

Preview - Information



Thank you for your interest in this product. Within this preview, you will see:

- ✓ A selection of Ready-To-Use Google Slides Lessons.
- ✓ A selection of worksheets included in the workbook.

When you make a purchase, you will receive a folder that contains the .pdf workbook file and a link to where you can make a copy of the Google Slides Lessons unit to your Google Drive.

Thank you for shopping with us. Please let us know if you have any questions at:

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Google Slides Lessons Preview







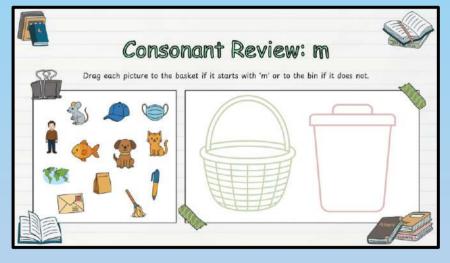
Ontario Language Curriculum Foundations of Language – Grade 1

3-Part Lesson Format

Part 1 - Minds On!

- Word Lists
- Word Searches
- Discussions
- And More!



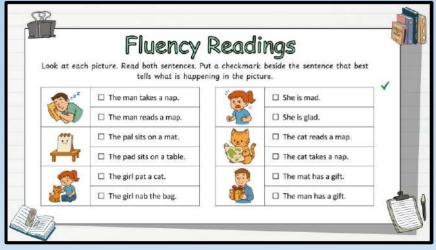


Part 2 - Action!

- Coloring
- Matching
- Drag and Drop
- And More!

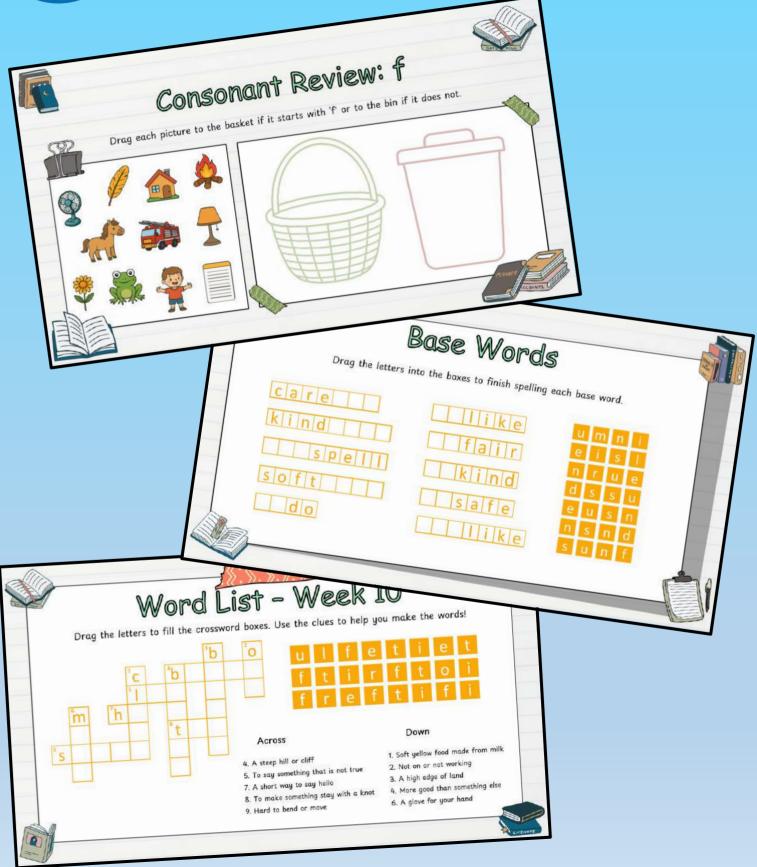
Part 3 - Consolidation!

- Fluency Reading
- Quizzes
- Reflection
- And More!



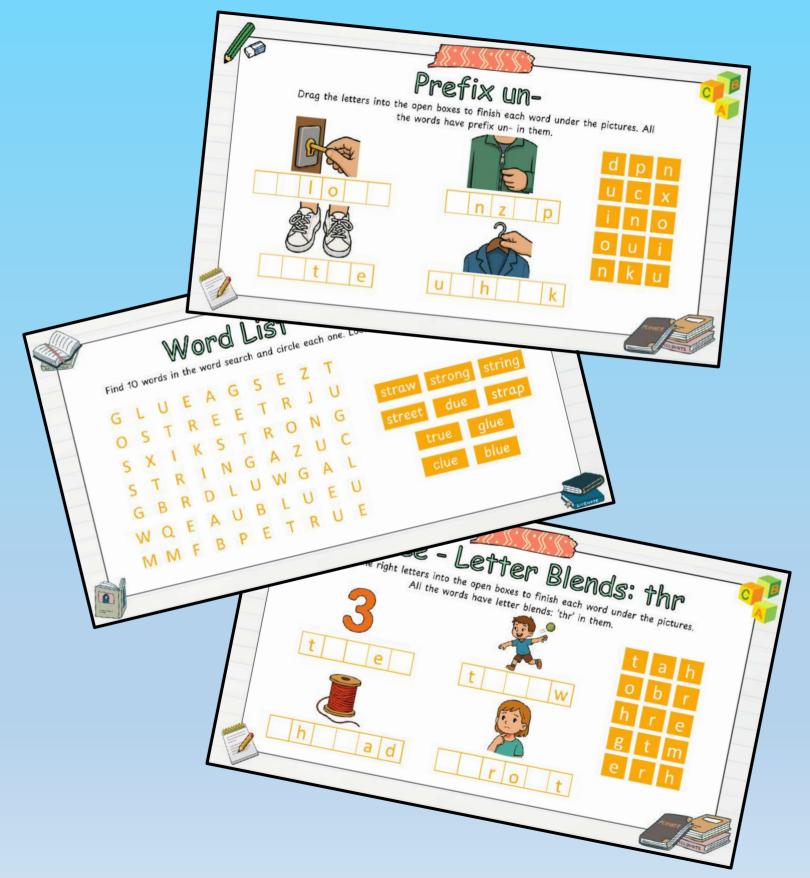


Ontario Language Curriculum Foundations of Language - Grade 1





Ontario Language Curriculum Foundations of Language - Grade 1







Workbook Preview





<u>Grade 1 – Language</u>

A. Literacy Connections and Applications

Throughout Grade 1, in connection with the learning in strands B to D, students will:



Preview of 101 pages from this product that contains 441 pages total.

Included are weeks 1 - 8 and 29 - 30.

Also 10 of 18 Oral
Communication activities are
shown

contributions, including those of First Nations, Metis, and Inuit individuals, communities, groups, and nations

Grade 1 – Language



B1. Oral and Non-Verbal Communication

	Curriculum Expectations	Pages
B1.1	Effective Listening Skills use effective listening skills, including listening attentively and asking relevant questions, in formal and informal contexts, including conversations and classroom activities	226 – 230
B1.2	Listening Strategies for Comprehension identify and use listening strategies before, during, and after listening to comprehend information communicated orally and non-verbally	231 - 235
B1.3	Speaking Purposes and Strategies identify the purpose and audience for speaking in formal and informal contexts, and use appropriate speaking strategies, including taking turns, understanding when to speak, and knowing how much to say, to communicate clearly and coherently	236 - 240
B1.4	Oral and Non-Verbal Communication Strategies identify and use oral and non-verbal communication strategies, including expression, gestures, and body language, to interpret or contribute to the meaning of messages	241 – 251
B1.5	Word Choice, Syntax, and Grammar in Oral Communication use appropriate word choice, including new vocabulary, grammar, and cohesive phrases and sentences when speaking and communicating ideas	252 - 264

<u>Grade 1 – Language</u>



B2. Language Foundations for Reading and Writing

	Expectations	Pages
B2.1	use understanding of the sound structure of spoken words to orally isolate, blend, and segment phonemes, from simple structures with two phonemes to structures with more phonemes	15 - 18, 22 - 25, 29 - 32, 36 - 39, 43 - 46, 50 - 54, 58 - 60, 65 - 67, 74, 81, 88, 94, 101, 108, 115
B2.2	name and form the upper- and lowercase letters both in and out of order and demonstrate knowledge of alphabetic order, with automaticity	15 - 17, 22 - 24, 29 - 31, 36 - 38, 43 - 45, 50 - 53
B2.3	identify, read, and spell most common grapheme-phoneme correspondences of consonants and vowels, with automaticity	72 - 73, 79 - 80, 86 - 87, 93, 100, 107, 114, 121 - 122, 128 - 129, 135 - 136, 142 - 143, 149 - 150, 156 - 158, 163 - 165, 170 - 172, 177 - 179, 184 - 186, 191 - 193, 198 - 200, 205 - 206, 212 - 213, 219 - 220
B2.4	use phonics knowledge and phonemic blending to read words, and phonemic segmentation to spell phonetically regular words, in isolation and various text contexts	14, 18, 21, 25, 28, 32, 35, 39, 42, 46, 49, 54, 57, 60, 64, 67, 71, 74, 78, 81, 85, 88, 92, 94, 99, 101, 106, 108, 113, 115, 120, 127, 134, 141, 148, 155, 162, 169, 176, 183, 190, 197, 204, 211, 218
B2.5	use developing orthographic knowledge, including position-based tendencies, to make a spelling choice or accurately pronounce a word when reading	122, 129, 136, 143, 150, 158, 165, 172, 179, 186, 193, 200, 213, 220
B2.6	use developing knowledge of the meanings of words and common morphemes (i.e., bases, prefixes, and suffixes) to read and spell words	61, 68, 75, 82, 89, 95, 102, 109, 116
B2.7	demonstrate an understanding of commonly used words, acquire and use explicitly taught vocabulary in various contexts, including other subject areas, and use their developing morphological knowledge to analyze and understand new words in context	14, 21, 28, 35, 42, 49, 57, 64, 71, 78, 85, 92, 96, 99, 102, 106, 110, 113, 117, 120, 124, 127, 131, 134, 138, 141, 145, 148, 152, 155, 162, 169, 176, 183, 190, 197, 204, 208, 211, 215, 218, 222
B2.8	read simple words, short sentences, and paragraphs in a variety of texts fluently, with accuracy and appropriate pacing to support comprehension, and read aloud with expression	19, 26, 33, 40, 47, 55, 62, 69, 76, 83, 90, 97, 104, 111, 118, 125, 132, 139, 146, 153, 160, 167, 174, 181, 188, 195, 202, 209, 214, 216, 221, 223

Grade 1 – Language

B3. Language Conventions for Reading and Writing



	Curriculum Expectations	Pages
B3.1	Syntax and Sentence Structure identify and construct simple and compound sentences, including declarative, imperative, interrogative, and exclamatory sentences	123, 130, 137, 144, 151
B3.2	Grammar demonstrate an understanding of the functions of parts of speech in sentences, including common singular and plural nouns, using the pronoun "I", the past, present, and future verb tenses, common adjectives and adverbs, and common conjunctions, and use this knowledge to support comprehension and communicate meaning clearly	166, 173, 180, 187, 194, 201, 207
B3.3	Capitalization and Punctuation use their understanding of the meaning and function of capitalization and punctuation to communicate meaning clearly, including the use of a capital letter at the beginning of a sentence and the appropriate punctuation mark at the end	55, 130, 137, 144, 151, 159

V V		
Name:		
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The **Science of Reading** Program requires explicit instruction of phonological, orthographic, and morphological knowledge so students can decode and encode regular words and irregular words.

The Grade 1 curriculum emphasizes foundational literacy skills. In **Phonemic Awareness**, students learn the sound structure of spoken words, aiding in decoding and spelling. **Alphabetic Knowledge** covers recognizing and forming uppercase and lowercase letters and understanding their sequence. In **Phonics**, students grasp the relationship between letters and the sounds they represent, essential for reading and spelling. **Word-Level Reading and Spelling** teaches students to apply their phonics, orthographic, and morphological knowledge to read and spell words. This comprehensive approach ensures students develop robust reading and writing skills.

Therefore, our reading program will be broken down into 30 word lists that align with the expectations in the grade 1 foundations of language curriculum. Each week, teachers will focus on one vowel sound – long or short and one consonant focus.

Week	Grapheme 1 – Consonant Focus	Grapheme 1 – Vowel Focus
1	Consonants Review: m, n, p	Short vowels: a
2	Consonants Review: b, t, d	Short vowels: e
3	Consonants Review: f, v, s	Short vowels: i
4	Consonants Review: z, l, h	Short vowels: o
5	Consonants Review: r, j, y	Short vowels: u
6	Consonants Review: x, qu, w, k	Long vowels: a (as in 'ate')
7	Hard c (as in "cat"), Soft c (as in "cent")	Long vowels: a (as in 'cake')
8	Hard g (as in "go"), Soft g (as in "giant")	Long vowels: e (as in 'be')
9	ll, ss	Long vowels: e (as in 'be')
10	ff, tt	Long vowels: i (as in hi')
11	dd, gg	Long vowels: i (as in 'ride')
12	Consonant Digraphs: sh	Long vowels: o (as in 'go')

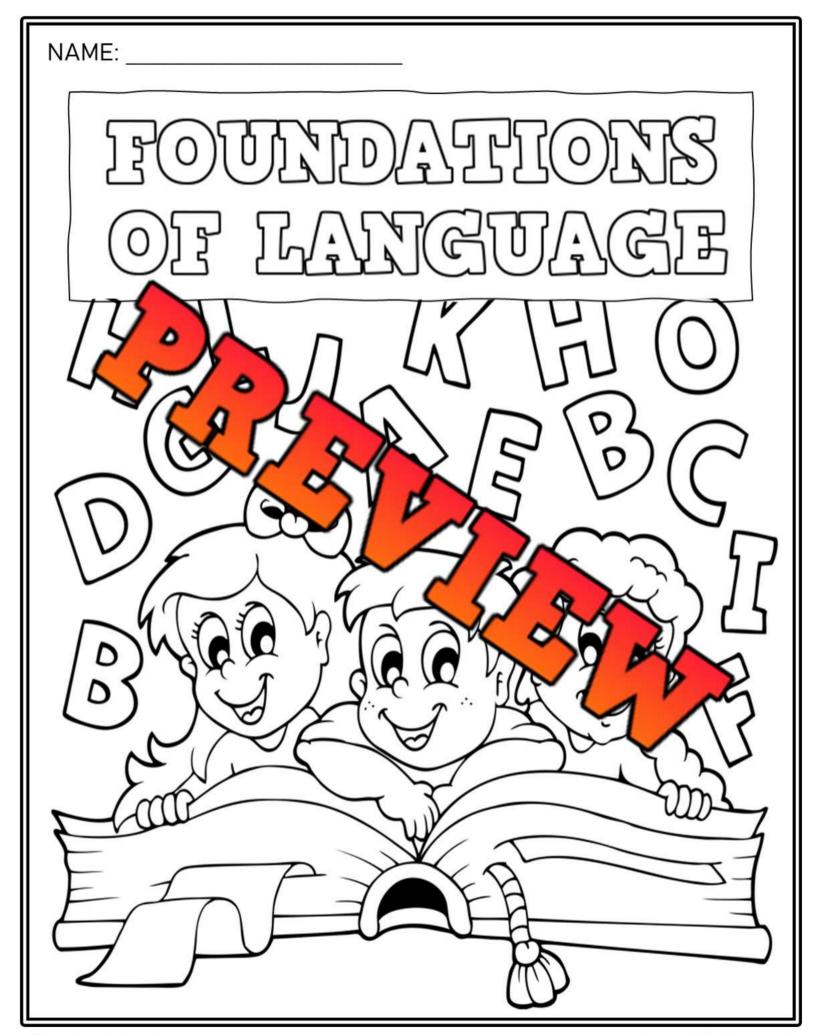
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Week	Grapheme 1 – Consonant Focus	Grapheme 1 – Vowel Focus
13	Consonant Digraphs: ch	Long vowels: o (as in hope')
14	Consonant Digraphs: th	Long vowels: u (as in 'use')
15	Consonant Digraphs: wh	Long vowels: u (as in 'tube')
16	Consonant Digraphs: ck	Long A – Vowel Team: ai
17	Consonant Digraphs: ph	Long A – Vowel Team: ay
18	Consonant Digraphs: gh	Long E – Vowel Team: ee
19	Consonant Digraphs: kn	Long E – Vowel Team: ea
20	Consonant Digraphs: wr	Long E – Vowel Team: ey
21	L-Blends: bl, cl	Long E – Vowel Team: ie
22	L-Blends: fl, gl	Long I – Vowel Team: ie
23	R-Blends: br, cr	Long I – Vowel Team: igh
24	R-Blends: dr, fr	Long I – Vowel Team: y
25	S-Blends: sc, ck	Long 0 – Vowel Team: oa
26	S-Blends: sl, sm	Long 0 - Vowel Team: oe
27	T–Blends: tr, tw	Long O – Vowel Team: ow
28	Three-Letter Blends: str	Long U - Vowel Team: ue
29	Three-Letter Blends: spr	Long U – Vowel Team: ui
30	Three-Letter Blends: thr	Long U – Vowel Team: ew

Name:

Week	Lesson 1	Lesson 2	Lesson 3
1	Consonant Focus	Vowel Focus	Within these 6 weeks, you will teach the following:
2	Consonant Focus	Vowel Focus	☑ Alphabetic order
3	Consonant Focus	Vowel Focus	☑ Is the letter uppercase or lowercase?
4	Consonant Focus	Vowel Focus	✓ Position-based tendencies: In week 6, the silent E (Bossy E), makes
5	Consonant Focus	Vowel Focus	the vowel long.
6	Consonant Focus	Vowel Focus	 ✓ Reading words with accuracy ✓ Spelling words with accuracy ✓ Beginning sounds and ending sounds
7	Consonant Focus	Vowel Focus	Base Words
8	Consonant Focus	Vowel Focus	Suffix – s
9	Consonant Focus	Vowel Focus	Suffix -s, -es, ies
10	Consonant Focus	Vowel Focus	Suffix -ing
11	Consonant Focus	Vowel Focus	Suffix -ed
12	Consonant Focus	Vowel Focus	Prefix –un
13	Consonant Focus	Vowel Focus	Prefix -re
14	Consonant Focus	Vowel Focus	Prefix -dis
15	Consonant Focus	Vowel Focus	Prefix -non

Week	Lesson 1	Lesson 2	Lesson 3
16	Consonant Focus	Vowel Focus	Sentence Fragment Or Complete Sentence
17	Consonant Focus	Vowel Focus	Types Of Sentences: Interrogative Include Punctuation
18	Consonant Focus	Vowel Focus	Types Of Sentences: Exclamatory Include Punctuation
19	Consonant Focus	Vowel Focus	Types Of Sentences: Imperative Include Punctuation
20	Consonant Focus	Vowel Focus	Types Of Sentences: Declarative Include Punctuation
21	Consonant Focus	Vowel Focus	Capitalization – Beginning of a Sentence
22	Consonant Focus	Vowel Focus	Nouns
23	Consonant Focus	Vowel Focus	Singular and Plural Nouns
24	Consonant Focus	Vowel Focus	Common Adjectives
25	Consonant Focus	Vowel Focus	Verbs
26	Consonant Focus	Vowel Focus	Verb Tenses
27	Consonant Focus	Vowel Focus	Common Adverbs
28	Consonant Focus	Vowel Focus	Common Conjunctions
29	Consonant Focus	Vowel Focus	Fluency Sentences
30	Consonant Focus	Vowel Focus	Fluency Sentences



Week 1 - Word List

14

mad	mat	map	man	nab
nap	pad	pal	pat	pass

Spell the words once by looking at them. Then spell them again without look the word. You can cover them up with another page or book.



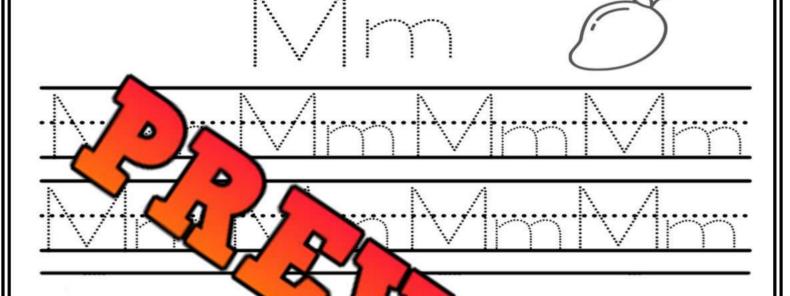
31	/ 0		
•	~ ~~	opy and Spell	Cover and Spell
1)	mad	2 / 0	
2)	mat	V 37 3	
3)	map		
4)	man		225
5)	nab		
6)	nap		
7)	pad		
8)	pal		
9)	pat		
10)	pass		

Curriculum Connection B2.1, B2.2

Consonant Review: m

Tracing

Trace the letters below and then write them on your own.



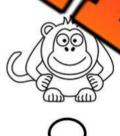
Focus Say the picture name. Fill in the circle

ne be

nsonant "m" sound.





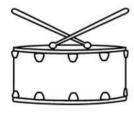




Focus

Say the picture name. Fill in the circle with the final consonant "m" sound.









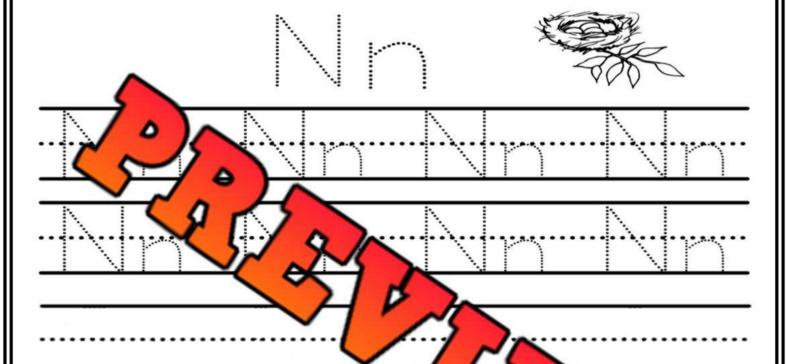




Consonant Review: n

Tracing

Trace the letters below and then write them on your own.



Letter Order

Circle the letters that come



Before Nn

Oo

Ss

After Nn

Pp

Hh

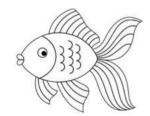
Mm

Jj

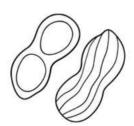
Identify

Circle the pictures that begin with the letter "n".







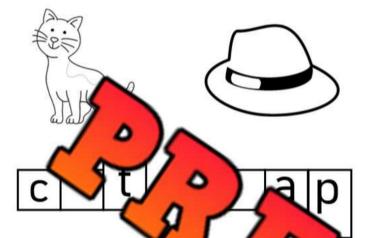


Curriculum Connection B2.1, B2.4

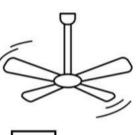
Short Vowel: a

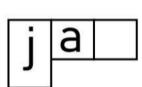
Completion

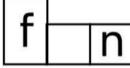
Write the correct letter to complete each word with a short "a" sound.











Matching

Con picty

matching short "a" word.

1.



bat

2.



•

3.



•

rat

4.



•

mat

5.



•

nap

Week 1 - Fluency Readings

Read

Read each sentence three times. Colour the star each time you read.

1) Man has a map.



2) It sa mat.



3) Pal had a h



4) Pam will nab a pad.



5) Pat is mad at Pal.



6) Pass the map to Pam.



7) | Nap on a mat, man.

Name:

Curriculum Connection A1, B2.4, B2.7

Week 2 - Word List

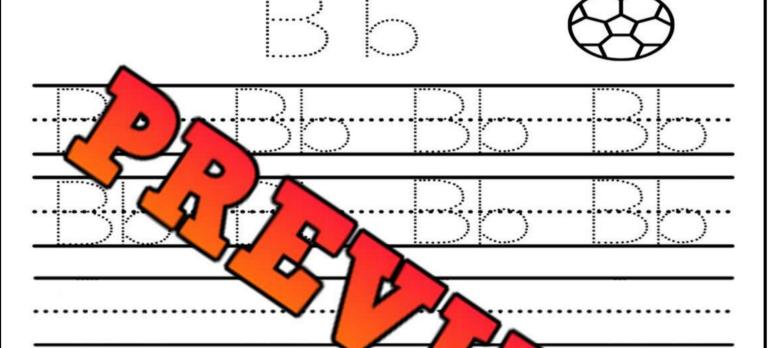
bed	bet	bad	bat	ten
tag	tap	dad	dog	den

Match ose from the words above that correspond to the given picture.

Consonant Review: b

Tracing

Trace the letters below and then write them on your own.



Maze and Colour

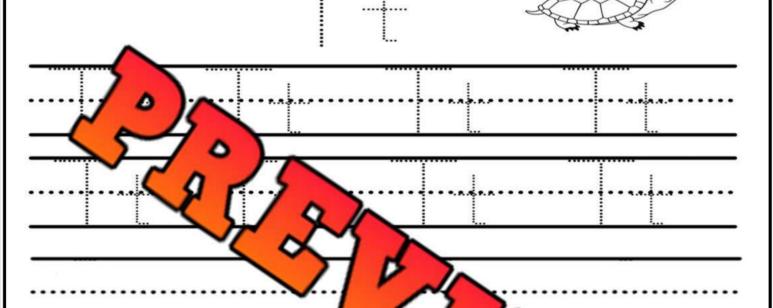
Finish the letter maze ch a Bb.



Consonant Review: t

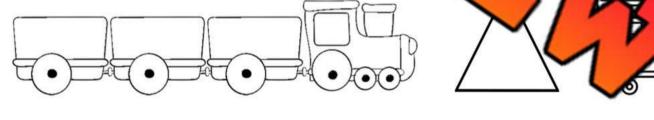
Tracing

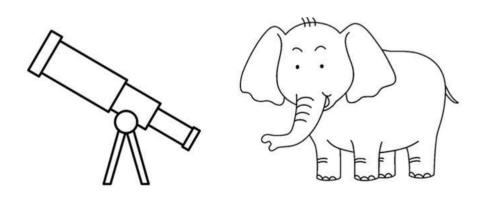
Trace the letters below and then write them on your own.

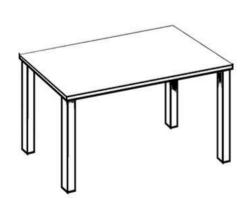


Colour the picture RED if it starts Colour







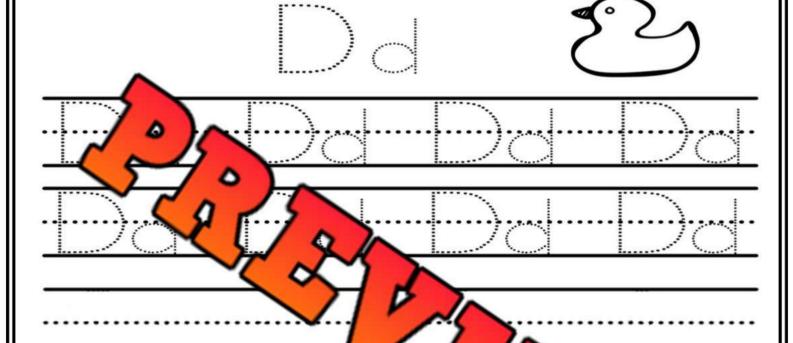


Curriculum Connection B2.1, B2.2

Consonant Review: d

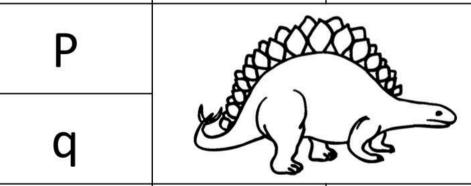
24

Trace the letters below and then write them on your own.

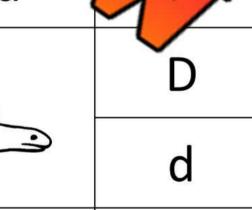


Colour the boxes with the lett

D B



o d



р

Curriculum Connection B2.1, B2.4

Short Vowel: e

Colour By Sound

Say the picture names. Colour it if it has a short "e" sound.

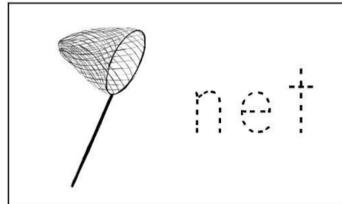


Tracing

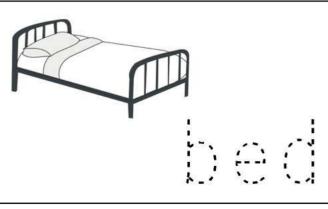
Trace the words

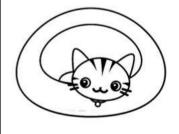
√that b

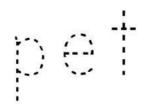
stret vowel "e" sound.











Curriculum Connection

Week 2 - Fluency Readings

Read

Read each sentence three times. Colour the star each time you read.

1) Text bet on a dog.

3)

Ben hit the bat.

4)

Tap the red tag.

5)

Ten bats in the den.

6)

Dad pets the dog.









Week 2 - Spelling Quiz

Spelling

When your teacher reads the word, spell it below.



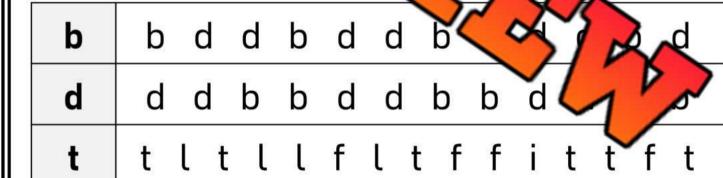
- 6)
- 7)
- 8)
- 9)

5)

4)

Match

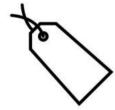
Circle the matching lears.



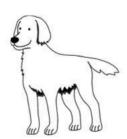
Identify

Say the picture name. Circle the picture if it has a short "e" sound.





10



Curriculum Connection A1, B2.4, B2.7

Week 3 - Word List

28

fit	fan	fat	fog	van
vet	sip	sit	sun	sad

Writing Trace the words then write them on your own.

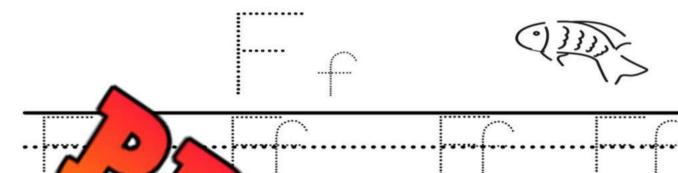
		Trace	Write
1)			
2)	fan	2/2/	
3)	fat		
4)	fog	fog	
5)	van	van	(5) R
6)	vet	vet	
7)	sip	sip	
8)	sit	sIt	
9)	sun	sun	
10)	sad	sad	

Curriculum Connection B2.1, B2.2

Consonant Review: f

Tracing

Trace the letters below and then write them on your own.





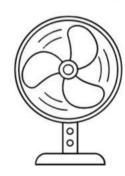
Arrange

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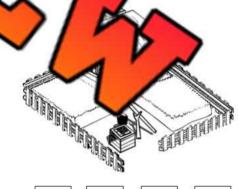
Unscramble the letters bed form



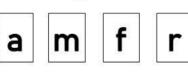








ing with "f".



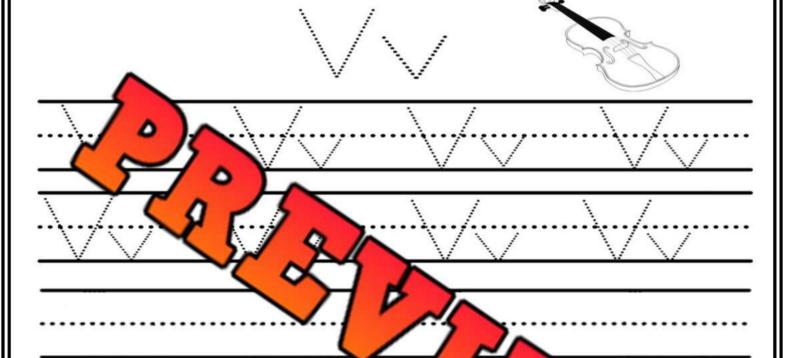
supersimplesheets.com

Consonant Review: v

30

Tracing

Trace the letters below and then write them on your own.



Letter Order

Circle the letters that

efor fi etter "V".

After Vv

Ww

Xx

Before Vv

Pp

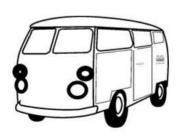
00

Aa

Ϋ́у

Identify

Circle the pictures that begins with letter "v".









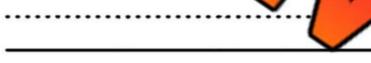
Consonant Review: s

Tracing

Trace the letters below and then write them on your own.







Draw

Draw the given s-words, the



star

sad

sun

star

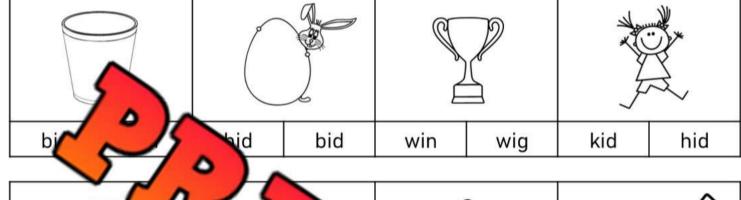
sad

Curriculum Connection B2.1, B2.4

Short Vowel: i

Identify

Colour the correct word for each picture.





Draw

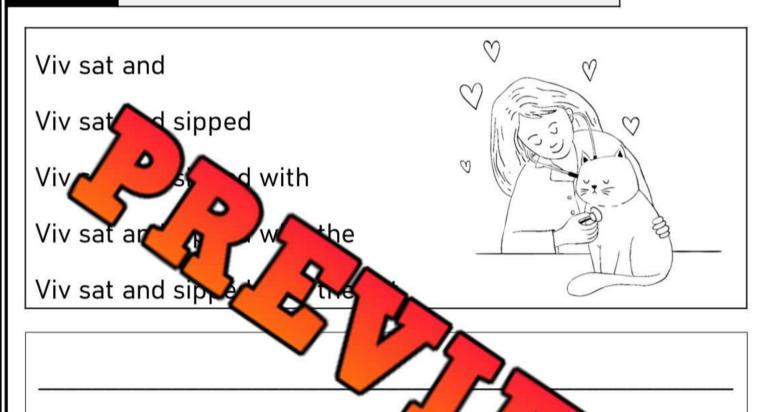
Try to read the sentence and

The kid has a big pig.

Week 3 - Fluency Readings

Read

Read each line and then write the last sentence.



The fan

The fan in

The fan in the

The fan in the van

The fan in the van is

The fan in the van is fit.

Name:

Curriculum Connection A1, B2.4, B2.7

Week 4 - Word List

35

Z00	zap	hop	hot	hat
has	lot	log	leg	loss

Spell Spell the words once by looking at them. Then spell them again without look the word. You can cover them up with another page or book.



4		opy and Spell	Cover and Spell
1)	z00	8 / 0	
2)	zap		
3)	hop		
4)	hot	V	225
5)	hat		
6)	has		
7)	lot		
8)	log		
9)	leg		
10)	loss		

Curriculum Connection B2.1, B2.2

Consonant Review: z

Tracing

Trace the letters below and then write them on your own.



Identify

Circle the pictures that begin









Colour Pattern

Colour all Zz to show a zigzag pattern.

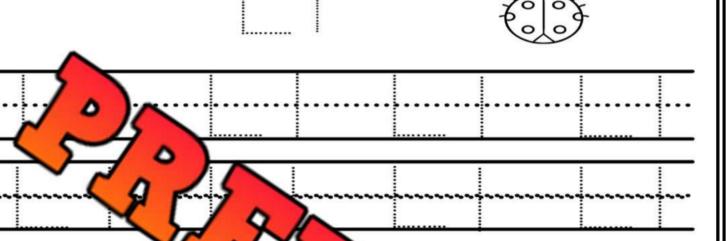
Z	i	S	ι	r	Ĺ	Z	у	r	Υ
s	Z	L	Q	S	Z	1	Z	L	S
w	h	Z	А	Z	Н	0	X	Z	n
t	J	r	Z	S	С	р	d	٧	Z

Curriculum Connection B2.1, B2.2

Consonant Review: I

Tracing

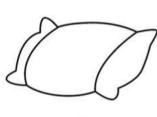
Trace the letters below and then write them on your own.



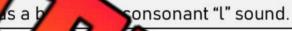
Focus Say the picture name. Fill in the circle

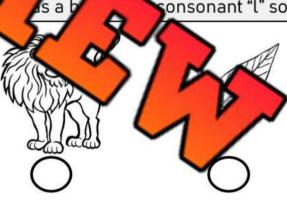












Focus Say the picture name. Fill in the circle if it has a final consonant "l" sound.



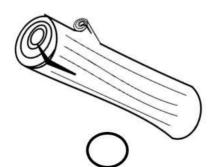












Consonant Review: h

Tracing

Trace the letters below and then write them on your own.





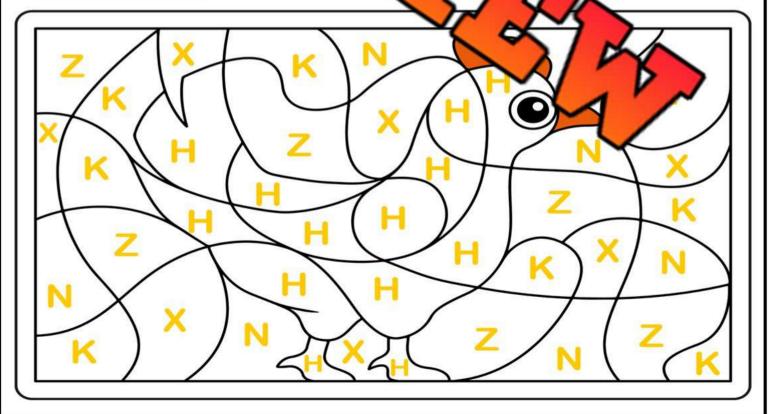


Colour By Letters

Colour the cells wi

lette

eal the picture.



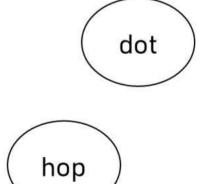
Short Vowel: o

Identify

Name each picture and listen to the vowel. Circle the correct word.



Identify Colour the words with a







frog

hope

Curriculum Connection B2.8

Week 4 – Fluency Readings

Read

Read each sentence twice. How many mistakes did you have? How long did it take you to read it?

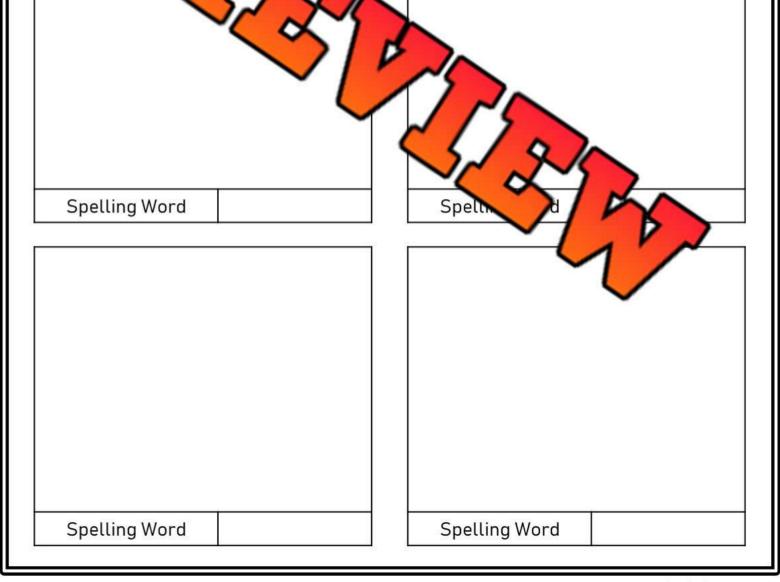
2	Sentence	# of M	istakes	Time	(sec)
	Sentence	1 st Try	2 nd Try	1 st Try	2 nd Try
1)<	Stras				
2)	Hal lost his				
3)	The hog is hot.	\ <u>{</u>	2		
4)	She got a dot.				
5)	The dog hops on logs.				
6)	Tom zaps a lot.				

Week 5 - Word List

run	rug	red	rip	jug
jet	job	yes	yet	yell

Pictionary

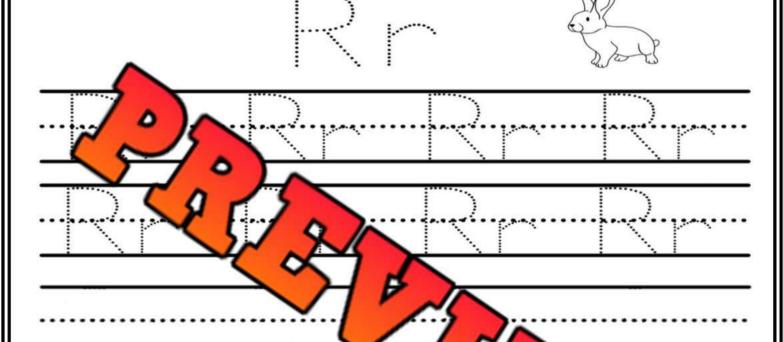
ose 4 spelling words from the list above and draw a picture
enting that word. Have your partner guess the word without using
bal hints or writing letters. Then write the word below the drawing.



Consonant Review: r

Tracing

Trace the letters below and then write them on your own.



Colour and Connect

Colour the letter R and

Р В E Ε Ρ Р F В E R R R E В P F P F R R В

F F E R F R R R R F F В R R Ε F E R В R В В P F R В R

w the letter.

310 300 290 280 20 19 18 11

27 • 18 • 11

26 • 17 • 12

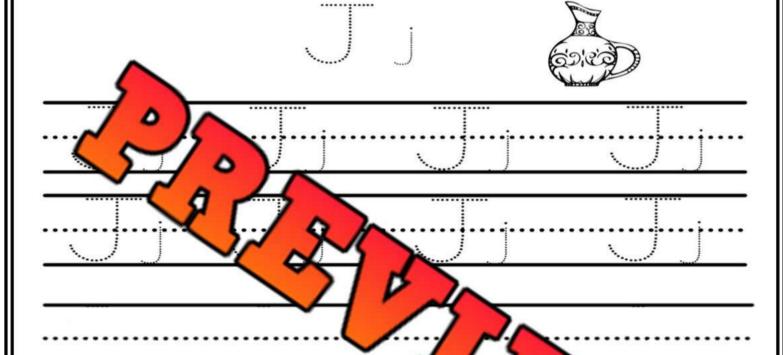
25 • • 22

16 • 13

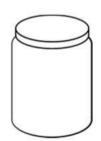
Consonant Review: j

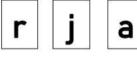
Tracing

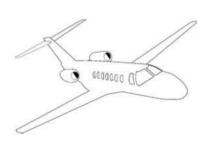
Trace the letters below and then write them on your own.

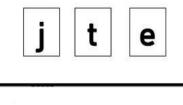


Think Unscramble the letters below to form v











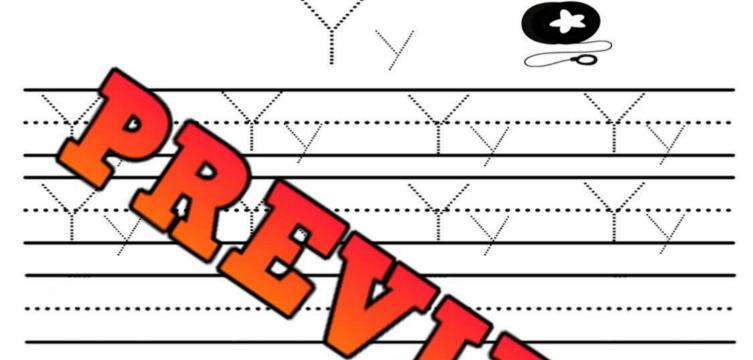
g u	

Curriculum Connection B2.1, B2.2

Consonant Review: y

Tracing

Trace the letters below and then write them on your own.



Colour the picture GREEN if it starts













Short Vowel: u

Cut and Paste

Cut out the words to the space below each pictures.

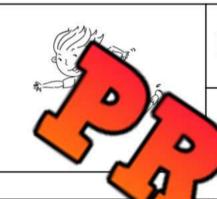


sun bug duck hug nut cup

Week 5 - Fluency Readings

Read and Match

Read each sentence and then highlight the sentence that matches the picture.



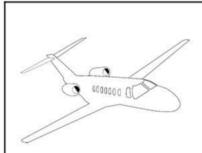
Ray runs fast.

Ray swims fast.



are nice.

☐ Red rugs



Jay has a red jet

☐ Jay has a red net.



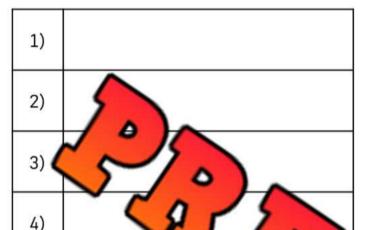
☐ Ray yells at his job.

Ray yawns at his job.

Week 5 - Spelling Quiz

Spelling

When your teacher reads the word, spell it below.

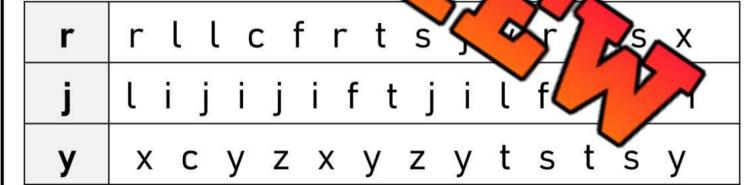


- 6)
- 7)
- 8)
- 9)

Match

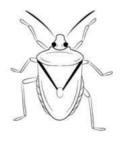
5)

Circle the matching tters.



Identify

Say the picture name. Circle the picture if it has a short "u" sound.











Name:

Curriculum Connection A1, B2.4, B2.7

Week 6 - Word List

mix	box	quit	quiz	win
wax	kid	kit	ate	wake

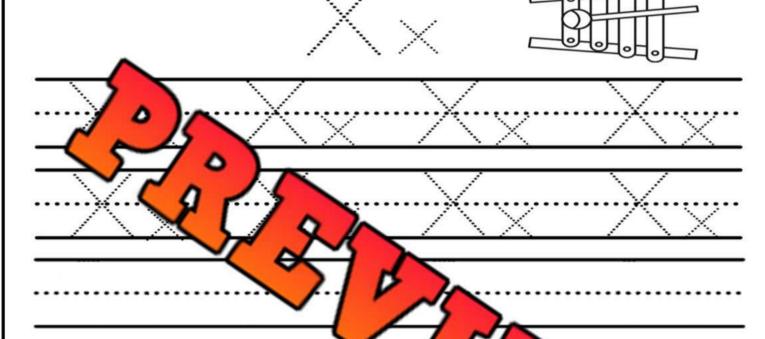
Writing Trace the words then write them on your own.

		Trace	Write
1)	\\\		
2)	box	25/20	
3)	quit		
4)	quiz	quiZ	
5)	win	Win	(5) Pa
6)	wax	$\forall \alpha X$	
7)	kid	~ _X	
8)	kit	↓ _X	
9)	ate	d †e	
10)	wake	wake	

Consonant Review: x

Tracing

Trace the letters below and then write them on your own.



Colour and Write Colour all uppercase and low words that have an X in them.

lette then think of three





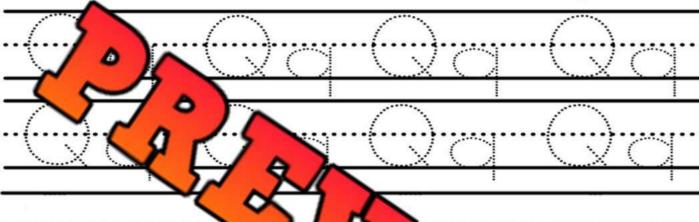
Curriculum Connection B2.1, B2.2

Consonant Review: qu

Tracing

Trace the letters below and then write them on your own.

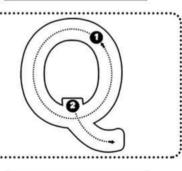




Instructions

Follow the instruction for each livity

Trace it



Colour it



h it



Solve it

Find it

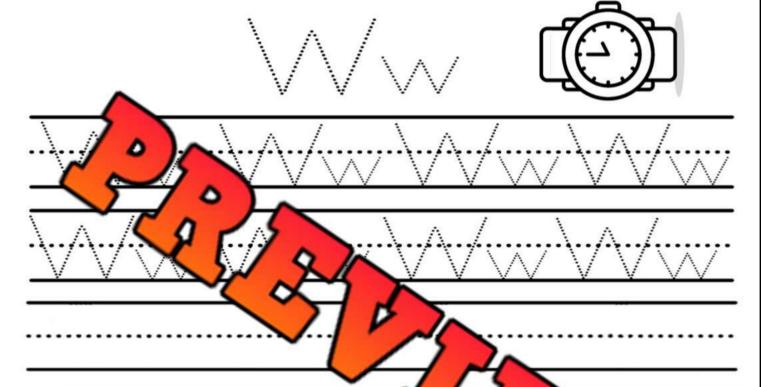
E Q K p

Write it

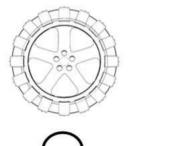
Consonant Review: w

Tracing

Trace the letters below and then write them on your own.



Focus Say the picture name. Fill in the circle eginn on the a "w" sound.

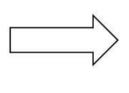


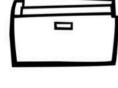




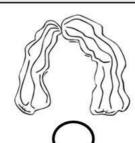
Focus

Say the picture name. Fill in the circle if the final consonant has a "w" sound.





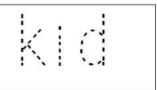




key



kid



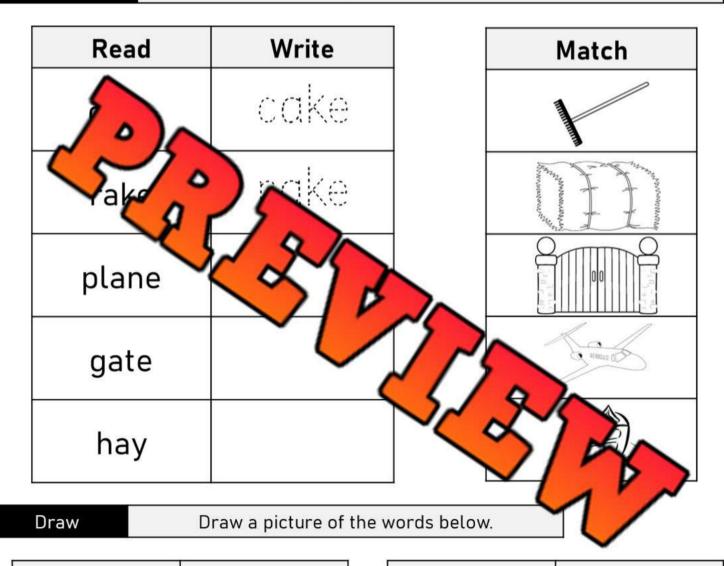
kite

kite

Long Vowel: a (ate)

Instructions

Read the long "a" sound words, then write it in the next column. Match the word with its picture on the last column.



rat	rate

pan	pane

Curriculum Connection B2.8, B3.3

Week 6 - Fluency Readings

Read

Read each sentence three times. Colour the star each time you read.

1) Kim ate wax.



2) ke



3) Pat won the



4) Kate quit her job.

5) Kit will mix the box.



6) We want to win now.



7) Pick a box, then wax it.

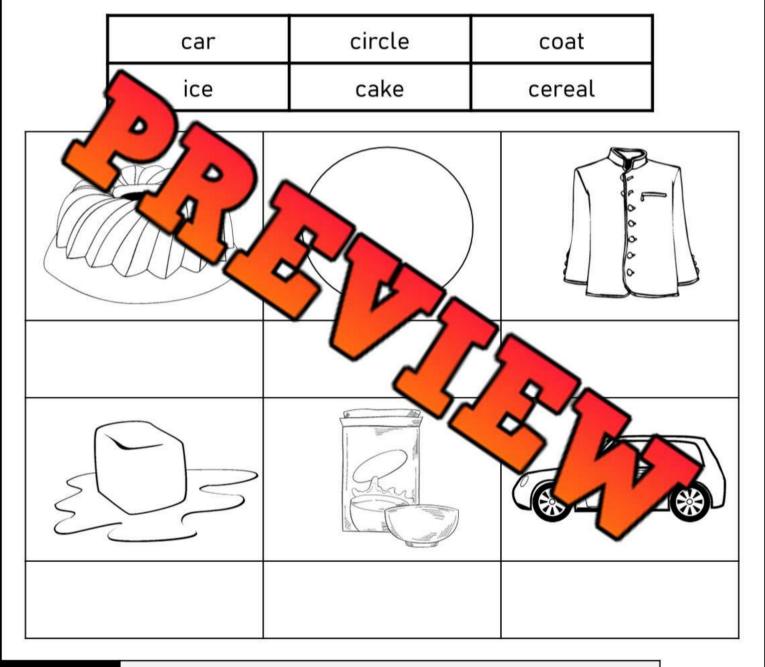


Curriculum Connection

Hard C

Focus

Write the correct word under each picture, then colour it if it has a hard c sound (as in cat).



Identify

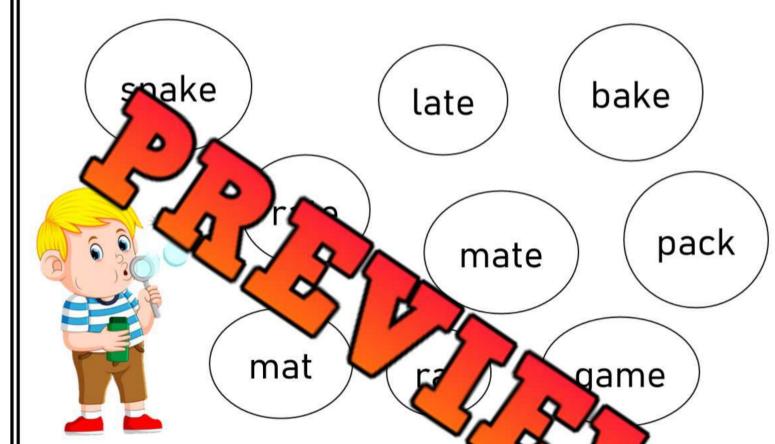
Circle the hard c sound words in the sentence below.

The car is the colour blue.

Long Vowel: a (cake)

Colour

Colour the bubble if the word has a long "a" sound.



Draw

Add one letter to transform the words into a long









rat_

t a p __ |

cap_

plan_

Curriculum Connection B2.6

Base Words

Base words are the main part of a word with its own meaning. We can add little bits before or after to change that meaning.



For example, in "unhappy," "happy" is the base word and "un-" was added to it.



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Curriculum Connection B2.8

Week 7 - Fluency Readings

Read

Read each sentence three times. Colour the star each time you read.

1) See is late. 3) I have one cent 4) The cat ran fast. 5) His cap is the colour red. 6) The car is by the gate.

Curriculum Connection A1, B2.4, B2.7

Week 8 - Word List

go	got	gas	gap	gel
gym	germ	he	me	be

Spell Unscramble the letters to make the spelling words.

~	C d Word	Unscrambled Word
1)		
2)	V 24	
3)	em	
4)	og	3/20
5)	eh	
6)	ags	
7)	egl	
8)	pag	
9)	eb	
10)	myg	

Hard G

Writing

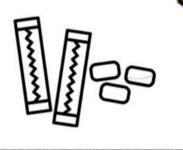
Practice writing the letters.

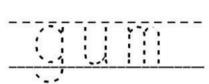


Writing

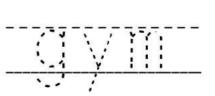


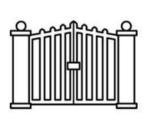
ve a hard "g" sound.

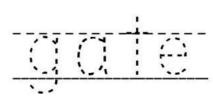


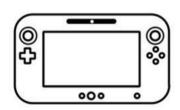










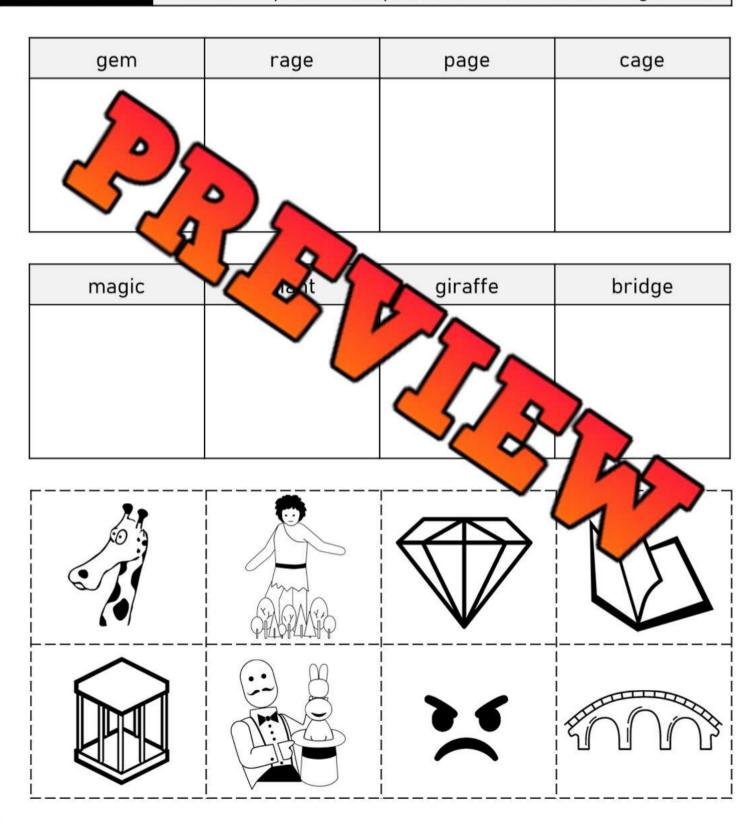


game

Soft G

Cut and Paste

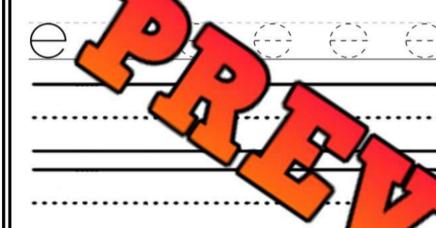
Cut out the pictures and paste them below the matching words.



Long Vowel: E (be)

67

Trace the letters below and then write them on your own.

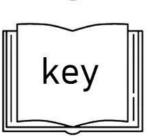


Long E Sound Colour the book if the wo



free

sleep



he



meat



meal

el sound (as in be).

fee

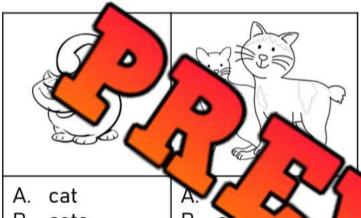
Curriculum Connection B2.6

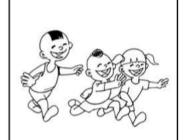
Suffix -s

The suffix "s" usually means more than one. So, if you have one toy, you say "toy." But if you have many toys, you add an "s" and say "toys."

Identify

Circle the correct noun to describe the picture.







B. cats B. kid

A. kid kids B.

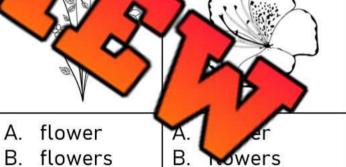




book

books

flower Α. B.



Draw

book

books

Draw the given number of nouns.

Five apples

A.

B.

Three stars

Curriculum Connection R2 8

Week 8 - Fluency Readings

Read

Read each line and then write the last sentence.



Go

Go fill

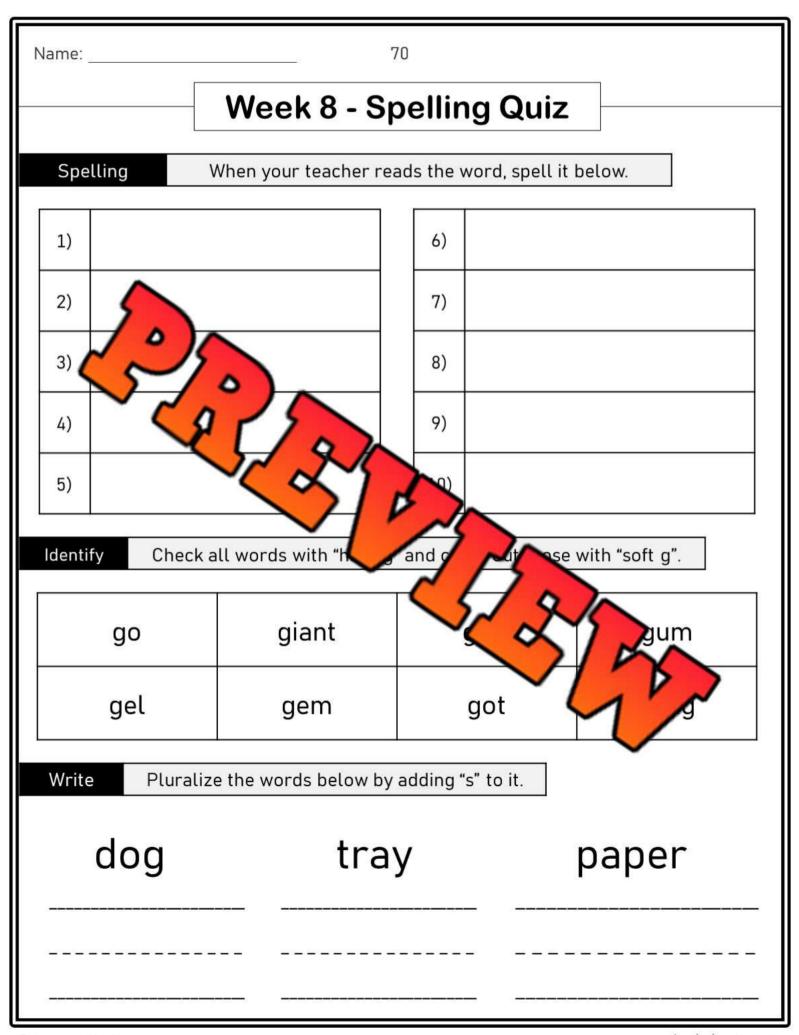
Go fill the

Go fill the gap

Go fill the gap with

Go fill the gap with gel.

•		



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Curriculum Connection A1, B2.4, B2.7 211 Name: Week 29 - Word List spring sprain spray spread spree juice fruit suit cruise bruise Alphabeti: Write the words in alphabetical order 6) 2) 7) 3) 4) 5) Draw Choose three words from above then draw to

Three - Letter Blends: spr

Sound Check Say the picture name. Check the box if there is an "spr-" letter sound.

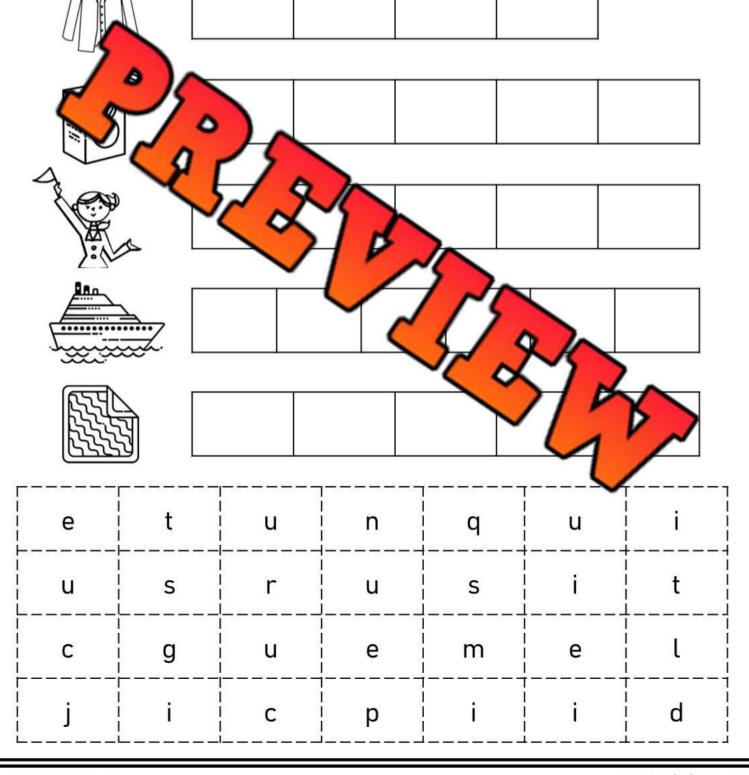


Think Think of two words with "spr-" letter blend them atenses.

Long U - Vowel Team: ui

Cut and Paste

Cut out the letters below and paste them in the correct order to spell the pictures with the long "u" sound.



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Curriculum Connection B2.8

Fluency Sentences

Fluency sentences are special sentences we read to help us become better readers. They help us read smoothly, quickly, and with understanding. When we practice these sentences, we become more fluent and reading feels easy and fun!

Fluency

Read the text. Copy the complete sentence and then arswer the questions.



I like

I like playi

I like playing backt

I like playing basket

I like playing basketball with

I like playing basketball with my frie

I like playing basketball with my frie

Who do I like playing with?

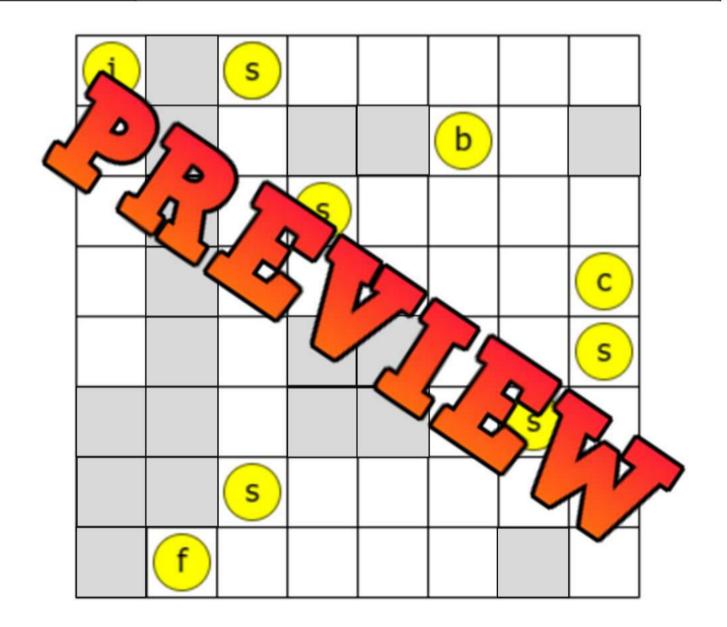
What do I like playing with my friend?

A Character Control		
Name:		
NAILIE		
I TUITIC.		

Reverse Word Search

Word Search

Instead of looking for words in a grid, place the words in an empty word search puzzle.



Place these words in the grid.						
spring spray spread spree sprain						
fruit suit juice cruise bruise						

Week 29 - Fluency Readings

Read

Read each sentence twice. How many mistakes did you have? How long did it take you to read it?

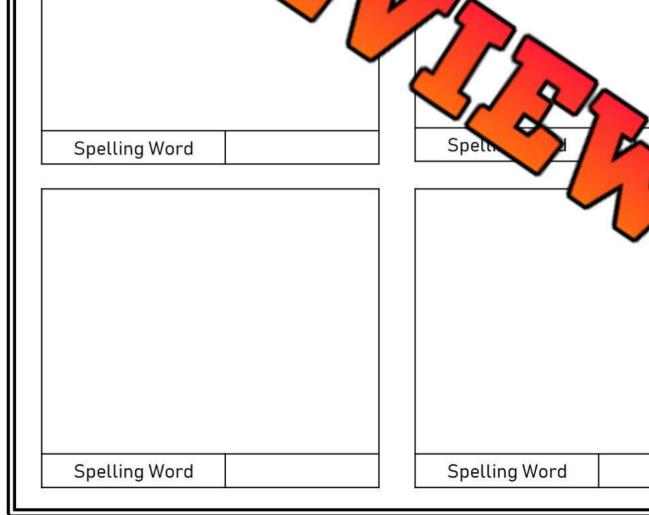
	Sentence	# of M	istakes	Time (sec)	
	Sentence	1 st Try	2 nd Try	1 st Try	2 nd Try
1)	Say to				
2)	We go on a				
3)	I like fruit juice.	₹	2		
4)	Jay sprained his toe.				
5)	The suit hides his bruise.				
6)	We cruise in the spring.				

Week 30 - Word List

three	throw	threw	thread	thrive
new	few	chew	grew	crew

Pictionary

See 4 words from the list above and draw a picture of each in the boxes Have your partner guess the word without using any verbal hints or etters. Then write the word below the drawing.



Three - Letter Blends: thr

Identify

Colour the ice cream scoop that has the "thr-" letter blends



Sentence

Rearrange the words to create a mean ul

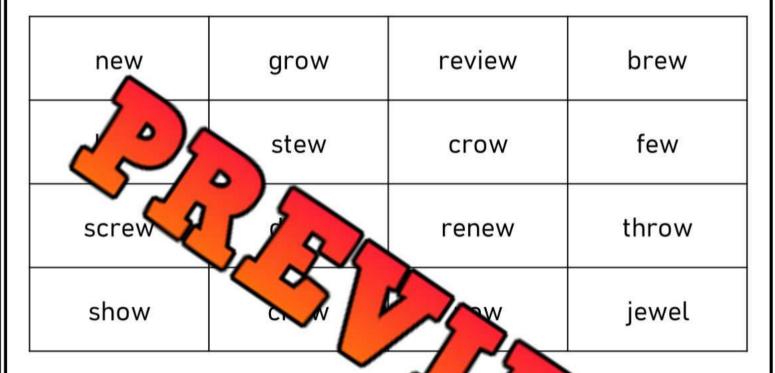
three	She	threads	has	lourful
d .			**	* <u>-</u> -

He	outside	threw	balls	three

Long U: Vowel Team: ew

Sound check

Colour the words with the long vowel "U" sound.



Matching

Match the word that best s

- 1) Dogs _____ their toys.
- 2) The _____ worked very hard.
- 3) I have a _____ books to read.
- 4) Let's _____ the lesson tomorrow.
- 5) Mom made yummy _____ today.

- chew
- stew
- ☐ crew
- □ review

Fluency Sentences

Fluency

Read the sentences. Rate your reading fluency based on the criteria.

READING PRACTICE

The c

I see a big r

We play at the

Every morning, Mom

My friend and I like to read hotory b

HOW DID I DO?

Draw

Draw any two scenes from the sen

Week 30 - Fluency Readings

Read and Match Read each sentence then highlight the sentence that matches the picture.



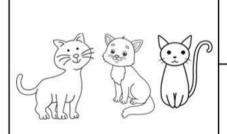
I caught the ball.

I threw the ball.



w birds flew.

4 fev luc flew



We have three ne

We have three new dogs.



Trees thrived and grew.

Plants thrived and grew.



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Curriculum Connection A3, B1.1

Activity: Listening Ears Drawing Adventure

Objective

What are we learning more about?

To reinforce active listening skills by having students follow oral instructions to create a picture.

Materials

What do we need for our activity?

- ✓ White dray

 (1 student)
- ✓ Steps for how to ded

 ided

 i



Instructions

How do we compl

ctivi

- 1) Begin by explaining to the students that will picture, but they need to listen carefully to your instruction
- 2) Have all students start with a blank piece of paper and the ready.
- Read the steps on the back of this page so students can follow along and draw a picture. Read them slowly and carefully.
- 4) Once finished, have students compare their drawings with their peers. Discuss how everyone's drawing might look a little different even though they all listened to the same instructions.

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Curriculum Connection A3, B1.1

Option 1 Read these steps that explain how to draw a picture

Step Number	Drawing Instructions				
1	Start by drawing a big circle in the middle of your paper. This will be the sun's face.				
2	Inside the circle, draw two small circles for the eyes.				
3	Below the eyes, draw a curved line that looks like a smile. This is the sun's happy mouth.				
~ ~	Around the outside of the big circle, draw at least 8 straight These are the sun's rays.				
	the sun's face with a bright yellow.				
6	A my ad I details you'd like, such as cheeks or rows				

Option 2 Read these state to a draw a picture

Step Number	Drawing Instruction		
1.	Draw a wide rectangle at otton per. This will be the tree's trunk.		
2	Above the trunk, draw a big cloud pe. will the tree's foliage.		
3	Inside the cloud shape, draw several small are the tree's apples.		
4	On the trunk, draw a small arched door near the bottom. Imagine this is where a tiny squirrel lives!		
5	Draw two small windows above the door on the trunk.		
6	Colour the trunk brown.		
7	Colour the cloud shape green for the tree's leaves.		
8	Colour the small circles red for the apples.		
9	Colour the door and windows any shade you like – maybe the squirrel painted them!		

Activity: Mystery Box Storytime

Objective

What are we learning more about?

To enhance students' listening skills and encourage them to ask relevant questions about a story's content.

Materials

What do we need for our activity?

- ✓ (a sho work perfectly)
- ✓ Various ects return the story (ruler, binder, paper, pencil, ker
- ✓ A short story with the all provided for you that incorporates objects that a sound slass.



Instructions

How do we comple

- Tell the students that inside the mystery box are on some some you're about to tell.
- 2) Begin reading or narrating the short story to the class.
- 3) Once the story is over, reveal one object at a time from the mystery box.
- 4) After showing each object, ask the students how it relates to the story and encourage them to ask questions about it.
- Once all objects have been discussed, engage the students in a broader discussion about the story.

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Curriculum Connection B1.1

Story: "The Classroom Birthday Party"

In Room 5, it was a very special day — the classroom's birthday! Every year, the items in the classroom celebrated the day the room was first opened for students. This year, the friends — Rudy the Ruler, Benny the Binder, Penny the Pencil, Marky the Marker, and Paige the Paper — wanted to do something extra special.

Rudy had an idea: "Let's throw a surprise party for the classroom!" Everyone cheered in agreem

Penr sign of the state of the s

Benny the Binder July division "I can keep the party plans inside me, so it's a secret!" He held all the didea by

Marky the Marker declared, "I'll make at declared and fun shapes on Paige the Paper." He drew bright balloons

Paige was thrilled. "I'll be the one to carry Marky are and purpose on the walls!"

Rudy had the most important job of all. "I'll make sure everything order for the party!"

The day of the party arrived, and with everyone's help, the classroom looked festive and bright. When the students walked in, they were surprised and delighted. They didn't know who planned it, but the classroom items giggled quietly, happy to see everyone enjoying.

At the end of the day, the friends sat together, proud of their teamwork. They realized that while each of them was special, together they made things even better. Every day in Room 5 was fun, but that day was the most special of all.

Activity: Classroom Charades

Objective

What are we learning more about?

To enhance listening skills and comprehension by having students mime out actions they hear, and then have their peers guess those actions.

Materia

we need for our activity?

- V List of signature of the signature of
- ✓ A hat or bowl to a onse s in
- ✓ Space in the classroom
 their mimes



Instructions

How do we complete the active

- Begin by explaining the game of charades to the students and acting out an action without using words.
- 2) Fold and place each action sentence into the hat or bowl.
- 3) Have a student pick a sentence from the hat without showing or telling anyone.
- 4) The student then acts out the action in front of the class.
- 5) The rest of the class tries to guess the action based on the mime.
- 6) Once the action is correctly guessed or after a set time limit, another student gets a turn.
- 7) Continue until everyone has had a chance or as time allows.

Name.	Z33
Action Sentences Cut out	the scenarios below
Jumping like a frog	Sneezing into an elbow
Spinning in a circle	Climbing a ladder
Clapping hands	Laughing out loud
Stomp	Pouring a glass of water
Pretering t	Sliding down a slide
Waving hello	Holding an umbrella
Crawling like a baby	g a hole
Flying like a bird	Rid a b
Hopping on one foot	Open Open
Blowing a big balloon	Catching a sall
Rowing a boat	Petting a cat
Picking an apple	Blowing out candles
Swinging on a swing	Reading a book
Rolling like a log	Putting on a hat
Shaking a tambourine	Dancing to music

Activity: Emoji Faces!

Objective

What are we learning more about?

To help students recognize and understand various emotions through facial expressions.

Materials

What do we need for our activity?

- out or of different facial expressions (h. y, sad argry, confused, etc.)
- ✓ A hat or
- ✓ A mirror (
 ✓ I).

















Instructions

How do ple ty

- 1) Begin by discussing with the state of that you have derstand how someone feels by looking at their face.
- 2) Show the students the different facial expression have red and discuss each emotion.
- 3) Fold and place each facial expression into the hat or bow
- 4) Have a student pick a facial expression from the hat without sharp it to anyone else.
- 5) The student then makes that facial expression to the class.
- The rest of the class tries to guess the emotion based on the facial expression.
- 7) If using a mirror, after making the expression, the student can look in the mirror to see their own face.
- 8) Continue the game until every student has had a chance or as time permits.

Curriculum Connection B1.4 242 Name: ___ Cut out the emojis below Cut Out

Activity: Mime It Right!

Objective

What are we learning more about?

To help students understand and recognize the meaning behind common gestures.



Mate

do we need for our activity?

- ✓ Cards w. c s or n different gestures (e.g., waving, bs pointing).
- ✓ A hat or bowl.

Instructions

How do we complete the ac

- Begin by explaining to the students that sometimes we without words, just by using our hands or body.
- 2) Show the students the cards and discuss the meaning of each genure.
- 3) Shuffle the cards and place them in the hat or bowl.
- 4) Have a student pick a card without showing it to anyone else.
- 5) The student then performs the gesture to the class.
- 6) The rest of the class tries to guess the meaning based on the gesture.
- 7) Continue the game until every student has had a chance or as time permits.

Gestures	Cut out the gesture	es below	
Wa	aving hand	Fist pump	
Tł	numbs up	Finger wagging side to side	
7	ımbs down	Pinky promise	
//	hands	Mimicking talking hand	
S 0		Hands together in prayer	
Shakin ea		Patting head	
Pointing forward		Stomping foot	
Shrug	ging shoulders	T fin peace sign	
Har	nd on heart	Wing	
Tap	oping wrist	Fingers	
Fin	ger to lips	Pinching no	
Arr	ns crossed	Tapping nose	
Hands on hips		Handshake	
Ru	bbing chin	High five	
Palr	n facing out	Blowing a kiss	

Activity: Feelings in Phrases

Objective

What are we learning more about?

To help students understand how the same sentence can convey different emotions based on tone and body language.



Materia

t do we need for our activity?

- Carus with more as written on them (e.g., happy, sad, angry, excited.
- ✓ A hat or bow.
- ✓ A mirror (option)
- ✓ A common sentence park today.")

n t

chart paper. (e.g., "I went to the

Instructions

How do we complete the a

- Begin by discussing with students how our voeven when we say the same words.
- **€** dy c

w feelings,

- 2) Show the sentence you've chosen and read it out loud wit
- 3) Have a student draw an emotion card from the hat or bowl.
- 4) Ask the student to say the sentence out loud, expressing the emotion on the card with their voice and body. For instance, if they draw "excited", they might say the sentence with wide eyes and an enthusiastic tone.
- 5) If using a mirror, after expressing the emotion, the student can look in the mirror to see their own facial expression.
- 6) Continue until all students have had a turn or as time permits, reshuffling the emotion cards as needed.

Emotions

Cut out the emotion cards.

happy sad angry
excited scared curious

proud shy
urph salm confused

Sentences

Below a lio

The cat sat on the mat.

I had cereal for breakfast.

My shoes are blue and white.

The library has many books.

It rained all day yesterday.

I found a shiny penny on the ground.

The park is closed for repairs.

I will be visiting my grandparents this weekend.

We are having a surprise test tomorrow.

The school bus is running late today.

Speak with Expression Activity

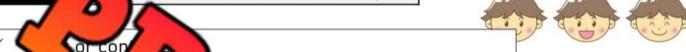
Objective

What are we learning more about?

To teach students the power of tone, pitch, and volume in oral communication and how it can alter the meaning or feeling of a sentence.

Materials

hat do we need for our activity?



- itten sentences.
- A board different expressions.
- capp (to let students Optional: \ hear back their ons).





Instructions

How do we con

- 1) Cut out the sentences on the backside pag
- 2) Place all the sentence strips into the hat or co
- Explain to the students that the same sentence can be sa 3) express different emotions or intentions.
- 4) Ask each student to draw a sentence strip from the hat.
- Once they have their sentence, ask them to say it in two different ways using 5) variations in tone, pitch, and volume. For example, they can express it as if they are surprised, sad, or curious.
- 6) After each rendition, ask the class to guess the emotion or intention the speaker was trying to convey.
- If available, record a few variations and play them back. Discuss how tone, 7) pitch, and volume made the sentence sound different each time.

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Curriculum Connection A3, B1.4

Speak with Expression Activity

Sentences

Cut out the cards below

Emotions

Use the Emotions

I finished my book last night.

The garbage truck is outside.

🗽 having a quiz tomorrow.

yrn to present.

e nomework.

I have no one night.

There is by for

It started raining durin picn

My cousins are coming over

The movie starts in 10 minutes

There giving away raisin cookies

I missed the school bus this morning.

We are going shopping this weekend.

The field trip is to the museum.

The carnival is in town.

I forgot to bring my lunch today.

The power went out during my video game.

Lunch today is tuna sandwiches.

Emotions

happy

sad

excited

bored

angry

rprised

nervous

hopeful

relieved

frustrated

Activity: Vocab Voyage

Objective

What are we learning more about?

To help students integrate new vocabulary into their spoken language by incorporating it into a story they create.

Materia

What do we need for our activity?

- ✓ Cas with bcabulary words written on them.
- ✓ A hat or be
- ✓ Markers or chalk.



Instructions

How do we compl

activi

- 1) Start by discussing the importance of lary words can change the way a story feels of lary of the lary words.
- Ask a student to come up and share a simple, showy. key points of the story on the whiteboard or chart paper.
- Once they've told their story, ask them to draw a vocabulary came the hat or bowl.
- 4) The student then retells their story, but this time, they must incorporate the new vocabulary word into it, either by replacing an existing word or adding a new sentence.
- 5) Continue this activity, allowing several students to share their stories and integrate new vocabulary words.
- 6) Conclude by discussing how the new words changed the stories or gave them a different perspective.

ripple dazzle scamper

glimmer meadow flutter

rustle

twirl

Activity: Sentence Scramble

Objective

What are we learning more about?

To help students understand the structure of sentences and practice constructing coherent sentences using sentence rips.



to we need for our activity?

- ✓ Sentence of strip per).
- ✓ Markers or a
- ✓ Envelopes or sh
- Pre-written words "the", "park", "in").



g s"



Instructions

How do we complete the

- Begin by discussing the importance of sentences.
 come together to make meaningful sentences.
- Distribute an envelope or small bag filled with individual student or pair of students.
- each

wards

- Ask students to arrange the words to form a coherent sentence. There can be more than one correct answer.
- 4) Once they have formed a sentence, they can share it with the class.
- 5) Rotate envelopes or bags among students so that they get to try forming different sentences.
- 6) For an extra challenge, you can provide additional word strips and ask students to create their own sentences.

					-	
Emo	tions	Cut out the emotion cards.				
1	the	cat	jumps	over	the	fence
2	my	sister	loves	to	read	books
3		fly	high	in	the	sky
4	Swe /	°)	to	the	big	park
5	she	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		shiny	red	bike
6	they	play	Sq		Sunday	morning
7	Ï	like	eating		2	apples
8	dogs	always	chase	their		
9	grandma	bakes	the	best	chocolate	cookies
10	he	swims	fast	in	the	pool
11	the	sun	shines	bright	during	summer
12	rain	falls	softly	on	the	ground

Activity: Add-a-Phrase Relay Race

Objective

What are we learning more about?

To promote active listening, memory recall, and creativity by constructing a cumulative sentence as it's relayed from one student to the next.

Materia'

What do we need for our activity?

- ✓ space classroom or playground.
- ✓ A starting the write card or whiteboard.
- ✓ Stopwatch or the

 ✓ (I):

Instructions

How do we com

e act



- Begin by explaining the importance of information.
- 2) Line up students in a single file line.
- The first student in line reads the starting sentence and we student.
- 4) The second student adds a short phrase or descriptor to the sentence and whispers the modified sentence to the next student.
- 5) This continues down the line, with each student adding a phrase and then whispering the cumulative sentence to the next student.
- 6) The final student says the entire sentence out loud for the class to hear.
- 7) The activity can be repeated multiple times with different starting sentences or by reshuffling the order of the students.

Sentence Starters

Use the starters below.

- 1 A tiny mouse danced in the moonlight.
- 2 The rainbow appeared after the rain.
- 3 mysterious key in her pocket.
- 4 The catton op op, gazing at stars.
- 5 In the middle of the former as a pond.
- 6 Every morning, the sun said tains.
- 7 A magic feather floated down from the sl
- 8 The old tree in the park had a secret.
- 9 Butterflies gathered around the blooming flowers.
- 10 At bedtime, the teddy bear began to sing.