

Preview - Information



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Google Slides Lessons Preview







Saskatchewan Language Curriculum Reading Comprehension - Grade 5

3-Part Lesson Format

Part 1 - Minds On!

- Learning Goals
- Discussion Questions
- Quotes
- And More!

Drag the statements that make sense as real

How many vegetables did they harvest in total?

What lesson did the students learn from the project.

Learning Goal

What are Reading Comprehension Strategies?

We are learning to use different reading comprehension strategies so we can better understand texts, make connections, ask questions, and draw inferences that help us think more deeply about what we read



what kinds of vegetables did the students grow?

How many students were in the class?

What did the students eat for dinner at home?

Why did the insects matter to the garden?

How did the students solve the problem of harmful insects?

What was the tallest plant in the garden?

Part 2 - Action!

- Writing
- Matching
- Drag and Drop
- Drawing
- And More!

Part 3 - Consolidation!

- Exit Cards
- Quizzes
- Reflection
- And More!

Read the passage carefully and think about how good readers use strategies to understand and respond to texts.

Leah pushed open the creaking door of the old library that had been closed for years. Dust floated in the beams of light from cracked windows. Shelves leaned under the weight of forgotten books, some open as if the readers had left in a hurry. A single chair sat in the middle of the room, facing a fireplace that hadn't been lit in decades. Leah brushed her hand across the spines of books. noticing handwritten notes in the margins. Something about the place felt both inviting and unsettling, as though stories still lingered in the air, waiting to be uncovered.

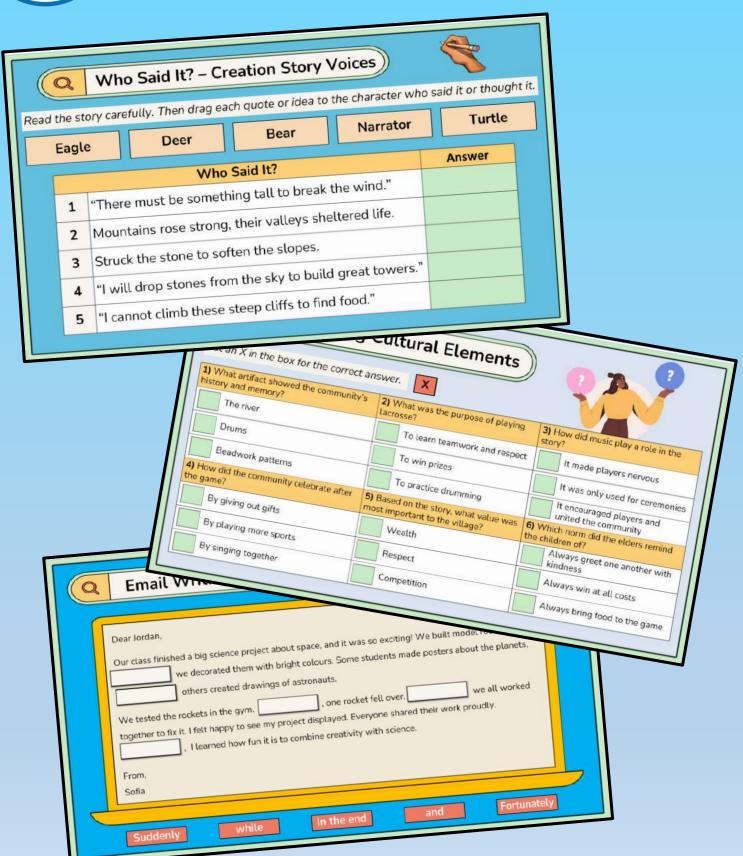
Consolidation - The Abandoned Library

- Making Connections What does this scene remind you of from your own life, a text you've read, or something you know
- 2) Questioning What question do you have to understand the story?
- 3) Visualizing What images or details appeared most strongly in your mind as you read?
- Prediction If Leah continues to explore, what might she discover next? Explain your reasoning with evidence from the text.
- Inference Why do you think the library was abandoned? Use clues from the passage to support your idea.





Saskatchewan Language Curriculum Reading Comprehension – Grade 5





Saskatchewan Language Curriculum Reading Comprehension – Grade 5







Workbook Preview





Grade 5 – Language Saskatchewan ELA Curriculum



Comprehend and Respond (CR). Students will develop their abilities to view, listen to, read, comprehend, and respond to a variety of contemporary and traditional grade-level-appropriate texts in a variety of forms (oral, print, and other media) from First Nations, Métis, and other cultures for a variety of purposes including for learning, interest, and enjoyment.

	Outcomes	Pages				
CR5.1	Analyze and respond to a variety of grade-level texts (including contemporary and traditional visual, oral, written, and multimedia texts) that	34-38, 54-73, 116-117, 142-143, 167-171, 181-				
	Preview of 150 pages from					
	this product that contains					
CR5.2	376 pages total					
		*				
CR5.3	Listen purposefully to a range of texts from a variety of cultural traditions (including oral traditions shared by First Nations and Métis Elders and Knowledge Keepers) to understand ideas and instructions, to evaluate the message heard and the required follow-up action, and to draw conclusions about speaker's verbal and nonverbal message(s), purpose, point of view, and techniques used in presentation.	74-76, 140-141, 193-194, 218-230				
CR5.4	Read and demonstrate comprehension of a range of contemporary and classical grade-appropriate fiction, script, poetry, and non-fiction (including magazines, reports, instructions, and procedures) from various cultures including First Nations, Métis, and Inuit and countries (including Canada).	10-31, 54-98, 106-115, 118-139, 161-166, 172- 180, 185-192, 195-216, 226-264				

Compose and Create (CC). Students will develop their abilities to speak, write, and use other forms of representation to explore and present thoughts, feelings, and experiences in a variety of forms for a variety of purposes and audiences

	Outcomes	Pages
CC5.1	Compose and create a range of visual, multimedia, oral, and written texts that explore: identity (e.g., What Should I Do), community (e.g., This is Our Planet), social responsibility (e.g., Teamwork) and express personal thoughts shaped through inquiry.	N/A
CC5.2	Demonstrate a variety of ways to communicate understanding and response including illustrated reports, dramatizations, posters, timelines, multimedia presentations, and summary charts.	N/A
CC5.3	Speak to express and support a range of ideas and information in formal and informal speaking situations (e.g., giving oral presentations and reports, retelling a narrative, explaining a display to others, working in groups) for particular audiences and purposes.	N/A
CC5.4	Use a writing process to experiment with and produce multi-paragraph narrative (including stories that contain dialogue), expository (including reports, explanations, letters, and requests), and persuasive (including letters) compositions that clearly develop topic and provide transitions for the reader.	N/A

Assess and Reflect (AR). Students will develop their abilities to assess and reflect on their own language skills, discuss the skills of effective viewers, listeners, readers, representers, speakers, and writers, and set goals for future improvement.

	Outcomes	Pages
AR5.1	Identify strengths in viewing, listening, reading, speaking, writing, and other forms of representing.	198-216
AR5.2	Set goals to enhance the development and improvement of the skills and strategies in viewing, listening, reading, speaking, writing, and other forms of representing and take steps to achieve goals.	39-49

Block 1: Reading Comprehension Strategies - Basics

Focus

- Pre-reading: activate prior knowledge and identify the purpose of reading.
- <u>During reading</u>: Making and confirming predictions, questioning, visualizing, and making connections to self, other texts, and to the world.
- After reading: Summarizing the main idea and supporting details, asking questions, and making inferences.
- <u>Cross-Curriculum Connections</u>: Government (social studies), Indigenous Communities, Energy (science)

Curriculum Connection CR5.4

Understanding Reading Comprehension

10

Understanding Reading Comprehension

Reading comprehension isn't just about reading words; it's about truly understanding them. This means you can remember and apply what you've read. It's a key skill you'll use in school and beyond.

Why Read mprehension is Important

Reading communication is super important because it helps you lear your and what you're reading, you can be more and think in creative ways. So, reading helps you in many different parts

Strategies to Boost line

A) Before You Read: Pre

- Activate Prior Knowledge about the topic; it will help you make connections.
- Set Reading Goals: Decide why you're reading of for work, research, or enjoyment? Knowing this will help keep yoursed.

B) While You're Reading

- Make Predictions: As you read, try to guess what migstay engaged with the material.
- Ask Questions: Pose questions about the text to yourself. It encour you to think critically about what you're reading.
- Make Connections: Relate what you're reading to your own experiences, or to other things you've read.

C) After You've Finished Reading

- Summarize Key Points: Take a moment to think about the main ideas and the details that support them. It helps cement the material in your memory.
- Make Inferences: Use both clues from the text and your own knowledge to understand things that the author hasn't clearly stated.

Understanding Reading Comprehension

True or False

Is the statement true or false?

1) Reading comprehension is only about reading words.		False
2) Reading comprehension is important for school only.		False
3) Good comprehension improves communication skills.	True	False
4) Reading ost creativity.	True	False
5) Prior / is 't useful in prereading.	True	False

Questic

ading comprehension and why is it important?

Matching

Match the strategies to their the description beside the strates

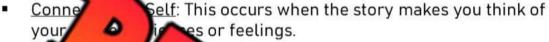
otion the letter from

Answer	Strategy	Desction
	Purpose of Reading	A) Asking questions before, during to deepen comprehension.
	Summarizing	B) Engaging with what you already know to better understand new information.
N.	Questioning	C) Creating a brief overview of the text
	Activate Prior Knowledge	D) Relating the text to personal experiences, other texts, or to the world.
	Making Inferences	E) Identifying the reason for reading to focus attention.
	Making Predictions	F) Drawing conclusions based on evidence in the text and prior knowledge to deepen understanding.
	Making Connections	G) Telling what will happen next to engage with the text

Making Connections

Making connections while reading is like solving a mini-mystery. It links what you're reading to things you already know, helping you understand better.

- <u>Connection to Text</u>: This happens when something you read reminds you of another book or movie you've seen.
- Connection to World: This is when the text relates to real-world events common knowledge.





Making Connection

We connections to the short passages below.

1) Jake stared at the start sky specific shooting star. He closed his eyes tightly and made a wish for a new k

Text-to-Self

Text-to-Text

Text-to-World

2) Max heard a strange noise coming from his closet. When he opened the or, he found his cat playing with a toy mouse.

Text-to-Self

Text-to-Text

Text-to-World

Comprehension Practice - Making Connections

"Sara's Solar Solution: Renewable Energy to the Rescue"

In a bustling Canadian town lived a curious and eco-conscious young girl named Sara. Sara was passionate about environmental science, and her favourite subject was renewable sources of energy.

One summer, Sara noticed that the local park was always full of litter. People is ited the park often, but there were no lights, making it and dirty at night. Sara had a brilliant idea: why not use the regy to power lights in the park?





Next, So outht ab dower. She designed a miniature wind turbine to call which slightest breeze. With the help of her dad, she sit up to the park. So, when the wind blew it generated e

Sara didn't stop there; she also cored lectric power. There was a small creek running to the created a tiny water wheel, and as the water water water water was a small creek running to the created a tiny water wheel, and as the water water water was a small creek running to the created a tiny water wheel, and as the water water water was a small creek running to the created a tiny water wheel, and as the water water water water was a small creek running to the created a tiny water wheel, and as the water water

Finally, Sara introduced kinetic energy from playground memor seesaws and swings so that when kids played on them, they gene energy was stored and used to power the park's lights.

The mayor and community members were thrilled. They celebrated Sara's ingenuity by declaring a "Sara's Solar Solution Day" in the park, complete with solar-powered music and decorations. Sara beamed with pride, thrilled to have made her community safer and cleaner using renewable energy.



"Renewable energy isn't just the future," she said, "it's a way to make our lives better right now!"

Sara went home that night, excited and inspired, her mind buzzing with ideas for her next eco-friendly project.

Comprehension Practice - Making Connections

Pre-Reading

After reading the title and looking at the pictures, what do you think the text is about?

While u read, stop and make connections to your life

<u>Text-To-World</u>: What does the storem happening around the world?

<u>Text-To-Text</u>: What does the story remind you of about er ext your read?

After Reading

Summarize the main idea of the story and list 3 supporting details

Main Idea

Supporting
Detail

Supporting
Detail

Supporting
Detail

Comprehension Practice - Newspaper Article

"Our Planet's Future: The Power of Recycling"

Welcome, young readers! Today we're diving into a topic that is vital for our planet – recycling. Have you ever wondered thappens to your plastic be per, and cans after you tos recycling bin?

Recycling me a late like paper, glass, pt d me turning them into he roof process is crucial because os reduce waste, save energy, ote our environment. When we recode, give these materials a second change to be useful again, instead of ending up in landfills.



Imagine a mountain of garbage, as tall as a five-story building. That's a lot of trash! Unfortunately, much of this waste could have been recycled. By recycling, we can shrink this mountain, making more space for nature and less pollution.

Recycling also saves energy.

Producing new things from recycled materials uses less energy compared to making them from new resources.

For instance, recycling aluminum cans saves 95% of the energy needed to make new cans from raw materials.

That's like turning off the lights in your e for three whole days!

More ecycling helps protect wil Who don't recycle, ge can in oceans or and plants. By recome keep homes clean and plants.

So, how can you he start by separating your trast paper, plastic, cans, and glass in separate bins. Always clean them before recycling. This small step can make a big difference.

Remember, each time you recycle, you are helping our planet breathe a little easier. You are part of a global team working towards a greener future. Let's all do our part and keep recycling!

Curriculum Connection CR5.4

Comprehension Practice - Questioning

18

Getting to Know Canadian Government

Have you ever wondered how the Canadian government works?

Understanding the government is like understanding

the rules of a game.

Name:

Three Leve Government

In Canada three levels of government:

feder to the decimal country. It is all about one province, like Ontario or Quebec.

Lastly, the multiple and towns.

- Federal: Based was ational and international matters
- Provincial: Located in provincial issues
- Municipal: Manages local artike

Who's in Charge?

At the top of our federal government is the **Printster**. Inces, the leader is called the **Premier**, and cities have **Mayors**. These populations, which is a way of letting the citizens decide who should to

What Kind of Government Do We Have?

Canada has a system known as a parliamentary democracy and constitution on on on on on on on one of the sounds fancy, but it means we have a King (or Queen) who is the official head of state but doesn't make the laws. Instead, politicians like Members of Parliament (MPs) at the federal level and Members of the Legislative Assembly (MLAs) at the provincial level make decisions for us.

How Do Decisions Get Made?

In both the federal and provincial levels, decisions are made in a place called a Parliament or Legislature. These are big buildings where elected leaders talk about laws and make choices about how to run the country or province.

After Reading

3)

4)

Write a summary. Start with the main idea and then wine the supporting details.

Comprehension Practice - Predicting

Nokomis's Journey: The Wisdom of the Cree People

Once upon a time, in the vast landscapes now known as Canada, lived Nokomis, a young Cree girl. She belonged to a community that thrived on the wisdom and practices of their ancestors.

Nokomis was start each day greeting the sun, offering tobacco to thank the for another day. Values like humility, courage, and honesty to bu dation stones of her people's way of life.

Sustantial and a has the start each day greeting the sun, offering tobacco to the sun, offering tobacco to the like has the start each day greeting the sun, offering tobacco to the sun, offering tobacco tobacco to the sun, offering tobacco to the sun, offering tobac

Her father was a few of the waters, we was a skilled bead worker, tea the the most of their family history.

In the afternoons, the community's child the farthest. Shinny, a type of field hockey, was a favourite among them. The me was the first entertainment; it taught teamwork, agility, and the art of strategy The solo to see whose would slide the farthest.

But life wasn't just about play. Nokomis eagerly absorbed him community's Knowledge Keeper. Lessons revolved around the ever love, respect, courage, honesty, wisdom, humility, and truth—which through oral storytelling.

As the evening sky adorned itself with stars, people of all ages would gather. The drumming and singing began, as did the sharing of legends and creation stories. For Nokomis, these gatherings were magical, weaving together the history, values, and spirit of her people.

Nokomis's everyday life was an intricate mosaic of tradition, sport, and ethical values. Her people's philosophy was deeply rooted in the balance and interconnectedness of life, concepts that are still incredibly relevant and urgent.

And so, through Nokomis, we glimpse an enduring world founded on rich traditions and ethical living, a world whose teachings resonate with us still, urging us to respect and protect the intricate web of life around us.

Comprehension Practice — Predicting

Pre-Reading

What is the story going to be about? What do you know about this subject?

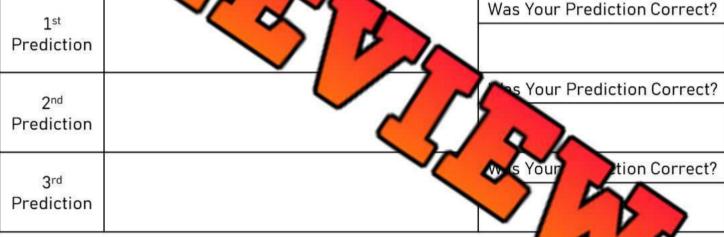
While Reading

While Reading

Ye I say you read. For example, in paragraph 4, it starts by item ons, the community's children gathered for games."

Ye prediction

Was Your Prediction Correct?



After Reading

An inference is a thought you reach from reading a text. It ed on the information you find but isn't directly said. Make inferences below.

1) was their way of fishing environment-friendly or not?

2) Do their games need a lot of fancy equipment? Do you think they had arenas to play in?

Name:

Comprehension Practice – Visualizing

2

September 14, 1497 To: Sister Eleanor 8 St. George Street Bristol, England

Dear Sister Eleanor,

I hope the streets of Bristol are as lively a printing from an awe-inspiring new land that we are calling the 'New Work's the vast Atlantic Ocean.

Upon any for the tamed land, I was greeted by striking landscapes. Imagine forests that a second see, filled with towering trees the likes of which are unknown inglan and untains rise majestically towards the sky, and the rivers sparkle iam and light. It is a paradise of endless natural resources—timber, fish

Our King, Henry VII, has sent this product to discover a direct route to Asia. While we have not yet achieved that product and product and

We have met with the local people, whom we refer to the local people in the local people, whom we refer to the local people in the local

It's clear that a trading relationship with these First Nations could be beneficial for both sides. We are excited to establish good relations and have already exchanged items like metal tools for furs. These furs will be worth a lot in England!

This new world is full of promises and surprises, and I am documenting everything so that future expeditions can learn from our experiences. How I long for the day when I can take you sailing across the Atlantic to witness the marvels of this magnificent land.

Until then, you are in my thoughts and prayers, dear sister. I hope to return with stories that will fill your evenings with wonder.

With all my heart, Your brother, John Cabot the Explorer

Comprehension Practice – Visualizing

Pre-Reading

What text form is it – letter, report, story, advertisement? How do you know? List 3 reasons.

While Reading

aw Sifferent pictures of what you are visualizing while

After Reading

An inference is a thought you reach from reading a tinformation you find but isn't directly said. Make infer

1) Why do you think the First Nations were wise and skilled in living off the land?

2) How do you think a trading relationship could be beneficial for both parties?

Name:		
Mame.		
I Valle.		

READING LOG

Instructions

Record the books you've read in the chart below.

S. No.	Book Title	Author	Time Read
1)			
2)	50		
3)	2/2		
4)			
5)		775	
6)		723	
7)			
8)			
9)			
10)			

Total books read in school year:

Curriculum Connection AR5.2

READING STAMINA CHART

Reading stamina means you can read for a long time without getting tired or losing focus. Just like when you play your favourite game or sport, the more you practice, the better you get. When you build your reading stamina, you can explore more stories, learn new things, and enjoy reading even more.

State your reading stamina goal and the number of days in which you Instructions t to reach your goal. Then track your progress for the week by ng the meter up to the number of minutes you read each day. minutes without losing focus. I want to read days. 90 min 90 min 90 min 80 min 80 min 80 min 70 min 70 min 70 min 60 min 60 min min o mir 50 min 50 mi 50 min 40 min 40 min 40 min 30 min 30 min 30 min 20 min 20 min 20 min 10 min 10 min 10 min Date: Date: Date: 90 min 90 n 90 min 80 min 80 m 80 min 70 min 70 min 70 min 60 min 60 min 60 min 50 min 50 min 50 min 40 min 40 min 40 min 30 min 30 min 30 min 20 min 20 min 20 min 10 min 10 min 10 min Date: Date: Date: Did you reach your goal? Yes No Almost

Name:

Curriculum Connection AR5.2

Activity: Writing Goal-Setting

45

Objective

What are we learning more about?

To enhance students' writing skills by setting personalized writing goals, encouraging self-reflection, and promoting consistent practice.



Instruction

How do we complete the activity?

- 1) etting: Explain the importance of setting goals in wrig. Em wit belps improve skills, organization, and focus.
- 2) <u>Understant sonal Strengths</u>: Ask students to reflect on their writing. Encount the transfer with the property of the
- 3) Exploring Writing Goals vide as using more descriptive word rung og, or writing a certain number of words daily.
- 4) Personal Goal Selection: Distribute the g good sold sold students to select or write down one many all the select students should ensure that their goal meets the criter of ART good should be Specific, Measurable, Active, Timely.
- 5) Action Plan Creation: Guide students to develop a simple action with his might include daily or weekly tasks that contribute to achieving a r goal, like reading a book to enhance vocabulary or practicing writing for 15 minutes daily.
- 6) <u>Journaling Regular Progress</u>: Encourage students to use their journals to note their progress. This includes writing about successes, challenges, and what they've learned.
- 7) Regular Check-Ins: Set a schedule for regular check-ins, where students can share their progress, adjust goals if necessary, and celebrate achievements.
- 8) Reflection: At the end of the activity period, have a session for students to reflect on their journey.

Name:	
Name.	
Reflection	An
The state of the s	- *D

Answer these questions.

1) What type of writing do you enjoy most and why? (e.g., stories, poems, reports)
8——————————————————————————————————————

2) Which riting do you find challenging and would like to improve?



Instructions

Choose a writing goal that you want to focus on different goal, then write it below.

Expand Vocabulary	Enhance Descriptive Writing
Improve Spelling	Develop Storytelling Skills
Practice Punctuation	Organize Thoughts Clearly
Experiment with Different Genres	Build Writing Stamina

Name:	47	Cu	rriculum Connection AR5.2
Initial	Write your goal here.		
Goal			
	Is your goal well defined, detailed and clear	-7	
S	15 your godt wett defined, detaited and etech	R) • X	
Specific			
N.A	Is your goal measurable? You should be abl	e to tell when	you reach
M	your goal.		
Measurable			
\ \/	n you reach the goal, taking into account	your availabl	e time,
Ach	nd resources?		
	re ically achievable within t	he given time	frame and
R '	availa urces?		
Realistic			
т	Set a start h d goal.		
I Timely	Start Date:	e:	
	Revise your goal based on the a rs to	uestions a	above.
Smart		0	
Goal			
		7 1	
Action Plan	What steps do you need to take to	get y	
	Action Items	Expecte Completion Date	Actual Completion Date

Action Items	Expecte Completion Date	Actual Completion Date

Action Plan

Write down the obstacles you may face while working towards your goal. Are there any potential solutions for these problems?

Potential Obstacles	Potential Solutions	

Monthly Check-in e give tions to complete your regular monthly goal

- 1) Check-In Date: Fill in the of the pen you will review your progress.
- 2) Goal Review: Write the specific g
- 3) <u>Progress Notes:</u> Jot down any poss you towards your goal.
- 4) Adjustments Needed: Indicate if any adjust to sare and to better achieve your goal.

Week	Check-In Date	Goal Review	Progress	ius ents
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				

Activity: Visual And Multimedia Texts

Objective

What are we learning more about?

Students will enhance their understanding of visual and multimedia texts by analyzing a video to identify design elements and the perspectives or messages conveyed through the elements.



Instr

do we complete the activity?

Step 1 - I

Briefly explain to rtang layout, and other features in understanding multimedia texts. Me provide the standard of the standar

Step 2 - Viewing:

Students choose a video to watch from the first of the students to pay close attention to the design features (like cotours are found) and the students to pay close might help tell the story or convey a message.

Step 3 - Recording Observations:

After viewing, give each the activity sheet and ask them. Corrobserved. Guide them to note the colours used and what they me convey, any bold or unique typefaces and why they think these elayout and design of scenes, and sound effects or music and how they continued to the story or atmosphere.

Step 4 - Group Discussion:

Organize the students into small groups to share their observations. Ask each group to discuss the different perspectives or messages they think were being conveyed through the video's visual depictions. Encourage them to consider how the design elements helped to understand or enhance the story or message.

Step 5 - Reflection:

Conclude the activity with a reflection session. Ask students to answer questions on the given reflection worksheet.

Name:				
-------	--	--	--	--

Choose

Choose a video to watch about one of the following topics below

Adventures in Ancient Egypt	Mysteries of the Deep Ocean
Space Explorers: The Mars Journey	The Secret Life of Forest Animals
Dinosaurs: Giants of the Past	Inventors Who Changed the World
The Solar System Journey	Volcano Voyagers: Earth's Giants

Record space to jot down notes related to your observations about the video. **Graphics** and Visuals Music Layout How visuals are arranged on the screen Sound **Effects Bold Fonts** Other

INDEPENDENT READING ACTIVITIES

Independent Reading - Responses

Day 1

Fill in the organizer below before, during, and after reading

Name of Book

Before Reading: What will this book be about?

Durin riv estions you have while you read.

1)

2)

After Reading: Summariz ov. What all about?

Day 2

Fill in the organizer below b

reading

Name of Book

Before Reading: What genre is this - fiction, non-fiction, funny, adv

cain.

<u>During Reading</u>: Making Connections – What does this book remind you of in your life?

After Reading: Make an inference – Something that wasn't stated in the book.

Independent Reading - Responses

Day 9

Fill in the organizer below.

Name of Book

Author

Fiction/N

Maki

Text-to-Self

Text-to-Text

Text-to-World

Day 10

Fill in the organizer be

Name of Book	
Author	
Genre	
Fiction/Non-Fiction	

Summarize – What was the main idea of the book? What were the supporting details?

Name:

Independent Reading BINGO

BINGO

Choose a reading response from a square in the BINGO card.

В	1	N	G	0
Summa the book sent	Make a prediction about what Uhappen t	Name the main character and describe them in one sentence	Draw a new book cover that you think fits the story	Rate the book between 1–5 and explain your rating
What's your favourite part? Describe it in 3 sentences	e dow you w to ask author	Describe e and w	Compare this book to another one you've read: What's similar? What's Iferent?	Tell a friend about the book in 4 sentences
Write down an important lesson you learned from the story	Choose a favourite character and explain why in 3 sentences	Free Space	Di ti va ?	List 3 new facts or ideas you learned from this
Create a new ending: Write 3 sentences on how you'd end the story differently	What made you laugh or smile in the story?	Write down 3 new vocabulary words you learned and their meanings	Write a diary entry pretending you are a character from the book	cain the ain problem in the story and how it was solved
Would you recommend this book to a friend? Why or why not?	Draw your favourite scene from the book and label it	Write about a moment in the story that surprised you and explain why	If you were in the story, what would you have done differently?	Share a favourite quote and tell why it stood out to you

Block 2: Cultural Text Forms

Focus

- Creation Stories
- Songs from different Indigenous communities
- Adjusting reading rate for comprehension
- Cultural elements norms, values, artifacts, music, and sports.
- Making connections to these cultural elements
- Visualizing different cultural text forms

Indigenous Norms and Values - Métis Story

66

Luc, Marie, and the Trapped Fox

Long ago in the lands of the Métis, near the Red River, lived a young boy named Luc. He loved roaming the prairies and woodlands with his fiddle, playing tunes that echoed the spirit of the land. One day, Luc and his friend Marie stumbled upon a fox caught in a trap.

Marie way, but Luc said, "Hold of the kind that the Elders. They'll know what's right

They went bath and consulted Elder Jean, a respected figure who was well-very the Métis and the land. Luc and Marie described the fox's

Elder Jean listened careful, the taught us the value of balance and resustenance, never for mere sport, at taught use ever the animal, honouring its life."

Listening intently, Luc and Marie absorbed Elace of the boots of nature."

Guided by Elder Jean's words, they returned to the trapped fox released it, watching as it scampered away into the woods. Over a days, they spotted the fox several times, always at a safe distance, playing this kits.



Luc and Marie learned a vital lesson that day. They understood the teachings of their Métis ancestors about balance, respect, and responsibility. They committed to living these values, ensuring their actions harmonized with the natural world and their community's traditions.

And so, the story of Luc, Marie, and the trapped fox became an enduring tale among the Métis people, passed down

through generations, reminding all Métis children about the importance of their values and living in balance with nature.

Indigenous Artifacts - Inuit Story

Visualizing

Illustrate the story by drawing what you are picturing while you read.

The Goggles of Wisdom

Long ago the Arctic lands of the Inuit, a young boy named Kunik was fascinated by the old ts stored in the qammaq, their sod house. His eyes always fell upor the control of the control of the property carved snow goggles made of ivory. Elder Nukilik told him the were of unit's great-grandfather and had special powers.

"Those goggles he worn by someone who words of said Nukilik.

One day, Kunik couldn't resist. He put the go san ntured out into the snow. The world transformed before his ey could pirits of the land, the ocean, and the animals.

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Curriculum Connection CR5.1, CR5.4

However, he noticed a group of caribou who looked distressed. Realizing they were being pursued by hunters not respecting hunting traditions, Kunik knew he had to act.

Remembering the teachings about balance and resp approached the hunters and told the balance approached the balance app

"We must or the two and give thanks for it," Kun lyise are wisdom he had always by tonly fully understood.

The hunters listed, a changed their ways. From Kunik wore the goggles on the occasions, teaching others about the balance and respect that his people had practiced for generations.

The goggles weren't just artifacts; they were a link to the values and teachings of his ancestors.

Indigenous Sports – First Nation Story

70

The Arrow of Community

In a Métis village by the Saskatchewan River, young Elise was passionate about archery. One summer, archers from distant communities arrived for a grand tournament. Elise was thrilled but heeded Elder Antoine's wisdom, "Archery is not just of aim, but a celebration of our heritage and the Company of aim, but a celebration of our heritage."



The day, the to a parrived. Participants offered sage to the windown or salv hands and grateful hearts. As arrows soared, Elise's aim was a took time to mentor younger at so, every Métis values of community and generosity.

In the final round, Elise had row the far, high-scoring target, she chose a closer on the chance to win. And win he did, to baring as of the crowd. Elder Antoine nodded, pleased.



Through her selflessn as embot the true spirit of the sport. She used to the like all things, was a way to honour nor the Creator. Her actions became a cown in the community, teaching that sports a merely games but rites that uphold sacred value.

Years later, Elise became an Elder herself. Young archers listened intently as she recounted the tale of that memorable summer, emphasizing the importance of community and the teachings of the Elders.

Just as Elder Antoine had passed wisdom onto her, so did she pass it onto the new generation. The story of the tournament and the selfless arrow became a living tradition, ensuring that the deeper meaning of the sport—and the values it represented—continued to be honoured and celebrated in the Métis community.

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Elder

Judge

6) What role does Elise take on later in life?

Activity: Examining Indigenous Music

72

Objective

What are we learning more about?

To deepen students' understanding of Indigenous culture and heritage by exploring an Indigenous song. The activity aims to teach students how to analyze the lyrics of a song to discover its themes, messages, and historical context.

Instruction

How do we complete the activity?

- 1) In Juction (Indigenorm): Briefly discuss the importance of music and songs in
- 2) Song Selection minum the list of Indigenous songs to each student. Let each the list of Indigenous songs to each student.
- 3) Listening and Reading (Induce of the Control of
- 4) Analysis (15 minutes):
 - Students will use highlighters or colour and high ey words or phrases that stand out to them.
 - On a separate piece of lined paper, students will jot doy
 the song's themes, messages, or any cultural elements
- 5) Class Discussion (10 minutes): Encourage students to share their analyses and discuss the meanings behind the songs.

Songs

Below are some options for songs. You could also look up Canadian Indigenous artists and search for songs of interest.

Jeremy Dutcher - Ancestors Too Young	Bear Fox - Sky World Song	
"Electric Pow Wow Drum" - A Tribe Called Red	Tanya Tagaq — Uja	
Buffy Sainte-Marie & Tanya Tagaq "You Got To Run (Spirit Of The Wind)"		

Research

Answer the questions below.

1) Which Indigenous artist/song did you choose?
2) How does this song make you feel, and why do you think it evokes this emotion?
3) What he main as of the song?
4) Listen closely to the lyrics or find the
below.
5) Why did you choose this lyric?
Reflect: What do you think of this song? Do you like it or dislike it? Explain.

Block 3: Reading Letters

Focus

- Voice in letters
- New vocabulary, grammar rules, cohesive ties, sentence structure specific to letters
- Bias in texts (as applicable in letters) Implicit and explicit perspectives in various texts
- Making inferences after reading local inferences and global inferences using explicit and implicit evidence – do you listen to a letter persuading you?

4.74		
Name:		
Name.		

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Curriculum Connection CR5.3, CR5.4

Letters - Voice in Letter Writing

457 Pine St. Toronto, ON M4E 2B6

Dear Mrs. Smith.

I trust you're doing well. I'm reaching out to discuss how special letters can be. When we write letter set to share updates, ask questions, or just say hello. A lot of us like to keep thes on special places, like folders or keepsake boxes, so we can read them over an

Letters a more an emails because you can actually hold them in your hands.

And sometime a picture wimportant, we use more formal language and wellcrafted sentence.

I'm eager to hear your Mo Sincerely, Timothy Johnson

n.

102 Maple Dr. Edmonton, AB T5J 3K1

Hey there Mrs. Smith,

What's up? Just wanted to touch base about the whole letter-writing and uper cool way to share news or ask questions. And the best part? You can save 'eme ead 'em again! I like to put my favourite ones in a memory box. Emails are convenient, but letters? They're like tiny treasures!

When we write to pals, we get to use casual language and even throw in some fun emojis or doodles. It feels way more laid-back.

Looking forward to your reply!

Take care, Timmy Johnson

P.S. What did you think of my robot drawing?

Curriculum Connection CR5.3, CR5.4

Letters – Voice in Letter Writing

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True or False

Name:

Is the statement true or false?

1) The second letter is less formal than the first.		False
2) Timothy used slang in the formal letter.		False
3) Timmy thinks of emails as tiny treasures.		False
4) Both let scuss the importance of letter writing.	True	False
5) The segations saving favourite letters in a memory box.	True	False

Quesi

the guestions below.

- 1) Voice in writing your d, like talking to a friend or a teacher. Which letter type has a moi jour
- 2) What voice would you use to be to Different voices could be: funny, serious, fact-based, bossy, curious, excit ng. Ex

Publisher

Prime Minister

College Roommate

Neighbour

Long-Distance Friend

Doctor

Principal

3) Why do we write letters?

Email Writing – New Vocabulary

Subject: Gear Up for Our Mathematical Expedition!

Hello Future Mathematicians,

Get ready to set sail on an epic journey through the world of numbers and equations!

We're embarking on a mission to discover the mysteries of mathematics and how it impacts our daily lives.

Over the new month, we're transforming our classroom into a "Math Lab," where we'll unite theorem aractice. Time to put on our intellectual caps and apply all the awesome things we'll about math so far!

First prole of 'Algebra Avengers.' That means we'll form teams to solve prole of 'Algebra Avengers.' Exhilarating, right?

And guess what the man tician will drop by to give us tips on how to crack even the most by an analysis of the man tician will drop by to give us tips on how to crack

To cap it off, we'll have the showcase their findings.

Prepare for charts, mode the beauty of numbers.

If you have any queries or need further on, for each out.

See you all in class, Ms. Thompson

Vocabulary

Read the email and write any words the their meaning.

Word	Meaning – Use Context Clues or Look Up Word gs
1	
	

en Look up

Z00

Letter Writing – Sentence Structure

- 1) Greeting Line: Start your letter with "Dear [Friend's Name],"
- 2) Opening: Tell the person why you're writing.
- 3) Body. Keep your sentences short and easy to understand. Like: "I had a great time at the zoo."
- 4) Connective Words: Use words like "and," "so," "because" to link your thoughts together. Example: "I liked the monkeys because they were funny."
- 5) Ask: Ask a question if you have one. For example: "Can we go to the zoo again?"
- 6) Closin your letter by saying thanks. Example: "Thanks for the awesome trip!"
- 7) Signa sh with "Sincerely," and then put your name.

Instruction

greeting and circle the signature. Then answer the

Dear Prime Minister

I hope you're doing well. I want to ask if we can have more parks in our country.

Firstly, parks are important because the compact of families to hang out.

Moreover, they make our cities look protein all the compact of the

So, can you please think about making more parks: a great great great would make kids like me really happy.

Thank you for listening. I know you want what's best for ever

Sincerely,

Bella

- 1) Is a formal or informal voice used?
- 2) What cohesive ties were used?
- 3) Did the opening state the purpose of the letter? Explain
- 4) How did Bella close the email.

Letter Writing - Bias in Advertising

Dear Amazing Students,

Hello! I'm Turbo Tim, the world's best race car driver and video game champion! You won't believe what I have for you! It's the Turbo Tim Super Speedy Remote Car, and let me tell you, this toy car will zoom its way into your heart.

This isn't just any car, it's a car that will make all your dreams come true! Want to be the fastest kid around? This car will make it happen! Are you into robots? This car can transform the lit's 1,000,000 times cooler than any other toy you could ever think of. If you don't have you're really missing out.

Don't was tore right now! Having a Turbo Tim Super Speedy Remote Car is your to cor soolest kid ever, just like me, Turbo Tim!

Catch you on the

Your soon-to-b Turbo Tim



Questions

Ans.

e spec

qu

- 1) Is Turbo Tim biased in what toy is the Explain
- 2) Is Turbo Tim giving you the full story, or just his own op
- 3) Why do you think Turbo Tim wrote this letter?

4) Are there a lot of biased opinions in advertising? Explain and give an example.

Letter Writing – Inferences

Ottawa, Ontario

September 18, 2023

Dear Aunt Maria.

I trust you ming well. Ottawa is bustling with activity, especially in my role as a senator. We've just the legislative session, and I thought I'd share some updates with you.

Just like Dad so plants as, I've been busy working with fellow senators. Our job is to review and over two big responsibility, making sure that the laws are fair and good for ever a panada

Just like Mom always puts thought into standing, it would be lived in thoughtful debates in the Senate chamber. We talk about important issue the set and education. It's crucial to listen to different opinions before we any description.

You wouldn't believe the amount of reading we do! It's known schools sone but for adults. We get reports, facts, and expert opinions to help us uncerst.

This is critical for making informed choices, just like you do with you con

Don't worry, it's not all serious business; we also have a bit of fun. Like the time you helped Mom sell the crops in the market, we interact with the public and even host school visits. I love it when students come to learn about what we do.

Please say hello to Uncle Carl for me. Wishing you all good health and happiness.

Best wishes,

Senator Courtney Holmes

Curriculum Connection CR5.2, CR5.4

Letter Writing – Inferences

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Local Inferences

Make inferences from the sentences below.

"I low to add to learn about what we do."

"It's a big responsibility, making set that Canada."

Global Inferences

Make four inferences from the entire lette

Name:

Letter Writing – Opinions

Dear Editor,

I hope this letter finds you well. I am writing to share my thoughts on some very stant ideas: justice, equity, and fair big wor the me thing simple: making sare eye treated right and same to succeed.

Justice is when people follow the rules are fair to everyone. It's like when everyone gets a turn in a game, no one cheats, and the rules are the same for all players. It's important because it helps everyone feel safe and respected.

Equity is a bit like fairness, but it's more about giving everyone what they need to be on the same level. Imagine if someone was trying to look over a fence, but they were too short. Giving them a box to stand on so they can see over the fence is equity. It means making sure everyone has what they need to do their best, even if it's

different from what someone else might need.

Fairness is making sure no one is left out or treated badly because of where they come from, what they look

like, or what they believe in. It's like making sure everyone in the class gets a piece of at a party, not just the birthday boy or friends.

our and the world wood each vital of fair We should treat on s the treated and always the unit of the treated and the treated

Thank you for considering my letter. I hope we can all work together to make the world a fairer place.

Sincerely,

Jacquelin Fernandez

Block 4: Narratives

Focus

- Indigenous storytelling norms, sports, values, artifacts, music
- Include cultural text forms indigenous story telling, songs
- Identify narrators' point of view
- Indigenous Storywork
 - ➤ Indigenous Storywork is built on the seven principles of respect, responsibility, reciprocity, reverence, holism, interrelatedness, and synergy.
 - Indigenous cultures, relationships, communities, groups, nations, and lived experiences
- Literary devices imagery and humour
- Sequencing the events of multiple plots in a story, explaining the cause and effect

What is Indigenous Storywork?

What is Indigenous Storywork?

Indigenous Storywork is a form of storytelling that comes from the First Nations, Metis, and Inuit cultures in Canada. It's not just about telling a story, it serves a higher purpose of teaching important life lessons.

The Sever Principles

Indig tructured around seven key principles that see as guid ake these narratives impactful.



- Respect: Show urter the property of the property
- Responsibility: Follow on the without the sand commitments.
- Reciprocity: The practice of all states of the community.
- Reverence: Holding respect for son _____almo___d
- Holism: Seeing the whole picture, not just part
- Interrelatedness: Learning how every composin a solution in a solution to the others.
- Synergy: Working together is more powerful than

Why Is It Significant?

Indigenous Storywork is more than just fun stories. It serves as a guidebuter ethical living, teaching us to respect not just other humans but also the earth and its creatures. It improves our understanding of how to take care of the environment and each other.

How Do We Learn It?

We can learn this invaluable knowledge by listening to stories from people within these Indigenous communities. These stories are often shared during special cultural ceremonies, family reunions, and sometimes during educational sessions in schools. Books and online resources also offer ways to learn more about these stories.

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What is Indigenous Storywork?

True or False

Is the statement true or false?

1) Indigenous Storywork teaches respect for the earth.		False
2) Holism focuses on the whole picture.		False
3) Synergy means working alone.		False
4) Indigens rywork is just for fun.	True	False
5) Rever or something.	True	False

Quest. is

An wer the questions below.

1) Wily 13 mai	2010	2	gimediti		
<u></u>			1)_	
2) What 7 prin	nciples are taugh	ht in Indigenou	s et		
2) What 7 pin	icipies al e taugi	it iii iiidigenod) .
9-					
<u> </u>				4	

Summarize

What is the main idea of the report and the supporting details?

Name:

The Tale of Lila and the Sacred Mountain

The Tale of Lila and the Sacred Mountain

Elder Nokomis, with her deep, soothing voice, began to share a tale as children settled around the evening fire. "In our land, there's a tale about Lila and the Sacred Mountain," she said, her eyes reflecting the dancing flames.

Lila, a spi ng girl of the village, often ventured to the mount of a at its towering peaks and whispe winds to deep connection, often leaving behing a coken titude for the mountain's beauty.

One winter, the village expense of the second second stores began to deplete. Desperation of the second sec

To her astonishment, the base was covered in a covered in

She gathered the bounty and returned to the village. As they feasted, Lila and ther story. Elder Nokomis, even then a guiding force, remarked, "Through reverence, Lila honored the mountain, and through reciprocity, it provided for us."

The village learned an invaluable lesson. By respecting and giving to nature selflessly, nature often finds its own beautiful ways to give back, cherishing the bond of mutual respect and care.

From that day, the villagers approached the Sacred Mountain and all of nature with deep reverence, understanding the power of reciprocity.

Narrator's Point of View

The narrator's point of view is about who's telling the story. There are three main kinds:

- First-Person: A character in the story is telling it. They use words like "I" and "we." Example: "I found a treasure!"
- Second-Person: The story talks to you, the reader. It makes you a part of the
 adventure. Words like "you" and "your" are used.

 Example: "You find a treasure!"
- Third—n: Someone who isn't in the story tells it. This type uses words
 words "she," and "they."

 Exar od a treasure!"

Each el to the story!

Instructions

e stor ts and decide which point of view is being used.

1) I opened the mysterior	First	Second	Third
2) You find an ancient map.	First	Second	Third
3) We climbed the steep hill.		Second	Third
4) I caught the winning ball.	rst	Second	Third
5) They reach the mountain's peak.	Firs	2/2	Third
6) We found the hidden exit.	~ >	Se	Third
7) She forgot her best friend's birthday.	First		ird
8) You hear a mysterious noise.	First	4	Mird
9) He picks up the phone.	First	Secon	Third

Book Hunt

Look in your classroom for books that are written in different points of view.

Name of Book	Point of View

an alert to

The Story of Forest Fire – Different Points of View

First-Person:

Name:

Hello, I'm Sara, a fire lookout in Yellowstone Park. One day, Chief Warden Jenkins urgently called me into the office.

"Sara, there's a forest fire near Old Faithful. We need to alert all common arounds!" My stomach churned with both fear and response.



horizon y eyes of smoke. I radioed in the location to headquarters, knowing ever on anted

Second-Person:

Picture yourself in my shoes. Sud on the weight of your responsibility. The safety of campers and wildlife become to my Each flick of the radio dial feels immensely important; you know that families at the grounds, probably roasting marshmallows, unaware of the peril.

Your palms are sweaty, your heart races, but you send out; lives to protect.

Third-Person:

As Sara peered through her binoculars, her eyes widened at the sight of smoke ascending towards the sky. Old Faithful, an iconic geyser, was in the vicinity. She thought of all the campers, families, and animals that could be in danger.

Her fingers quickly dialed the radio, relaying the urgent message to the warden's office. "Initiate evacuation procedures! A fire is spreading near Old Faithful!" Her words echoed through radios across the park. Drained but fulfilled, Sara knew she had set the wheels in motion to protect Yellowstone.

Advantages/Disadvantage of Points of View

Version 1: First-Person Point of View

Hey, I'm Liam! You know what's totally awesome? My top pick for a game is Stickball, a traditional Indigenous North American game! It's like lacrosse but way older. We play it as a community event sometimes, even involving our families!

Last Sunday was a thriller! I was part of Team Eagle, and we battled am Wolf. The sticks we used were handmade. I swung the into the goal with finesse. My teammates shouted a u ock!" I felt connected to centuries of tradification of tradifications.



If you want a compared to experiment on sider playing Stickball. You might be call like

Version 2: Second-Pers View

Picture yourself as Liam, a lock of with deep Indigenous roots. It's Sunday, the best day for playing his a gainst Team Wolf.

The handcrafted stick feels comfortable yet sign and in toward the goal, your aim true. Friends are cheer, "Good nergizes you. You're part of a lasting tradition, and it fills you with the ball had not been pergized you. Eagle snags the win by one point. Your face breaks into you are need to something much larger than just a game.

Version 3: Third-Person Point of View

Liam is a young fan of Stickball, a game originating from Indigenous cutes. Each Sunday, like clockwork, he and his community engage in an exciting match. This week, it's Team Eagle versus Team Wolf.

The stick, handcrafted by community elders, feels weighted with history. With skillful movements, Liam throws the ball toward the goal. His friends erupt in cheers, "Go, Liam!" These praises make him feel a sense of belonging and honour. After a tense finale, Team Eagle wins by just a single point. Liam's smile is big; he's not just playing a game, he's honouring a rich cultural heritage.

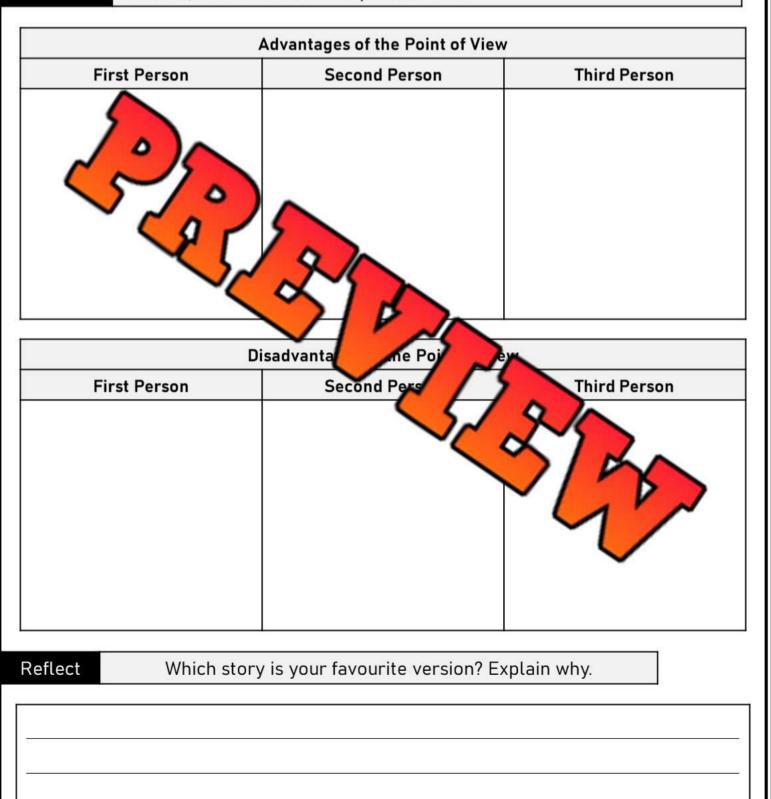
For Liam, Stickball isn't just about scoring points; it's about keeping a valued tradition alive, one Sunday at a time.

Advantages/Disadvantage of Points of View

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Analyze

Read the versions of the short story and describe the benefits/drawbacks of each point of view



Tall Tale - Exaggerated Folk Tale

The Adventures of Zara and the Time-Twisting Twister

In the small town of Twistleton, there lived a girl named Zara, who was no ordinary child. She had a secret power: her laughter could creat twisters! These twisters were playful and harmless, swirling the ling hair, much to the delight of her friends.

Sunny deal of her friends decided to explore the mysterious, are the hat lared their town. As they wentured deeper, and a sunny depend that shimmered

with rainbow light. With our g, Zara ed out loud, and a twister sprang to life, playfully skimming the pond e.

Suddenly, the twister shimmered w, be a Time-Twisting Twister!

Before anyone could react, it whirled the raway in class and to the future. They landed in Twistleton, but it was different – fille flying wering buildings made of glass and light.

In this future, they saw a statue of an older Zara, know the Twistleton." She had saved the town from a great disaster. Amazed the children wanted to return home. Realizing her mistake, Zara focused harming to undo the twister's work. In a blink, they were back in the present, safe and sound.

Zara learned a valuable lesson that day: her powers, though fun, needed to be used thoughtfully. She decided to use her twister-making ability only when it was safe and right. But the glimpse of the future stayed with them, especially the statue of Zara. What great deed would she do? Only time would tell.

From that day, Zara became more careful with her laughter, though she still created mini-twisters to play with her friends. She knew that one day, she might have to use her power for something much more important.

	Name:	106	Curriculum Connection CR5.4		
	Persor	ification & Anthropomorp	hism		
		ool tricks that writers use to make their stories ext magine scenes, feel things, and get the story's mes			
	The state of the s	eans describing something that's not human as if lead and alive. Example: "The moon winke			
	things we'd onl	ere, animals or even objects like toys or cars do y humans to do, like talk or feel emotions. Exampl wn," the rabbits have their own society and talk t			
	Think the s	and find examples of personification and a	nthropomorphism.		
	In a peaceful mea solitude. The tall gra- jubilant celebration. A made by jumping fish.	round hills, Sally the Squirrel often for see the seer of the seer	one to join their		
	On a particular evening, the sunset paint by in the soft orange and pink, as though bidding a warm farewell to the day. Time furtle proking his way through the meadow, was captivated. "Sally, look around! The move wis so given beauty tonight!"				
Feeling the cool breeze stroke her whiskers like the total arching the fireflies glow as if sending her secret messages, Sally couldn't oncur. We got it, Timmy," she said, her spirits lifting. "Some evenings are meadow itself is comforting us, reminding us we're part of some single stroke in the secret messages.					
	Personification		1 /		

Personification

Personification

Personification

Anthropomorphism

Anthropomorphism

Literary Device: Imagery in Narratives

When writers want to make their stories feel super real and alive, they use a special trick called "imagery." **Imagery** is a literary device where authors use detailed and descriptive words to paint pictures in our minds. It's like they're using words to create a movie scene in our heads!

For example, instead of just saying, "It was a nice day," a writer might use imagery to say.

- "The sumblazed brightly in the clear blue sky."
- "Birds weet melodies from the treetops."
- "The sesh flowers filled the air."



Literary Device: Imagery in Narratives

Draw

Read the imagery in the excerpts from the stories below. Draw what you imagine.

The golden sun warmed the vast, open meadow, making daisies nod gently in the light breeze. Butterflies danced from flower to flower, their wings shiming. A babbling stream whispere are earby, its waters spark

The rain pour the postreets shimmen the postreetlights. People colourful umbrellas, the splashing in the puddles. The buildings, draped in mist, stood ke silent, watchful giants.

The busy marketplace was alive with bright colours and loud, happy voices selling fresh food. You could smell sweet fruits and spicy aromas swirling together as people moved from stall to stall. In the sunshine, the fresh fish sparkled like silver beside a stall filled with big, red tomatoes.

Captain Flint had a long, bushy beard the colour of midnight, and his eyes sparkled like the treasures he sought. He wore a faded red coat with golden buttons, and a parrot, bright and chatty, perched on his shoulder. Every step he took was with confidence, his boots echoing tales of the high seas.



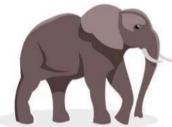
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Curriculum Connection CR5.4

Literary Devices: Simile

A **simile** is a way to describe something by comparing it to something else, using the words "like" or "as." It helps make our writing more interesting and helps people get a better picture of things. For example:

- The pillow was soft as a ball of fur.
- The baby's smile is bright like the sun.
- The pi s big as an elephant.
- The at as fire.



Think

Remaind Merline examples of similes. Then write them below

In the heart of a lush of the attack of the attack of the adventure. His fur was as a soften and his eyes sparkled like stars in the night sky. One sunny morning the horizontal forest was alive with sounds, each leading till antle applause.

As Alfie ventured further, he stumbled upon a mem the stumbled upon a mem the stumbled like a ribbon of silver through the green. Nearby, a butterfly ed in memory of like a ribbon of wings fluttering as softly as a whisper on the breeze. Alfie watched and a guest.

Suddenly, he spotted a berry bush, its fruits as red as rubies. Although em, finding them as sweet as summer's first kiss. With a heart as full of the n, Alfie realized that adventures could be found in every corner of the forest as he hopped back home, eager to share his tales.

Literary Devices: Metaphor

A **metaphor** is a way to talk about one thing by calling it something else. It helps us make a picture in our minds. For example, when we say "The world is a stage," we don't mean it's really a stage, but we understand life better by thinking of it that way.

- The most is a glowing cookie in the sky.
- Her ey hining stars.
- The oo today.
- His ds are de easure.



Think

Read y bel rline the metaphors and circle the similies.

In a quaint village where the plant of the state of the s

Marcus, with eyes wide with wonder, saw the form the market where every leaf played a part in nature's symphony. The bubbling was waters murmuring stories of distant lands.

As the day folded into the arms of twilight, Marcus found a clear of the stars peeked through the leafy dome like shy fireflies. He realized that every smallest light can brighten the darkest night, a beacon of hope in the vast universe.

With a heart full of stories and eyes sparkling with dreams, Marcus journeyed home, his spirit as light as a feather riding the wind.

Literary Device: Humour in Narratives

Using **humour** as a literary device in narratives means using funny words, situations, or characters in a story to make readers laugh or smile. Here's how you can do it:

<u>Exaggeration</u>: Make something much bigger, smaller, or weirder than it actually is. Like saying, "My backpack was so heavy, I felt like I was carrying an elephant!"

<u>Funny Dialogue</u>: Have characters say things in a funny or silly way. For example, wight say, "I forgot how to fly!" when it's just resting.

Silly Sit acters in unexpected or goofy situations. Image a second a fish how to climb a tree!

Funny Charact ate cters with quirky habits or traits, like a dog who believes he's a compared to the cters with quirky habits or traits, like a dog who believes he's a compared to the cters with quirky habits or traits, like a dog who believes he's a compared to the cters with quirky habits or traits, like a dog who believes he's a compared to the cters with quirky habits or traits, like a dog who believes he's a compared to the cters with quirky habits or traits, like a dog who believes he's a compared to the cters with quirky habits or traits, like a dog who believes he's a compared to the cters with quirky habits or traits, like a dog who believes he's a compared to the cters with quirky habits or traits, like a dog who believes he's a compared to the cters with quirky habits or traits.

<u>Play on Words (Puns)</u>: same but have different meanings in a funny way. For instance, "I luck and he said he'd put it on his bill."

<u>Surprising Endings</u>: End the story in a volume of and makes readers laugh. Maybe the scary monster just wanted to row a constant of the story in a volume.

Questions

Answer the question

- 1) **Exaggeration**: Describe a pet that is so big, it could be mis——for
- 2) **Dialogue**: Imagine two animals having a conversation at a bus stop. What do they talk about?

Animal 1

Animal 2

Animal 1

Animal 2

Questions	Answer the questions below.
3) Silly Situations: \	What would happen if you found an alien in your lunchbox at school?
3 27	
*	
4) Fun beforer, wear	Create a character who does everything backward: eats dessert their hands. What's a day in their life like?
	S
2	
	
5) Play on Words (F	Puns): Describe a bakery run by What "purr-fect" pastries
might they sell?	3-/ 8/
27	
9:	
· 斯	
- 10	
6) Surprising Ending rescue a dragon from	ngs: Tell the ending of a story about a knight who goes on a quest to
rescue a uragorrire	лпа ріпісезэ.

Sequencing the Plot of a Story

- A) Sophia couldn't believe what she was seeing. There, partially covered in soil, was not just any rock, but a meteorite! It sparkled mysteriously, catching her eye as she felt her heart rate soar with excitement. She carefully started to unearth it, using the tools from her geology kit.
- B) Sophia had always been fascinated by space and geology. She devoured books on the solar system, asteroids, and meteorites. Her room was a treasure trove of space-themed decor and small specimens, resembling a junior scientist's lab.
- C) "Sophi made an incredible discovery!" Ms. Davis, her science teacher and astrono work asclaimed. "Don't forget to record all your observations." Sophia nodd a sagan writing down the characteristics of her find in her astronomy journal.
- D) Equipped where togy kind is sting of trowels, magnifiers, and a sturdy journal—state was to a free-school astronomy club. They were on their firster at the where meteorites had reportedly fallen.
- E) Finally, with the meteorite full, sible the laced it in a cushioned box. She was eager to analy the meteorite full sible the laced it in a cushioned box.
- F) The next day at school, Sophia and Ms. Davis screwed to provide. "This is remarkable; it appears to have high iron content."

 Davis at mining it under a microscope. "It might be a part of a larger asteroic."
- G) Stepping off the school bus earlier, Sophia felt a blen. Sophia
- H) The following week, Sophia shared her discovery with the astron peers listened with rapt attention as she outlined the meteorite's unique proper me felt immense pride; not only had she made a scientific contribution, but her dream of becoming an astronomer was also a step closer to realization.

С	-	~	•	-	2	-	-
Э	u	u	u	е	П	u	e

Write the order of the story using the letters for each paragraph. Then draw what you visualized when you read the story.

Plot Sequency

Narrative Writing - Cause and Effect

In stories, "cause and effect" shows that one event occurs as a result of another. It's like a series of connected actions.

- <u>Cause</u>: The snow falls. <u>Effect</u>: Kids go sledding.
- Cause: You practice piano. Effect: You play better songs.
- · Cause: A firework explodes. Effect: People look up and cheer.



Instructions

Name:

Is the underlined part of the sentence the cause or effect?

	22	
The my he trees sway wildly.	Cause	Effect
He pressed the he ator started moving.	Cause	Effect
The chef added spire ving 45 h flavour.	Cause	Effect
The ball hit the window, cr gla	Cause	Effect
The storm arrived suddenly, forcing ever door	Cause	Effect
The car ran out of fuel, causing it to stop.	Cause	Effect
The alarm clock rang, waking her up from sleep.	ause	Effect
The rain poured down, making the streets wet and slipper.	MY	Effect
The <u>door slammed shut</u> , causing a loud noise to echo.	1	Effect

Think

Think of either the cause or effect that matches below.

Cause	Effect
She waters the plants,	
	so now you are tired
They ignored the instructions,	
	so you took a nap.

Name:

The Beginning of Democracy

The Beginning of Democracy: The Story of Athena City

In a bustling city called Athena City, a wise leader named Marcus had a big idea. "Why should only a few people decide everything?" he wondered. "Let's give everyone a chance to have their say!"

His son, Lee eally excited about this. "Wow, Dad, this could change hought. He started making signs and flyers to let be known new idea, which Marcus called "democracy."



Around the same time, a hor out Marcus's idea. "Democracy, huh? This could be a real game-change aid Marcus with a plan. "What if we start with a small group of people making de get Then we can see how it goes."

Leo was daydreaming about how cool it would be we ever voting on important stuff. But then he realized not everyone was happened things. "Oh no, some people are against this idea," he to be ling own.

Marcus liked Mayor Olivia's idea and they started with a small council gular folks. This meant that Leo's dream of everyone voting right away had to w

After a little bit of time, the city saw what happened when more people helped make decisions. Parks got cleaner. Schools got better. People were happier. Marcus and Mayor Olivia gathered data to show that democracy was working.

The effect was amazing! People felt like they had a voice, and they took better care of their city. For Leo, it was like a dream come true. He saw how one idea could make a big difference for everyone. Democracy didn't just change the rules; it changed people's lives, making the city a better place to live for everyone.

Fantasy Story - Predicting

The Secret of the Cosmic Crystal

Once upon a time, in the small, peaceful town of Galaxyville, there lived a curious boy named Jake and his clever sister, Mia. They were fascinated by stars and planets and often dreamt about space adventures. One clear, starry night, while they were gazing at the sky through their telescope, they spotted a mysterious light falling into the nearby forest.

Excit and curious, Jake and Mia decided to investigate. The next morning, with backpacks the snacks and a flashlight, they set off towards the forest the forest follow of sterious light.

in the house forest, they discovered a hidden cave. The walls of the ark blike a sky filled with different colors of the side, the discovered a hidden ark blike a sky filled with different colors of the side, the discovered a hidden ark blike a sky filled with different colors of the side, the discovered a hidden ark blike a sky filled with different colors of the side of the

Suddenly, a robe early the cave, "Protect the Cosmic Cryst" rax!"



Prediction

Stop and predict w thinky pon next in the story?

1) Who do you think is Zorax? Can it be an evil control er?
2) What do you think the Cosmic Crystal means and why does it nee
3) Continue the story by writing the ending.

Name:	
-------	--

Startled, Jake and Mia turned around to see a robot, rusty but friendly, who introduced himself as Orbit. Orbit explained that the crystal had the power to create or destroy entire planets. The evil alien, Zorax, was after it to conquer the universe.

Jake and Mia knew they had to act fast to keep the crystal safe. They teamed up with Orbit to hide the crystal in a place where no one, especially Zorax, could find it. As they journeyed deeper into the forest, Zorax, fierce and determined, followed them closely.



In a thrilling chase, Jake, Mia, and Orbit dodged Zorax's traps, using their cleverness and quick to a safe, unknown location.

active e space aburst of colorful light, the crystal vanished, sent to a secret place far way in the dark, Jake and Mia quickly active e space aburst of colorful light, the crystal vanished, sent to a secret place far way in the dark to space in anger.

After the country out of the Mia, and Orbit celebrated their victory. They had saved their planet a ssible to the They walked back home, under the twinkling stars, knowing their security is a special memory. Galaxyville remained a peaceful place, of the who had protected it from the shadows. Jake and Mia looked up at the samily new adventure.

Evaluation

Answer the following question

1) Was your predic	ction about the story, correct? If no, was it nt?
2) Use two charac	ter traits to describe Orbit and explain why you chose those traits.
Character Trait	Explanation

Drama Story - The Lost Melody

The Lost Melody

Once in a small coastal town, there lived a girl named Emma, who loved music

more than anything else in the world. Music was her escape, he was and her connection to her mother, who had been to plan it plants before she passed away. Emm to her's old plano, a beautiful, albeit stantly or to her world. Music was her escape, he was any her sold plano, a beautiful, albeit stantly or to her sold plano, a beautiful, onstrument that sat in the corner of their to m.



One day, a fierce storm hit to an an arrive tess waves crashed against Emma's home, flooding the lower flood and an anny of their belongings, including the cherished piano. Emma was hear the en; in the lost her home, but the piano felt like her last connects the lower silenced.

In the weeks that followed, the community came together to revolunteers was Mr. Harmon, the music teacher from Emma's school sticed Emma's quiet despair and learned about the damaged piano. Understanding the depth of her loss, Mr. Harmon offered to help repair it.

As they worked on the piano together, Emma shared stories of her mother, and Mr. Harmon shared his own story of finding solace in music after losing his wife. Their conversations were filled with moments of sadness and laughter, and a bond formed between the teacher and his student.

Drama Story - The Lost Melody

The emotional theme of coping with loss and finding hope was ever-present. Emma struggled with her grief, but as the piano slowly came back to life under their careful hands, so did her spirit. She realized that her connection to her mother wasn't just in the piano itself but in the love for music they shared.

The control of the piano was finally restored mma it, her fingers trembling. With the town of to cell the rebuilding efforts, she played have been iece. The music swelled, filling the lith everyone there. It was a moment of the testament to her character's growth resilience.



As the notes faded, the room erupted in applause. Emma tooke Harmon, her eyes shining with tears of gratitude. She had lost much and gained a mentor and friend who helped her see that her mother's melody would always be with her, in every note she played.

The story concluded with Emma and Mr. Harmon starting a fundraiser to repair other instruments damaged in the storm, bringing music back into the lives of many. Emma's journey had shown her the power of community and the healing strength of sharing one's passion.

Name:	127	Curriculum Connection CR5.4
Character Analysis	Describe Emma. Think about her personality, interests, and in the story. Write at least three sentences about her chara	
-		
	_	
Evaluation	Ref of ver the following questions abou	t the story
1) What is	the main there ry: If yout the overall message	or lesson.
2) How did	the story make you feel? Did it inspire y ake ious	or feel comething
	the story make you feel? Did it inspire value ious ain your feelings.	, or feel something
3) Explain	how the three emotions below were portrayed in the story.	<u> </u>
Sad		
Нарру		
Proud		

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Curriculum Connection CR5.4

Narrative Structure

Understanding Narrative Structure

Narrative structure is like a blueprint for a story. It helps to organize the events in a way that makes the story interesting and easy to follow. Identifying the key elements of a story is called **Story Mapping**. Let's break down what narrative structure involves.

Beginning urney: Introduction

Every story with an introduction. Here, we meet the main characters and learn thich is where and when the story takes place. The introduction also so hint about the story's main problem or what the adventure might

Building the Excite Riv

As we move on, we read the long ac This part is all about build the long adding challenges. The character of a going to happen next?" This keeps us

NÄRRATIVE/

t make us wonder, "What's of find out more.

The Story's Peak: Climax

The climax is the most thrilling part of the stores the waiting for, where the main problem or conflict received to peak. The characters must face their biggest challenge, and even feet the stores of exciting.

The Adventure Winds Down: Falling Action

After the climax, we enter the falling action. Things start to calm down as the characters deal with the aftermath of the climax. They work through the remaining challenges and start to find solutions.

Wrapping Up: Resolution

Finally, every story needs a resolution, where all the loose ends are tied up. The characters have learned important lessons, and the main problem is solved, one way or another. This part leaves us feeling satisfied, knowing how everything turned out for the characters we've been rooting for.

By following this structure, stories can take us on incredible journeys, filled with ups and downs, and leave us feeling like we've been part of something special.

Answer

Which part of the narrative structure is described?

- 1) The part where everything reaches a thrilling peak where outcomes hang in the balance.
- 2) The part where all the story's threads come together, leaving us with a clear ending.
- 3) The part where we get to know who's in the story and where it's happening.
- 4) The part tensions rise as challenges appear, making us wonder when appen next.
- 5) The problem of the start to calm down, and solutions to problem econe control of the start to calm down, and solutions to

Identify

the the the story you think this sentence is from.

During the science factory period can be bubble and hiss, drawing a crowd conlors.	Falling Action	Rising Action
2) In a daring move, Hugo leapt on the grasping the cold metal railing in time.	Introduction	Climax
3) After the storm passed, the villagers emerged their homes untouched, a miracle they couldn't explanation.	lling	Rising Action
4) The once cursed forest flourished again, with the vil and wildlife living in harmony.	eso	Climax
5) As the sun rose, Ethan found the lost puppy, bringing it back to its grateful owner, Mrs. Bianca.		ng Action
6) With the final spell cast, the room went silent, and the once menacing shadows vanished into thin air.	Climax	Resolution
7) With each step up the ancient tower, Nora felt the mysterious amulet grow warmer against her skin.	Falling Action	Rising Action
8) On his first day in the new town, Leo made an unlikely friend—a small, talkative parrot.	Introduction	Climax
9) As the storm approached, Maya and her friends hurried to fortify their makeshift fort with branches and leaves.	Falling Action	Rising Action
10) Years later, the friends would reminisce about the summer adventure that brought them closer together.	Resolution	Climax

Story Mapping - Secrets of the Echo Cave

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Once upon a time, in a bustling underwater city hidden deep in the ocean, lived two adventurous friends, Brandon and Marina. They had always dreamt of exploring the mysterious Cave of Echoes, a place full of ancient alien artifacts, but no one dared to enter because of the legendary Guardian that protected it.

One porning, driven by curiosity and the thrill of adventure, Brandon and Marina of the to see the cave for themselves. They equipped themselves with glown weed to set off, swimming past colourful coral reefs and schools of shimmering fis

As they append the coticed strange symbols etched into the growing warnings, they ventured inside, their hearth ong event. The cave was filled with wondrous sight with iridescent crystals, and alien gadget way scatt around, unlike anything they had ever seen.

Suddenly, they encountered the Guardian, a mas cure workling eyes. It spoke in a deep, rumbling voice, expressing its disappoint the idea of the peace of this sacred place of the peace of the cave's secrets.

Understanding their genuine remorse, the Guardian offered them a deal. If they could solve an ancient puzzle, they would be granted a glimpse of the cave's greatest treasure. Working together, they deciphered the puzzle, revealing a hidden chamber filled with alien technology that promised to clean the oceans.

Grateful for the experience and the valuable lesson learned, Brandon and Marina returned home, their minds buzzing with ideas on how to use the newfound technology for the good of their underwater world. They had not only found an incredible adventure but also a way to make a difference.

Characterization

Understanding Characters in Stories

When you read a story, meeting different characters is like meeting new friends or sometimes foes. But how do we get to know them? Let's dive into the world of characters in stories!

What is Corrization?

Character is the way writers share what character it like. Think of it as a recipe that he is und an ho these characters are, from their personnel like.



Types of Characte on

- 1) Direct Characterial Is who author tells us directly what a character is like. For "Al brave." It's straightforward, like a friend telling you about some
- 2) Indirect Characterization: This is take decourse, which is a say, how they interact with others, and what others say at the companion ariver to save a puppy, we figure to save a puppy, we figure to save a puppy.

How to Analyze Characters

To understand characters better, think about these points:

- Looks: What does the character look like? This can tell us a lot a nem.
- Actions: What does the character do? Their actions can show us their true nature.
- Words: What does the character say, and how do they say it? This can reveal their thoughts and feelings.
- Thoughts: What is going on in the character's mind? Sometimes, we get a peek into their thoughts.
- Reactions: How do others react to the character? This can show us how the character fits into their world.

By looking at these aspects, you can become a character detective, uncovering the hidden depths of characters in any story you read!

Instructions Read the sentences below and circle what characterization type is used.

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1) Mia is very kind and always helps her friends, especially when they're feeling sad or need support.	Direct	Indirect
2) When a stray dog wandered onto the playground, Sophie gently took care of it and made sure that it is safe.	Direct	Indirect
3) During group work, Bianca listened intently to everyone's as, and showed interest in all of them.	Direct	Indirect
4) Mrs. B music teacher, is incredibly patient and encourt rudents.	Direct	Indirect
5) Tess a kind irl who loves to help others without expect in rn.	Direct	Indirect
6) When he found, wall the chool ground, Caleb immediately to experience of the conditions of the cond	Direct	Indirect
7) Every lunch break, Dylange f and g a book under his favourite tree, comparely e	Direct	Indirect
8) During the long walk for the field clsie st interesting stories to keep everyone entertains	Direct	Indirect
9) Miss Green, our librarian, is knowledgeable sharing interesting facts with us.		Indirect
10) After winning the race, Simon did not boast his victor and made sure to shake hands with every competitor.		ect
11) Leo is quite mischievous and often comes up with playful pranks.	Direc	Indirect
12) Coach Bennett is passionate about sports and inspires us to do our best no matter what happens.	Direct	Indirect
13) In the middle of the chaos, Grace found a way to solve the problem without any fuss.	Direct	Indirect
14) Without hesitation, Mia jumped into the game, even though she had never played before.	Direct	Indirect
15) Principal Harvey is strict but fair, and he values honesty above all.	Direct	Indirect

Characterization – Finley's Fantasy

In a magical garden filled with twinkling lights and whispering flowers, there lived a curious creature named Finley. Finley wasn't like anyone you've ever seen before; with wings shimmering in a kaleidoscope of colours and eyes that sparkled like stars, this being was truly or of a kind.

Finle the remarkable ability to change colours withey felt, turning blue when sad, it en excit to een when content. This made Finley a tio lping everyone understand how to with a word.



When the light faded, standing beine Finley shy gnome named Alastair.

Alastair had been trapped in the rock for ages, ley's had set him free.

Grateful for his freedom, Alastair promised to grant unit.

Finley thought hard. They had the power to wish for g by a down already had what mattered most: a magical garden full of friends are express their feelings in the most extraordinary way. So, Finley wished for a arden to remain a safe haven for all magical beings, where everyone could live in harmony.

Alastair nodded, and with a wave of his hand, the garden glowed even brighter, its magic stronger and more inviting than ever. Finley and Alastair became fast friends, and together, they looked after their enchanted garden, making sure it was a place where every creature, big or small, felt welcomed and loved.

Finley, with their ever-changing colours and kind heart, reminded everyone that it's our differences that make us special and that understanding each other's feelings can create a world filled with magic and friendship.

Name:

Instructions

Characterize Finley. In the middle draw what you think they look like and answer the questions related to their personality.



Curriculum Connection CR5.1

Story - Comparing Identities

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Rowan - The Kind And Brave-hearted Boy

In a small village surrounded by rolling hills and lush greenery lived a boy named Rowan.

Rowan was known for his fiery red hair and a heart full of courage. Unlike other children in the villation of spent their days playing by the stream or running through the meadows was often found helping the elderly with their chores or saving little creations.

One sunny aft wan sturning from the market, he noticed a group ldrer e und something at the edge of the woods. As he set he set he set bird with a broken wing, its eyes filled with The eddin't

know what to do, but Rowan stepped for Althou tion. Gently, he picked up the bird, whispering words of comfort.

Rowan's kindness didn't stop with animals. When a now oved it village, their son, Aiden, found it hard to make friends. Noticing An eli was the first to extend his hand in friendship, inviting Aiden to join in the vill

The true test of Rowan's character came one stormy night when lightning ack the old mill, setting it ablaze. The mill was close to the homes, and the flames threatened the entire village. While the adults were busy fetching water, Rowan remembered the old firebreak path his grandfather had once shown him. Without a second thought, he led a group of villagers to clear the path, stopping the fire from spreading further and saving the village.

Rowan's bravery, kindness, and quick thinking made him a hero in the eyes of the villagers. But for Rowan, it was simply about doing what felt right in his heart.

Block 5: Persuasive Texts

Focus

- ✓ Vocabulary, grammar, cohesive ties, sentence structure in persuasive texts
- ✓ Critical thinking skills for understanding persuasive texts
- ✓ Diversity, inclusion, and accessibility themes in persuasive writing
- ✓ Making inferences after reading local inferences and global inferences using explicit and implicit evidence – do you believe the text? Has it changed your opinion?
- Examining different perspectives
- ✓ Reading Comprehension Strategy: Inferencing

Persuasive Writing Advertisement

🗱 Elevate Your Writing Skills in Our Persuasive Writing Class! 🎇

Hey Remarkable Grade 5s! Have you ever dreamed of becoming an influential writer? Want to hone your skills to persuasively express your opinions? This class is perfect for you!



What

Not just a word lawyer—be the judge and jury of your own ideas! Persuasi Com Craft intricate sentences that capture attention

ic terms and use impactful words like "crucial," Dynamic Vocal

"advocate," and

Why Mastering Persuas

Elevate Your Ideas: Showcase the prilli ts with compelling arguments.

Artistic Expression: Go beyond simple of ption; agery with your language.

Informed Debates: Engage in intellectual debates, p. o well organized written form.

Empowerment: Gain self-confidence as you learn to express your

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Sign up now and let your words not only talk but inspire! 🖵 🐈

True or False

Is the statement true or false?

1) Only a formal voice is used in persuasive writing	True	False
2) Persuasive Writing is boring.	True	False
3) This class will teach you to be a "word lawyer."	True	False
4) Being persuasive sometimes means friendly debates.	True	False
5) Choosing engaging words isn't important in persuasive writing.	True	False

Questir

Answer the questions below.

1) Whatersuas

2) Write more engaging and persuasive

s for ords below.

Original Word	Option 1	tion 2	3	Option 4
Sad				
Wise				
Excited				7
Tall				1 /
Healthy				

3) Why would the jobs below need good persuasive skills?

e,,	gp
Sales Representative	
Negotiator	
Journalist	
Lawyer	

Name:	147

Curriculum Connection CR5.2

Persuasive Writing – Multiple Perspectives

Perspective 1: Homework Should Be Abolished

You know, homework is just not fair! After spending the whole day in school, we have to come home and do even more work? Imagine this: It's a sunny day, and you can hear your friends playing outside. They're having the time of their lives while you're stuck inside, writing an essay about a book you didn't even want to read. You're missing out on playing tag, soccer, or just hanging out. It feels like we're in school all day and night! What about family time? We should be able to have dinner and talk with our families without strong about homework.

Perspect Should Not Be Abolished

Acco Harris Cooper, who has done extensive research on the ove learning and help students perform better in school. subject, mewo Studies show omework regularly score 50% better on standardized to over teaches important skills like time management and self-discipline. at for future success in both school and work. The Canadian Des commends that students spend approximately 5 minutes i ork. For a 5th grader, that's only about 25 minutes a day, leaving activities.

Think Critically

Answer the questions be

1) Which text is mor	e persuasive? Ex	xplain your op	5 3	1 → 0	MEWORK
2) Which text uses fa	acts? Do facts he	elp the author b	e more persuas	sive?	
3) Which text uses e	motions? Do you	u think being em	otional is pers	uasive?	

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Curriculum Connection

Inferences - Persuasive Writing Advertisement

Boost Your School Grades with Our Amazing Study Planner!

Hey students, are you tired of forgetting assignments and feeling overwhelmed with schoolwork? Get organized and stress-free with our super cool Study Planners!

Why Pick Our Study Planners?

ur work 20% faster, you'll have more time for games, sports, or If you fini hanging / friends! More fun = happy life!

- earch shows that kids who plan their work forget 30% ablassian
- by 20% by knowing what's due and when! Save Time your
- ☑ Built to Last: Our pl tough materials that can survive the whole school year!

Numbers Speak Volumes!

- 92% of our users said they felt more organi
- 86% reported less stress!
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Name:	152
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Inferences - Implicit or Explicit Evidence

 Explicit Evidence: This is when something is told to you straight up, so there's no guessing needed.

Example: Your mom says, "Dinner is at 6 PM," so you know for sure when it's time to eat.

 Implicit Evidence: This is when something isn't said out loud, but you can still figure it out.

<u>Example</u>: Yor dog keeps running to the door and wagging its tail, so you guess that it wants to go walk.

Instru

e provided is explicit, meaning it's directly stated. Form a concern conduction of the conduction of t

Example – Evil he sto at 9 PM.

Conclusion d bread before 9PM.

1) Explicit Evidence She is wong a Conclusion

2) Explicit Evidence The sign says 'Out of Oro

3) Explicit Evidence He is brushing his teeth and it is dark out.

Conclusion

4) Explicit Evidence The game starts at 8:00 a.m. It takes you 30 minutes to get ready.

Conclusion

5) Explicit Evidence The oven timer is beeping.

Conclusion

6) Explicit Evidence The teacher handed out art supplies.

Conclusion

Name:			
Ivallie.			

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Curriculum Connection CR5.2

Inferences - Persuasive Writing Advertisement

Dear Students.

I hope you're all having a fantastic time learning and having fun. Today, I want to chat about something super key: being eco-friendly at school.

Our school is amazing, kind of like a clean, happy planet. On Earth, every tree, ocean, and animal has a part to play to keep it healthy. Similarly, each one of you can do something special to make our school greener.

Being eco v means caring for our planet. When we recycle, save water, and don't waste el v means caring for our planet. When we recycle, save water, and don't waste el v means caring for our planet. When we recycle, save water, and don't waste el v means caring for our planet.

Ever the department of the hallways? They're not just for show! If you shomeous plastic bottle in the trash, maybe guide them to the re

Let's remember, ons mence. By being eco-friendly, our planet—just like school est it can be.

Thanks for your time, and together we our school awesome!

Cheers, Principal Johnson



Local Inferences

Write 3 things the principal experiment. The liece of evidence is provided. Then draw control from the things.

Evidence	Each one of you can do something special to make of
Conclusion	
<u> </u>	
F. dana	

Evidence	
Conclusion	

Evidence	
Conclusion	

Elements in Persuasive Writing

Persuasive writing uses special words and tricks to convince you to think or act a certain way. Elements like promises, dares, flattery, and comparisons are used because they grab your attention and can make their point seem more appealing to you.



- Promises: When someone tells you they'll do something good if you do what they a t's like saying, "If you clean your room, you'll get extra screen time."
- Dare ill a challenge. It's when someone tries to get you to do
 "I bet you can't do this," making you want to prove them
- Flattery: I som ives you compliments or says nice things about you to make yel go o you'll agree with them or do what they want.
- Comparisons: This is the purple of thing is better than something else, like saying, "This chocol is the purple of the purple of

Instructions

Read the persuasive,

isem

Discover the Ultimate Adver

Join the Journey of a Lifetime!

Are you ready for an adventure that will whisk you away to lands filled with mystery, magic, and mayhem? Dare to dive into the pages of "Adventures Beyond Imagination" and embark on a journey like no other. This isn't just any book—it's your ticket to worlds unseen and challenges untold!



Be the Hero You're Meant to Be!

Every hero needs a story, and we promise, yours is just waiting to unfold within these pages. Every page you turn is a chance to prove yourself as the bravest, smartest, and most cunning hero of all. You won't just read about adventures; you'll live them! Think of the most exciting story you know, and then imagine something ten times more thrilling—that's what awaits you!

Unlock Your Inner Genius!

Who says heroes aren't brilliant? "Adventures Beyond Imagination" isn't just about daring deeds—it's a celebration of smarts and strategy. We flatter ourselves in saying that we've crafted puzzles and mysteries that will stretch your mind and sharpen your wits. Compare this to any game or quiz you've faced before, and we promise you'll find this infinitely more engaging!

A World of Wonders Awaits!

Imagine a place where every chapter is a new adventure, every page a door to another read. We promise, no two journeys are the same. Dare to compare with any story read before; this book will take you further, make you dream bigger, breathless with wonder.

Your Awaits!

Why settle for the way of you can experience the extraordinary?

"Adventures of aginar comises excitement, dares you to dream, flatters your interface, an amatched in a world of comparisons. Are you ready to step into the world of comparisons. Are

Elements

Find and quote two xam elements used in the tex

he following persuasive

Promise	
Dare	
Flattery	
Comparison	

Block 6: Expository Writing

<u>Focus</u>

Reports

- ✓ Text features like bold, hyperlinks, etc.
- ✓ Making inferences after reading
- ✓ Read reports written by indigenous groups that share their history
- ✓ Reading Comprehension Strategy: Summarizing

Procedural Writing

- ✓ Reading how-to-guides
- ✓ Comparing procedural writing

Comprehension – Text Features in Reports

What are Body Systems and Human Health?

The human body is like a well-oiled machine with different parts working together. These parts are organized into systems that have special jobs. Understanding these systems helps us keep healthy.

Key Body

- Res Helps you breathe. Lungs take in oxygen de.
- Circulator
 he blood, and veins work together to bod all ody.
- Nervous System: Includes your brain cord serves.
 This system controls everything your.

Why is Health Important?

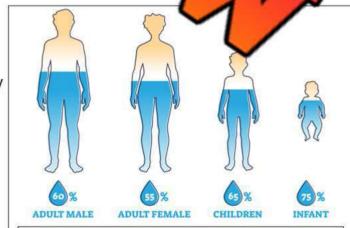
Staying healthy means all these systems can do their, and getting enough sleep are key ways to stay healthy.

Ways to Stay Healthy

- 1) Eating fruits and vegetables
- 2) Exercising for at least 30 minutes a day
- 3) Sleeping for 8-9 hours a night
- 4) Drinking plenty of water

Signs You Should Visit a Doctor

If you're feeling really tired, have a lot of pain, or can't breathe well, it's a sign something might be wrong. Doctors can e



Caption: Water in the Human Body by Age

something might be wrong. Doctors can examine you and suggest what to do next.

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exercising,

Cause and Effect Report – Deforestation

Introduction

Deforestation is when large areas of trees are cut down or removed. This report explains why deforestation happens and what effects it has on our planet



Causes of

1) Far

One many use of on is to clear land for farms where people can grow food.

Also, trees are make for people to live and build houses.

2) Wood and Paper

Trees are a source of woo in furnit paper products like books and happen

wildings. They are also used to make

Effects of Deforestation

1) Harm to Animals

When trees are removed, animals lose their homes. The state of the sta

2) Climate Change

Trees help in absorbing carbon dioxide, a gas that contributes to climate decimal. When trees are cut down, more of this gas stays in the air, leading to a warmer planet.

3) Soil Problems

Trees help hold soil in place. Without trees, soil can be washed away by rain, making it harder to grow plants in the future.

Conclusion

Deforestation is a serious issue. It leads to loss of animal homes, contributes to climate change, and causes soil erosion. By understanding these causes and effects, we can find better ways to protect our forests and the environment.

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■ Somewhat difficult

■ Neutral

☐ Very easy

□ Easy

☐ Very difficult

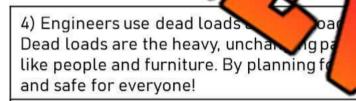
Summarizing Practice

Summarize

Write a summary of the passage. Start with the main idea, then add the supporting details.

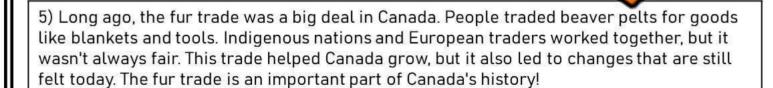


3) Inclusion is like gym class where everyone is picked for a team. Nobody feels left out! When schools practice inclusion, students learn how to work together and solve problems. This makes the classroom a better place for learning and growing. So, including everyone means we



re buildings and bridges are safe.

e loads are the moving things
engin ke structures that are strong



Report - Justice

Introduction to Justice

Justice embodies the principle of fairness and equity, where individuals receive treatment and resources according to their rights and needs. It is a foundational element for peaceful coexistence and societal stability.

Global Jus tistics

- Legs W Idwide: Over 190 countries have established legal systems aimed
 tumg ju the efficiency and fairness of these systems vary significantly.
- Access to xing by 5.1 billion people, or two-thirds of the world's population, to plete stice, including legal protections and resolutions to dispersions.
- Incarceration Rates: The very monoton rate stands at 145 prisoners per 160,000 mgn og disparities in crime, law enforcement and justice tem

Key Components of Justice

- <u>Equality Before Law</u>: Every individual, regardless on the law.
- Resource Distribution: Nearly 10% of the world's population live overty and the richest 1% own almost half of the world's wealth

The Importance of Justice

Justice is crucial for maintaining social harmony and protecting individual rights. It ensures that societal conflicts are resolved in a manner that respects the dignity and rights of all involved.

Justice remains an ideal yet to be fully realized globally. Efforts to enhance legal access, fairness, and equity are essential for building societies where every individual can thrive.

Note-taking means writing down important information to help you remember it later. You listen or read carefully and write down the main points or ideas. Then you can look at your notes later to help you understand or remember what you read.

Note-taking Read the justice report and take notes in the graphic organizer below.

List Key Terms

Questions I Have About The Report

Words I Need To Define

f Main Points

Report - Forests

Introduction to Forests

Forests are vast areas filled with trees, plants, and wildlife. They play a crucial role in maintaining the Earth's health by providing homes for animals, purifying the air, and offering valuable resources such as wood.

Size and Detribution

Forests combout 31% of the Earth's land surface, hearly 4 billion hectares. Imagination about the size of a spot of me of with the most forest a pinch of the Earth's land Canal Can



forest as a included Broil, and Canada, showcasing to do ead not of these vital ecosystems.

Types of Forests

There are several types ea ea igue characteristics:

- Rainforests: Located new equipments receive a lot of rainfall and are known for their rich biouiver
- Boreal Forests: Found in the nor region see e dense with coniferous trees like pine and spruce.
- <u>Deciduous Forests</u>: These forests, where she are common in areas with four distinct seasons.

Wildlife in Forests

Forests are bustling with life, housing over half of the terrestriction of the animals include the Amazon's jaguar and the bald eagle in Noi An forests. These diverse habitats are crucial for the survival of countless spec

Importance of Forests

Forests are very important for the Earth. They take in carbon dioxide and give out oxygen, which helps fight climate change. They also keep the soil healthy and prevent flooding.

Conservation Efforts

To preserve these natural treasures, global efforts include:

- Planting trees to restore deforested areas.
- Ensuring forests are used in a way that maintains their health and biodiversity.
- Establishing reserves and parks to safeguard untouched forest regions.

Curriculum Connection CR5.2, CR5.4

Scanning or **skimming** a text means quickly looking through a written document to find specific information or keywords without reading everything in detail. It's like searching for clues without reading every single word. You glance at the titles, pictures, and some sentences to understand what the text is mostly about.

Skim And Scan Skim and scan the text of the report by quickly looking through it and then answer the following questions.

	Questions	Answers
1)	Ho ne hectare?	
2)	n cour forest areas?	
3)	Where are rests / 0	
4)	What type of forests a the	
5)	What trees dominate boreal fores	
6)	Do deciduous trees keep their leaves all year	
7)	How much of terrestrial species live in forests?	
8)	Which predator is found in the Amazon?	
9)	What is one benefit of forests to soil?	
10)	Can forests prevent natural disasters?	
11)	How many hectares of Earth's surface do forests cover?	
12)	Where is the bald eagle found?	

Reports - First Nations People

Diversity of First Nations People in Canada

Introduction

Culture / O wes

First on sare rich in traditions and culture ach grows own way of life, including distinct cerement, as st. For example, the Haida people as st. for sem poles, while the Cree are known their same in There are me



the Cree are know the There are more than 630 First Nations communities in Canada over ferent languages.

Socio-Economic Status

First Nations people face various charges. May be munities are in remote areas, making it hard to access jobs, healthcarged ed. In Despite these obstacles, First Nations people work in various eers sts to teachers, contributing significantly to Canadian society.

Abilities and Age

First Nations communities value the abilities and wisdom of all energetic youth to the respected elders. Elders are especially share knowledge and traditions with younger generations.

Gender and Sexual Orientation

First Nations cultures often respect diverse gender identities and sexual orientations. For example, some communities recognize Two-Spirit people, who carry both masculine and feminine spirits, playing special roles in their societies.

First Nations Contributions

- Art: Totem poles, paintings, and beadwork.
- Knowledge: Traditional medicines and environmental stewardship.
- Languages: Preservation and revival of indigenous languages.
- Community: Strong sense of community and support for all members.

Name: 182		Curriculum Connection CR5.1
Prior Knowledge	What do you already know about First Nations p	eople in Canada?
-		
8		
	relate any of your experiences or knowledge to virst Nations people?	what you've read
	ast Nation's people:	
	9	
	V/2/	
Reflect	Answ oll o jons.	
1) Reflect on the	challenges faced by Natio m ities as	mentioned in the
		enges.
-		
W.		
<u>-</u>		1
17		
-		
2) Why is it impor	tant to respect and learn about different cultures	including First
Nations cultures?		, including rirst
<u>s</u>		<u> </u>
<u></u>		

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What is Procedural Writing?

What is Procedural Writing?

Procedural writing is a form of writing that guides us through the steps of completing a task. It can be compared to the instructions found in a manual for assembling furniture or the steps listed in a recipe. This style of writing is crucial because it provides clear guidance or how to achieve a specific outcome, ensuring we follow the act process.



Feature Writing

- text begins with a title that clearly indicates the task.
- List Mater sen a list of all items required before outlining the steps, en
- Sequential he in the pare organized in a sequential order, often with numbering aid order.
- Clear Directions: The use ightforward and easy to comprehend, avoiding a fus
- Command Verbs: It frequently en such as 'write', 'fold', or 'insert'.
- Illustrations or Diagrams: Often, visuals are tudeous a better understanding of the steps involved.

Example: Crafting a Simple

Materials:

A square piece of paper

Steps:

- Place the paper on a flat surface, with one corner pointing towards you.
- 2) Fold the paper in half by bringing the bottom corner up to meet the top corner, forming a triangle.
- 3) Take the left and right corners of the triangle and fold them upwards to meet at the top point.
- 4) Gently pull the two layers at the bottom apart to open up your origami boat.
- 5) Your origami boat is now ready to be displayed or used in water play!

This example illustrates how procedural writing can guide us in creating a simple origami boat. By following the steps outlined, we can achieve the desired result effectively.

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Prereading

Before reading, answer the questions below.

Before reading, decide why you are reading this. Is it because your teacher told you to? Or is it because it looks interesting? How does that affect how you read it?

May the seen instructions before? When do you get instruction Connects of you read them? When have you used instructions?

Order

Order the steps below from the first step to the to in boat.

Take the left and right corners of the triangle and fold them upwards to meet at the top point.

Your origami boat is now ready to be displayed or used in water play!

Gently pull the two layers at the bottom apart to open up your origami boat.

Fold the paper in half by bringing the bottom corner up to meet the top corner, forming a triangle

Place the paper on a flat surface, with one corner pointing towards you.

Name:

Curriculum Connection CR5.4

Linear Text - Recipes - Ordering Steps

Examine

The information in the procedural writing is in the wrong order. Number what should come first, second, third, and so on.



Order	Information					
5	Take small amounts of the mixture and roll them into balls about the e of a golf ball.					
~ ~	Spaghetti With Meatballs Recipe					
4	In pan used for meatballs, pour in tomato sauce and bring					
	In powl the beef, bread crumbs, egg, salt, pepper, and garlic functions with the cour hands to mix well.					
	rials					
	 Spaghetti noodle Ground beef (about 500 grams) Bread crumbs (1/4 cup) 1 egg Salt (1 teaspoon) 					
	In a large pan, heat olive oil over medium heat. and cook until brown on all sides. Remove meatballs from pan.					
	Once spaghetti is cooked, use a colander to drain the water out.					
	Fill a large pot with water and a pinch of salt. Bring it to a boil.					
	Put the meatballs back in the pan with the tomato sauce. Cover and let it simmer for about 10 minutes.					
	Place spaghetti on a plate, top with meatballs and sauce. Sprinkle some grated cheese on top if you like.					
	Add spaghetti noodles to boiling water and cook according to the package instructions until they are soft.					

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Graphics in Procedural Writing – Handwashing

Label

Pictures in procedural texts are important because they help us understand what to do. Write instructions below each picture.



Following Instructions – Drawing an Inuksuk

191

Draw

Follow the procedural text below to draw an inuksuk.

Title	Drawing an Indigenous Inuksuk: A Fun Art Adventure!
Materi	- A blank sheet of paper - A pencil Fraser red pencils (optional)
Introduction	Ar & a stone landmark used by the Inuit people for navigation, reconce, a marker for travel routes, fishing places, unting the land more. These structures are significant in ture to cooperation, balance, and unspoken comm
Step 1	Start by draw the bound of the the boun
Step 2	Resting on the foundation stone ray rectangles for the body stones, making sure the sightly ont in size .
Step 3	On top of the center body stones, add a thinner rectangle that is longer than the body stones. The balance stone that sits across the body stones. (like ders)
Step 4	Above the balance stone, place a smaller, slightly rounded stone by drawing an oval shape. This is the head of the inuksuk.
Step 5	Add details to your stones by giving them some texture with light, curved lines to mimic the rough surface of real stones.
Step 6	Go over your drawing with a darker pencil or pen to make your inuksuk stand out.
Finish	If you like, colour your inuksuk using colored pencils or markers, choosing natural stone colors like grey, brown, or black.

Following Instructions – Drawing an Inuksuk

Draw

Draw your inuksuk below.



Name:

Curriculum Connection CR5.3

Following Read Aloud Instructions

Draw

Carefully listen to the instructions your teacher is giving. Draw the monster and then check if your drawing matches the instructions.

Title	Drawing a Monster					
Materials	blank sheet of paper cil ur cils (optional)					
Step 1	States a gray ound circle in the middle of your paper. This will be the er's h					
Step 2	Inside the cure two lands and shapes for eyes. Make sure they're a bit apart.					
Step 3	Under the eyes, draw a will place the mouth. You can add a few square shapes along the last olook leeth					
Step 4	Below the head, draw a rectangle e bo need to be perfect, as monsters come in all shape.					
Step 5	On each side of the body, draw two long wigg pe					
Step 6	At the end of each arm, add a hand by drawing a circumoning out for fingers. Make 8 fingers in each hand for the monst					
Step 7	Under the body, draw lines for legs. Make the monster have three legs. It will look more like a monster if it has zigzag legs.					
Step 8	At the bottom of each leg, draw a shape that looks like a boot for the feet. Monsters usually have big, stompy feet!					
Step 9	On top of the head, add some squiggly lines for hair. Make them wild and rough to look like a monster.					
Step 10	Now, the fun part! Colour the monster how you like. Make it bright and colourful. Let your imagination run wild!					

Following Instructions – Drawing a Monster

Draw

Draw the monster below.



Block 7: Poetry

Focus

- ✓ Literary devices in poetry imagery and humour
- ✓ Reading Comprehension Strategy: Visualizing
- ✓ Making inferences based on implicit evidence in a variety of poems.
- ✓ Critical thinking
- ✓ Read poems written by indigenous groups

Curriculum Connection AR5.1, CR5.4

Types of Poems

Poetry is an enchanting way to share feelings, concepts, and narratives. This captivating form of writing comes in various styles, each with distinct elements that make them special. Let's explore a few!

Haiku: A Breath of Nature

Acrostic: The Se

Originating from Japan, Haikus are nature-centric poems that are concise but expressive. They follow strict syllable pattern: the first line has 5 syllables, the second has 7, and the third results to 5.

Gentle river flows fountains guarding its pure course Nature's harmony

Nature

Acrostic poems are uin contain hidden messages and lette each line, when read vertice ou particular word or statement. It ecre makes the poem extra enjoyable.

Limerick: Laughter in Lines

Limericks are light-hearted poems made to elicit laughs. These five-line poems have a specific rhyme scheme: lines 1, 2, and 5 rhyme, while lines 3 and 4 form their own rhyming pair. They also have a set rhythm. They are often humorous and playful.

Sunny skies are blue Inder clouds, the rays peek through ore rain, it's true!

Then is the phone, Who said moever a He sent out. Then went on to next. Then he wondered whe

Cinquain: The Structured Five-Liner

Cinquains have a set structure of five lines, where each line serves a specific function. Line 1 is a single-word title, line 2 has two descriptive words, line 3 includes three action words (verbs), line 4 contains a four-word feeling, and line 5 gives a synonym or related term for the title.



Moon Bright, quiet Shining, illuminating, waxing Guide through the night Satellite

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Haiku Poetry - Inuit Observations

Haiku Poetry - Inuit Observations

Long ago, the Inuit people thrived in the Arctic regions that are part of modern-day Canada. They were skilled at hunting, fishing, and adapting to the extreme cold. However, when European explorers arrived, the Inuit way of life began to change significantly, sometimes susing conflict.

Her me thought-provoking haikus that can help us think about what life was like for changes unfolded.

once boundless, vast—

Ship rough the frozen sea—

Engines roa n out to see

Overwhelmed by distant ship Skyline forever changed.

Whale, fish, and blubber,

Exchanged for metal and cloth—

What value, our lore?

These haikus serve as tiny windows into the Inuit experience. Each poem reveals complex emotions and situations that happened as two different cultures crossed. The Inuit, resilient and resourceful, continue to adapt while holding onto their traditions. This form of poetry allows us to reflect on their resilience and the weight of their experiences during this transitional period.

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Acrostic Poems - Canada's Regions

Acrostic Poems - Exploring Canada's Geographical Regions

Canada is an immense country with so many diverse areas to explore! Today, let's discover two such regions: the "Appalachian Mountains" in the east and "Ellesmere Island" in the far north. We'll get to know them better through the magic of "acrostic poems." Each letter of the region's name starts a new line in the poem!

Ellesmere Island

- E Extreme cold, where glaciers slide
- L Landscapes stretch far and wide
- L Limited flora, yet life does abide
- **E** Endless nights and days, in polar stride
- S Snowy owls and Arctic hares reside
- M Melting ice in summer, a changing tide
- **E** Elusive narwhals in the waters glide
- R Rugged cliffs where ancient rocks hide
- I Icy winds make it hard to stay outside
- **S** Summer blooms bring a lively guide
- L Long winters where the sun does hide
- A Arctic foxes in their dens bide
- **N** Northern lights in the sky glide
- **D** Days are either long or short, no divide

Appalachian Mountains

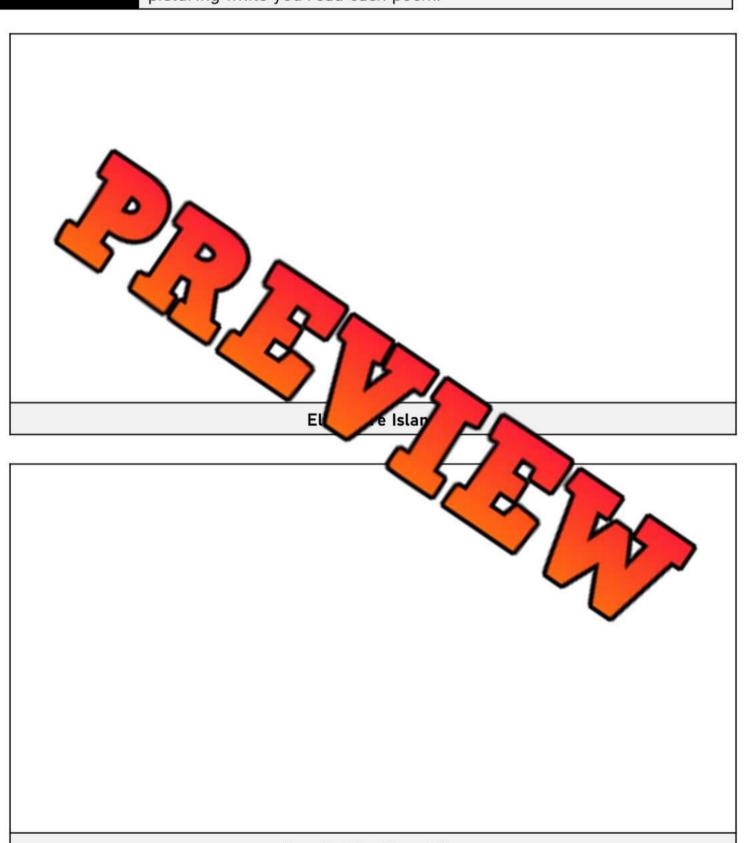
- A Ancient hills roll on for miles
- P Peaks and valleys with huge smiles
- P Pine forests, a home for wildlife style
- A Appalachian folk music, a cultural file
 - Lush meadows where deer compile
 - ndant rivers, a fisherman's aisle
- C hocliffs, worthwhile
 - ing transfer ha unique trial
- historical dial
- A Au ge in urful pile
- N Natural der
- M Maple trees tapped f
- 0 Outdoor sports, each a versatile trial
- **U** Below, minerals like coal compile
- N Nature's beauty, in style
- **T -** Towering peaks test climbers' wiles
- A Amazing views make hikers smile
- I Interesting flora make florists compile
- N Notable fauna, from bears to reptiles
- S Springs and waterfalls, nature's aisle

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Curriculum Connection AR5.1, CR5.4

Visualizing

Poetry is written to paint a picture in our minds. Draw what you are picturing while you read each poem.



Appalachian Mountains

Cinquain Poems - Critical Thinking

Cinquain Poetry - Insights into Métis Culture

Cinquains are short poems with five lines, where each line performs a specific role, such as describing or depicting action. Want to add more flair to your cinquain? Incorporate similes and metaphors! A simile compares two things using "like" or "as," while a metaphor says something is something else. For instance, you can say a fiddle's tune is ter" or call a river "Nature's highway." Here are cinquains that bring to "as joyful life asp **Yure**, featuring similes and metaphors for added depth.

Fiddle Tune

Fiddle

Quick, sweet

Playing, resonating, thrill

Like a prairie breeze

Melody

Red River Cart

Cart

Wooden, sturdy

king, rolling, carrying

for travelling

Bison Hunt

Bison

Mighty, wild

Running, dodging, charging

As unstoppable as time

Game

Jig Dance

Dance

Lively, fun

Twirling, hopping, stepping

A foot-tapping celebration

Rhythm

Métis Flag

Flag

Blue, white

Waving, uniting, symbolizing

A tapestry of culture

Banner

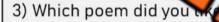


Critical Thinking

Answer the questions below.

1) In	"Fiddle Tune"	why do you	think the fi	iddle is	described	as the	"prairie breeze	"? What
does	that metapho	r tell you ab	out the fid	dle's im	portance?			

2) What employed does the "Bison Hunt" poem make you feel? Happy, sad, excited, calm, scared, silved surprised, nervous, creative, etc. Explain.



4) What was your favourite part of the part favourite.

auote j

kp ain why it was your

Quote

Explain

Visualizing

Re-read the poems below and draw what you are picturing.

Jig Dance	Red River Cart

Lyric Poetry - Simile

Lyric Poetry

Lyric poetry is a type of poem where the writer expresses personal feelings and thoughts. It's like a song without the music. These poems often talk about emotions like happiness, sadness, or love, and are usually not too long. They're like a snapshot of someone's relings!

The imiles in lyric poetry helps in understanding of the words and feelings behind:

example of a lyric poems that uses similes.

The Garden of Joy

In the where happiness grows, su the warm, golden glows,

brring or and light,

Like a storn spread sunlight.

Anger, like thorns, can sor les ar

Sharp and quick, when ts a

But like clouds that pass in

It fades away, and peace draws in

Sadness, sometimes, like gentle rain,
Falls softly, easing the heart's hidden pain,
Yet, like flowers after showers,

Joy blooms again, showing its powers.

Hope shines bright, like stars at night,
Guiding us with its gentle light,
In our garden, emotions play,
Teaching us through each passing day.



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Critical Thinking

Answer the questions below.

2) What feelings do you think the author has about each emotion mentioned in the poem? Give reasons for your answer.

3) What do you message or theme of the poem?

1) What is a stanza in a poem? How many stanzas are in this poem?

4) What was your favourite part — le p favourite.

Quote

Explain

5) If you were to add a fifth stanza to the poem, which emotion would you about? Why?

6) Write three examples of similes from the poem.

to write

explain why it was your

Rhyming Poems – Critical Thinking

Rhyming Poetry - Matter

Rhyming poems are quite catchy because they have words that sound the same at the end of each line! You can use different rhyme schemes like ABAB or AABB to make your poem unique. Rhyming makes the poem memorable and enjoyable to read. In the this poems, we are diving into the fascinating world of matter—its changes the poem memorable and enjoyable to read. In the this poems, we are diving into the fascinating world of matter—its changes the poem memorable and enjoyable to read. In the this poems, we are diving into the fascinating world of matter—its changes the poem memorable and enjoyable to read. In the this poems, we are diving into the fascinating world of matter—its changes the poems are diving into the fascinating world of matter—its changes the poems are diving into the fascinating world of matter—its changes the poems are diving into the fascinating world of matter—its changes the poems are diving into the fascinating world of matter—its changes the poems are diving into the fascinating world of matter—its changes the poems are diving into the fascinating world of matter—its changes the poems are diving into the fascinating world of matter—its changes the poems are diving into the fascinating world of matter—its changes the poems are diving into the fascinating world of matter—its changes the poems are diving the poems ar

Solid Matter

Solid stuff is firm and be Locked in place, it doesn't From chairs to rocks, easy to see, Solid matter, stable as a tree.

Gaseous Matter

A gas will spread out, far and wide,
Filling spaces, it can't hide.
From oxygen to water vapour,
Gaseous matter is quite the shape-shifter.

Sublimation

A special change, quite rare to find,
From solid to gas, it leaves liquid behind.
Like dry ice to fog, as we can see,
Sublimation is as mystifying as can be.

Liquid Matter

In a cup, or flowing in a stream,
suid matter is like a dream.
It to the shape of its container fast,
For dew to oceans so vast.

Phas

From ice to ater

A phase change i ween.

With heat or cold, matt arranges,

Through melting, freezing, it changes.

Condensation

Water vapour, in the air,
Finds a chill and lingers there.
Turns to droplets, as if to say,
"I'm liquid now, hip hip hooray!"

Critical Thinking

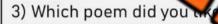
properties of solid substances?

Answer the questions below.

8		

1) In "Solid Matter," the phrase "locked in place" is used. What does this tell you about the

2) The "Ph age" poem mentions different changes like ice to water. Can you think of other situ eraphase changes can occur and explain how they work?



4) What was your favourite part of the in why it was your favourite.

Quote

Explain

Visualizing Re-read the poems below and draw what you are picturing.

Sublimation	Condensation

Block 8: Book Reviews

Focus

- ✓ Bias in book reviews identify explicit and implicit perspectives
- ✓ Reading comprehension strategy: inferencing
- ✓ Voice: word choice, word patterns, and sentence structure
- ✓ Literary devices in reviews humour and imagery

Implicit and Explicit Perspectives – Book Reviews

Book Review: "The Enchanted Forest: Quest for the Lost Jewel"

Incredible, "The Enchanted Forest: Quest for the Lost Jewel" is a thrilling quest! Imagine venturing into a magical forest with Lily and Max, two daring siblings who are the stars of this tale. This book will take you on a wild ride from the opening chapter to the final page. If you're into enchanted creatures and hidden treasures, then you've found your match. The story has nail-biting moments that will make you wonder what obstacles Lily and Max will far ext. Additionally, there are hilarious scenes that add a dash of humour to their epic won't give the ending away, but it's safe to say it provides a clever twist that you have a clever twist that you have a clever twist that you have a clever twist applications. This book really caught my interest, and I believe other fifth grade.

Rating

Perspectives

swe

elow.

1) Write 3 explicit perspective stated.

The

These are the perspectives that are

2) Write 4 implicit perspectives that don't say exactly how they feel about they give hints.

ok, but

19 02

Name:			

Curriculum Connection CR5.2, CR5.3

Finding Bias in Reviews

What is Bias in Reviews?

Bias means the reviewer has a strong preference that influences their opinion. For instance, if a person is a big fan of space adventures, they might praise all books about space, even if some are just okay.

On the other hand, if someone isn't keen on mystery stories, they might downplay a well-written mystery book. It's also possible for a reviewer to be biased against certain topics, like talking animals, and mark them down even if many people enjoy those stories. This is why best to read different reviews to get a more balanced view.

Bias

the reviews and answer the questions.



vie The Galactic Battle: Alien Invasion"

Whoa! "The Gat. For e: Alie on" is hands-down the greatest movie of all time! If you skip this, you're on the same of all time! If matic experience. The movie features aliens and humans teaming up, who would be a sare the most intriguing beings ever, and finally, a movie captures that the control of the same of alien enthusiasts, making it ideal. The villain, Earth Defender of the same of the same of the same of all time! If you skip this, you're on the you skip this you same of all time! If you skip this you skip this you sare the most intriguing beings ever, and the you skip this you sam

- 1) Why is this review a biased review? What is the author
- 2) Should you believe everything the author writes about the movie? Why or why not?

3) What could you do to learn more about this movie?

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Our Voice in Review Writing

What is Voice in Writing?

In writing, different people have different "voices," kind of like how everyone's voice sounds different when they talk. The words they choose, how long their sentences are, and even the punctuation used can show who wrote something. So even if you don't see the person's name on the page, you might guess who wrote it by looking at these things. It's like each writer has their own special way of saying things!

Voice

mily of 4 watched a movie and each wrote a review. Read them below.

- A) I let use a ago h, why they not show them more? Everyone was talking and talking but i was ago and magic stuff more! can we watch a dragon movie next time?
- B) The emotion in the fitte of ouching the tofind a movie that tugs at the heartstrings while keeping every so it is a sexpectation of the control of the co
- C) Okay, this film had some legit cool moments. Undtractice, like whoever curated that playlist needs a raise. But let's be real at the teen romance? Super cringe. Nobody my age talks or acts like siod.
- D) Those car chase scenes, wow! Felt like I was right back in my higher than sting rock music and feeling invincible. The storyline had its ups and downs, but when they revved those engines, it brought me back. Could've used a plot twist to spice things up, though.

 Which family member wrote which review 	ew?
--	-----

Dad Mom Teenager Youngest

2) Are you 100% positive about the guesses above? Why or why not?

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Using Humour in Review Writing

Imagine you're reading a review about a new toy. Instead of the reviewer just saying, "This toy is fun!" they might make a funny comparison, like "This toy is so fun, it's like a dance party for your fingers!" That's using humour.

In review writing, humour.

- Grabs Attention: Funny sentences makes people interested in reading the review.
- Makes it Memorable: If a review makes you laugh, you'll probably remember it more than a in one.
- Soften ism: If someone doesn't like something, using humour can make the criticity less harsh. Instead of saying, "The toy breaks easily," they might say, "This we taken a nap and never woke up!"

Review

Read

ter below that use humour and answer the questions

- 1) This book was so going and sturned into glue!

 What It Means

 Is it a good topic sentence?
- 2) The pizza was so cheesy, even the mice asked for the

 What It
 Means

 Is it a
 good topic
- 3) The movie was so slow, even snails asked for a fast-forward button!

 What It Means

 Is it a good topic sentence?

sentence?

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Literary Devices in Reviews

Literary devices are specific techniques that authors employ to make their writing more engaging and to clarify their viewpoint.

- Similes: A comparison using 'like' or 'as' "This movie was as suspenseful as a highstakes chess match."
- Metaphors: A comparison without using 'like' or 'as' "The protagonist is a ticking time bomb of emotions."
- Alliteration: Using the same initial sound in a sequence of words "Bold, brave, and brillian
- Humov jokes or funny comparisons to lighten the mood "That chapter was so fy fish started giggling!"

Examine Read the lowest devices used

Spa er The Secret Spaceship''

In this episode, Sara and Att. Love the Dohat looks like it retired from space races and took up hiding in Ed. It sought pushing buttons was just kids' play, but whoops! Suddenly, they're a robot-run diner in another galaxy.

While this book could give any space saga a lits me to be zany little detours that steal the show. It's an action-packed roller country think you've caught your breath, it tosses you into an intergalactic literature.

I give this book a solid 5/5 stars. It was so captivating; needs placed by pouting with neglect. It's a must-flip for every budding astron. Or dreamt of a space escapade without the bulky suit.

Similes	
Metaphors	
Alliteration	
Humour	

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Block 9: Graphic Texts

<u>Focus</u>

- ✓ Spatial order, images, graphics, visuals
- ✓ Graphic texts timelines, comics, memes, maps, infographics
- ✓ Text patterns and features in graphic text
- ✓ How images, graphics, and visuals contribute to the meaning in a text
- ✓ Reading Comprehension Strategy: Making Connections

Understanding Comics

Analyze

FIND OUT

Read the comic and answer the questions.







Circle the text features used:

Speech Bubbles

Thought Bubbles

Captions

Sound Effects

Panels/Frames

Facial Expressions



1) Summarize the comic above. What happened?

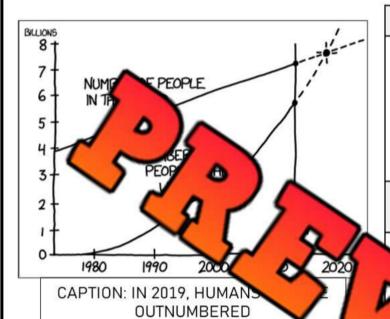
2) Is the joke explained explicitly, or is it implicit? Explain.

3) Global Inference: Who do you think gave the duck the plant? Explain two options.

Understanding Graphic Texts

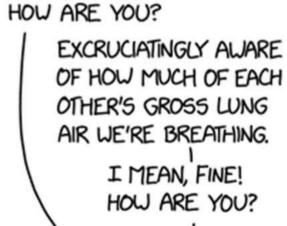
Analyze

Read the comic and answer the questions.

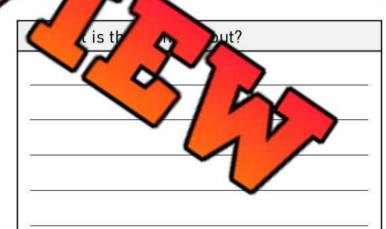


1) What is the comic about?

2) Where did you start to read? Why did you choose there? Did you re-read anything?







2) What do you think of this comic? Explain.

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Reading Maps – Text Features

Reading a Map Made Easy

Maps help us know where things are. They have special clues:

- Country Names: Look for big, capitalized words like CANADA.
- Provinces and Territories: Smaller, but still capitalized words are provinces, like ONTARIO.
- Towns: Names with only the first letter capitalized are cities or towns, such as Ott
- mark cities, and a bigger red dot is for the capital of Canada. Red



Reading Maps – Text Features

Questions

Answer the questions below.

- 1) What do the big, capitalized words on a map usually represent?
- 2) How call dentify provinces or territories on a map?
- 3) What it me he first letter of a word is capitalized on a map?
- 4) What do red dots on
- 5) What does a bigger red dot represen

Examine

Take a close look at the map and write any in

n y 😝 ea from it.

Graphic Text - What's a Timeline?

Analyze

Look closely at the timeline and answer the questions

1) What is the title of the timeline?







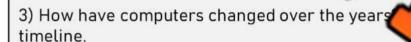
HISTORY OF COMPUTERS



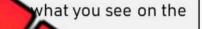




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4) Make a connection to the timeline. What does this remind you of in your life?

Block 10: Biographies

Focus

- ✓ Biographies about important Indigenous people
- ✓ How images, graphics, and visuals contribute to the meaning in a text
- ✓ Reading Comprehension Strategies: Summarizing, visualizing, and making connections

Biography – Terry Fox

Terry Fox: A Canadian Hero

Preface

When I set out to write this biography, it was with the hope of sharing Terry Fox's incredible story with a new generation. Every Canadian knows the name Terry Fox, but not everyone knows the full depth of his courage and dedication. Through his life, we can learn the power of determination, the importance of hope, and the impact just one person can have.

Early Life

July 28, 1958, in Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada. He loved sports like Terry Fox the time he was a little kid. But when he was 18, doctors told basket him h ded to have his right leg removed. This huge challenge didn't stop Terry

Remarkable Mara Hope

In 1980, Terry started d the Marathon of Hope. He wanted to run all the way across Canada pping to get people talking about cancer and giving money for research st a marathon's distance, and Canadians everywhere cheered h hard work, lots of people started donating to help find a cure for cancer.

Legacy and Philanthropy

Terry didn't get to finish his Marathon of Hope be done something awesome. He showed everyone in C never give up. Every year, people remember Terry by do Fox Run, and they've raised over \$800 million for cancer re-Terry's story is still inspiring people today to do great things.

Timeline

1958: Born in Winnipeg, Manitoba

1976: Found out he had cancer

1980: Started the Marathon of Hope

1981: Terry passed away, but his story lives on

1988: Terry was added to Canada's Sports Hall of Fame

Glossary

Marathon of Hope: Terry's big run across the country to help fight cancer.

Prosthetic Leg: A man-made leg that replaces one that's missing.

Philanthropy: Helping others, especially by giving money to good causes.

<u>Legacy</u>: What someone is remembered for after they're gone.

Cancer Research: Scientists working hard to find out more about cancer and how to beat it.

he had already brave and



Terry Fox

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Biography – Louis Riel: The Metis Political Leader

Louis Riel: The Métis Political Leader

Preface

Our past is filled with incredible individuals who made big changes and faced tough challenges. Louis Riel is one such person from Canadian history who stood up for his community's rights and beliefs. By learning about his story, we can better understand Canada's righ history and the people who shaped it.

Louis Rie

Born on 2001, 2844, in the Red River Settlement, now part of Manitoba, Canada, Louis Tomber of the **Métis** community, people with both Indigenous and Europeople.

Major Achiev (

Canadian leaders.

Louis stood tall notation in his ding two major uprisings: the Red River Rebellion of 1869-76. The hellion of 1885. He aimed to guard the rights and traditions of the Metic of the Indian folks from a growing Canadian rule. May deep during two major uprisings: the Red River Pellion of 1885. He aimed to guard the rights and traditions of the Metic of the Indian during two major uprisings: the Red River Pellion of 1885. He aimed to guard the rights and traditions of the Metic of the Indian during two major uprisings: the Red River Pellion of 1885. He aimed to guard the rights and traditions of the Metic of the Indian during two major uprisings: the Red River Pellion of 1885. He aimed to guard the rights and traditions of the Metic of the Indian during the India

Life After the Rebellions and Legacy

Though Riel did so much, some didn't agree with stior and he was sadly tried and executed for **treason** in 8 his bravery didn't end there. Today, especially in Manitomany remember and respect him for standing up for Métis and Indigenous **rights**.

Timeline

1844: Born in the Red River Settlement

1869-70: Led a big uprising called the Red River Rebellion

1885: Led another fight, the North-West Rebellion, but faced a tragic end

Legacy: He's remembered as a hero for the Métis and Indigenous communities

Glossary

- Métis: Folks of mixed Indigenous and European family lines.
- Rebellion: Standing up against those in charge.
- Provisional Government: A short-term leadership group.
- Rights: The things everyone should be free to do.
- <u>Treason</u>: Going against one's own country.
- Legacy. What we remember someone for.

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Understanding

Is the statement true or false?

1. Louis Riel was born in Ontario.	True	False
2. Riel led one major rebellion.	True	False
3. The Metis have both Indigenous and European ancestry.	True	False
4. Riel was elected head of a permanent government.	True	False
5. Riel warn in 1844.	True	False
6. Riel w	True	False
7. H ebellion in 1885.	True	False
8. Riel tried to s a digenous rights.	True	False
9. The Red River nent of Quebec.	True	False
10. Riel's legacy continu de nonou anitoba.	True	False

Critical Thinking

Ans que below.

1) Inference: How is Louis Riel's legacy viewed	speci	pitoba?
	7~ X	
	(4)	1

2) <u>Inference</u>: How do you think an alliance would have helped Louis Riel's don?

3) <u>Personality trait</u>: Use one word to describe Louis Riel. Then explain why you chose that word. Examples – brave, creative, loyal, curious, confident, ambitious, calm, etc.

Biography - Albert Einstein: The Genius of Physics

Albert Einstein: The Genius of Physics

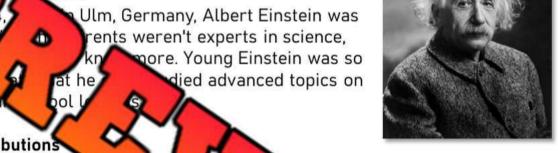
Preface

Have you ever wondered about the brilliant minds that have shaped our world? Albert Einstein is one of those minds! He asked big questions about the universe and found answers that changed the way we see everything. Let's explore

rn about his amazing discoveries. his life and

Albert E Years

Ulm, Germany, Albert Einstein was Born rents weren't experts in science, they supported into science a bol l his own, beyond h



Pioneering Contributions

Einstein is famous worldwide ty, introduced in 1905. This gravity. Instead of doing lots theory changed how we think about s of experiments, Einstein used his ima e up with his ideas.

One of his biggest contributions is the equ tells us about the connection between matter and energy. This areas, including how we use nuclear energy.

Later Life and Impact

Einstein never stopped exploring and thinking. He added to our ki gy). He like the tiniest particles (quantum mechanics) and the whole univ also spoke up for things he believed in, like equal rights for everyone careful with nuclear weapons. Although he died in 1955, his groundbreaking thoughts still shape science, and his beliefs guide scientists in doing the right thing.

Glossary

- Relativity: A theory about how space and time are linked.
- E=mc²: A formula showing how matter and energy are two sides of the same coin.
- Quantum Mechanics: How super tiny particles behave and interact.
- Cosmology: Learning about the universe's start and how it grows.
- Ethical: Doing what's right and good.

During Reading

While you read, stop and jot down 5 notes about his accomplishments and things he did. When you're done, order them from first event to sixth.

Accomplishments - What Einstein Did	Order (1-5)
	e te

Timeline

Make a timelinin Einstein's life.

and labelling the important events

