cut out the exit cards below and have students complete them at the end of class

Name: _____

Continue the increasing patterns below and determine the pattern rule.

1) 2, 10, _____,

_____, _____,

Pattern Rule: Start at _____,

multiply by _____ each time.

2) 15, 45, 135, _____,

_____, _____,

Pattern Rule: Start at _____,

multiply by _____ each time.

Name: _____

Continue the increasing patterns below and determine the pattern rule.

1) 2, 10, 50, _____,

_____, _____,

Pattern Rule: Start at _____,

multiply by _____ each time.

2) 15, 45, 135, _____,

_____, _____,

Pattern Rule: Start at _____,

multiply by _____ each time.

Name: _____

Continue the increasing patterns below and determine the pattern rule.

1) 2, 10, 50, _____,

_____, _____,

Pattern Rule: Start at _____,

multiply by _____ each time.

2) 15, 45, 135, _____,

_____, _____,

Pattern Rule: Start at _____,

multiply by _____ each time.

Name: _____

Continue the increasing patterns below and determine the pattern rule.

1) 2, 10, 50, _____,

_____, _____,

Pattern Rule: Start at _____,

multiply by _____ each time.

2) 15, 45, 135, _____,

_____, _____,

Pattern Rule: Start at _____,

multiply by _____ each time.

Pattern Rule – Input/Output Tables

Instructions

Fill in the input/output tables below

Rule: add 4	
In	Out
112	
121	
143	

Rule: add 7	
In	Out
235	
251	
274	
295	

Rule: add 12	
In	Out
344	
361	
387	
408	

Rule: subtract 5	
In	Out
473	
486	
504	
527	

Rule: subtract 11	
In	Out
574	
592	
608	
646	

Rule: Subtract 9	
In	Out
778	
791	
807	
832	

Rule: multiply by 2	
In	Out
3	
12	
25	
41	

Rule: multiply by 5	
In	Out
5	
9	
13	
17	

Rule: multiply by 7	
In	Out
8	
10	
12	

Rule: divide by 3	
In	Out
150	
240	
300	
390	

Rule: divide by 4	
In	Out
40	
80	
100	
240	

Rule: divide by 6	
In	Out
48	
72	
120	
180	

Two-Operation Patterns

Some patterns can be formed with two operations. We can determine the pattern rule by analyzing the gap between the two numbers.

You may need to multiply or divide first and add or subtract after. If you can't determine the pattern that way, try adding or subtracting first, and then multiplying or dividing after.



Practice Two-Operation Patterns – Write the pattern rule and fill in the blanks

1)	1	13	40	121		
Rule: Start at 1, multiply by 3, and add 1						
2)	2	1	30	62		
Rule:						
3)	3	8	18	28	78	
Rule:						
4)	5	15	35	75		
Rule:						
5)	4	10	22	46	94	
Rule:						
6)	8	22	50	106	218	
Rule:						
7)	3	8	23	68	203	
Rule:						
8)	16	20	28	44	76	
Rule:						

Algebra Jeopardy

Objective

What are we learning about?

To reinforce students' understanding of basic algebraic concepts and their application to solve simple equations and word problems in a fun and competitive game format.

Materials

What will need for the activity.

- Jeopardy board and questions
- Buzzer or bell



Instructions

How you will complete the activity

1. Print the Jeopardy board on the next page.
2. Divide the class into two teams.
3. Ask one team to go first by selecting a point value.
4. Read the question aloud from the point value.
5. The first team to ring the bell or buzzer gets to answer.
6. If they answer correctly, award them the points. If not, another team can answer.
7. Continue the game until all questions have been answered.
8. Tally the points to determine the winning team.
9. Conclude by discussing what they learned about the topic in the questions.

Jeopardy Questions

Ask students the questions below

\$100	\$200	\$300	\$400	\$500
87, 93, 99, _____	5.2, 5.5, 5.8, _____	Start at 1, multiply by 3 and add 1, what is the fourth term?	A plant grows 3.5 cm every week. If it was 12.3 cm tall at the start, how tall will it be after 3 weeks?	A builder lays 14.5 bricks per hour. If they have already laid 58 bricks, how many bricks will they have laid after 4 more hours of work?
148, 15.8, 15.9, 170, _____	Start at 6, divide by 2 and add 1, what is the third term?	A rabbit population doubles every year. If there are 4 rabbits this year, how many will there be in 5 years?	A runner increases their distance by 1.75 km every week. If they started at 5.25 km, how far will they be running after 10 weeks?	
82, 75, 68, _____	18.52, 18.59, 18.66, _____	Start at 2, multiply by 2 and add 3, what is the fifth term?	A car's speed increases by 5 km/h every hour. If it started at 40 km/h, what will its speed be after 4 hours?	A teacher's class size increases by 3.5 students every term. If the initial class size was 20 students, what will the class size be after 4 terms?
177, 168, 159, _____	35.7, 35.1, 34.5, _____	Start at 3, multiply by 4 and subtract 2, what is the fourth term?	A car travels 50 meters on the first day, 55 meters on the second day, and 7.5 meters on the third day. How far will it travel in total by the sixth day?	At the end of every year, a man gives a raise of \$2,000 to his salary. If his starting salary was \$45,000, what will his salary be after 6 years?
2, 10, 50, _____	17.3, 16.8, 16.3, _____	Start at 7, multiply by 3 and subtract 1, what is the third term?	A train travels 75 km in the first hour, 112.5 km in the second hour, and 150 km in the third hour. How far will it travel in total by the fifth hour?	A swimmer increases their training distance by 2.25 km every week. If they started at 4.75 km, how far will they be swimming after 8 weeks?
9, 18, 36, _____	11.32, 11.53, 11.74, _____	Start at 6, multiply by 5 and add 2, what is the fourth term?	A tree grows 5.5 inches in the first year, 7.5 inches in the second year, and 9.5 inches in the third year. How much will it have grown in total by the sixth year?	A bank account balance increases by \$75.50 every month due to interest. If the initial balance was \$2500, what will the balance be after 10 months?

Recursive vs Functional Relationships

A **recursive relationship** describes the pattern between successive numbers in one of the rows/columns of a table of values. A **functional relationship** is a general rule to describe the relationship between two variables in a table of values. For a functional relationship, we look across the table instead of beside.

Part 1 Is Hanna describing the recursive or functional relationship?

	Pattern					Hanna's Description	Recursive or Functional
1)	x	1	2	3	4	The pattern goes up by 5 each time.	
	y	7	11	16	22		
2)	x	5	15	20	25	The y variable goes up by 50 each time	
	y	50	100	150	200		
3)	x	1	2	3	4	The x variable is multiplied by 7 and 1 is added	
	y	8	15	22	29		
4)	x	1	2	3	4		
	y	5	14	23	32		
5)	x	1	2	3	4	Start at 17, add 6 each	
	y	17	23	29	35		

Part 2 Provide a recursive and functional description of the patterns

	Pattern					Recursive	
1)	x	1	2	3	4	Functional	
	y	4	11	18	25		
	Pattern					Recursive	
2)	x	1	2	3	4	Functional	
	y	20	45	70	95		

Table of Values – Finding Term N

When finding a random term in a pattern, we can use a variable. Often n is used to take the place of the term number. When we use n , we can change the value to find the term value for any term number.

We can find the value for n by looking at the pattern between the term number and term value. To do this, we look across the table from the term number to the term value.

Practice finding the pattern rule when you look across the table of values

Term Number	Term Value
1	6
2	12
3	18
4	
5	
8	

1) $6n$

Term Number	Term Value
2	8
3	13
4	
5	
9	

2) $5n - 2$

Term Number	Term Value
1	4
2	8
3	12
4	16
5	
7	

3) _____

Term Number	Term Value
1	9
2	16
3	23
4	30
5	
9	

4) _____

Term Number	Term Value
1	6
2	9
3	12
4	15
5	
10	

5) _____

Term Number	Term Value
1	4
2	10
3	16
4	22
5	
11	

6) _____

Using Algebraic Expressions

In the expression $6y + 5$, the 6 is the **numerical coefficient** of the variable and the 5 is the **constant term**. The **variable** is the y , which can represent any number.

Part 1

Use the algebraic expression to fill in the tables

Term Number	Term Value
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
8	

1) $5x + 2$

Term Number	Term Value
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
9	

4) $3x - 1$

Term Number	Term Value
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
11	

3) $t + 9$

Term Number	Term Value
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
11	

4) $4n - 3$

Term Number	Term Value
1	
2	
4	
5	
10	
20	

5) $20 \div x + 8$

Term Number	Term Value
1	
2	
4	
5	
11	

6) $7x - 6$

Part 2

Write 4 algebraic expressions using:

Variable = n Constant term = 12 Numerical coefficient = 4

1	
2	

3	
4	

Pattern Rule – Input/Output Tables

Instructions

Fill in the input/output tables below

1)

In n	Out $3n$
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	

2)

In n	Out $3n + 2$
1	
2	
3	
4	

3)

In n	Out $4n - 4$
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	

4)

In x	Out $5x - 4$
10	
20	
30	
40	
50	

5)

In x	Out $10x$
2	
4	
6	
8	
10	

6)

In x	Out $50 + x$
1	
2	
3	
4	
9	

7)

In p	Out $7p + 20$
20	
40	
60	
80	
100	

8)

In p	Out $10p - 15$
3	
6	
9	
12	
15	

9)

In p	Out $8p + 100$
5	
10	
15	
20	
25	

Exit Cards

Cut Out

Cut out the exit cards below and have students complete them at the end of class

Name: _____

Fill in the input/output tables below.

	Out $12x \div 3$
3	
5	
7	
9	
11	

Name: _____

Fill in the input/output tables below.

In n	Out $12x \div 3$
3	
5	
7	
9	
11	

Name: _____

Fill in the input/output tables below.

In n	Out $12x \div 3$
3	
5	
7	
9	
11	

Name: _____

Fill in the input/output tables below.

In n	Out $12x \div 3$
3	
5	
7	
9	
11	

Activity Title: Algebraic Adventure Hunt

Objective

What are we learning about?

To help students understand and practice filling in input/output tables using given expressions involving all four operations through a fun and engaging treasure hunt.

Materials

What you will need for the activity.

- Stopwatch or timer (or use a smartphone)
- Index cards
- Markers
- Small prizes or rewards (optional)
- Tape



Instructions

How you will complete the activity.

- 1) Cut out the index cards with the input/output tables prepared. These will be the treasure hunt challenge questions.
- 2) Hide these cards around the classroom or in a designated area. You are taping them under chairs, desks, or tucked into non-obvious spots.
- 3) Divide the class into small teams and give each team a stopwatch or timer.
- 4) Explain the game: each team will hunt for a card, fill in the table as quickly as they can, and return to you for verification.
- 5) Start the timer when you say "Go!" Each team rushes to find their first card.
- 6) When a team thinks they have the correct answer, they come back to you for verification. If they get it right, the teacher keeps the card. If the answer is wrong, they can try again or hide the card back in its original spot and find a new card.
- 7) The game continues until all cards are found or you call time. The team with the most correct answers wins.
- 8) Discuss the game, focusing on the concepts taught on the cards.

Instructions

Cut out the cards below

In	Out	In	Out	In	Out	In	Out	In	Out
j	$44j \div 4$	u	$u \div 4 + 12$	c	$16c \div 2$	a	$3a + 37$		
3		4		3					
6		8		5		2			
9		12		7		3			
12		16				4			
15		20				5			
In	Out	In	Out	In	Out	In	Out	In	Out
k	$k + 120$	l	$l \div 5$		$40e - 3$	x	$15x$		
100		1		10		2			
150		2		15		4			
200		3		20		6			
250		4		25		8			
300		5		35		10			

Instructions

Cut out the cards below

In	Out	In	Out	In	Out	In	Out	In	Out
r	$r \div 5$	p	$p \div 4 + 40$	u	$u \div 7 - 21$	z	$3z + 1$		
25		12		14		105			
50		24		28		115			
75		36		42		125			
100		48				135			
125		60				145			
In	Out	In	Out	In	Out	In	Out	In	Out
u	$u \div 5 + 7$	z	$4z + 1$	a	$32a - 11$	a	$4a + 17$		
10		2		8					
20		4		10		16			
30		6		15		24			
40		8		20		32			
50		10		25		40			

Instructions

Cut out the cards below

In	Out	In	Out	In	Out	In	Out	In	Out
z	$z - 5 + 35$	x	$x \div 5 + 300$	v	$4v - 16 + 16$	t	$t + 92 - 11$		
10		10		33		33			
20		20		66		60			
30		30		99		90			
40		40		120		120			
50		50		150		150			
In	Out	In	Out	In	Out	In	Out	In	Out
z	$16z + 4$	y	$8y + 4$	u	$6w + 62$	u	$u \div 4 - 5$		
1		3		40		40			
2		5		60		60			
3		7		80		80			
4		9		100		100			
5		11		120		120			

Growing Patterns

Instructions

How many blocks are in each term? Sketch the next 3 terms

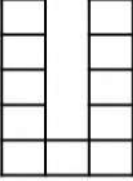
					
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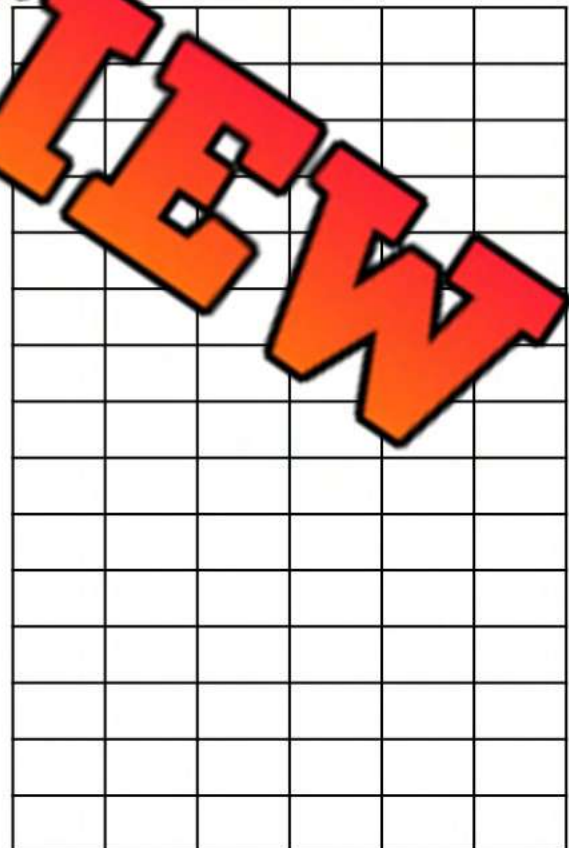
Figure Number	1	2	3	4	5	20	50
Number of Blocks							

1) Describe the recursive pattern?

2) What is the functional relationship between the variables?
(Write the expression)

3) How many blocks would the 100th figure have?

Number of Blocks



1 2 3 4 5
Figure Number

Matchstick Growing Patterns

Instructions

How many matchsticks are in each term? Sketch the next 2/3 terms

F-1	F-2	F-3	F-4	F-5	F-6
					

Write the functional relationship:

Figure #	1	2	3	4	5	6	20
# of matchsticks							

F-1	F-2	F-3	F-4	F-5	F-6
					

Write the functional relationship:

Figure #	1	2	3	4	20
# of matchsticks					

F-1	F-2	F-3	F-4	F-5	F-6
					

Write the functional relationship:

Figure #	1	2	3	4	5	6	20
# of matchsticks							

Matchstick Growing Patterns

Instructions

How many matchsticks are in each figure? Draw the next 2 figures

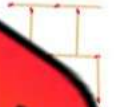
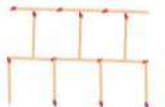
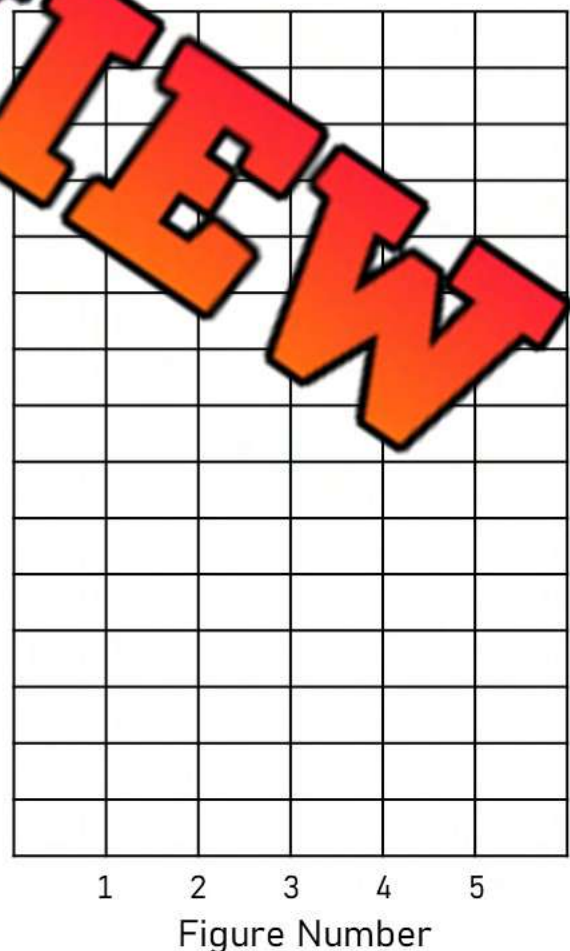
<u>F-1</u>	<u>F-2</u>	<u>F-3</u>	<u>F-4</u>	<u>F-5</u>
				

Figure Number		3	4	5	10	20
Number of Matchsticks						

Questions
1) Write an expression that represents the functional relationship.
2) How many matchsticks will the 7 th term have?
3) How many matchsticks will the 10 th term have?
4) What figure would use 201 matchsticks?

Matchsticks



Two-Variable Linear Relationships

A **two-variable linear relationship** is when the increasing or decreasing of one variable causes a corresponding increase or decrease in the other variable. For example, driving 100km/hr would be a linear relationship between time driving and distance driven (for every hour driven, you travel 100km). As you drive longer, you travel further at a predictable distance.

Instructions

Fill in the tables and answer the questions.



- 1) Ch... for today has been represented in the table below

Hours Worked (x)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Money Earned (y)		44	66					

- a) Is the relationship between variables linear? Yes No
b) What is the functional relationship between variables? _____

- 2) John sells cars. He earns a commission when he sells a car. His earnings for last week are represented in the table below. There were some days he did not earn commission.



Days Worked (x)	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Money Earned (y)	0	140	280	620	80	900	140	1280

- a) Is the relationship between variables linear? Yes No
b) If you graphed this relationship, would the line be straight or curved? Explain.

- 3) Greg has a membership to a shopping website. He pays a yearly membership fee and orders the same thing each week for 10 weeks. His spending is displayed below.

Weeks (x)	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Money Spent (y)	50	80	110	140	170	200	230	260

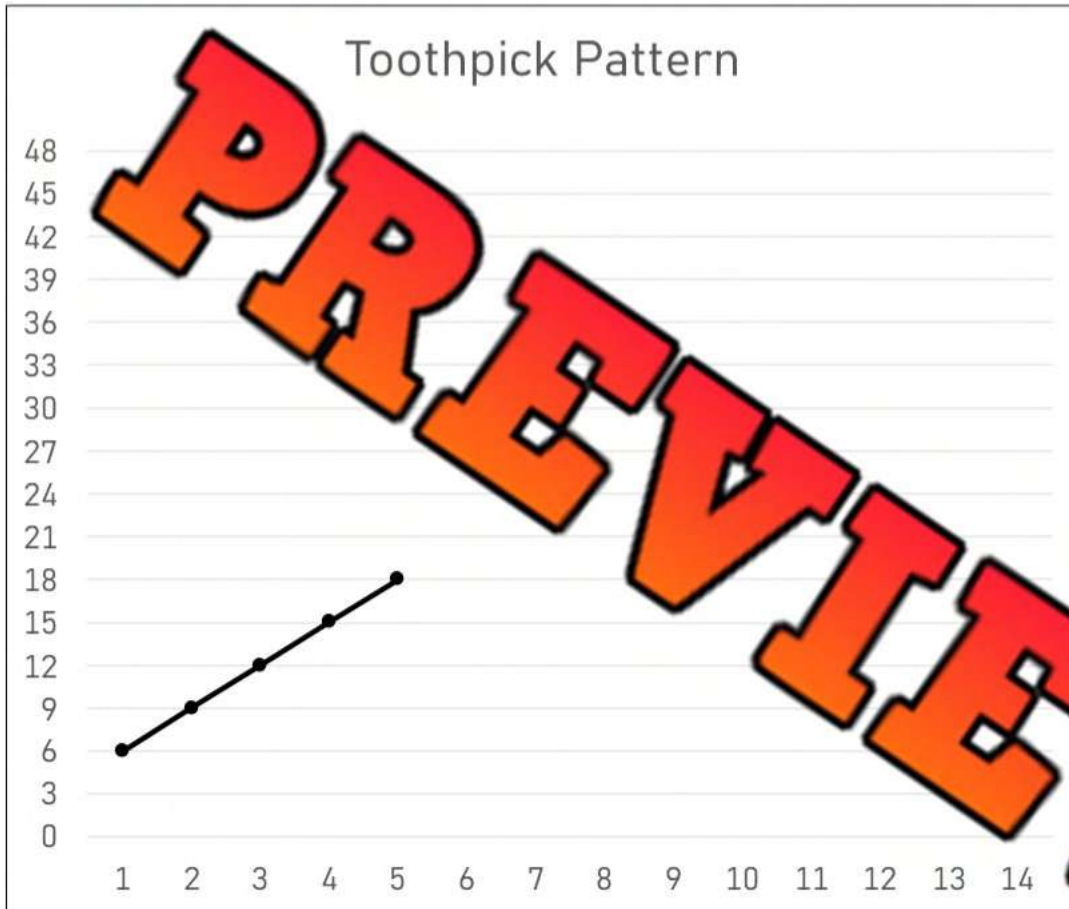
- a) Is the relationship between variables linear? Yes No
b) What is the functional relationship between variables? _____
c) If you graphed this relationship, would the line be straight or curved? Explain.

Reading a Linear Pattern - Graph

A **linear** pattern displays a constant rate of change. The pattern increases or decreases by the same amount each time.

Instructions

Continue the line on the graph and fill in the table of values



Term Number	Term Value
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	

1) Draw the toothpick pattern below for the graph/table of values. Use any design you'd like.

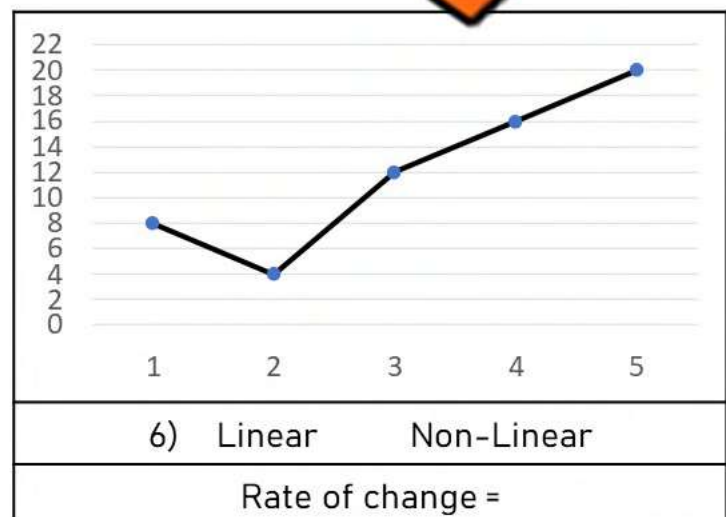
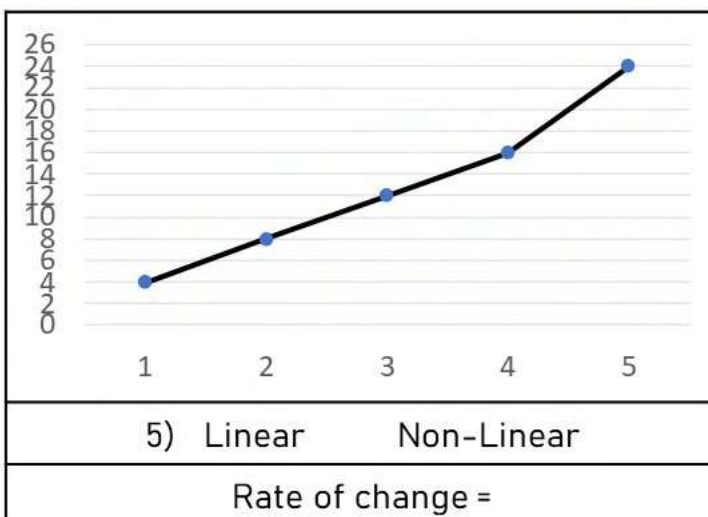
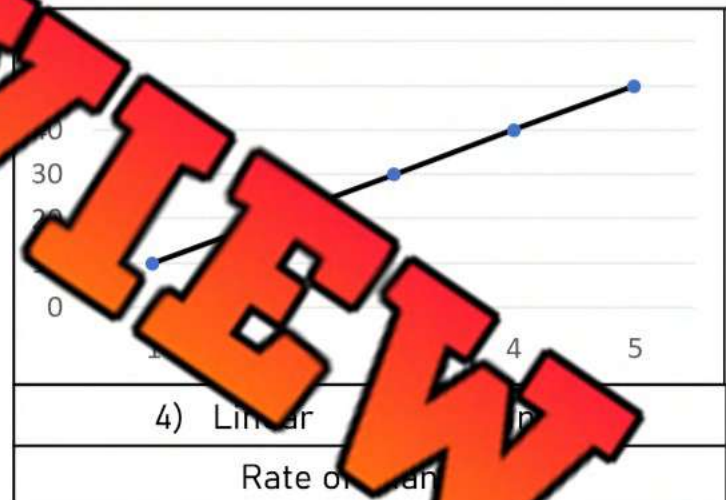
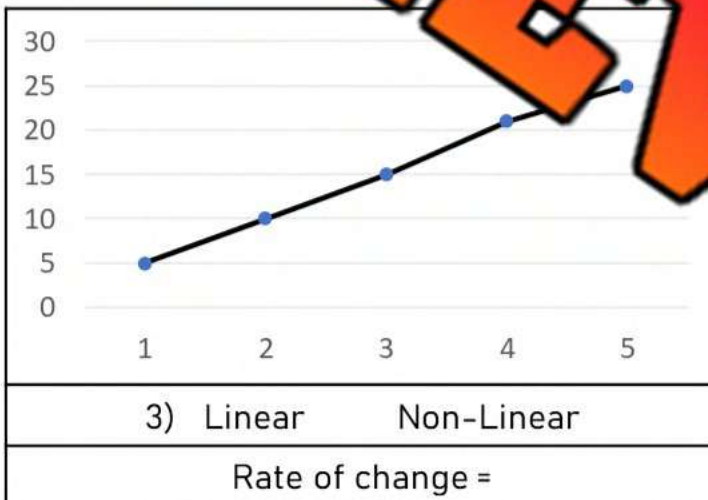
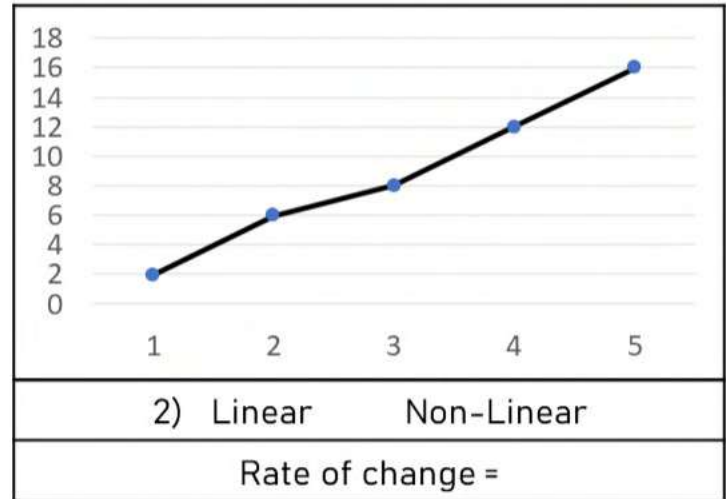
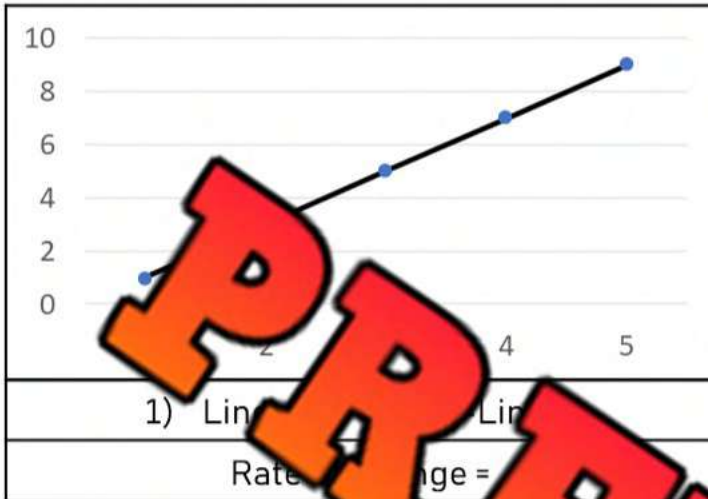
Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5

2) What is the constant rate of change?

Increasing Linear Patterns – Yes or No?

Instructions

Circle if the pattern displayed on the graph is linear or not



Increasing Linear Patterns – Yes or No?

Instructions

Circle if the pattern is linear or not, based on the table of values

Term Number	Term Value
1	5
2	9
3	13
4	17
5	21
Linear	Non-Linear

Term Number	Term Value
1	37
2	44
3	51
4	57
5	64
Linear	Non-Linear

Term Number	Term Value
1	88
2	96
3	104
4	112
5	120
Linear	Non-Linear

Term Number	Term Value
1	2.5
2	4.5
3	6.5
4	8.5
5	10.5
Linear	Non-Linear

Term Number	Term Value
1	4
2	10
3	16
4	17.5
5	21.5
Linear	Non-Linear

Term Number	Term Value
1	200
2	275
3	350
4	425
5	500
Linear	Non-Linear

Term Number	Term Value
1	44.0
2	47.5
3	50.5
4	54.0
5	57.5
Linear	Non-Linear

Term Number	Term Value
1	140
2	280
3	420
4	580
5	720
Linear	Non-Linear

Term Number	Term Value
1	112.1
2	112.3
3	112.5
4	112.7
5	112.9
Linear	Non-Linear

Name: _____

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Curriculum Connection
P8.1

Integer Patterns - Adding

-20	-19	-18	-17	-16	-15	-14	-13	-12	-11	-10	-9	-8	-7	-6	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

Instructions

Fill in the blanks below using the pattern rule

1) Start at 0, add 3 each time

--	--	--	--	--	--

2) Start at 4, add 4 each time

--	--	--	--	--	--

3) Start at -17, add 4 each time

--	--	--	--	--	--

4) Start at 19, add -5 each time

--	--	--	--	--	--

5) Start at 15, add -4 each time

--	--	--	--	--	--

6) Start at -3, add -2 each time

--	--	--	--	--	--

7) Start at 12, add -5 each time

--	--	--	--	--	--

8) Start at -20, add 4 each time

--	--	--	--	--	--

9) Start at 20, add -4 each time

--	--	--	--	--	--

10) Start at -16, add 3 each time

--	--	--	--	--	--

Pattern Rule – Input/Output Tables - Integers

Instructions

Fill in the input/output tables below

1)

In n	Out $n + (-5)$
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	

2)

In n	Out $2n + (-3)$
1	
2	
3	
4	

3)

In n	Out $n + 9$
-1	
-2	
-3	
-4	
-5	

4)

In x	Out $x + (-3)$
-2	
-4	
-6	
-8	
-10	

5)

In x	Out $x + 10$
2	
4	
6	
8	
10	

6)

In x	Out $x + 13$
-1	
-3	
-5	
-7	
-9	

7)

In p	Out $2p + (-12)$
20	
40	
60	
80	
100	

8)

In p	Out $p + (-15)$
-3	
-6	
-9	
-12	
-15	

9)

In p	Out $p + (-12)$
-3	
-1	
2	
4	
6	

Exit Cards

Cut Out

Cut out the exit cards below and have students complete them at the end of class

Name: _____

Fill in the input/output tables below

	Out $+ (-7)$
-2	
2	
5	
10	
20	

Name: _____

Fill in the input/output tables below

In n	Out $5n + (-7)$
-2	
2	
5	
10	
20	

Name: _____

Fill in the input/output tables below

In n	Out $5n + (-7)$
-2	
2	
5	
10	
20	

Name: _____

Fill in the input/output tables below

In n	Out $5n + (-7)$
-2	
2	
5	
10	
20	

Name: _____

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Curriculum Connection
P8.1

Integer Patterns – Writing Subtraction Rules

-20	-19	-18	-17	-16	-15	-14	-13	-12	-11	-10	-9	-8	-7	-6	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

Part 1

Write the subtraction pattern rule and complete the pattern

1)

7	4	1	-2			
---	---	---	----	--	--	--

2)

	-6	-2	2			
--	----	----	---	--	--	--

3)

-19			-1			
-----	--	--	----	--	--	--

4)

17	12					
----	----	--	--	--	--	--

5)

-20	-16	-12	-8			
-----	-----	-----	----	--	--	--

6)

-18	-16	-14	-12			
-----	-----	-----	-----	--	--	--

7)

-3	0	3	6			
----	---	---	---	--	--	--

Part 2

Write your own pattern and pattern rule by filling in the table

1)

--	--	--	--	--	--	--

2)

--	--	--	--	--	--	--

3)

--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Pattern Rule – Input/Output Tables

Instructions

Fill in the input/output tables below

1)

In n	Out $n - (-4)$
1	
2	
4	
5	

2)

In n	Out $4n - 6$
1	
2	
3	
4	

3)

In n	Out $n - 7$
-1	
-2	
-3	
-4	
-5	

4)

In x	Out $x - (-9)$
-2	
-4	
-6	
-8	
-10	

5)

In x	Out $x - 1$
2	
4	
6	
8	
10	

6)

In x	Out $x - 7$
-1	
-3	
-5	
-7	
-9	

7)

In p	Out $7p - 15$
20	
40	
60	
80	
100	

8)

In p	Out $p - (-14)$
-3	
-6	
-9	
-12	
-15	

9)

In p	Out $p - (-22)$
-3	
-1	
1	
3	
5	

Task Cards: Patterning – All Operations

Objective

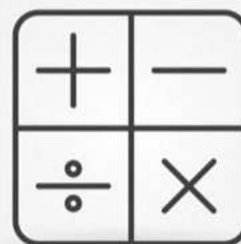
What are we learning about?

To recognize and create patterns using the four basic mathematical operations.

Materials

What you will need for the activity.

- 24 task cards
- Student answer sheets for answers
- Pencils



Instructions

What you will do for the activity

1. Introduce the concept of patterns in mathematics and their relevance to problem-solving in everyday life.
2. Organize the students into pairs and provide each pair with their sets of task cards.
3. Give each pair an answer recording sheet to record their answers.
4. Encourage teamwork by having students collaborate on finding solutions.
5. Allow students to select any task card to begin with, emphasizing that they can complete the cards in any order they prefer.
6. Instruct students to record the letter of their chosen answer (A, B, or C) on their answer sheet beside the task card's number.
7. Consider using a timer to create a dynamic challenge, adjusting the duration to fit the lesson's objectives and complexity.
8. After the activity, review the answers collectively, discussing any challenging patterns and strategies used to solve them.
9. Have students reflect on the activity, sharing the methods they applied and obstacles they overcame.

Task Cards

Cut out the task cards below

Card 1:

Start with 70. Subtract 30 and then add 10 for the next number. What is the second number?

- a) 40
- b) 50
- c) 60

Card 5:

Start at -20, add 15 each time. What is the third number?

- a) 10
- b) -5
- c) 20

Card 6:

Begin with 90. Divide by 3 and then add 5 for the next number. What is the third number?

- a) 22
- b) 26
- c) 8.4

- a) -85
- b) -105
- c) -55

Card 3:

Begin with 100. Subtract 40 and then multiply by 2 for the next number. What is the fourth number?

- a) 20
- b) 240
- c) 120

Card 7:

Start with 100. Divide by 2 and then add 12 for the next number. What is the second number?

- a) 100
- b) 24
- c) 16

Card 4:

Start with 30. Multiply by 3 and then subtract 15 for the next number. What is the fifth number?

- a) 1260
- b) 75
- c) 1830

Card 8:

Begin with 180. Divide by 6 and then subtract 10 for the next number. What is the second number?

- a) 10
- b) 20
- c) 25

Task Cards

Cut out the task cards below

Card 17:

Start with 45. Add 25 and then subtract 30 for the next number. What is the sixth number?

- a) 40
- b) 25
- c) 20

Card 21:

Start at -25, add 20 each time. What is the seventh number?

- a) 100
- b) -35
- c) 95

Card 22:

Begin with 20. Multiply by 2, then divide by 4 for the next number. What is the second number?

- a) 30
- b) 25
- c) 20

Start with -45. Multiply by 3 and then add 25 for the next number. What is the third number?

- a) -110
- b) -220
- c) -305

Card 19:

Begin with 75. Subtract 35 and then multiply by 3 for the next number. What is the fourth number?

- a) 1875
- b) 660
- c) 255

Start with 10. Divide by 2, then add 9 for the next number. What is the fourth number?

- a) 10
- b) 11
- c) 19

Card 20:

Start with 50. Multiply by 2 and then subtract 25 for the next number. What is the third number?

- a) 75
- b) 125
- c) 100

Card 24:

Begin with 170. Divide by 5 and then subtract 10 for the next number. What is the second number?

- a) 20
- b) 24
- c) 34

Linear Equations – Table of Values

A **linear equation** is an equation that is written for two different variables. The variables have a relationship where they increase or decrease at the same rate. This means when the variables are plotted on a graph, the line will be straight.

It is helpful to use a table of values to represent the values of both variables. This allows us to see the relationship between the variables. We can find any missing value by using an equation that represents the relationship between the variables. A related pair of x and y values is called an ordered pair.

Practice: Complete the tables using the equations below

x	y
1	
2	14
3	20
4	
5	
6	

1) $y = 6x + 2$

x	y
	-2
2	1
3	4
4	
5	
9	

2) $y = 3x - 5$

x	y
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
1	

x	y
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
9	

4) $y = 4x - 7$

x	y
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
10	

5) $y = -3x - 4$

x	y
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
11	

6) $y = 5x - (-8)$

Exit Cards

Cut Out

Cut out the exit cards below and have students complete them at the end of class

Name: _____

Write the equation that represents the relation between x and y.

	y
1	
2	-5
3	-11
4	
5	
12	

Name: _____

Write the equation that represents the relation between x and y.

x	y
1	1
2	-5
3	-11
4	-17
5	
12	

Name: _____

Write the equation that represents the relation between x and y.

x	y
1	1
2	-5
3	-11
4	-17
5	
12	

Name: _____

Write the equation that represents the relation between x and y.

x	y
1	1
2	-5
3	-11
4	-17
5	
12	

Linear Equations – Table of Values

Practice

Make a table of values for each relation

1) $y = 3x + 2$

2) $y = 5x - 6$

3) $y = -2x + 3$

4) $y = 4x - 2$

5) $y = 6x - 6$

6) $y = -7x - 8$

Challenge

Can you determine the equation using the ordered pairs?

These ordered pairs are in the same linear relation: $(-2, -4), (0, 4), (2, 12), (4, 20)$

a) What is the equation that represents the values in the ordered pairs?

b) Fill in the missing value in the ordered pairs.

 $(1, \underline{\quad}), (3, \underline{\quad}), (8, \underline{\quad}), (-4, \underline{\quad}), (-8, \underline{\quad}), (\underline{\quad}, 56), (\underline{\quad}, -56)$

c) Fill in the table of values for the linear relation.

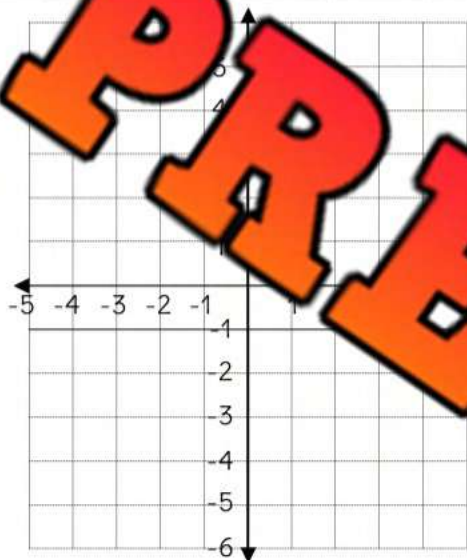
x	-6	-3	0	5	7	12	15	20
y								

Linear Equations – Graphing 2 Variables

Instructions Fill in the table of values and then graph the results using ordered pairs

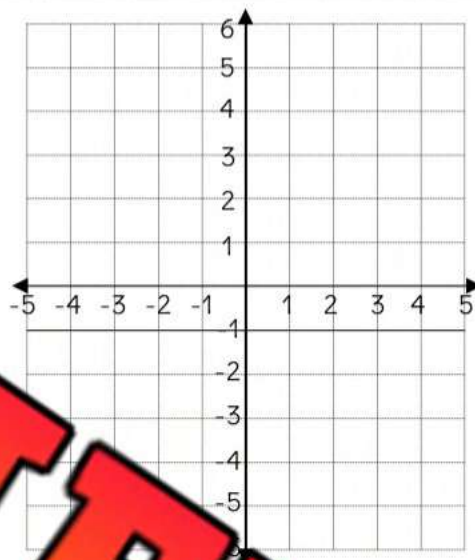
1) $y = 2x - 2$

x	0	1	2	3	4
y					



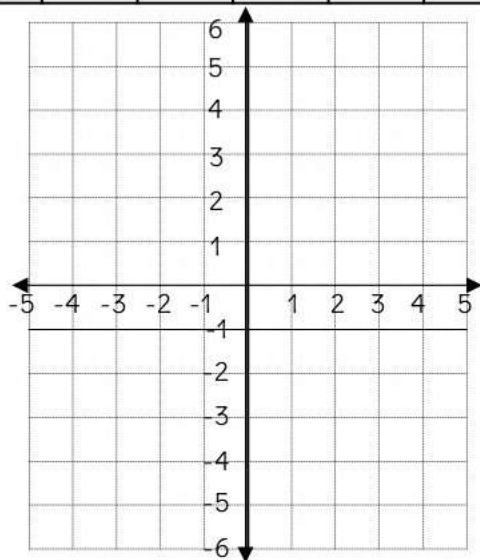
2) $y = 3x - 6$

x	0	1	2	3	4
y					

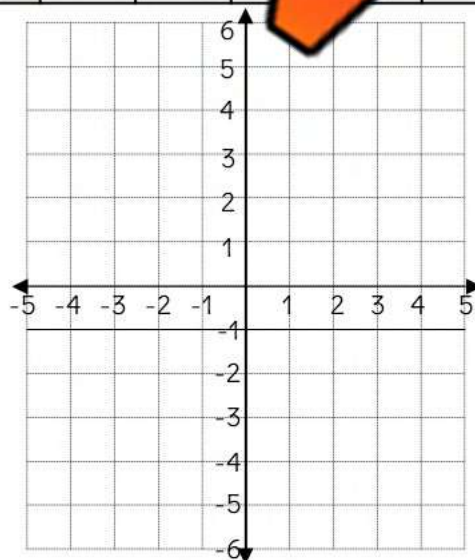


3) $y = -x + 2$

x	0	1	2	3	4
y					



x	0	1	2	3	4
y					

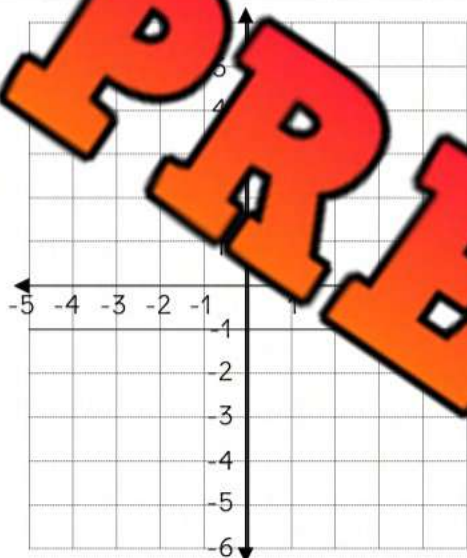


Linear Equations – Graphing 2 Variables

Instructions Fill in the table of values and then graph the results using ordered pairs

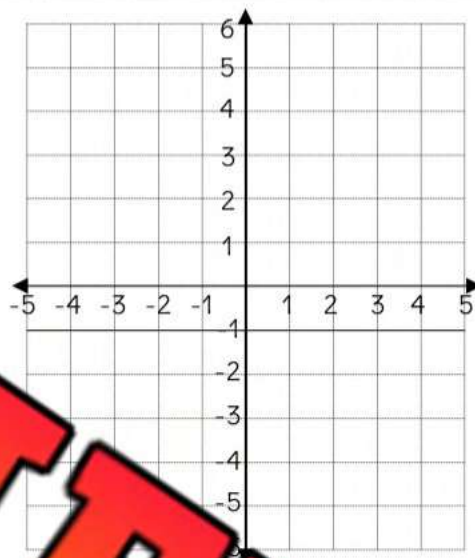
1) $y = -2x - 2$

x	0	1	2	3	4
y					



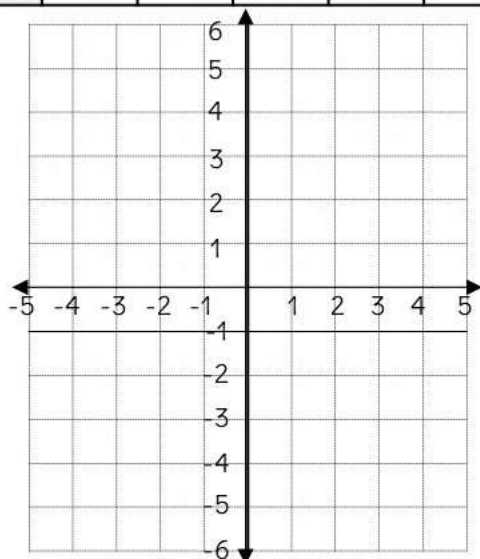
2) $y = -x + 4$

x	0	1	2	3	4
y					

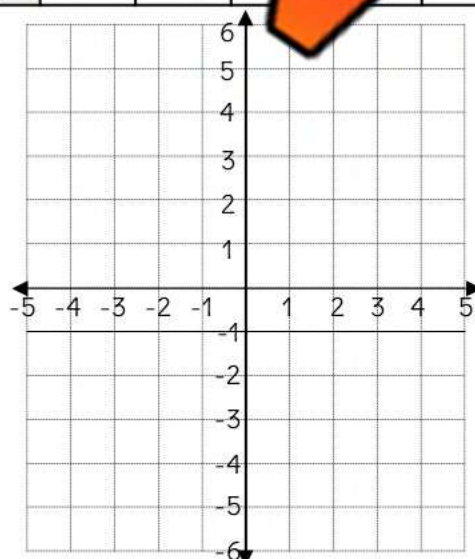


3) $y = -3x + 4$

x	0	1	2	3	4
y					



x	0	1	2	3	4
y					

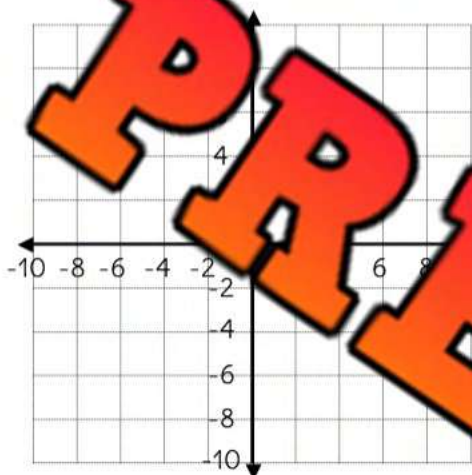


Linear Equations – Graphing 2 Variables

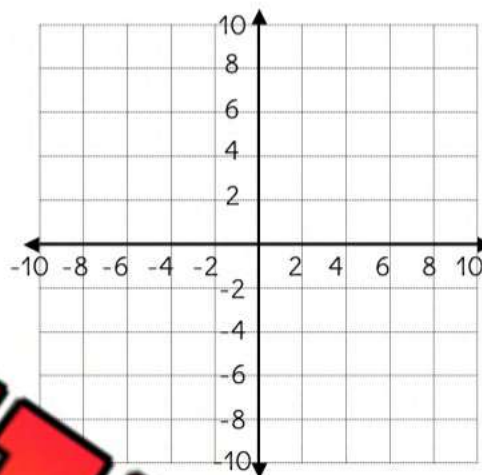
Instructions

Graph the equations below. Create a table of values if necessary

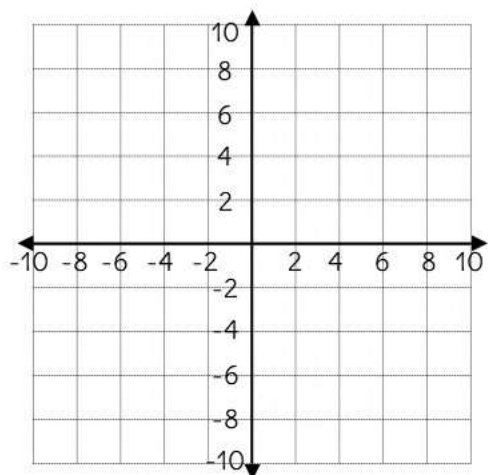
1) $y = 3x - 4$



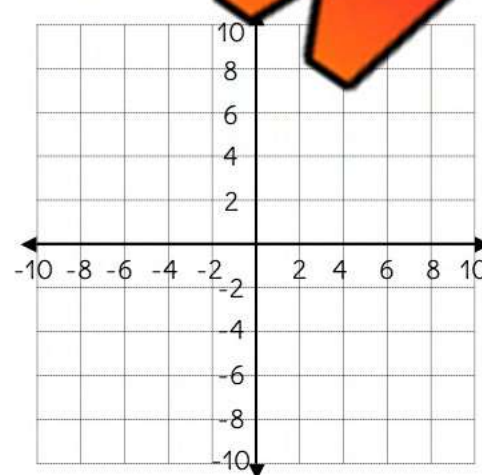
2) $y = -4x + 10$



3) $y = -3x + 8$



4) $y = 4$

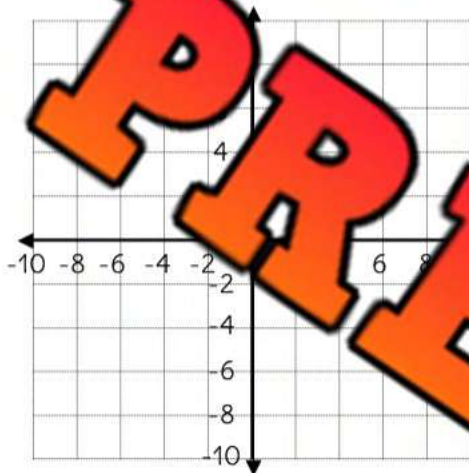


Linear Equations – Graphing 2 Variables

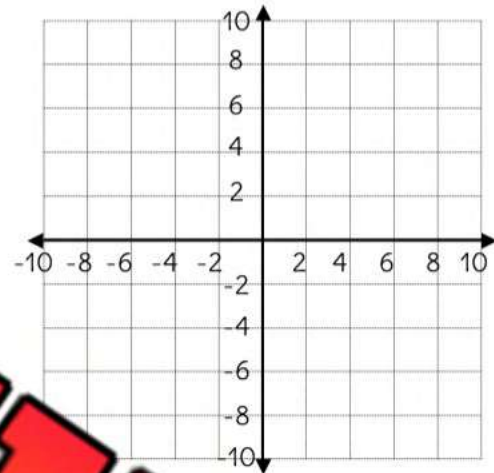
Instructions

Graph the equations below. Create a table of values if necessary

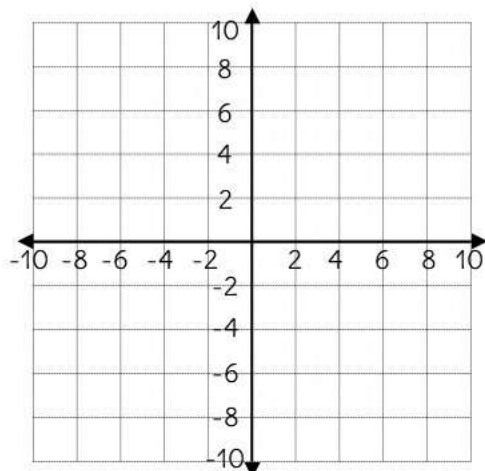
1) $y = 2x - 3$



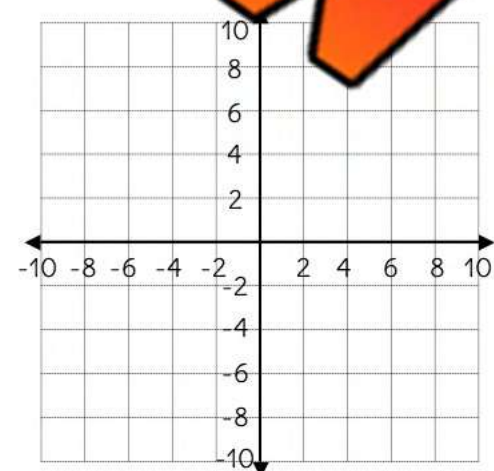
2) $y = -2x + 1$



3) $y = x - 4$



4) $y =$



Exit Cards

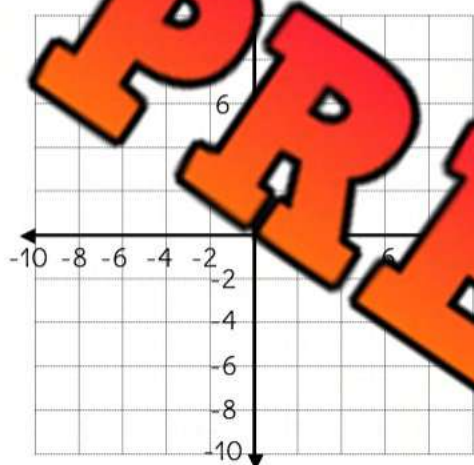
Cut Out

Cut out the exit cards below and have students complete them at the end of class

Name: _____

Graph the equations below.

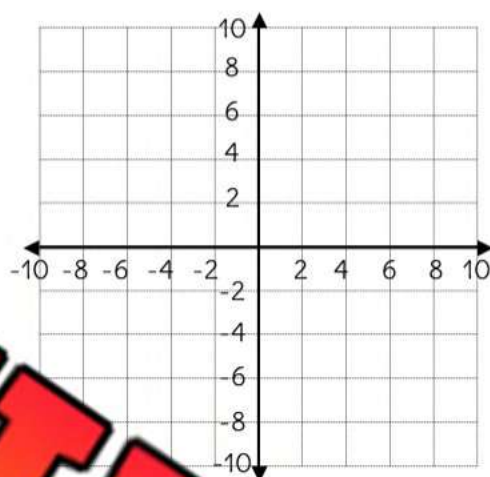
$$y = -6x + 4$$



Name: _____

Graph the equations below.

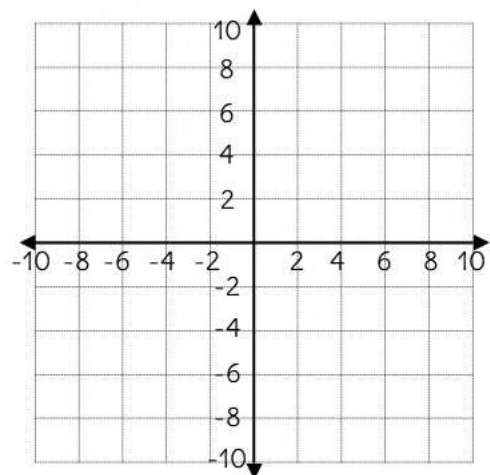
$$y = -6x + 4$$



Name: _____

Graph the equations below.

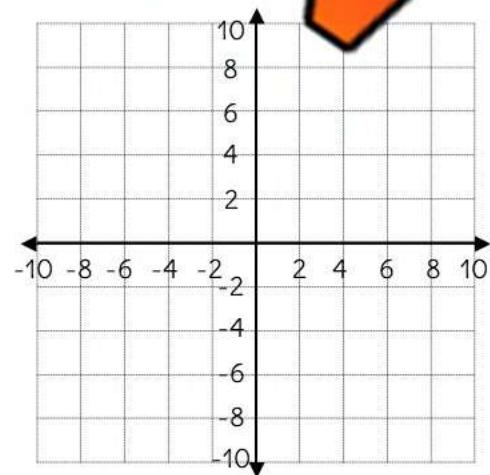
$$y = -6x + 4$$



Name: _____

Graph the equations below.

$$y = -6x + 4$$



Two-Variable Linear Relationship - Scientist

Challenge

Answer the word problem below



Mrs. Ferrety teaches a grade 8 class. She invited a scientist to join her class to do some experiments with them. The scientist charges \$40 for the materials they use for the experiments, plus an additional \$3 per student who is in the class.

- a) Fill in the table of values below using the linear equation: $y = 3x + 40$

# of Students						
Cost						

- b) Graph the table values

Questions

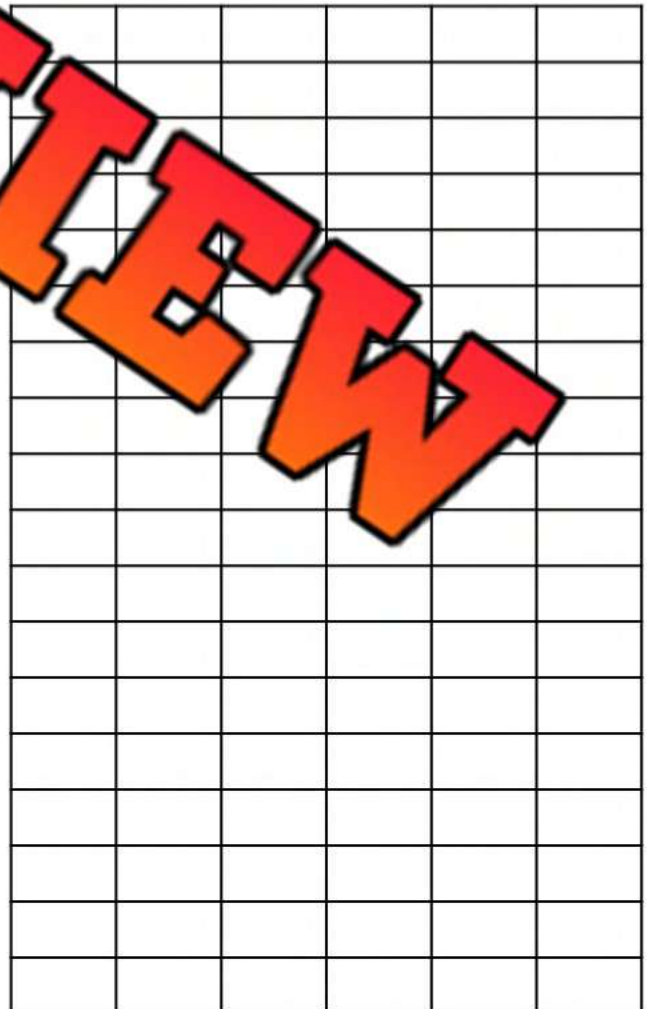
- a) Fill in the missing values in the ordered pairs below:

(25, _____), (50, _____), (100, _____)

(_____, 67), (_____, 85), (_____, 106)

- b) If 28 students are in the class, how much money will the scientist earn for their presentation?

- c) If the scientist earned \$136, how many students were in the class?



Two-Variable Linear Relationship – Moving Day

Challenge

Answer the word problem below



Aiden's family is moving. They rented a moving truck for \$50 a day. They are charged an additional \$0.50 for every 1km they drive.

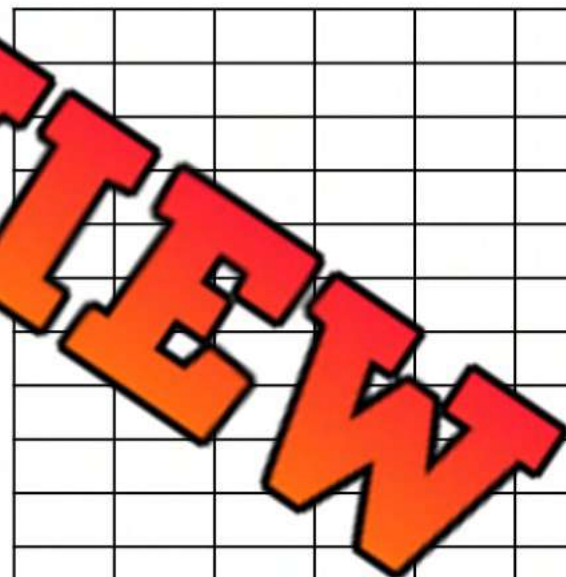
1) Fill in the table of values below

2) Graph the

3) Questions

- a) Write the linear equation that represents this problem.
-
- b) If Aiden's family drove 330km in one day, how much would they need to pay?
-
- c) Fill in the missing values in the ordered pairs below.
- (15, _____), (75, _____), (135, _____)
- (_____, 130), (_____, 240), (_____, 500)
-
- d) Aiden's family owes \$660 to the moving company. How far did they drive?



Linear Equations – Graphing 2 Variables

Instructions

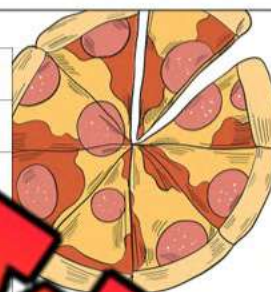
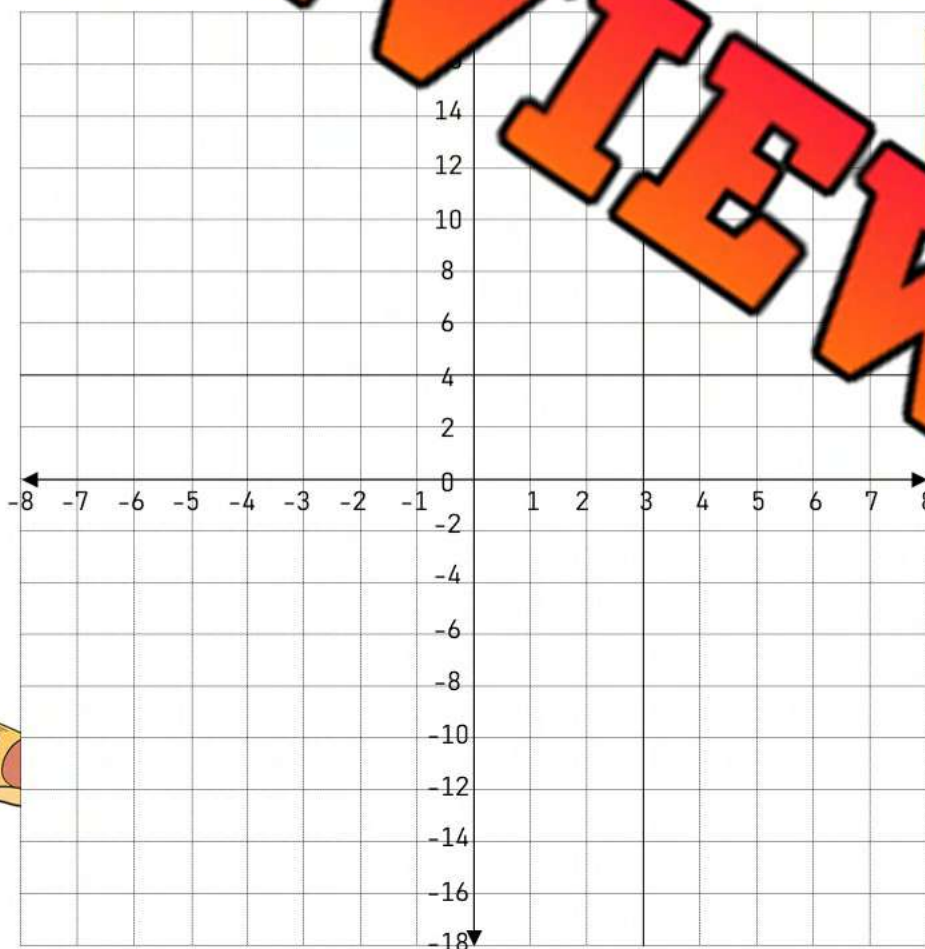
Fill in the table of values and then graph the results using ordered pairs

Matt is hosting a pizza party. He will buy 2 slices for each person coming and 4 extra slices in case someone shows up unexpectedly. He determined an equation that will help him decide how many slices to buy: $y = 2x + 4$

a) Fill in the table of values using the equation above.

x	1	2	3	4	5	6
y						

b) Represent the equation on the graph. Connect the dots using a line. Is the relation linear? Explain.



Linear Equations – Graphing 2 Variables

Instructions

Fill in the table of values and then graph the results using ordered pairs

Hadley sells her homemade scarfs at a flea market. It costs her \$10 to rent a table but she makes \$5 each hour she is there. She uses the following equation to represent her earnings: $y = 5x - 10$

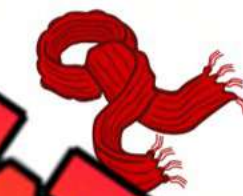
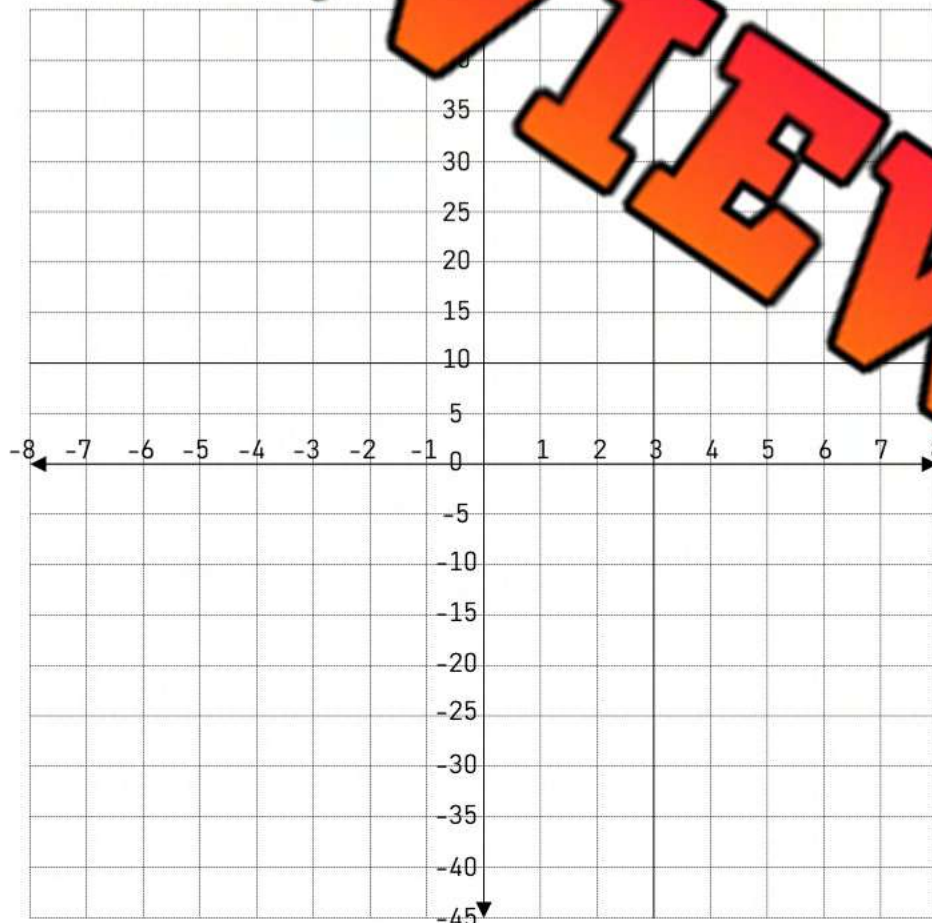
a) Fill in the table of values using the equation above.

x		2	3	4	5	6	7	8
y								

b) Represent the data on the graph. Connect the dots using a line.

c) Fill in the missing values in the ordered pairs below

(10, ____), (20, ____), (____, 50), (____, 80), (____, 100), (____, 150)



Graphing Linear Equations - Exercise

Instructions

Answer the questions below



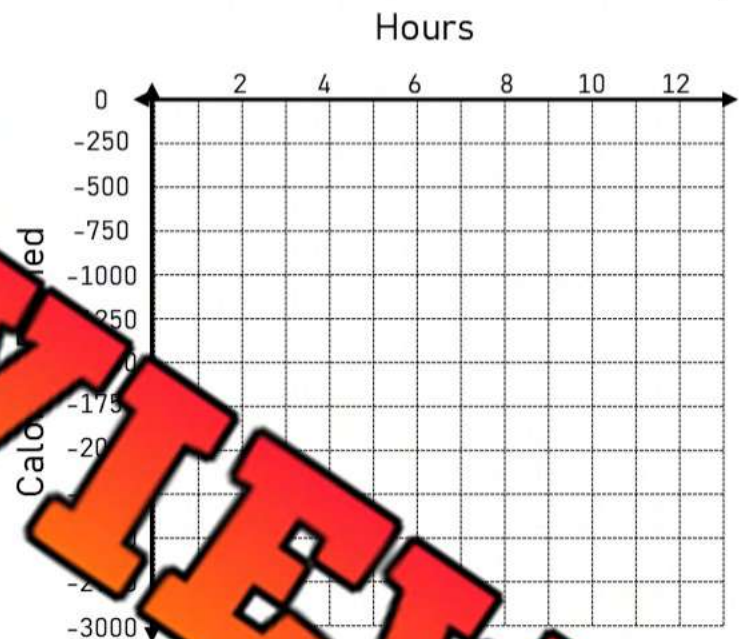
For every 1-hour Logan exercises, he burns 250 calories. Use negative integers to fill in the table of values that tracks Logan's calorie burn.

1-Hour	2-Hours	3-Hours	4-Hours	5-Hours	6-Hours	7-Hours

a) If Logan exercises for 1 hour a week, how many calories will he burn?

b) Write the linear equation that represents the situation. Use multiplication and a negative integer.

c) If Logan has already burned 750 calories this week, how many more hours will he need to exercise to burn 2250 calories? Write an equation that represents the situation.



d) Describe the relationship between the two variables in your own words.

e) Fill in the missing values in the ordered pairs below

(14, _____), (20, _____), (32, _____)

(_____, -4250), (_____, -6500), (_____, -9750)

Graphing Linear Equations - Advertising

Instructions

Answer the questions below



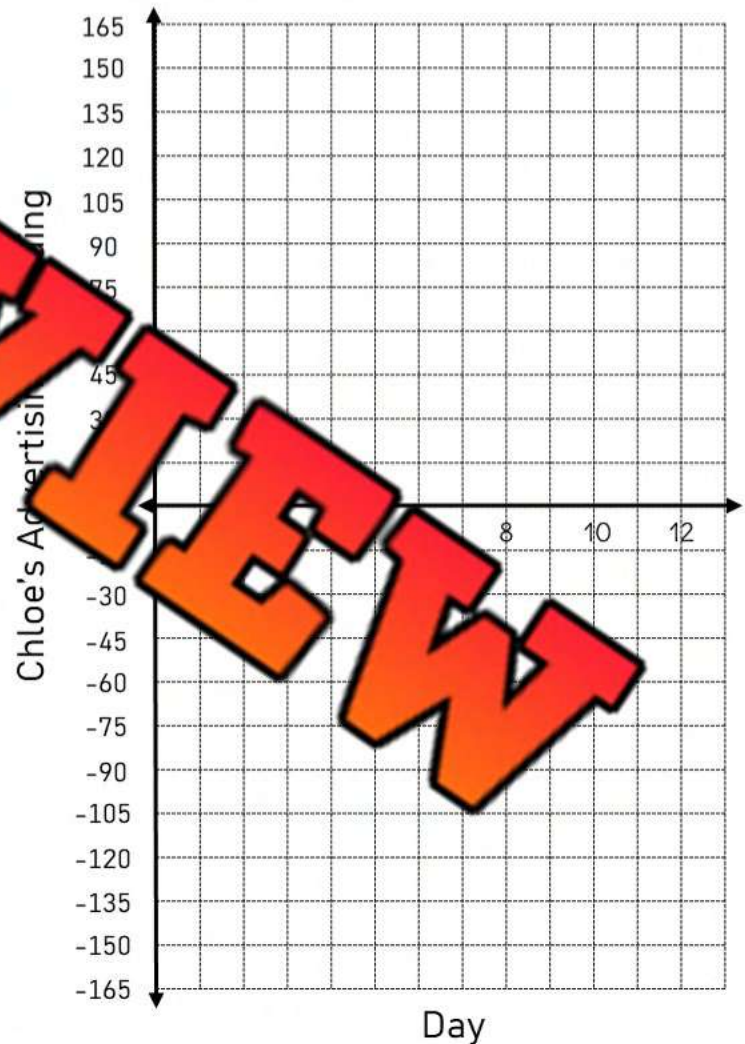
Chloe has an advertising budget of \$150. She decides to spend \$15 a day. Use negative integers to fill in the table of values that tracks her advertising spending. Display the table of values as a graph as well.

1) After 20 days of advertising, how much of a budget will Chloe have left? Use negative integers.

2) Write the linear equation that represents the situation. Use multiplication and a negative integer.

3) Chloe has discovered that she earns \$20 a day from people buying her products after seeing her advertisements. Use the numbers/operations below to write a new linear equation that represents the situation.

y x -15 20 $+$ $=$



4) Matthew answered the question above using this equation: $y = x(-15) + 20$ but he isn't getting the correct answer. How could he move one bracket to get the correct answer? Why was he wrong before?

Algebra Quiz - Patterning

Part 1 How many matchsticks are in each term? Sketch the next 3 terms

F-1	F-2	F-3	F-4	F-5	F-6			
								
What is the functional relationship?			Expression:					
Term #			2	3	4	5	6	20
# of Matchsticks								

Part 2 Find the functional relationship and answer the questions

1) Cole's pay for today has been recorded in the table below

Hours Worked	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Money Earned (\$)	0	27	54	81					

- a) Is the relationship between the variables linear? Yes/No _____
- b) What is the functional relationship between variables? _____

2) It costs \$30 for admission to an amusement park. Once inside, you pay \$1.50 for each additional ride you go on.

Rides	0	1	2	3	4	5
Total Cost	\$30.00	\$31.50	\$33.00	\$34.50	\$36.00	\$37.50

- a) What is the functional relationship between the two variables (algebraic expression)? _____
- b) If you graphed the table of values, would the line be straight or curved? Explain. _____

c) How much would it cost if you went on 25 rides? _____

Part 3

Fill in the tables using the equations below

x	y
1	10
2	16
3	22
4	
5	
6	

x	y
1	-1
2	2
3	5
4	
5	
9	

x	y
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
11	

2) $y = 3x - 4$

3) $y = -2x + 4$

Part 4

Write an equation that represents the relation between x and y

x	y
1	3
2	10
3	17
4	24
5	
6	

x	y
1	8
2	12
3	-1
4	
5	
9	

x	y
1	-4
2	-1
3	2
4	5
5	
1	

1) _____

2) _____

3) _____

Part 5

Make a table of values for each relation

1) $y = 2x + 3$

2) $y = 4x - 5$

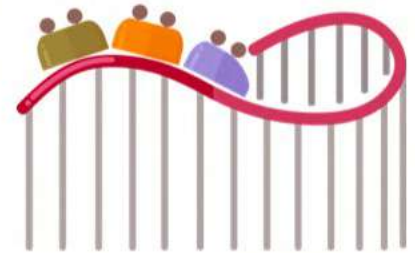
3) $y = -3x + 3$

Part 6

Answer the word problem below

1) Cameron went to an amusement park. He paid \$22 to get in and then \$3 per ride he went on.

a) Write a linear equation that represents the situation.



b) Fill in the table of values below

c) Graph the table of values

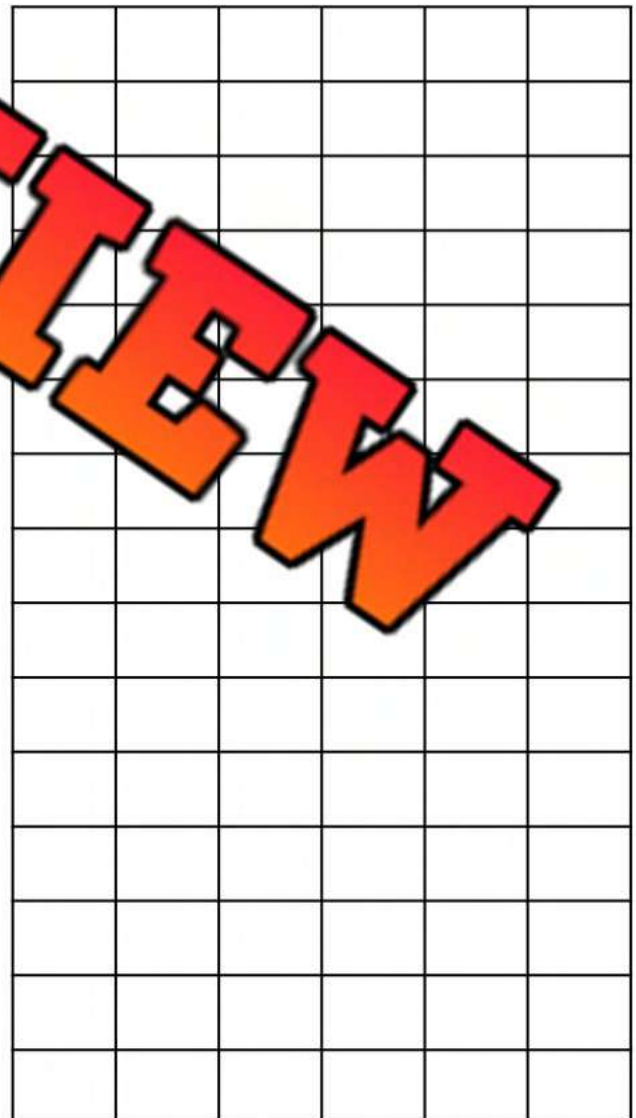
2) If Cameron went on 15 rides, how much would it cost him?

3) Cameron ended up paying \$118 at the amusement park. How many rides did he go on?

4) Fill in the missing values in the ordered pairs below

(18, ____), (35, ____), (110, ____)

(____, 100), (____, 136), (____, 937)

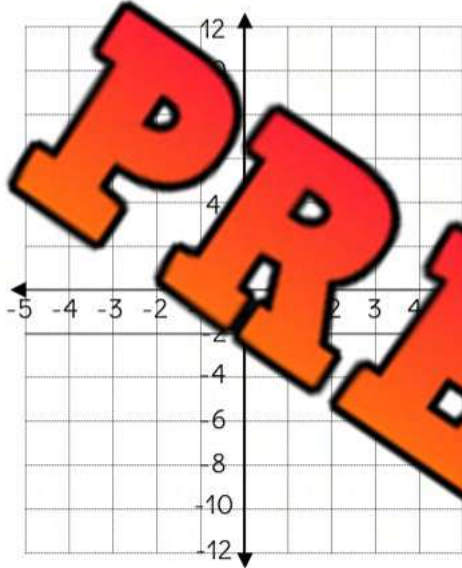


Part 7

Fill in the table of values and then graph the results using ordered pairs

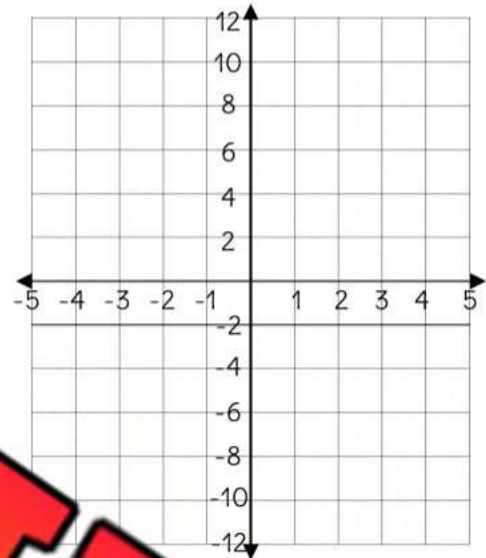
1) $y = -2x - 2$

x	0	1	2	3	4
y					



2) $y = -x + 4$

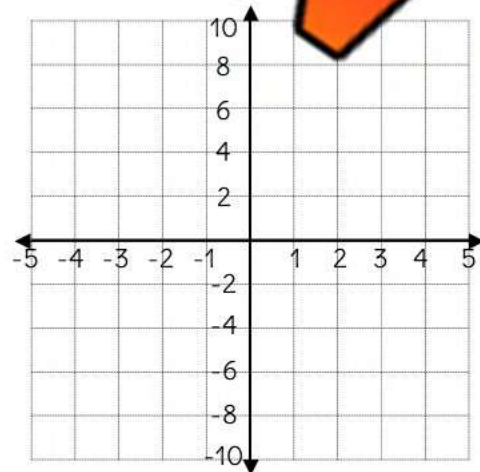
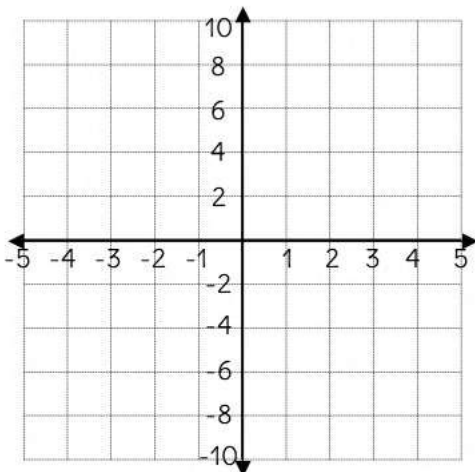
x	0	1	2	3	4
y					



Part 8

Graph the linear equations below. Check your work if necessary

3) $y = -3x + 8$



Equation or Expression?

Instructions

Is the number sentence an expression or equation?

1) Paul has 5 cookies but needs enough for 10 people. $5 + c = 10$	Equation	Expression
2) The park has the following rule: $3n - 1$	Equation	Expression
3) Maria wants to run 22km in the week. She has already run 22km. $22 + 22 = 44$	Equation	Expression
4) The cost to enter an arena is \$20 per ticket. $t20$	Equation	Expression
5) Jeff works at a garden centre and earns \$15 an hour. He can figure out his pay by using the following: $15h$	Equation	Expression
6) Bailey made \$200 last week working with her mom. She worked 10 hours. $10w = 200$	Equation	Expression
7) Jane had 150 candies to give away on Halloween. She has 30 left. $150 - c = 30$	Equation	Expression
8) Ashley had 200 candies to give away on Halloween. She will give 2 candies to each kid. How many kids can she give candy to? $200 \div 2 = k$	Equation	Expression
9) Candy bags come in 30 packs. The total number of candies is represented below: $30b$	Equation	Expression

Exit Cards

Cut Out

Cut out the exit cards below and have students complete them at the end of class

Name: _____

Is the number sentence an expression or equation? Circle the answer

1) A marathon runner drinks 2 liters of water every 5 miles. The total amount of water needed for m miles can be calculated using the following: $m \div 5 \times 2 = w$

Expression

Equation

2) A car travels 60 miles per hour. The distance traveled in tt hours can be calculated using the following: $60t = d$

Expression

Equation

Name: _____

Is the number sentence an expression or equation? Circle the answer

1) A marathon runner drinks 2 liters of water every 5 miles. The total amount of water needed for m miles can be calculated using the following: $m \div 5 \times 2 = w$

Expression

Equation

2) A car travels 60 miles per hour. The distance traveled in tt hours can be calculated using the following: $60t = d$

Expression

Equation

Name: _____

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Expression

Equation

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Expression

Equation

Name: _____

Is the number sentence an expression or equation? Circle the answer

1) A marathon runner drinks 2 liters of water every 5 miles. The total amount of water needed for m miles can be calculated using the following: $m \div 5 \times 2 = w$

Expression

Equation

2) A car travels 60 miles per hour. The distance traveled in tt hours can be calculated using the following: $60t = d$

Expression

Equation

Writing Algebraic Expressions

Using algebraic expressions helps us understand mathematical situations. We can use a variable to replace a changing number, like how many tickets are sold to a game – $t \times 10$

Part 1

Write each algebraic expression in words.
Use the words, "a number" in place of the variable

1) $7 - t$

Seven _____ a number

2) $n + 11$

3) $8 + b$

4) $9r$

5) $\frac{y}{5}$

Part 2

Write an algebraic expression for each statement

1) Nineteen add a number

2) Divide a number by three

3) A number is subtracted by nineteen

4) Triple a number and add seven

5) Subtract 19 from a number, then multiply by four

Writing Algebraic Expressions - Treats

A mathematical expression is similar to an equation, but it does not have an equal sign. We use expressions to describe a mathematical situation.

Instructions

Write the expressions for the situations below

1) Lindsay has y amount of cookies. She gives 27 cookies away to the students in her class.

Expression:



2) Casey cuts b brownies into b pieces. She eats 3 brownies.

Expression:



3) Alyse makes c cupcakes and shares them equally with her 5 friends.

Expression:



4) Hani gives 3 candies to each of his f friends.

Expression:



5) Scott has 14 sodas in his fridge and buys s more sodas.

Expression:



6) Dan buys 3 dozen donuts and eats d number of donuts.

Expression:



7) Steve buys x number of cookies and gives 31 to his staff.

Expression:



8) Alexa has 100 suckers that she shares equally with her f number of friends.

Expression:



9) Brian has 250 gummy worms and takes n number of gummies from his brother.

Expression:



10) Howard gives 4 books each to s number of students.

Expression:



Finger Signals Quiz - Understanding Algebraic Expressions

Objective

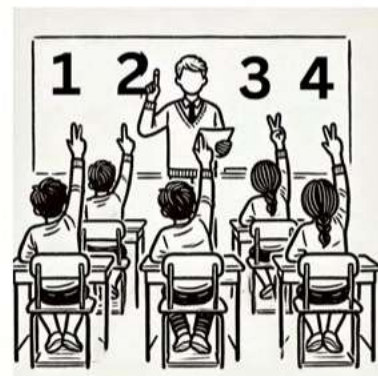
What are we learning about?

Students will reinforce their understanding of algebraic expressions through an interactive finger signals quiz.

Materials

What you will need for the activity.

- A list of questions



Instructions

How you will complete the activity

1. Prepare a list of questions with answer choices labeled A, B, C, and D.
2. Explain the finger signals for each answer choice: one finger for A, two fingers for B, three fingers for C, and four fingers for D.
3. Inform the students they will show their answer using the finger signal when you read each question.
4. Read the first question aloud clearly and repeat if necessary.
5. Give students a few moments to think about their answer and decide independently.
6. After a countdown (e.g., "3, 2, 1"), have all students show their answer simultaneously by raising the appropriate number of fingers.
7. Reveal the correct answer and explain why it is correct.
8. Repeat with different questions to reinforce understanding of algebraic expressions.

Name: _____

79

Question	A	B	C	D
A student reads r pages each day for 6 days. What is the total number of pages read?	$6 + r$	$6 - r$	$6r$	$r \div 6$
A photographer takes p photos, takes 4 more each day for 6 days, and then deletes 8. How many photos are there now?	$p + (4 \times 6)$	$(p + 24) - 8$	$p + 24$	$p + (4 \times 6) - 8$
A farmer has f cows, buys 18 more, and sells 7. How many cows are there now?	$f + 18 - 7$	$f \times 18 - 7$	$f + 18 + 7$	$f \div 18 - 7$
A librarian shelved 40 books over the course of h hours. What is the average number of books shelved per hour?	$40 + h$	$40 - h$	$40h$	$40 \div h$
A farmer plants f trees in each row and has 6 rows. What is the total number of trees?	$6 + f$	$6 - f$	$6f$	$f \div 6$
A worker earns w dollars per hour for 7 hours. What is the total earnings?	$7 + w$	$7 - w$	$7w$	$w \div 7$
A library has b books, receives 50 more, and loses 20. How many books are there now?	$b + 50 - 20$	$b \times 50 - 20$	$b + 50 + 20$	$b \div 50 - 20$
A factory produces p products each day for 10 days. What is the total production?	$10 + p$	$10 - p$	$10p$	$p \div 10$
A librarian has b books, receives 7 more each hour for 8 hours, and then donates 10. How many books are there now?	$(b + 8) - 10$	$(56) - 10$	$b + (7 \times 8)$	$b \div 7 \times 8 - 10$
A runner runs 40 kilometres over the course of d days.	$40 + d$	$40 - d$	$40d$	$40 \div d$
A school has s students but loses 20. What is the total number of students?	$s + 20$	$s - 20$	$20s$	$s \div 20$
A gardener has g plants, plants 5 more each day for 3 days, and then removes 4. How many plants are there now?	$(g + 15) - 4$	$g + (5 \times 3) - 4$	$g + 15 + 4$	$g \div 5 \times 3 - 4$
A chef cooked 120 meals over the course of m days. What is the average number of meals cooked per day?	$120 + m$	$120 - m$	$120m$	$120 \div m$
A baker makes b batches of cookies each day for 4 days. What is the total number of batches?	$4 + b$	$4 - b$	$4b$	$b \div 4$
Sarah has s apples and buys 5 more. How many apples does she have now?	$s + 5$	$s - 5$	$5s$	$s \div 5$
A store has k kites but sells 30. What is the total number of kites left?	$k + 30$	$k - 30$	$30k$	$k \div 30$
An artist has p paintings, paints 2 more each day for 5 days, and then sells 6. How many paintings are there now?	$a + (2 \times 5)$	$(a + 10) - 6$	$a + (2 \times 5)$	$a + (2 \times 5) - 6$

Distributive Property - Addition

The distributive property is used to make difficult problems simpler. It means that when we multiply a number by the sum of two or more addends, we get the same result as multiplying each addend separately by the number.

You can use the distributive property of multiplication to rewrite expressions that have a number outside of a parenthesis.

Example 1

$$7(5 + 3)$$

$$7 \times 5$$

	5	3
7	35	21

Example 2

$$4(y + 8)$$

$$4 \times y + 4 \times 8$$

$$4y + 32$$

	y	8
4	4y	32

Evaluate Fill in the boxes to represent the distributive property of the expressions

1) $9(4 + 6)$

2) $6(3 + n)$

3) $8(7 + 3)$

4) $5(n + 2)$

5) $6(f + 11)$

6) $-3(5 + p)$

Expand

Evaluate the expressions below

1) $9(t + 7)$

2) $-2(8 + 12)$

3) $-6(x + 3)$

4) $8(y + 4)$

5) $5(-11 + n)$

6) $-4(-12 + k)$

Distributive Property - Subtraction

To subtract using the distributive property, we follow the same steps as with addition questions. If the number outside of the parenthesis is positive, we can simply distribute it to the numbers inside the parenthesis, as done in example 1.

In some situations, it may be easier to "add the opposite." This is especially true if the number outside of the parenthesis is negative, like in examples 2 and 3.

Example 1

$$5(y - 3)$$

$$5y - 15$$

Example 2

$$-4(n - 8)$$

$$-4n - (-4)(8)$$

$$-4n - (-32) \text{ or } -4n + 32$$

$$-4n + 32$$

Example 3

$$-4(-t - 3)$$

$$-4(-t) - (-4)(3)$$

$$4t + 12$$

Part 1

Expand the expressions below

1) $9(5 - 7)$

2) $-3(8 - 5)$

3) $7(x - 6)$

4) $8(y - 4)$

5) $5(1 - 2)$

6) $4(11 - k)$

7) $10(b - 6)$

8) $8(11 - c)$

9) $6(m - 3)$

Part 2

Expand the expressions below

1) $-3(5 - t)$

2) $-7(n - 4)$

3) $8(x - 7)$

4) $-4(y - 8)$

5) $-6(12 - n)$

6) $-4(10 - k)$

7) $10(k - 8)$

8) $-7(9 - c)$

9) $-5(m - 12)$

Distributive Property – Equivalent Expressions

Match

Write the letter from column 2 beside the equivalent expression from column 1

1

Answer	Column 1	Letter	Column 2
	$3(9 - 5)$	a	$15 + 27$
	$-3(9 + 5)$	b	$(-15) + 27$
	$3(5 + 9)$	c	$3 \times 9 - 3 \times 5$
	$-3(5 - 9)$	d	$(-27) + (-15)$

2

Answer	Column 1	Letter	Column 2
	$7(t - 9)$	a	$-63 - 7t$
	$-7(t - 9)$	b	$7t + 63$
	$7(t + 9)$	c	$-7t + 63$
	$-7(t + 9)$	d	$63 - 7t$

3

Answer	Column 1	Letter	Column 2
	$8(11 - n)$	a	$88 - 8n$
	$-8(n + 11)$	b	$-8n - 88$
	$8(11 + n)$	c	$-8n - 88$
	$-8(11 - n)$	d	$88 + 8n$

4

Answer	Column 1	Letter	Column 2
	$3(y - 5)$	a	$3y + 15$
	$-3(y + 5)$	b	$-3y + 15$
	$3(y + 5)$	c	$3y - 15$
	$-3(y - 5)$	d	$-3y - 15$

Evaluating Algebraic Expressions - Addition

Part 1Evaluate the following expressions for $x = -7$

1) $x + 13$	2) $9 + x$	3) $25 + x$	4) $x + 17$
5) $39 + x$	6) $83 + x$	7) $74 + x + 11$	8) $87 + x + 24$

Part 2Evaluate the following expressions for $y = -7$ and $n = 4$

1) $n + y$	2) $15 + y + n$	4) $y + 18 + n$
5) $54 + y + n$	6) $n + (y + 20)$	7) $75 + n + (y + 4)$

Part 3Evaluate the following expressions for $x = -5$ and $p = -1$

1) $(x) + (p) - 23$	2) $17 + x + (p)$	3) $(19 + x) + (p)$	4) $x + (35 + p)$
5) $(p + 27) + x$	6) $x + 49 + (p)$	7) $(x + 63) + (p)$	8) $88 + p + x$

Exit Cards

Cut Out

Cut out the exit cards below and have students complete them at the end of class

Name: _____

Evaluate the following expressions
for $x = -5$ and $p = -12$

1) $(19 + x) + (p)$

2) $x + (35 + p)$

3) $(x) + (p) - 23$

Name: _____

Evaluate the following expressions
for $x = -5$ and $p = -12$

1) $(19 + x) + (p)$

2) $x + (35 + p)$

3) $(x) + (p) - 23$

Name: _____

Evaluate the following expressions
for $x = -5$ and $p = -12$

1) $(19 + x) + (p)$

2) $x + (35 + p)$

3) $(x) + (p) - 23$

Name: _____

Evaluate the following expressions
for $x = -5$ and $p = -12$

1) $(19 + x) + (p)$

2) $x + (35 + p)$

3) $(x) + (p) - 23$

Evaluating Algebraic Expressions - Subtraction

Subtraction Integers Rules

To subtract integers, it is easiest to change the operation to addition and then follow the addition rules. We can do this by using the rule – Keep, Flip, Change. We keep the first number the same, flip the operation from subtraction to addition, and then change the third number's sign.

Example: $5 - (-6) = ?$ becomes $5 + 6 = 11$

Keep the
first
integer

Flip the
operation

Change the
sign of the next
integer

Part 1 Evaluate the following expressions for $x = -8$

1) $x - 15$	2) $27 - x$	4) $x - 31$
5) $47 - x$	6) $61 - x$	7) $94 - x - 14$

Part 2 Evaluate the following expressions for $y = -12$ and $n = -5$

1) $y - n$	2) $(16 - n) - y$	3) $15 - (y - n)$	4) $y - 11 - n$
5) $21 - y - n$	6) $(n - y) - 36$	7) $y - (n - 43)$	8) $(28 - n) - y$

Evaluating Expressions – Food Truck

Walker works at a food truck selling burgers, hot dogs, fries, and pogos. He uses algebraic expressions to determine the cost of his customer's orders.



Menu	
Burger (b)	\$4.50
Hot Dog (h)	\$2.75
Fries (f)	\$3.25
Pogo (p)	\$3.50

Solve Write the algebraic expression and then evaluate using the menu prices

Customer Order	Expression	Answer
1) 2 burgers, 1 fry	$2 \times b + f$ $2 \times 4.50 + 3.25$	
2) 4 hot dogs, 2 pogos		
3) 5 fries, 2 pogos		
4) 3 burgers, 2 fries, 2 pogos		
5) 3 fries, 5 burgers, 4 hot dogs		
6) 10 burgers, 10 fries		
7) 5 hot dogs, 7 fries, 3 pogos		
8) 4 burgers, 9 hot dogs		

Evaluating Expressions - Bakery

Gavin works at a bakery selling bread, cookies, and donuts. He calculates the cost of orders (o) and subtracts it from the payment (p) he is given to determine how much change to give his customers.

Menu	
Bread (b)	\$3.50
Cookies (c)	\$1.25
Donuts (d)	\$1.50

Evaluate

Solve the subtraction expressions below

Order Values	Expression - Customer's Change
P	$p - o$
\$15.70	\$20.00
\$18.25	\$20.00
\$9.75	\$20.00
\$33.65	\$20.00

Evaluate

Calculate the order to determine the customer's change

Order (o)			Expression	Payment	Change
b	c	d			
3	0	1	$3b + d$ $3 \times 3.50 + 1.50$ $10.50 + 1.50$ $\$12.00$	\$15.00	
2	1	0		\$10.00	
3	2	1		\$20.00	
1	4	3		\$20.00	
3	5	4		\$30.00	

Evaluating Algebraic Expressions – ($x \div$)

Part 1

Evaluate for $x = -3$. Use brackets to separate the numbers

1) $7x$	2) $6x$	3) $4x - 5$	4) $12x + 7$
5) $17x$	6) $15x - 10$	7) $8x - x$	8) $13x + 6 - x$

Part 2

Evaluate the following expressions for $y = -8$

1) $\frac{y}{2}$	2) $\frac{32}{y}$	3) $\frac{20}{y}$	4) $\frac{y}{2} + 5$
5) $\frac{48}{y} + 7$	6) $\frac{88}{y} + y$	7) $\frac{20}{y}$	8) $\frac{y}{2} \times y$

Challenge!

Use three -5 s and any operation or brackets to write an expression with the values provided

	Your Expressions	Value
1)		-125
2)		-5
3)		0
4)		50

	Your Expressions	Value
5)		5
6)		30
7)		20
8)		-6

Evaluating Expressions - BEDMAS

Part 1Evaluate the following expressions for $t = 6$

1) $t + 16 \times 2$	2) $10t - (t + 4)$	3) $63 - (t)\frac{t}{3}$	4) $4t \div (2 + 10)$
5) $4t \div$	6) $12 + \frac{2t}{3} - 5$	7) $\frac{4t - t}{3}$	8) $18 + t \div 3$

Part 2Evaluate the following expressions for $y = -8$ and $n = 2$

1) $y + n \div (-2)$	2) $6n - 7$	3) $y - (2n - 6)$	4) $y \div (-2 - n)$
5) $4n + 40 \div y$	6) $\frac{24n}{y} + 12$	7) $(15 + n)(y)$	

Part 3Evaluate the following expressions for $x = -10$ and $p = -5$

1) $2x(p + 5)$	2) $4x + (2p - x)$	3) $(-25) - (x)(p)$
4) $90 \div (p + -5x)$	5) $22 + 8x - (p + 5)$	6) $12 - \frac{5x}{p} + 5p$

Writing Expressions

An equation is a statement that two expressions are equal. An expression has no equal sign, whereas an equation has an equal sign. When we can solve the answer to an expression, it becomes an equation because we add an equal sign.

Expression

Eight more than a number

8
n

Equation

Eight more than a number is 14

$$8 + n = 14$$

$$n = 6$$

Part 1 Write equations for each sentence

	Sentence	Equation	Answer
1)	Eleven less than a number is six		
2)	Sixty-two more than a number is 10		
3)	Eight times a number minus 3 is 15		
4)	Twenty-eight divided by a number is four		
5)	A number plus sixteen divided by two is 10		
6)	Nine times a number plus forty is 76		

Part 2 Write a sentence in words for each equation

Equation	Sentence	Value of n
1) $6n = 24$		
2) $11 + n - 8 = 12$		
3) $7 + \frac{32}{n} = 15$		
4) $9n - 9 = 45$		

Exit Cards

Cut Out

Cut out the exit cards below and have students complete them at the end of class

Name: _____

Write a sentence in words for each equation.

1) $11 + n - 8 = 12$

2) $7 + \frac{32}{n} = 15$

Name: _____

Write a sentence in words for each equation.

1) $11 + n - 8 = 12$

2) $7 + \frac{32}{n} = 15$

Name: _____

Write a sentence in words for each equation.

1) $11 + n - 8 = 12$

2) $7 + \frac{32}{n} = 15$

Name: _____

Write a sentence in words for each equation.

1) $11 + n - 8 = 12$

2) $7 + \frac{32}{n} = 15$

Name: _____

Matching Game: Do The Equations Match?

Objective

What are we learning about?

To enhance students' understanding of equivalent equations. Students will identify and match pairs of equations that yield the same result, fostering critical thinking and problem-solving skills in a collaborative group setting.

Materials

What will need for the activity.

- Pre-prepared pre-cut cards.
- Small bags or envelopes to hold the cards for each group

Instructions

How you will complete the

1. Before the class, the teacher will cut out the prepared matching game cards.
2. Divide the students into small groups and give each group a bag/envelope containing a set of the matching cards.
3. In their groups, students will spread out the cards face down on their table.
4. Each person takes a turn to try to match two cards. They will need to solve both equations to see if they match (equal the same).
5. If they find a correct match, they keep the cards out and continue with their next turn. If the cards don't match, they turn them back over in the same place, and the next player takes a turn.
6. The activity continues until all pairs are correctly matched within each group.



Name: _____

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Curriculum Connection
P8.2

Cards

Matching Game Cards

$$60 + (-15) + 20$$

$$55 - (-10)$$

$$100 + (-25)$$

$$90 + (-20) + 12$$

$$32 - 30 + 30$$

$$-104 + 151 + 112$$

$$366 - 150 - 57$$

$$20 + 180$$

$$250 - 50$$

Name: _____

96

Curriculum Connection
P8.2

Cards

Matching Game Cards

$$47 + (-20) + 15$$

$$32 - (-10)$$

$$153 + (-30) - 39$$

$$-32 + 159$$

$$1455 - 32$$

$$83 - 48 + 27$$

$$66 - 128$$

$$125 + (-41) + 38$$

$$194 - 48 - 24$$

Name: _____

98

Cards

Matching Game Cards

$$98 + (-43)$$

$$75 + 20 - 40$$

$$-67 - 58$$

$$290 - 99$$

$$89 - 49 + 18$$

$$642 + 14$$

$$-83 + 249$$

$$199 + (-66) + 33$$

$$77 - 25 + 12$$

$$40 + 24 - 0$$

Finding The Value of a Variable

When we write an algebraic expression with an equal sign, it becomes an equation. An equation is a statement that two expressions are equal.

We can solve for a variable by balancing an equation, making sure both sides of the equal sign have the same value.



Part 1 Find out the value of the variable

1) $2n = 10$ $n =$	2) $n + 15 = 29$ $n =$	3) $36 - n = 28$ $n =$
4) $45 - 19 = p$ $p =$	5) $20 + p = 62$ $p =$	6) $p - 13 = (-25)$ $p =$
7) $13 - y = (-10)$ $y =$	8) $10 - y = 5$ $y =$	9) $(-32) - 15 = y$ $y =$
10) $27 + t = (-12)$ $t =$	11) $36 - t = (-5)$ $t =$	12) $(-2) + t = (-49)$ $t =$

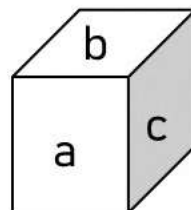
Part 2

The formula for calculating the surface area of a rectangular prism is to add the areas of each side together

Use the following equation to find the surface area (s) of a rectangular prism:

$$s = a + a + b + b + c + c \quad \text{or} \quad s = 2a + 2b + 2c$$

1) $a=6$ $b=11$ $c=10$	SA=	4) $a=26$ $b=15$ $c=41$	SA=
2) $a=9$ $b=14$ $c=21$	SA=	5) $a=35$ $b=32$ $c=49$	SA=
3) $a=11$ $b=21$ $c=25$	SA=	6) $a=29$ $b=19$ $c=52$	SA=



Addition Equations – Golf Tournament - Challenge

Zack hosted a 4-round golf tournament. He has the results and needs to find out who won the tournament. The leaderboard is below but is missing numbers.



Directions

Fill in the leaderboard

Player	Round 1	Round 2	Round 3	Round 4	Final Score
Riley		-6	4	-5	
Charlie		-2	5		-5
Dominic				9	-6
Kayden	-3	-7	-1	-5	
Silas	5	3	9		-1
Lillian	5	8			9
Brooklyn	-4	-2			-5
Natalie		7	2	-6	-4
Andrew	-5	4	1	-	
Santiago		-3	-8	-	-22

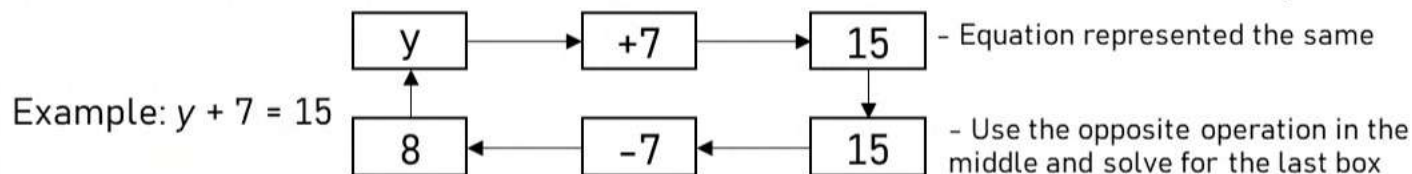
Results

Who won the golf tournament?

1) Who won the golf tournament?	
2) The entry fee for the tournament was \$75. All the money went to the prize (p). Write an equation that determines the value for (p).	
3) More golfers joined the tournament. The prize ended up being \$1125. Write an equation that determines how many golfers (g) participated in the tournament.	

Adding and Subtracting Equations – Flow Chart

We can use a reverse flow chart to calculate the value of a variable in an equation.



Direction Use the flow chart to find the value of the variable

1) $t - 7 = 12$	<pre> graph LR t[t] --> -7[-7] --> 12[12] 12[12] --> +7[+7] --> 19[19] </pre>	7) $t - 13 = -5$	<pre> graph LR t[t] --> -13[-13] --> -5[-5] -5[-5] --> +13[+13] --> 8[8] </pre>
2) $r - 9 = 16$	<pre> graph LR r[r] --> -9[-9] --> 16[16] 16[16] --> +9[+9] --> 25[25] </pre>	8) $r + 16 = 38$	<pre> graph LR r[r] --> +16[+16] --> 38[38] 38[38] --> -16[-16] --> 22[22] </pre>
3) $c + 11 = 17$	<pre> graph LR c[c] --> +11[+11] --> 17[17] 17[17] --> -11[-11] --> 6[6] </pre>	9) $c - 12 = -2$	<pre> graph LR c[c] --> -12[-12] --> -2[-2] -2[-2] --> +12[+12] --> 10[10] </pre>
4) $b + 12 = 5$	<pre> graph LR b[b] --> +12[+12] --> 5[5] 5[5] --> -12[-12] --> -7[-7] </pre>	10) $b + 14 = 31$	<pre> graph LR b[b] --> +14[+14] --> 31[31] 31[31] --> -14[-14] --> 17[17] </pre>
5) $p - 9 = 21$	<pre> graph LR p[p] --> -9[-9] --> 21[21] 21[21] --> +9[+9] --> 30[30] </pre>	11) $p + 8 = 5$	<pre> graph LR p[p] --> +8[+8] --> 5[5] 5[5] --> -8[-8] --> -3[-3] </pre>
6) $x + 16 = 11$	<pre> graph LR x[x] --> +16[+16] --> 11[11] 11[11] --> -16[-16] --> -5[-5] </pre>	12) $x - 7 = -3$	<pre> graph LR x[x] --> -7[-7] --> -3[-3] -3[-3] --> +7[+7] --> 4[4] </pre>

Adding and Subtracting Equations – Flow Chart

Directions

Fill in the blanks in the flow chart

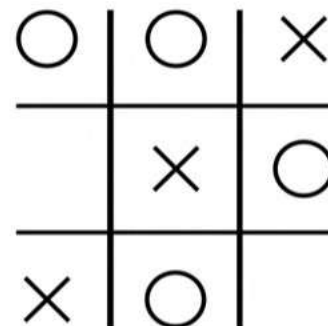
1) $t - 7 + 9 = 15$	<pre> t → -7 → +9 → 15 ↑ 13 ← +7 ← -9 ← 15 </pre>
2) r	<pre> [] → [] → [] → [] ↑ [] ← [] ← [] ← [] </pre>
3) $c + 7 - 14 = 1$	<pre> [] → [] → [] → [] ↑ [] ← [] ← [] ← [] </pre>
4) $b - 11 + 7 = -5$	<pre> [] → [] → [] → [] ↑ [] ← [] ← [] ← [] </pre>
5) $p - 5 + 13 = 2$	<pre> [] → [] → [] → [] ↑ [] ← [] ← [] ← [] </pre>
6) $c + 16 - 13 = -4$	<pre> [] → [] → [] → [] ↑ [] ← [] ← [] ← [] </pre>
7) $b + 11 + 6 = 15$	<pre> [] → [] → [] → [] ↑ [] ← [] ← [] ← [] </pre>
8) $p - 9 - 15 = -13$	<pre> [] → [] → [] → [] ↑ [] ← [] ← [] ← [] </pre>

Math Tic-Tac-Toe: Balance The Equations

Objective

What are we learning about?

To help students practice solving and balancing equations involving variables in a fun and interactive way through a Tic-Tac-Toe game.



Materials

What you will need for the activity.

- Tic-Tac-Toe grids provided

Instructions

How you will complete the activity

1. Find a partner to play the game.
2. The goal is to solve and balance the algebraic equation in each square to place your marker (X or O).
3. One player will be "X" and the other will be "O".
4. Take turns choosing a square and solving the equation in that square to find the value of the variable.
5. Write down the solution below the equation and place your marker (X or O) in the square.
6. If a player chooses a square and solves the equation incorrectly, they do not get to place their marker in that square. The other player gets a chance to solve it correctly and place their marker.
7. The first player to get three markers in a row (horizontally, vertically, and diagonally) wins the game. Continue playing with different tic-tac-toe grids on the sheet.

Tic-Tac-Toe

Use the following tic-tac-toe grids for the game.

$72 \div \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 8$	$(-18) \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 54$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \div 7 = 10$
$(-15) \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 45$	$84 \div (-12) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times 13 = 104$
$99 \div \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = (-9)$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times (-5) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \div 6 = (-9)$

$300 \div \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 25$	$(-20) \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 100$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \div 4 = 6$
$(-24) \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 72$	$56 \div (-8) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times 15 = 75$
$88 \div \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = (-11)$	$(-30) \times (-3) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \div 5 = (-7)$

$144 \div \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 122$	$(-25) \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 100$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \div 3 = 10$
$(-21) \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 63$	$90 \div (-10) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times 20 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
$120 \div \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = (-10)$	$(-28) \times (-7) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \div 10 = (-4)$

$64 \div \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 8$	$(-22) \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 110$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \div 5 = 10$
$(-18) \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 54$	$49 \div (-7) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times 18 = 108$
$81 \div \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 9$	$(-33) \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 330$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \div 8 = (-5)$

$108 \div \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 9$	$(-16) \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 64$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \div 12 = 8$
$(-27) \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 81$	$72 \div (-6) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times 25 = 125$
$132 \div \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = (-11)$	$(-40) \times (-5) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \div 3 = (-15)$

$84 \div \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 12$	$(-14) \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 196$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \div 2 = 20$
$(-35) \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 105$	$63 \div (-9) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times 10 = 100$
$150 \div \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = (-15)$	$(-45) \times (-6) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \div 7 = (-8)$

Tic-Tac-Toe

Use the following tic-tac-toe grids for the game.

$96 \div \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 16$	$(-12) \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 60$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \div 6 = 12$
$(-42) \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 84$	$48 \div (-8) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times 5 = 35$
$180 \div \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times (-4) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \div 9 = (-9)$

$128 \div \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 16$	$(-18) \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 72$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \div 4 = 8$
$(-36) \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 108$	$75 \div (-15) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times 6 = 36$
$110 \div \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = (-11)$	$(-25) \times (-8) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \div 10 = (-6)$

$192 \div \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 16$	$(-24) \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 48$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \div 3 = 12$
$(-30) \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 90$	$54 \div (-6) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times 12 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
$200 \div \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = (-10)$	$(-44) \times (-3) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \div 2 = (-10)$

$72 \div \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 9$	$(-15) \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 60$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \div 4 = 10$
$(-22) \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 66$	$80 \div (-8) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times 14 = 98$
$135 \div \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = (-15)$	$(-32) \times (-4) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \div 6 = (-5)$

$48 \div \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 8$	$(-21) \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 105$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \div 7 = 9$
$(-16) \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 48$	$60 \div (-10) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times 11 = 88$
$72 \div \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = (-6)$	$(-40) \times (-4) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \div 3 = (-8)$

$64 \div \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 16$	$(-20) \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \div 8 = 5$
$(-28) \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 56$	$100 \div (-25) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times 7 = 28$
$90 \div \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = (-9)$	$(-36) \times (-2) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \div 12 = (-6)$

Finding The Value of a Variable

When we multiply a number by a variable, we do not need to use the multiplication sign. It is known that any variable next to a number means the operation we are using is multiplication.

Example: $7n = 14$ means $7 \times n = 14$

We can figure out the unknown number by balancing the equation: $n = 2$.

Part 1

Find out the value of the variable

1) $3n = 18$ $n =$	2) $(-4n) = 16$ $n =$	3) $(-9s) = 54$ $s =$
4) $7 \times (-4p) = 28$ $p =$	5) $\frac{-77}{p} = -11$ $p =$	6) $\frac{-28}{k} = -7$ $k =$
7) $(-3n) = (-18)$ $n =$	8) $(-5t) = (-42)$ $t =$	9) $\frac{n}{8} = -9$ $n =$
10) $\frac{-40}{5} = n$ $n =$	11) $\frac{12}{p} = 4$ $p =$	12) $\frac{p}{15} = -5$ $p =$
13) $(-8n) = 96$ $n =$	14) $\frac{110}{n} = 11$ $n =$	15) $7d = 56$ $d =$

Part 2

Calculate the area of a circle and a triangle using the formulae below

The formula for calculating the area of a circle is: $A = \pi r^2$ where $\pi = 3.14$
Calculate the area in the questions below using the values for radius and pi

	Radius	Area - Circle		Radius	Area - Circle		Radius	Area - Circle
1)	$r = 9\text{cm}$	$A =$	3)	$r = 12\text{cm}$	$A =$	5)	$r = 13\text{cm}$	$A =$
2)	$r = 6\text{cm}$	$A =$	4)	$r = 7\text{cm}$	$A =$	6)	$r = 11\text{cm}$	$A =$

The formula for calculating the area of a triangle is: $A = \frac{(b)(h)}{2}$

	b	h	Area - Triangle		b	h	Area - Triangle		b	h	Area - Triangle
1)	6	2	$A =$	3)	8	4	$A =$	5)	3	4	$A =$
2)	9	6	$A =$	4)	7	5	$A =$	6)	8	6	$A =$

Writing Multiplication Equations – Gas Station

Tyler works at a gas station. He sells fuel by the litre, chips, drinks, and chocolate bars.

Fuel (f)	Chips (c)	Drinks (d)	Chocolate Bars (b)
\$1.33/L	\$1.75	\$1.25	\$1.99
			

Instructions

Complete the table below. The first one is done for you

#	F	C	D	B	Equation	Answer
1	20	2	0	0	$20f + 2c$	$t = 20 \times 1.33 + 2 \times 1.75$ $t = 26.6 + 3.50$ $t = \$30.1$
2	50	0	3	2		
3	0	2	1	0		
4	60	1	2	2		
5	0	2	0	0		
6	0	1	1	0		
7	25	2	1	2		
8	70	0	1	3		

Activity: Decimal Multiplication Race

Objective

What are we learning about?

Students will practice multiplication of decimals to solve for a variable by racing to solve equations quickly and accurately.

Materials

What you will need for the activity.

- Index cards
- Markers or pens
- Timer (optional)



Instructions

How to play the activity

1. Prepare a stack of index cards with a variety of decimal equations involving variables. Include a mix of problems to ensure variety.
2. Have students line up in a single file.
3. Call the first two students in line to the front of the class. They will race to answer the multiplication algebraic equation question that the teacher pulls from the stack.
4. Pull a card from the stack and read the question aloud.
5. The first student to answer correctly wins the round. If a student says the wrong answer, they are out and go to the end of the line.
6. The student who answers correctly stays at the front to compete against the next student in line.
7. The student who loses goes to the end of the line.
8. Optional: If a student wins five rounds in a row, they move to the back of the line to give others a chance to play.
9. Continue the game until all students have had a chance to compete multiple times or until the designated game time is up.

Name: _____

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Multiplication Equations

Use these for the race

$3.5m = 17.5$

$4.2a = -21.0$

$1.5n = 9.0$

$-4.8b = 14.4$

$-3.3x = 6.6$

$-2.7k = 8.1$

$-2.3c = 11.5$

$p / -4 = 5.5$

$-5.4y = 27.0$

$-1.5x = 22.5$

$4.4 / z = -1.1$

$-4.4 / w = -2.2$

$7.2y = -28.8$

$2.8 / a = -14.0$

$3.6t = -18.0$

$-6.6 / z = 2.2$

$9.0 / p = -0.9$

$7.5k = 22.5$

$t / -3 = -2.2$

$-8.1v = -24.3$

$1.2 / r = -2.2$

$-8.5w = 34.0$

$5.5 / s = -1.1$

$7.4b = 29.6$

$v / 4.4 = -5$

$2.2c = -11.0$

$4.0d = -16.0$

$-9.0k = 18.0$

$-6.4j = 19.2$

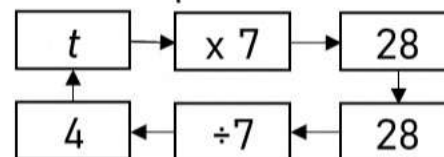
$3.3h = -9.9$

Multiplying Equations – Flow Chart

Steps to fill in a flow chart:

- 1) Write the variable in the first box
- 2) Write the second value in the second box
- 3) Write the answer in the third box
- 4) We are working in reverse now. Write the answer in the first box
- 5) We do the opposite to the next box as we did with the second box
- 6) Fill in the last box to find the value of the variable, which it points to

Example: $7t = 28$



Directions: Fill in the blanks in the flow chart

1) $7t = 28$		
2) $3r = 15$		
3) $-9c = 36$		
4) $-6b = -42$		
5) $8p = -72$		

Writing Division Equations - Sharing

Mark is the best boss! Every week, he brings in treats for his staff to share. Each week, there are different treats and a different number of staff members working at the office.



Instructions

Use a formula to find out how many treats (t) each person gets

#		# of Staff (s)	Formula	Answer
1	18 donuts (d)	6	$\frac{d}{s} = t$	$\frac{18}{6} = 3$
2	12 cookies (c)	6	$\frac{c}{s} = t$	$\frac{12}{6} = 2$
3	28 muffins (m)	4		
4	88 slices of pizza (p)	22		
5	56 bagels (b)	7		
6	48 donuts (d)	12		
7	12 cookies (c)	4		
8	72 muffins (m)	9		
9	25 pastries (p)	10		
10	50 cookies (c)	20		
11	64 slices of pizza (p)	8		
12	30 bagels (b)	20		
13	75 muffins (m)	50		

Writing Division Equations - Investments

An investment club is a group of investors who pool their money to make investments. Each member of the group helps study new investment opportunities. When an investment earns money, they split the earnings. When an investment loses money, they split the losses.



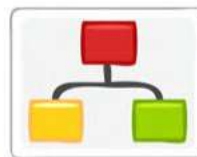
Instruction: Use a formula to find out the balance for each person in the club

#	Investment (i)	# of People in the Club (n)	Formula	Answer
1	\$400 loss	8	$\frac{i}{n} = t$	$\frac{-400}{8} = -50$
2	\$600 gain			
3	\$800 loss	5		
4	\$1200 loss	8		
5	\$ 750 gain	5		
6	\$5000 gain	20		
7	\$2500 loss	25		
8	\$3600 loss	24		
9	\$12500 gain	5		
10	\$8000 gain	40		
11	\$6800 loss	17		
12	\$25000 loss	20		
13	\$84000 gain	16		

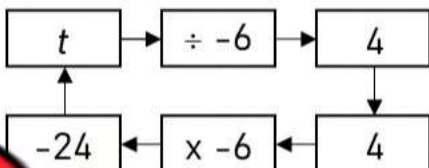
Division Equations – Flow Chart

Directions

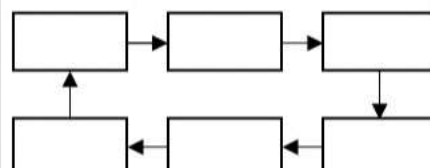
Fill in the blanks in the flow chart



1) $\frac{t}{-6} = 4$



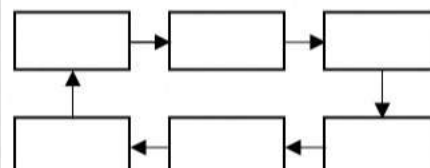
7) $\frac{t}{8} = -4$



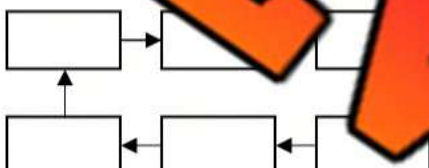
2) $\frac{r}{-7} = 8$



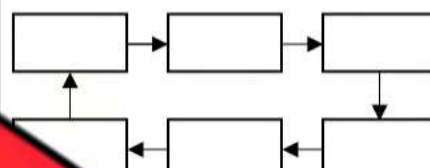
8) $\frac{r}{-12} = 9$



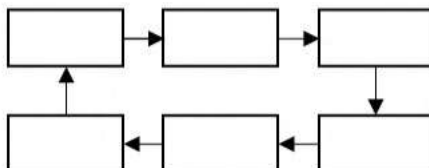
3) $\frac{c}{4} = -7$



9) $\frac{c}{-6} = -7$



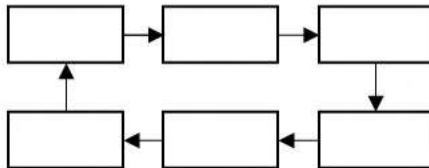
4) $\frac{b}{11} = 6$



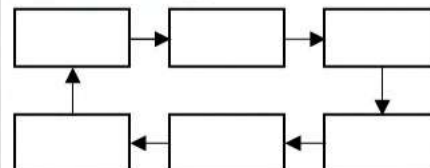
10) $\frac{b}{-15} = 4$



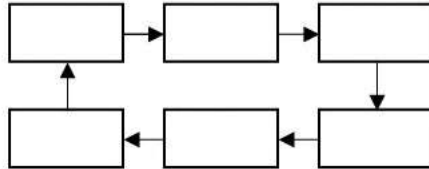
5) $\frac{p}{-7} = -12$



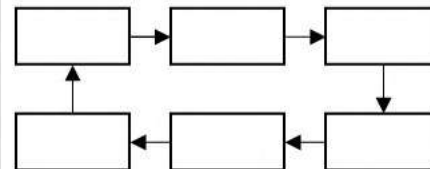
11) $\frac{p}{8} = 12$



6) $\frac{n}{-2} = -33$



12) $\frac{n}{-13} = -6$



Division Equations – Flow Chart

Directions

Fill in the blanks in the flow chart

1) $\frac{t}{-7} + -13 = -21$	t $\div -7$ $+ -13$ -21 56 $\times 5$ $- -13$ -21
2) $\frac{r}{-}$	
3) $\frac{c}{-9} + (-6) = 1$	
4) $\frac{b}{8} - 5 = 8$	
5) $\frac{p}{-6} - 7 = -2$	
6) $\frac{n}{-7} + (-17) = -6$	
7) $\frac{t}{12} - 6 = -11$	
8) $\frac{r}{-9} + 9 = 17$	

Evaluating Equations

Instructions

Evaluate the equations below

1)

$$x = 9 + 14 - 5$$

2)

$$x = 7 \times 4 - 11$$

3)

$$x = 7 - 5$$

4)

$$x = 25 - 4 \times 3$$

5)

$$x = 6 + 5 - 5 \times 3$$

6)

$$x = 12 + 3 - 23$$

7)

$$x = 8 \times 5 \div (-2)$$

8)

$$x = (2 - 5) \div 1$$

9)

$$x = 24 \div 6 \times (-5)$$

10)

$$x = 61 - 6 + (-15)$$

Evaluating Equations – Isolating The Variable

Steps to isolate a variable:

1. Add or subtract the same amount from both sides so that the variable is by itself
2. If the number that is with the variable is positive, you will subtract the same number from both sides.
3. If it is negative, you will add the number to both sides.
4. Leave your answer with the variable on the left (examples 2/3)

Example 1

$$x + 11 = 23$$

Example 2

$$\begin{aligned}15 &= x + 9 \\15 - 9 &= x + 9 - 9 \\6 &= x \\x &= 6\end{aligned}$$

Example 3

$$\begin{aligned}-34 &= 6x - 4 \\-34 + 4 &= 6x - 4 \\-30 &= 6x \\-30 \div 6 &= 6x \div 6 \\-5 &= x \\x &= -5\end{aligned}$$

Instructions

Evaluate the equation below

1)

$$x - 5 = 15$$

$$x + 17 = 31$$

3)

$$x + 12 = 25$$

4)

$$x - 3 = 15$$

5)

$$9 = x + 13$$

6)

$$24 = x - 15$$

7)

$$x + 32 = 25$$

8)

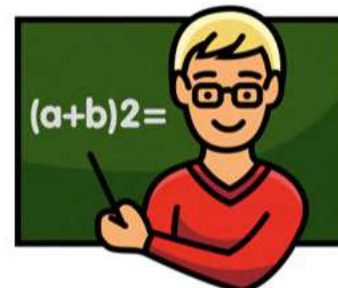
$$48 = x + 56$$

Activity – Math Hot Seat: Evaluating Equations

Objective

What are we learning about?

Students will practice evaluating equations by participating in a fun and interactive game, enhancing their arithmetic skills and quick thinking.



Materials

What you will need for the activity.

- List of equations to be solved
- Chairs arranged in a circle
- Stopwatch or timer
- Whiteboard and markers

Instructions

How you will complete the activity.

1. Prepare a stack of index cards with various equations.
2. Arrange chairs in a circle with one "hot seat" chair.
3. Explain the rules of the game to the students. One student will sit in the hot seat while the rest sit in the surrounding chairs.
4. The teacher will read equations from the provided sheet (alternatively, the teacher can write the questions on the board). The student in the hot seat has a limited time (e.g., 30 seconds) to solve for the variable.
5. If the student in the hot seat answers correctly within the time limit, they stay in the hot seat for the next round. If they answer incorrectly or run out of time, they switch places with another student from the circle.
6. Continue the game until each student has had the opportunity to sit in the hot seat multiple times, or until the designated game time is up.
7. Keep track of the number of correct answers each student provides while in the hot seat. The student with the most correct answers at the end of the game wins.

Equations

Use the equations below

Equation	Solution
$x + 5 - 8 = 9$	$x = 12$
$6x + (-3) = 45$	$x = 8$
$x/(-7) + (-13) = -21$	$x = 56$
$x = 8 + 5 - 7$	$x = 6$
$x = 16 - 4$	$x = 5$
$x = 25$	$x = 13$
$x - 5 = 15$	$x = 20$
$x + 32 = 25$	$x = -7$
$x - 7 = -4$	$x = 3$
$x - 17 = -5$	$x = 12$
$(-6) + x = 3$	$x = 9$
$(-7) + x = 15 - 7$	$x = 15$
$x + 6 = 6 \times (-2)$	$x = -18$
$14 + x = 11 \times 4 - 5$	$x = 29$
$3x + 2 = 17$	$x = 5$
$x/2 - 7 = 3$	$x = 20$
$x + 9 - 4 = 12$	$x = 7$
$2x - 5 = 11$	$x = 8$
$x/5 + 3 = 6$	$x = 15$
$4x + (-8) = 12$	$x = 5$
$x - 9 + 3 = -1$	$x = 5$
$5x - 2 = 18$	$x = 4$
$x/3 - 5 = -2$	$x = 9$
$x - 7 = 0$	$x = 7$

Name: _____

128

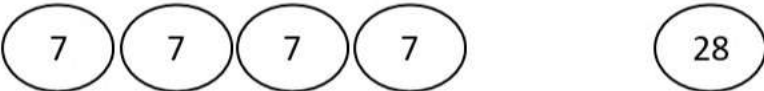
Curriculum Connection
P8.2

$7x + (-4) = 24$	$x = 4$
$x/6 + (-1) = 5$	$x = 36$
$8 + x - 3 = 7$	$x = 2$
$6x - 7 = 29$	$x = 6$
$x/4 - 2 = 0$	$x = 8$
$x + 6 - 4 = 5$	$x = 3$
$3x - 9 = 15$	$x = 8$
$x/5 - 1 = 4$	$x = 20$
$9 + x - 5 = 12$	$x = 8$
$4x - 3 = 13$	$x = 4$
$x/7 + (-2) = 1$	$x = 21$
$5 + x - 2 = 9$	$x = 6$
$2x - 6 = 10$	$x = 8$
$x/3 - 5 = -1$	$x = 12$
$7 + x - 4 = 6$	$x = 3$
$3x - 5 = 10$	$x = 5$
$x/4 - 3 = 2$	$x = 28$
$x + 8 - 3 = 10$	$x = 5$
$2x - 7 = 9$	$x = 8$
$x/2 - 4 = 3$	$x = 14$
$5 + x - 7 = 6$	$x = 8$
$4x - 8 = 16$	$x = 6$
$x/3 - 2 = 4$	$x = 18$
$9 + x - 6 = 5$	$x = 2$
$6x - 8 = 16$	$x = 4$

Representing Linear Equations ($ax = b$)

Instructions

Write a pictorial representation of the linear equations provided

#	Linear Equation ($ax = b$)	Pictorial Representation
Ex)	$4x = 28$ $x = 7$	 4 groups of 7 = 28
1)	$5x = 40$ $x =$	
2)	$7x = 49$ $x =$	
3)	$9x = 72$ $x =$	
4)	$8x = 96$ $x =$	
5)	$2x = 144$ $x =$	
6)	$6x = 84$ $x =$	
7)	$4x = 64$ $x =$	

Representing Problems with Linear Equations ($ax = b$)

InstructionsRepresent the problems with linear equations ($ax = b$) and solve for x

1)

Gianna drove 110km per hour for many hours to get to her cottage that is 770km away. How many hours did she drive for?

Linear equation: _____

 $x =$ _____

2)

Sheila has 5 full bottles of water each day. She drinks a total of 4500mL of water every 5 days. How many mL are in her bottle?

Linear equation: _____

 $x =$ _____

3)

Avery ran 7 laps around her neighbourhood. She ended up running 4200m in total. What is the distance around her neighbourhood?

Linear equation: _____

4)

Mason just finished a video game he had just bought. He played it every day for 10 days. He played for a total of 1250 minutes. How many minutes did he play each day?

Linear equation: _____

 $x =$ _____

5)

Levi finished recording 6 songs with his band. It took them 174 minutes to record all 6 songs. On average, how many minutes did it take them to record each song?

Linear equation: _____

 $x =$ _____

6)

Owen types 32 words per minute. He typed an essay that was 256 words long. How many minutes did it take him to type the essay?

Linear equation: _____

 $x =$ _____

Representing Problems with Linear Equations ($ax = b$)

DirectionsWrite your own situations that can be represented with an ($ax = b$) equation

1)

Linear equation:

2)

Linear equation:

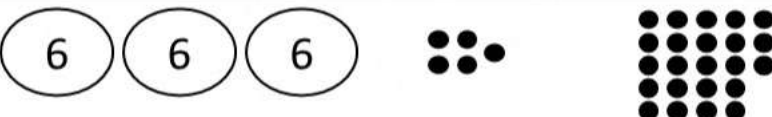
3)

Linear equation:

Representing Linear Equations ($ax + b = c$)

Instructions

Write a pictorial representation of the linear equation provided

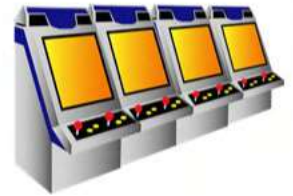
#	Linear Equation	Pictorial Representation
Ex)	$3x + 5 = 23$ $x = 6$	 3 groups of 6 + 5 = 23
1)	$6x + 9 = 39$ $x =$	
2)	$8x + 9 = 49$ $x =$	
3)	$5x + 8 = 43$ $x =$	
4)	$7x + 8 = 50$ $x =$	
5)	$2x + 12 = 42$ $x =$	
6)	$4x + 22 = 66$ $x =$	
7)	$8x + 15 = 79$ $x =$	

Representing Problems with Linear Equations ($ax + b = c$)**Instructions** Represent the problems with linear equations ($ax + b = c$) and solve for x

1)

Dylan went to an arcade. He had to pay for each game he played. He ended up playing 8 games. He also had to pay \$12 to enter the arcade. In total, it cost him \$36 at the arcade. How much does each game cost?

Linear equation:

 $x =$ 

2)

For babysitting, Ashley charges a fee of \$10, plus \$4 per hour. Ashley earned \$46 babysitting. How long did she babysit for?

Linear equation:

 $x =$ 

3)

Riley has \$30 saved to buy a new coat. She is able to save \$7 a week from her allowance. How many weeks will it be until she has the \$128 she needs for her new coat?

Linear equation:

 $x =$ 

Exit Cards

Cut Out

Cut out the exit cards below and have students complete them at the end of class

Name: _____

Represent the problems with linear equations ($ax + b = c$) and solve for x .

A car rental company charges a flat fee of \$25 plus \$5 per hour for renting a car. If the total cost for renting the car was \$60, for how many hours did the customer rent the car?

Name: _____

Represent the problems with linear equations ($ax + b = c$) and solve for x .

A car rental company charges a flat fee of \$25 plus \$5 per hour for renting a car. If the total cost for renting the car was \$60, for how many hours did the customer rent the car?

Name: _____

Represent the problems with linear equations ($ax + b = c$) and solve for x .

A car rental company charges a flat fee of \$25 plus \$5 per hour for renting a car. If the total cost for renting the car was \$60, for how many hours did the customer rent the car?

Name: _____

Represent the problems with linear equations ($ax + b = c$) and solve for x .

A car rental company charges a flat fee of \$25 plus \$5 per hour for renting a car. If the total cost for renting the car was \$60, for how many hours did the customer rent the car?

Solving Linear Equations ($ax=b$, $ax+b=c$)

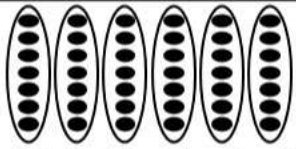
InstructionsSolve the linear equations below by determining the value of x

1) $8x = 56$ $x =$	2) $6x + 8 = 50$ $x =$	3) $9x + 11 = 83$ $x =$
4) $3x + 10 = 20$ $x =$	5) $4x + 17 = 45$ $x =$	6) $8x + 15 = 71$ $x =$
7) $11x = 55$ $x =$	8) $12x + 24 = 36$ $x =$	9) $9x = 108$ $x =$
10) $15x + 40 = 115$ $x =$	11) $7x + 31 = 94$ $x =$	12) $5x + 2 = 110$ $x =$
13) $16x = 96$ $x =$	14) $11x + 60 = 115$ $x =$	15) $12x + 42 = 126$ $x =$
16) $25x + 70 = 245$ $x =$	17) $14x + 25 = 123$ $x =$	18) $100x = 1200$ $x =$

Representing Linear Equations ($x/a = b$)

Instructions

Write a pictorial representation of the linear equations provided

#	Linear Equation	Pictorial Representation	Verification
Ex)	$\frac{x}{6} = 7$ $x = 42$	 42 divided by 6 = 7	$\frac{42}{6} = 7$ ✓
1)	$\frac{x}{3} = 8$ $x =$		
2)	$\frac{x}{5} = 6$ $x =$		
3)	$\frac{x}{8} = 9$ $x =$		
4)	$\frac{x}{7} = 11$ $x =$		
5)	$\frac{x}{6} = 7$ $x =$		
6)	$\frac{x}{4} = 12$ $x =$		
7)	$\frac{x}{3} = 15$ $x =$		

Representing Problems with Linear Equations ($x/a = b$)

Directions

Represent the problems with linear equations ($\frac{x}{a} = b$) and solve for x

1)

Mya is having a party with 95 guests. She is serving soda to drink. She bought enough soda for each guest to have 3. How many sodas did she buy?

Linear equation:

 $x =$

2)

Emily is making money today cutting grass in her neighbourhood. She charges \$35 per yard she cuts and she cut 7 yards. How much money did she earn today?

Linear equation:

 $x =$ 

3)

Neill collected a bunch of candy after going trick-or-treating for Halloween. He divided his candy equally between himself and his 3 other brothers. Each person got 24 candies. How many candies did he collect?

Linear equation:

 $x =$

4)

Amelia is in a running challenge. She will complete a 50 km challenge. She needs to run over 6 days. Each day she will run 12 km. How many more km does she need to run for the challenge?

Linear equation:

 $x =$ 

5)

Connor is one of the best 3-point shooters around. Each week, he takes a certain amount of 3-point shots during practice. He practices 6 days a week and takes 85 shots per session. How many shots in total does he take for the week?

Linear equation:

 $x =$

6)

Hani has to do a bunch of push-ups for a fitness challenge. He divides the pushups into 8 sets of 25. How many total pushups does he need to do for the challenge?

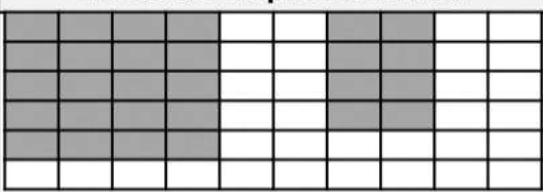
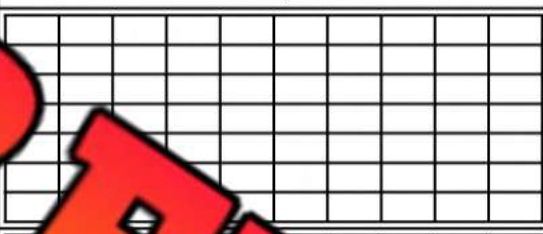
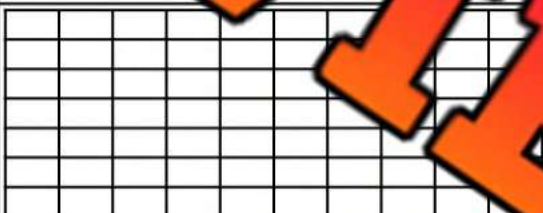
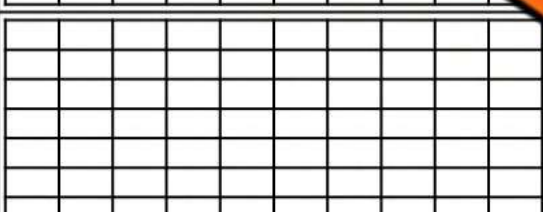
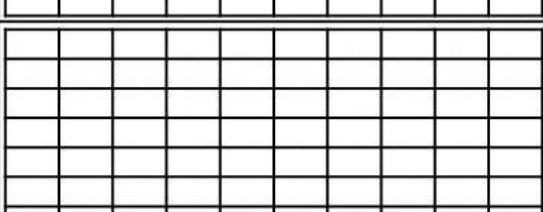
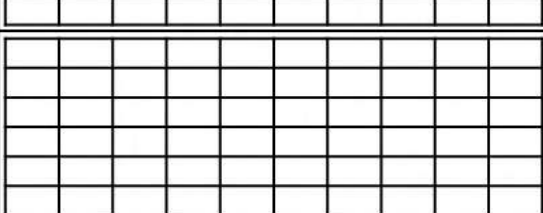
Linear equation:

 $x =$ 

Representing Linear Equations ($x/a + b = c$)

Instructions

Write a pictorial representation of the linear equations provided

#	Linear Equation	Pictorial Representation	Verification
Ex)	$\frac{x}{4} + 8 = 13$ $x = 20$	 20 divided by 4 + 8 = 13	$\frac{20}{4} + 8 = 13 \quad \checkmark$
1)	$\frac{x}{5} + 6 =$		
2)	$\frac{x}{5} + 10 = 13$ $x =$		
3)	$\frac{x}{8} + 5 = 9$ $x =$		
4)	$\frac{x}{7} + 15 = 17$ $x =$		
5)	$\frac{x}{6} + 14 = 18$ $x =$		
6)	$\frac{x}{4} + 12 = 19$ $x =$		

Representing Linear Equations ($x/a + b = c$)

DirectionsRepresent the problems with linear equations ($x/a + b = c$) and solve for x

1)

Ivy's teacher had a box of pencils to give out to the class. Each of the 30 students in the class received 3 pencils. Ivy also brought 8 pencils from home and now she has 11 pencils. How many pencils did Ivy's teacher have in the box?

Linear equation: _____

 $x =$ _____

2)

A group of 5 friends earned some money today selling bracelets. Leah took home \$45 and added it to the \$95 she already had, which means she now has \$135. How much did each friend earn in total?

Linear equation: _____

 $x =$ _____

3)

Hailey made spaghetti and meatballs for her friends. She made enough meatballs for 6 of her friends to have 7 each. One friend brought extra meatballs from home. That friend now has 10 meatballs. How many meatballs did Hailey make?

Linear equation: _____

4)

A group of 6 friends drove to Ottawa to see the Parliament Building. One friend drove 120km. After everyone drove 120km, one friend finished the trip by driving an extra 55km. That friend drove 175km in total. How far was the trip before the one friend drove the extra 55km?

Linear equation: _____

 $x =$ _____

5)

A bag of carrots was divided into 8 groups for 8 bunnies to eat. Each bunny got 6 carrots, however, one of the bunnies found a different bag of carrots and ate 15 extra carrots before being caught. That bunny was able to eat 21 carrots in total. How many carrots were in the original bag of carrots?

Linear equation: _____

 $x =$ _____

Exit Cards

Cut Out

Cut out the exit cards below and have students complete them at the end of class

Name: _____

Represent the problems with linear equations ($x/a + b = c$) and solve for x .

A bag of candies was divided among 5 children equally. Each child received 10 candies. One child found another bag and ate an extra 5 candies. That child ate 15 candies in total. How many candies were in the original bag?

Name: _____

Represent the problems with linear equations ($x/a + b = c$) and solve for x .

A bag of candies was divided among 5 children equally. Each child received 10 candies. One child found another bag and ate an extra 5 candies. That child ate 15 candies in total. How many candies were in the original bag?

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Represent the problems with linear equations ($x/a + b = c$) and solve for x .

A bag of candies was divided among 5 children equally. Each child received 10 candies. One child found another bag and ate an extra 5 candies. That child ate 15 candies in total. How many candies were in the original bag?

Name: _____

Represent the problems with linear equations ($x/a + b = c$) and solve for x .

A bag of candies was divided among 5 children equally. Each child received 10 candies. One child found another bag and ate an extra 5 candies. That child ate 15 candies in total. How many candies were in the original bag?

Solving Linear Equations ($x/a=b$, $x/a+b=c$)**Instructions**

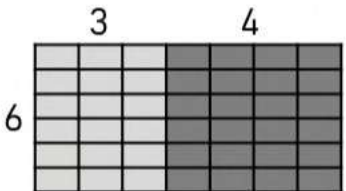
Solve the linear equations below by determining the value of x

1) $\frac{x}{6} = 7$ $x =$	2) $\frac{x}{6} + 5 = 13$ $x =$	3) $\frac{x}{3} = 8$ $x =$
4) $\frac{x}{4} + 17 = 2$ $x =$	5) $\frac{x}{4} = 9$ $x =$	6) $\frac{x}{8} + 4 = 12$ $x =$
7) $\frac{x}{11} + 13 = 21$ $x =$	8) $\frac{x}{12} + 8 = 13$ $x =$	9) $\frac{x}{12} + 8 = 13$ $x =$
10) $\frac{x}{7} = 7$ $x =$	11) $\frac{x}{15} + 5 = 9$ $x =$	12) $\frac{x}{15} + 5 = 9$ $x =$
13) $\frac{x}{10} + 27 = 40$ $x =$	14) $\frac{x}{8} = 7$ $x =$	15) $\frac{x}{8} + 11 = 20$ $x =$
16) $\frac{x}{3} + 15 = 26$ $x =$	17) $\frac{x}{5} + 22 = 42$ $x =$	18) $\frac{x}{12} = 7$ $x =$

Representing Linear Equations – $a(x + b) = c$

Instructions

Write a pictorial representation of the linear equation provided

#	Linear Equation	Pictorial Representation	Verification
Ex)	$6(x + 4) = 42$ $x = 3$		$6(3 + 4) =$ $6 \times 7 = 42$ ✓
1)	$x + 5)$		
2)	$4(x + 3) = 36$ $x =$		
3)	$2(x + 6) = 22$ $x =$		
4)	$7(x + 4) = 77$ $x =$		
5)	$8(x + 5) = 72$ $x =$		
6)	$6(x + 3) = 48$ $x =$		

Representing Linear Equations – $a(x + b) = c$

InstructionsRepresent the problems with linear equations $a(x + b) = c$ and solve for x

1)

3 students were comparing what they had in their lunch today. All 3 students had the same number of pieces of fruit. They had 6 strawberries each and some raspberries as well. In total, the 3 students had 42 pieces of fruit. How many raspberries did each student have?

Linear equation:

 $x =$ 

2)

A uniform consists of a jersey and a pair of shorts. The jersey costs \$22. A team ordered 15 uniforms and paid a total of \$85. How much did each pair of shorts cost?

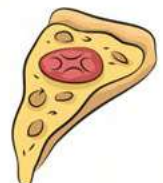
Linear equation:

 $x =$ 

3)

Ralph ordered 7 slices of pizza and 7 drinks for him and his friends. The pizza slices were \$4 each. Ralph paid \$49 in total. How much did each drink cost?

Linear equation:

 $x =$ 

Representing Linear Equations – $a(x + b) = c$

InstructionsRepresent the problems with linear equations $a(x + b) = c$ and solve for x

1)

Lisa worked out 5 times last week. She did weight training for 30 minutes each session and ran each session as well. In total, she exercised for 250 minutes last week. How long did she run for each session?

Linear equation:

 $x =$ 

2)

A bakery sells donuts and cookies. Gabe ordered 7 cookies and 7 donuts and spent \$35. If the cookies cost \$2 each, how much were the donuts?

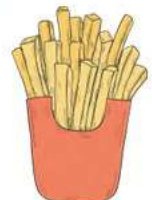
Linear equation:

 $x =$ 

3)

Gabe orders 9 burgers and fries for him and his friends. He spends \$108 in total on the order. If the burgers cost \$7 each, how much is one order of fries?

Linear equation:

 $x =$ 

Solving Linear Equations: $a(x + b) = c$ **Instructions**Solve the linear equations below by determining the value of x

1) $8(x + 4) = 56$ $x =$	2) $6(x + 7) = 66$ $x =$	3) $4(x + 5) = 32$ $x =$
4) $11(x + 5) = 121$ $x =$	5) $11(x + 9) = 121$ $x =$	6) $12(x + 6) = 96$ $x =$
7) $6(x + 3) = 96$ $x =$	8) $5(x + 2) = 35$ $x =$	9) $4(x + 6) = 52$ $x =$
10) $7(x + 11) = 105$ $x =$	11) $4(x + 12) = 88$ $x =$	12) $6(x + 3) = 90$ $x =$
13) $11(x + 7) = 110$ $x =$	14) $50(x + 5) = 450$ $x =$	15) $20(x + 4) = 220$ $x =$
16) $6(x + 6) = 150$ $x =$	17) $15(x + 11) = 225$ $x =$	18) $25(x + 3) = 375$ $x =$

Math Basketball: Linear Equations Challenge

Objective

What are we learning about?

To reinforce students' understanding and application of solving linear equations in the form of $a(x+b)=c$ through a fun basketball shooting game.

Materials

What you will need for the activity.

- Index cards with problems
- Recording sheet for each team
- Paper balls (one per team)
- Bins or baskets (one per team)
- Desks (one per team)



Instructions

How you will complete the activity.

1. Arrange the classroom so that there is enough space for multiple teams to work simultaneously. Place a desk about 6 feet from a wall or door.
2. Place a stack of index cards with problems on each desk.
3. Provide each team with a recording sheet and a paper ball.
4. Divide the students into teams of about five members each.
5. Each team stands in a line behind their respective desk.
6. The first student in line flips over an index card and solves the problem.
7. Once the answer is recorded, the student attempts to shoot the paper ball into the bin.
8. If the student makes the shot, they place a tally mark on the team's tally sheet for a point. If they miss, no tally is given.
9. The student then goes to the end of the line, and the next student steps up to the desk to repeat the process.
10. The activity continues until all index cards have been solved.
11. Once all index cards are completed, the teacher collects the recording sheets and reviews the answers with the class.
12. For each incorrect answer, the team loses one point.
13. The team with the highest number of points after deductions is declared the winner.

Index Cards

Use the following table for the game.

$$7(x + 5) = 84$$

$$5(x + 10) = 75$$

$$2(x + 15) = 42$$

$$4(x + 8) = 64$$

$$6(x + 7) = 96$$

$$12(x + 6) = 156$$

$$8(x + 7) = 104$$

$$4(x + 5) = 104$$

$$11(x + 4) = 121$$

$$9(x + 7) = 144$$

$$5(x + 10) = 100$$

$$7(x + 6) = 91$$

$$6(x + 4) = 72$$

$$4(x + 11) = 60$$

$$11(x + 9) = 110$$

$$5(x + 8) = 85$$

$$3(x + 13) = 48$$

$$2(x + 18) = 36$$

$$3(x + 12) = 51$$

$$7(x + 9) = 126$$

$$8(x + 6) = 112$$

$$10(x + 3) = 130$$

$$10(x + 4) = 140$$

$$5(x + 9) = 80$$

Representing Problems with Linear Equations

Instructions

Represent the problems with linear equations

1)

A plumber charges \$35 for a service call plus an additional hourly rate. The plumber just earned \$195 for a 4-hour call. How much does the plumber earn per hour?

Linear equation: _____

 $x =$ _____

2)

Jody worked two jobs each week for a month. She is a hair-dresser and works as a cashier as well. She earns \$15 an hour. For the week, Jody made \$333. How much does Jody earn as a hair-dresser per hour?

Linear equation: _____

 $x =$ _____

3)

A group of 9 friends earned some money performing in a band. Rachel is the singer, and she went home with \$60. She already had \$150 at home and now she has \$210. How much did the band earn?

Linear equation: _____

 $x =$ _____

Algebraic Bottle Flip Challenge

Objective

What are we learning about?

To practice and reinforce understanding of representing and solving linear equations through an engaging and physically active bottle flip game.

Materials

What you will need for the activity.

- Plastic bottles (or pair/group) filled to approximately halfway with water (or use cups)
- Set of problem cards that can be presented with linear equations.



Instructions

How you will implement the activity

1. Start with a short lesson on representing and solving linear equations.
2. Arrange the students into pairs or small groups and give each group a bottle and a set of question cards to each.
3. Each pair or group receives an answer sheet to record their answers.
4. Explain the rules: One student draws a question card and solves the subtraction algebra problem.
5. Once they believe they have the correct answer, they write it on their answer sheet.
6. The student then gets to attempt a bottle flip. After answering each question, the student gets only one flip. After they flip their bottle, they should keep track of successful flips and unsuccessful flips.
7. Alternate turns within each group or pair until they have completed all the question cards.
8. Groups or pairs tally their successful flips and compare with the rest of the class to determine the winning team (team with the most successful flips/correct answers). For incorrect answers, deduct a point from their successful bottle flips.
9. Go through the answer sheet with the class to ensure understanding and correct any misconceptions.
10. Discuss the strategies used to solve the linear equations and how this type of algebra is used in real-life situations.

Directions

Cut out the questions below and use for the game

$$5(x + 5) = 45$$

Samantha bought 5 identical notebooks and a pen for \$29. If each notebook costs \$5, how much did the pen cost?

$$x + 7 = 28$$

A garden has a length of 65 metres and a width of x metres. The area of the garden is 520 square metres. Find the width.

$$2x + 5 = 5$$

There are x apples equally divided among 3 baskets. Each basket has 8 apples. How many apples are there in total?

$$9x - 11 = 16$$

There are x candies in each of 4 bags. If there are 20 candies in total, how many candies are there in each bag?

$$8x + 14 = 38$$

A book has x sections plus 6 extra pages. The total number of pages is 41. How many pages does each section have?

$$7x - 5 = 30$$

A large box contains 8 smaller boxes minus 12 items in total. If the large box has 36 items, how many items does each small box have?

$$10x + 9 = 49$$

A school bought 12 identical desks and a teacher's desk for \$780. If each identical desk costs \$60, how much did the teacher's desk cost?

Directions

Cut out the questions below and use for the game

$$x/2 + 3 = 11$$

The total weight of 10 identical boxes minus 6 kg is 44 kg. What is the weight of each box?

$$x - 7 = 29$$

Two times the number of students in a group divided by 5 equals 8. How many students are in the group?

$$4x + 36 = 100$$

Four times the age of a person minus 6 equals 30. How old is the person?

$$11x - 8 = 36$$

Five times a number minus 8 equals 27. What is the number?

$$5x + 13 = 48$$

Seven times a number plus 3 equals 52. How many are there?

$$3x - 9 = 12$$

Four times the length of a rope minus 7 cm equals 13 cm. What is the length of the rope?

$$9x + 5 = 86$$

Five times the age of a person minus 7 equals 38. How old is the person?

Directions

Cut out the questions below and use for the game

$$7x - 14 = 28$$

A rectangle's length is 5 metres more than its width. If the perimeter of the rectangle is 30 metres, what is the width?

$$x + 8 = 26$$

Jane has 3 times as many apples as Tom. Together, they have 48 apples. How many apples does each person have?

$$8x - 60 = 12$$

The number of boys in a class is 4 more than the number of girls. If there are 24 students in total, how many boys are there?

$$6x + 10 = 40$$

Three times the number of chairs minus 14 equals 14. How many chairs are there?

$$x/3 - 2 = 7$$

The total number of apples divided by 4 plus 3 equals 10. How many apples are there?

$$4x + 5 = 21$$

Eight times the number of books plus 2 equals 50. How many books are there?

$$12x + 7 = 55$$

Nine times the height of a building minus 1 equals 80. What is the height of the building?

Name: _____

161

Answers

Record your answers below

1	
2	
3	
4	
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9	
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11	
12	
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29	
30	
31	
32	
33	
34	
35	
36	
37	
38	
39	
40	
41	
42	

Tally

Record your makes and misses

Makes	Misses	Incorrect Answers	Final Score

Algebraic Puzzle

Steps Fill in the table below to complete the puzzle

In the year 2024, use these steps:	
☐ Pick the number of times a week that you would like to go out to eat (more than once but less than 10).	
☐ Multiply this number by 2 (just to be bold).	
☐ Add 5.	
☐ Multiply it by 50.	
☐ If you have already had your birthday this year, add 1774. If you have not, add 1773.	
☐ Now subtract the year you were born.	
☐ You should have a three-digit number. The first digit of this was your original number. The next two digits are your age.	

Explain How does this puzzle work?

Break down the algebra in each step. Let x be the number of times a week you want to go out.	
Steps	Algebra
Multiply this number by 2 (just to be bold).	
Add 5.	
Multiply it by 50.	
If you have already had your birthday this year, add 1774. If you have not, add 1773.	
Subtract the year you were born, let's call it Y.	

Algebraic Puzzle

Steps Fill in the table below to complete the puzzle

In the year 2029, use these steps:	
☐ Pick the number of times a week that you would like to go out to eat (more than once but less than 10).	
☐ Multiply this number by 2 (just to be bold).	
☐ Add 5.	
☐ Multiply it by 50.	
☐ If you have already had your birthday this year, add 1779. If you have not, add 1778.	
☐ Now subtract the year you were born.	
☐ You should have a three-digit number. The first digit of this was your original number. The next two digits are your age.	

Explain How does this puzzle work?

Break down the algebra in each step. Let x be the number of times a week you want to go out.	
Steps	Algebra
Multiply this number by 2 (just to be bold).	
Add 5.	
Multiply it by 50.	
If you have already had your birthday this year, add 1778. If you have not, add 1777.	
Subtract the year you were born, let's call it Y.	

Unit Test – Variables and Equations

Part 1Evaluate the following expression for $x = 5$ and $p = -7$

1) $(x) + (p) - 11$	2) $17 + x + (p)$	3) $(19 - x) - (p)$	4) $x + (26 + p)$
5) $54 \div (p)$	6) $22 + 8x - (p + 5)$	7) $12 - \frac{7x}{p} + 5p$	8) $9x + (2p - x)$

Part 2Put a slash through the equation ($\neq$) if it is not balanced

1) $(-9) + 7 = 2$	2) $1 + 18 =$	3) $(-21) + 13 = -8$
4) $\frac{50}{10} = -10$	5) $\frac{36}{-9} = (-)$	$\frac{48}{-8} = 6$

Part 3

Simplify the equations below. Make sure the variable is on the left

1) $x = 9 + 14 - 5$	2) $x = 24 \div 6$
3) $48 = x + 56$	4) $x + (3 \times 4) = 60 \div (-10)$

Part 4

Solve the linear equations below by determining the value of x

1) $6x = 84$ $x =$	2) $4x + 14 = 62$ $x =$	3) $11x + 24 = 79$ $x =$
4) $2x = 12$ $x =$	5) $\frac{x}{6} = 12$ $x =$	6) $\frac{x}{6} + 7 = 18$ $x =$
7) $8(x + 5) = 96$ $x =$	8) $3(x + 5) = 24$ $x =$	9) $7(x + 12) = 140$ $x =$

Part 5

Represent the problems with linear equations

1)

A hot tub repair technician charges \$125 for a service call plus an additional hourly rate. The technician just earned \$245 for a 4-hour call. How much does the technician earn per hour?

Linear equation:

 $x =$

2)

Jordan has 5 children. He bought them all the same 2 Christmas presents. He bought them each a new hockey stick for \$45. He also bought them each a new sweater. In total, Jordan spent \$560 on the sweaters and hockey sticks. How much does each sweater cost?

Linear equation:

 $x =$

3)

Ava and 6 friends earned some money today selling lemonade. Leah took home \$142, which means she now has \$177. How much did the

Linear equation:

 $x =$

4)

Ava has 4 bags of oranges, and each bag contains the same number of oranges. She also has 7 more oranges that she picked from her yard tree. In total, Ava has 39 oranges. How many oranges are in each bag?

Linear equation:

 $x =$

5)

Samantha went to the gym for 4 days last week. She spent 20 minutes on the elliptical machine and lifted weights for the rest of her workout. In total, she spent 2 hours and 20 minutes at the gym last week. How many minutes did she spend lifting weights each day?

Linear equation:

 $x =$