

Preview - Information



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Google Slides Lessons Preview







Manitoba Language Curriculum Reading Comprehension- Grade 6

3-Part Lesson Format

Part 1 - Minds On!

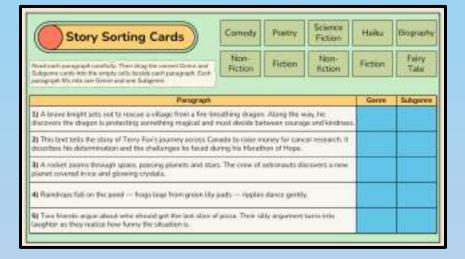
- Learning Goals
- Discussion Questions
- Quotes
- And More!

Learning Goal

What are Reading Comprehension Strategies?

We are searning to apply reading comprehension strategies so we can analyze texts, make deeper connections, and explain ideas and inferences to show a stronger understanding of what we read.





Part 2 - Action!

- Writing
- Matching
- Drag and Drop
- Drawing
- And More!

Part 3 - Consolidation!

- Exit Cards
- Quizzes
- Reflection
- And More!

Read the passage carefully and think shout how good readers use strategie to understand and respond to texts.

Sofia tightened the straps of her backpack as she followed the narrow path winding up the mountain. The air grew thinner with each step, and the sharp scent of pine trees mixed with the chill of melting snow. Behind her, the velley spread wide and green, while shead the rocky peak seemed impossibly far. A sudden rumble echeed across the cliffs, sending loose pebbles tumbling down the slope. Sofia paused. gripping her walking stick. Screewhere above, she heard a faint cry, as if someone else was on the mountain - but she

couldn't see anyone

Consolidation - The Mountain Climb

- Making Connections How does this scene correct to screething you know—an adventure story, a filke you've taken, or a challenge you've faced?
- 2) Questioning What important questions would you ask to better understand Sofia's situation?
- Visualizing What images are most vivid in your mind—the valley, the cliffs, or the sound of the cry? Why?
- Prediction What might happen next as Sofia continues her climb? Support your answer with text clues.
- 5) Inference Who or what could have made the faint cry above?

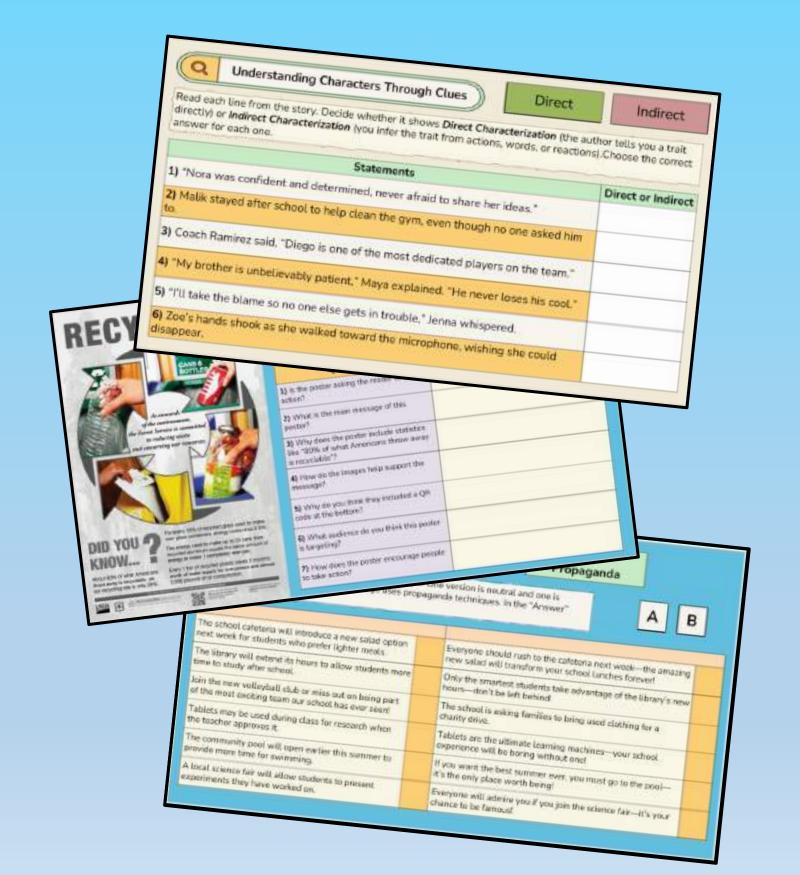


Manitoba Language Curriculum Reading Comprehension- Grade 6

everyone had strong coinions to share One student forget their notes. they still they still to the expectfully.	was exciting Some students argued that in be distracting. The discussion became lively. Spoke with confidence. The teacher reminded iterrupted each other. was almost evenly split.
"When we not together a The roots of The people sang and "All Dring things	the matching statement. Each statement can show more than from the Gift of the Great Lake Mutater and wood, so we must hence them with songs. What you need so the bushes keep growing strong. Interrelatedness Interrelatedness What we give will come back to us in kinoness. What we give will come back to us in kinoness. If the codar trees remind us of community strength. If denced, each song weeving with the drumbeets. Synergy th quiet thanks to the land and to the ancestors. Holism
Column A Volcano: Lava Author: Novel Mirror: Reflection Root: Tree Password: Access Fire: Heat	a) Clock: Time b) Key: Lock c) Oven: Bread d) Sun: Light e) Seed: Plant f) Composer: Symphony



Manitoba Language Curriculum Reading Comprehension - Grade 6







Workbook Preview





Grade 6 – Language Manitoba ELA Curriculum



Language as Sense Making: How do learners understand what they hear, read, and view? How do learners communicate to others when they write, represent, and speak?

	Grade Band Descriptors	Pages	
1.1	Learners are monitoring, reflecting on, and discussing processes for making sense of and creating texts.	26-32, 44-50	
1.2	Learners are strategically selecting and applying strategies and processes for making sense of and creating different types of text for different purposes and audiences.	10-13, 18-25, 33-270, 273-275	
1.3	Learners are using a variety of thinking processes to Preview of 150 page	18-19 44-50 45-84 115-137,	
1.4	this product that	61, 79-	

394 pages total.

Languag

read,

write, represent, listen, speak, and view?

	Grade Band Descriptors	Pages
2.1	Learners are more consistently and strategically applying knowledge of and using various resources for spelling, grammar, punctuation, and capitalization.	N/A
2.2	Learners are using their understanding of a range of text structures and features to understand and communicate clearly and effectively.	10-13, 52-61, 79-91, 115-137, 162-167, 205-206, 245-249, 257- 270
2.3	Learners are assessing and applying their understanding of how the English language works to understand more challenging and unfamiliar texts, as well as for clarity, precision, and accuracy in own creations.	N/A
2.4	Learners are examining, considering, and using knowledge of conventions of a growing range of forms and genres.	193-194, 271-272

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Language as Exploration and Design: How do learners use texts to inform themselves about topics? How do learners use language to create new ideas, solve problems, and extend their knowledge, and to communicate those ideas?

	Grade Band Descriptors	Pages
3.1	Learners are participating in, extending, and discussing creative processes for designing.	N/A
3.2	Learners are selecting, assessing, and organizing a variety of sources and information for different purposes.	88-91, 168-174, 176-190, 202-203, 226-227, 247-256, 261-262, 273-275
3.3	Learners are reconstructing, manipulating, and remixing existing texts or sets of texts to create new ideas, forms, purposes, and messages.	N/A
3.4	Learners are tapping into and combining experiences with ideas, images, and sounds from various sources to create something new.	N/A

Language as Power and Agency:

How does what learners hear, read, and view influence what they think?

How do learners decide what and whose stories to tell?

How do learners use language to influence others when they write, represent, and speak?

	Grade Band Descriptors	
4.1	Learners are recognizing that one's identities are influenced by various factors and change over time and contexts.	115-137
4.2	Learners are understanding that texts represent and promote particular beliefs, values, and ideas.	139-160, 231-238,
4.3	Learners are exploring multiple perspectives, points of view, and interpretations.	65-66, 71-72, 139-160, 231-238
4.4	Learners are exploring their own voices to transform their identities, tell their personal narratives, and critically view their own and others' texts.	79-86, 115-137
4.5	Learners are collaborating to investigate challenging social issues, moral dilemmas, and possibilities for social justice.	157-160, 187-190

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Block 1: Reading Comprehension Strategies - Basics

<u>Focus</u>

- Pre-reading: activate prior knowledge and identify the purpose of reading.
- <u>During reading</u>: Making and confirming predictions, questioning, visualizing, and making connections to self, other texts, and to the world.
- After reading: Summarizing the main idea and supporting details, asking questions, and making inferences.

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Curriculum Connection 1.2, 2.2

Understanding Text Forms – Genres and Subgenres

Understanding Text Forms

Text forms are different ways of writing and presenting information. Each form has its own style and purpose, making writing more interesting and easier to understand.

Different Genres

Genres are categories of writing. Each genre has unique features that set it apart. Here are some compan genres:

- Fiction
 s that come from the writer's imagination.
- Non-f
 al stories or facts about people, places, and events.
- Poet
 Presses feelings and ideas with a special rhythm and style.
- actors to perform on stage or in movies.

Exploring Sub

Sub-genres are roups enre. They have specific characteristics. Let's look at some sub-genres.

Fiction Sub-genres:

- Fantasy: Stories with magics of implementation of the dragons or wizards.
- Science Fiction: Stories based on ad scient chnology.
- Mystery: Stories about solving a crit uncov seq
- Adventure: Stories with exciting and risky expenses

Non-fiction Sub-genres:

- Biography: A true story about a person's life.
- History: Writing about past events.
- Informational: Texts that provide facts about a topic.

Poetry Sub-genres:

- Haiku: A short, three-line poem about nature.
- Limerick: A funny five-line poem.

Drama Sub-genres:

- Tragedy: Plays with sad endings, often involving great heroes.
- Comedy: Plays that are humorous and aim to make the audience laugh.

Why Genres Matter

Understanding genres helps us choose what to read based on our interests. It also helps writers decide how to present their stories or information. Remember, genres and subgenres make reading and writing more fun and diverse!



Question

Answer the following questions.

1)	what is a yenre	er List 5 gem es	you enjoy u	ie most.	

2) Why do you think knowing about different genres is helpful for readers and writers?

Genre Categorizati

Read and summary of the texts and choose the or don your understanding.

Title	S	Genre C	ptions
The Wizard's Apprentice	A young boy hagic a mysterious ward.	Fiction	Non-Fiction
Journey Through the Stars	Exploring the universe state wonders.	2	Comedy
The Hidden Treasure of Pirate's Cove	A group of friends hunt for longlost pirate treasure.)ist	nture
Facts About The Rainforest	Discovering the secrets of the rainforest's ecosystem.	Non	Iction
Giggles and Grins	A collection of funny stories and jokes.	Comedy	Biography
The Secret of the Haunted House	Unraveling the mysteries of an old, spooky house.	Informational	Mystery
Heroes of History	Stories of famous people who changed the world.	Biography	Drama
The Enchanted Forest	Adventures of mythical creatures in a magical forest.	Mystery	Fantasy
Space Robots	The role of robots in space exploration.	Science Fiction	History

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Curriculum Connection 1.2, 1.4, 2.2

Understanding Reading Comprehension

What is Reading Comprehension?

Reading comprehension isn't just about recognizing words. It's about understanding their meanings and the ideas they share. Think of it like watching a movie in your head when you read, where you truly "get" the story or information.

Why is Re Comprehension Important?

- Broad Mind: It helps you learn new things, expanding your horizons.
- E sa u can discuss and share ideas more effectively.



Pre-reading:

- Preview: Take a quick look at the tit es, a lings. What do you already know about the text?
- Purpose: Why are you reading this? For fund

During Reading:

- Predict: Guess what will happen next or the main point the other
- Ask Questions: If something confuses you, take a moment to asl
- Visualize: Imagine scenes or ideas in your mind, like a mini-movie.

After Reading:

- Summarize: In a sentence or two, what was the text about?
- Make Connections: How does this relate to what you already know or have experienced?
- Make Inferences: Use what you learned from the text to make conclusions.

Remember, the more you practice these strategies, the better you'll get at understanding what you read. Happy reading!

Curriculum Connection 1.2, 1.4, 2.2

True or False

Name:

Is the statement true or false?

1) Comprehension is like watching a movie in your head.	True	False
2) Good comprehension doesn't affect your school marks.	True	False
Previewing is a strategy used during reading.	True	False
4) Predicting means guessing what the author will discuss next.	True	False
5) Visualizing involves imagining scenes in your mind.	True	False

Question

ine reading without comprehending. Why is that a waste of time?

Matching

Match the strategies to description beside the strategies

riting the letter from

Answer	Strategy	dion
	Visualizing	A) Make the text shorter, Jus
	Making predictions	B) Actively ask questions before, greading to clarify and deepen understage
	Questioning	C) Read between the lines to grasp implicit meanings, using context and clues to fill in gaps of information.
	Purpose of reading	D) Identify the main goal for reading so you can focus your reading efforts.
	Making Inferences	E) Relate text to personal experiences, other texts, or the world.
	Summarizing	F) Create mental images or drawings based on the text to enhance comprehension.
	Making Connections	G) Guess what might happen next in a text based on what you've already learned and your prior knowledge.

Name:

Comprehension Practice - Making Connections

The Mysterious Case of the Vanishing Energy

Once upon a time in the small town of Voltville, two best friends, Max and Lucy, were puzzled. Their remote-controlled car had suddenly stopped moving, right in the middle of their race! "V did it stop?" Lucy wondered. Max picked up the car and said, "I think it's time for a mandpa Joe, the wise inventor of Voltville."

found hering dpa Joe's quirky workshop, where they found hering get, "Grandpa, why did our car stop moving?" Max is a did a buckled and said, "Well, kiddos, sounds like you've atte

"Ah, batteries!" Max. "The little boxes of energy, right?"

"Exactly!" said Grandpa so the different types of materials inside it—
let's call them the 'plus side' and the 'mi
energy called 'electric current."



Lucy's eyes widened. "Is own to runs?"

"Yes," Grandpa Joe replied. "It of curre s from the battery to the motor, making the will urn the materials inside the battery get used up, an "So, what can we do?" Max asked.

Grandpa Joe handed them a pair of fresh batteries. "Just replace the old batteries with these new ones. But remember, used batteries shouldn't be thrown in the trash. They need to be recycled."

Lucy grinned. "Thanks, Grandpa Joe! Now we know the secret behind batteries and how to be responsible with them."

Thrilled with their newfound knowledge, Max and Lucy dashed back home. They replaced the batteries and, vroom! Their remote-controlled car was back in action, zooming faster than ever before.

Main Idea

Supporting
Detail

Supporting

Supporting Detail

Detail

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Name:		
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Curriculum Connection

What is an Inference?

When you read a book or listen to someone talk, you're not just storing new information like putting groceries in a fridge. Your brain is actually mixing the new stuff with what you already know. Imagine it like adding ingredients to a soup you're already cooking. This makes your "knowledge soup" tastier and lets you make smart guesses called "inferences."

Example

Suppose you read that bears hibernate in the winter. You can make inferences

- Bears live in places where its extremely cold in winters.
- Duck ars don't need to eat or drink much.



Infer

repbelow by answering the questions

1) As Hannah looke the trees were bare and the ground was covered in snow.

What is the weather like?

 Maria clutched her new backpack tight, as she d in scowded hallway, scanning for familiar faces.

How is Maria feeling?

Jamal hung up 'Missing Dog' posters all around the park. He coul Coco would ever come home. er if

What has happened to Coco?

4) Leila nervously tuned her violin backstage. She had practiced for weeks, but now the audience was just beyond the curtain.

What is Leila preparing for?

Derek stared at the multiple-choice questions before him. He second-guessed himself, erasing and rewriting his answers.

How much did Derek study for this test?

Comprehension Practice - Predicting

The Feathers of Unity: A Tale of the Prairie-Chicken Dance

In a small Indigenous community, two friends, Takoda and Nokosi, couldn't wait for the annual Prairie-Chicken Dance ceremony. Takoda was known for being a skilled dancer, while Nokosi loved playing the drum. Both understood the ceremony was not just about dancing and music; it was a way to honour their heritage and the prairie-chicken, a bird deeply contact to their culture.

"Are you have Takoda asked Nokosi as they prepared their

"Yes, they've set " led oudly showing colourful feathers colled to eviou onies.

When the community monial fire, the elders lit sage and sweetgrass, filling the air thing lder Makwa, the bear-spirited leader of the community, raised his han go from oremony to begin.



As the description of the prairie enicken's tempt gracefully, mimicking the prairie enicken's tempt is feet lightly touched the ground, and the urful the essence of the the prairie enicken's tempt gracefully, mimicking the prairie enicken's tempt gracefully the pra

Nokosi's drumming was equipment of the control of t

The Prairie-Chicken Dance was not just ab dividual performance; it was about unity. Takoda and Nokosi danced and drummed in perfect synchronization, just as their ancestors had done for generations.

The crowd cheered and clapped; their spirits uplifted by the energy of the ceremony. As they concluded, Elder Makwa praised them, "You have danced and drummed with the spirit of our ancestors, honouring the prairie-chicken and reminding us of our connection to the land."

That night, Takoda and Nokosi felt a deep sense of pride and unity. They knew the Prairie-Chicken Dance was more than a ceremony, it was a living tradition that bound them to their heritage and each other. 26

Curriculum Connection

Comprehension Practice - Monitoring

Instructions

Read the text below and monitor your comprehension by stopping and putting a checkmark on the following symbols at the comprehension checkpoints.



I am confused by this part of the text.



I am surprised by this part of the text.



I think this is an impo part of the text.



thing new



I really enjoyed this part of the text.

The Mystery Of



Introduction

le is a region Nestled in the western part of the North Atlantic roughly bounded by Miami, Bermuda, and Puerto Rico orld's imagination due to the numerous unexplained disappeara report delves into the intriguing myths and the rational nature mysterious occurrences.













Historical Disappearances

Over the years, the Bermuda Triangle has been the site of numerous baffling events. One of the most notable is the disappearance of Flight 19 in 1945, a group of five U.S. Navy bombers on a training flight that vanished without a trace. Similarly, the USS Cyclops, a massive Navy supply vessel, disappeared in 1918 with 309 souls aboard, leaving no wreckage or survivors. These incidents, among others, have fueled speculation and mystery surrounding the Triangle.













Myths and Legends

The mystery of the Bermuda Triangle has given rise to various myths and supernatural explanations. Some theories propose the involvement of paranormal forces or extraterrestrial beings, while others suggest the influence of the mythical lost city of Atlantis, whose advanced technologies are rumored to disrupt navigational instruments.















Natural Extions

Despite the fitness myths, scientists offer natural explanations for the phenomena observe

- Bermuda Triangle is one of the two places on Earth where a may c com ot point true north, which can confuse navigators.
- Methane H
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- Rough Weather en s
 be discussed by the waves, which can reach up to 100 feet, are common in the Trial at the bed in the second by the s
- Human Error: Navigation yes in judgment under stress can contribute to accidents in the avil in the stress can be seen in judgment under stress can be see



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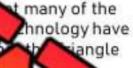




Investigating the Facts

A critical examination of the Bermuda Triangle's models of the disappearances have logical explanations. Research a clarified much of the previously unexplained phenomena, is no more mysterious than any other part of the ocean.















The Role of Pop Culture

Books, movies, and media have played a significant role in showing the mystery of the Bermuda Triangle. These works often prioritize sensationalism over scientific accuracy, leading to a widespread misunderstanding of the natural occurrences in the area.













Conclusion

While the Bermuda Triangle has been the subject of many thrilling stories and myths, most scientists agree that the occurrences within this area can be explained by natural phenomena. Advanced technology and improved navigational equipment have further reduced the mysteries once associated with this region.

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Name:			

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Curriculum Connection 1.1

Comprehension Practice - Refocusing / Re-engaging

Instructions

Read the text below. If you lose focus or engagement while reading the report. Turn the page and choose one strategy from the list to refocus and reengage with the text. Reflect on your experience with using the strategies by answering the questions on the response worksheet.

Influential Inventors and Innovations

Introducti

Invention the property of the world around us. This report delves into the remarkable stories oneer and their groundbreaking innovations, shedding light on how these contributions and their groundbreaking innovations.

The Wheel of Prog

The invention of the way and the work of the wheel's application swiftly expanded to transportation, which is and warfare. This innovation laid the foundation for subsequent temological to the work of the work

The Spark of Illumination: Thomas Edison and the

Thomas Edison, an American inventor, significal pacts world by inventing the practical electric light bulb this invention, people relied on candles and gas lamps, inefficient and hazardous. Edison's light bulb extended problems after sunset, enhanced safety, and spurred the growth of businesses and entertainment industries, lighting up homes and citic

The Digital Revolution: Alan Turing and the Computer

Alan Turing, a British mathematician, is often hailed as the father of computer science and artificial intelligence. During the 1940s, Turing developed the concept of a universal machine, which could solve complex calculations and tasks. His innovative ideas laid the groundwork for the modern computer, a device that has become integral to almost every aspect of daily life, including education, healthcare, and communication.

Connectivity Across Continents: Tim Berners-Lee and the World Wide Web

In 1989, British engineer Tim Berners-Lee invented the World Wide Web, a global system of interconnected computer networks that transformed information sharing and communication. The Web has democratized access to information, fostered global connections, and revolutionized business, education, and government, making it one of the most influential inventions of the 20th century.

		Curriculum Connection
Name:	30	11

Connecting the World: Alexander Graham Bell and the Telephone

Alexander Graham Bell, a Scottish-born inventor, is best known for inventing the telephone in 1876. Bell's invention revolutionized communication, allowing people to talk to each other over long distances instantly. The telephone paved the way for subsequent innovations in communication technology, including mobile phones and the internet, further connecting the global community and facilitating the exchange of ideas and information.

Conclusion

The stories of these inventors and their innovations underscore the profound impact that creative as a vitical thinking can have on society. From the wheel to the telephone, each inventory payed the way for further advancements, shaping the fabric of modern life and impact that creative are profound impact that creative are vitical thinking can have on society. From the wheel to the telephone, each inventory are profound impact that creative are vitical thinking can have on society. From the wheel to the telephone, each inventory are vitical thinking can have on society. From the wheel to the telephone, each inventory are vitically also that the profound impact that creative are vitical thinking can have on society. From the wheel to the telephone, each inventory are vitical thinking can have on society.

Instructions

Checker by the space of the strategies, to re-focus and re-engage with the telegraph of the strategy if it needs you to be strategy you choose.

1)	Making Notes	Jon ey maries in your own words.
2)	Doodling / Sketching	Draw related ges or d sualize concepts.
3)	Chunking Information	Break the text into section arize each chunk.
4)	Asking Questions	Write down any questions that reading.
5)	Summarizing Paragraphs	Write a one-sentence summary for each section.
6)	Connecting to Prior Knowledge	Note down anything that relates to what you already know.
7)	Predicting Outcomes	Guess what might happen next or what a section will be about before you read it.
8)	Pausing and Reflecting	Take a moment to think about what you've read every few paragraphs.
9)	Discussing with Peers	Share a point or fact with a classmate and discuss.
10)	Setting Goals	Set small goals, like reading a certain number of lines before taking a brief break.

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Instructions

Follow the given instructions to fill your weekly reflection table.

- 1) Week Ending: Write the last day of the week you're reflecting on.
- Reading Goal: Write your specific reading goal for the week.
- 3) Strategy Practised: Identify the strategy you focused on this week.
- 4) Actions Taken: List the actions you took to practise the strategy.
- 5) Books Texts Read: Note down the titles of the books or texts you read.
- 6) Observer: Reflect on what you noticed about your reading. Did the strategy be efficult or easy?
- 7) leet M a mply state yes or no.
- 8) Next Sterning bservations, outline your plan for next week.
 Will you come with a property or will you choose a new strategy to focus on?

Week Ending			
Reading goal	_	15	
Strategy Practised		5/25	\
Did I meet my goal?			3
Actions Taken	Books/Texts Read	Observations 🔰	oteps
2			
£			
5			
-			
÷			
=======================================	<u> </u>		

READING LOG

My goal for		is	minutes.
	(month)	(num	ber)

Instructions

Write the number of minutes you read each day and then the total for each week. Fill this log each month to reach your reading goals.

SUN	رح		WED	THURS	FRI	SAT	I read minutes this
SUN	MON		3	URS I	FRI	SAT	I read minutes this
SUN	MON	TUES	WED	TH		37	read
SUN	MON	TUES	WED	THURS	FRI	SAT	ead
SUN	MON	TUES	WED	THURS	FRI	SAT	week.
							minutes this week.

Total minutes read for the month: _____

Activity: Writing Goal-Setting

Objective

What are we learning more about?

To enhance students' writing skills by setting personalized writing goals, encouraging self-reflection, and promoting consistent practice.



Instruction

How do we complete the activity?

- 1) etting: Explain the importance of setting goals in wing. Em withelps improve skills, organization, and focus.
- 2) Understand Sonal Strengths: Ask students to reflect on their writing. Encount the writing and areas they find challength.
- Exploring Writing Goals (ide as using more descriptive word number of words daily.
- 4) Personal Goal Selection: Distribute the g go s. Instruct students to select or write down one man all the select or write down one man all the select or write down one man all the select. Students should ensure that their goal meets the criter of the RT g selection is means that their goal should be Specific, Measurable, As Timely.
- Action Plan Creation: Guide students to develop a simple action this
 might include daily or weekly tasks that contribute to achieving ir goal,
 like reading a book to enhance vocabulary or practising writing for 15
 minutes daily.
- Journaling Regular Progress: Encourage students to use their journals to note their progress. This includes writing about successes, challenges, and what they've learned.
- Regular Check-Ins: Set a schedule for regular check-ins, where students can share their progress, adjust goals if necessary, and celebrate achievements.
- Reflection: At the end of the activity period, have a session for students to reflect on their journey.

Reflection

Answer these questions.

1) What type of writing do you enjoy most and why? (e.g., stories, poems, reports)

2) Which riting do you find challenging and would like to improve?

3) When you write, what make u for neat handwriting, using new vocabul

of your work? (e.g., creativity,

Instructions

Choose a writing goal that you want to focus on different goal, then write it below.

Expand Vocabulary	Enhance Descriptive Writing	
Improve Spelling	Develop Storytelling Skills	
Practise Punctuation	Organize Thoughts Clearly	
Experiment with Different Genres	Build Writing Stamina	

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Name:	40		Cur	niculum Connection 1.2
Initial Goal	Write your goal here.			
S Specific	Is your goal well defined, detailed and o	clear?		
M Measurab	Is your goal measurable? You should be your goal.	able to tell	when	you reach
Ach Realistic	n you reach the goal, taking into account of the goal, taking into	<i>(2)</i>		1820
T Timely	Set a start pad goal Start Date:	ate:		
Smart Goal	Revise your goal based on the a	ti vest	tions a	bove.
Action Plan	What steps do you need to take	e to get y	1	
	Action Items	Expec Comple Date	etion	Actual Completion Date

INDEPENDENT READING ACTIVITIES

Independent Reading - Responses

Day 1

Fill in the organizer below before, during, and after reading

Name of Book

Before Reading: What will this book be about?

Durin riversitions you have while you read.

1)

2)

After Reading: Summariz ov What II about?

Day 2

Fill in the organizer below b

reading

Name of Book

Before Reading: What genre is this - fiction, non-fiction, funny, advi

cam.

During Reading: Making Connections – What does this book remind you of in your life?

After Reading: Make an inference - Something that wasn't stated in the book.

Independent Reading - Responses

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Day 9

Fill in the organizer below.

Name of Book

Author

Fiction/N

Maki

Text-to-Self

Text-to-Text

Text-to-World

Day 10

Fill in the organizer b

Name of Book	
Author	
Genre	
Fiction/Non-Fiction	

Summarize - What was the main idea of the book? What were the supporting details?

Name:

Independent Reading BINGO

BINGO

Choose a reading response from a square in the BINGO card.

В	1	N	G	0
Write the story's no in idea in sente Exp	Guess what the character will do next lexplain	Name the secondary character and describe their role	Redesign the story's climax (big problem) in 3 sentences	Rank your top 3 characters and explain why
What puzzled you in the story? Write down two questions	cribe made happy	Identify the thor's to	Contrast two characters in the story (differences tween them)	Summarize a chapter you just read in 3 sentences
Find a word you didn't know and write its definition	Pick a scene and write how it made you feel	Free Space	the wa	Describe the book's genre. ow do you w?
Write a letter to a character offering them advice	What would you ask a character if you could?	Draw a scene you pictured in the story	If you were the author, what would you change?	did the ting impact the story? Explain in 3 sentences
What would be a good sequel to this book? Describe in 3 sentences	Create a title for a chapter that doesn't have one	Mention a plot twist and how it affected the story	Do you agree with the character's choices? Why or why not?	Choose a sentence and explain why it's important

Block 2: Cultural Text Forms

Focus

- Creation Stories
- Songs from different Indigenous communities
- Adjusting reading rate for comprehension
- Cultural elements values, rituals, ceremonies, architecture, art, and dance.
- Making connections to these cultural elements
- Visualizing different cultural text forms

Creation Story - First Nation Architecture: Wigwam

In a peaceful forest clearing, young Kitchi and his sister Lelani lived with their family in a special wigwam built by their father, Nahawi. Kitchi always wondered how their home was so sturdy and yet so easy to put up or take down.

One sunny morning, Nahawi decided it was time to teach the kids the art of am-making. "It's not just a house; it's a home that conn Earth and Sky," he said, touching the ground and the said of the s

They started by countries the frame. Nahawi showed them how to bend the young trees into securi ith roots they had dug up. "These arches are like the arms of the Earth of the brace," Nahawi explained.

For the walls, they used birch ee de Kitchi and Lelani how the birch trees willingly offered their bark to kee varm. They laid the bark over the frame, and the wigwam began to look like a home.



"Remember to leave an organization of the prayers and thanks can reach the prayers and their made. They used more birch bark and added the prayers and their mother, Minowin, had made. "Now our home is contact," Nahawi smiled.

That evening, as they sat in their newly built wigwam, Kitchi felt grateful. His sister Lelani whispered, "It's like the wigwam is a living story, telling us about our connection to the Earth and Sky."

And so, in the whispering language of nature and architecture, their wigwam spoke to the sky and listened to the Earth, keeping Kitchi, Lelani, and their family safe and grounded in the wisdom of their ancestors.

Indigenous Art – Métis Story

The Beadwork Adventure of Chiara and River

Once upon a time in a small Métis community lived two best friends, Chiara and River.

They were both fascinated by their community's rich history of art, especially beadwork.

One sunny ey visited Grandma Lynne, a respected elder in their of the earn more about Métis beadwork. "This isn't ing stories and keeping our culture alive," Grandma her she showed them colourful patterns of beau



Chiara and River were so to hat the second to create their own beadwork art.

They went to the local crafts stood go to orts of colours and shades. Chiara chose colours that reminded her of the sunset chose colours that looked like the forests and rivers around their community.

They both sat under the old oak tree that stood tall ackyair fully stringing beads onto thread. It was a quiet, peaceful after they could hear the leaves rustling in the wind.

After hours of work, Chiara created a beautiful flower pattern, while Rivel de a sash with zigzagging lines. They couldn't wait to show Grandma Lynne their creations. When she saw their work, her eyes twinkled like stars. "You've done an excellent job! This is exactly how our stories and traditions live on," she said.

And so, Chiara and River became a part of the chain of artists and storytellers in their community, learning that art isn't just about making something beautiful. It's also about keeping memories, stories, and an entire culture alive and well. And that was the most beautiful thing of all.

Name:	
-------	--

Pre-Reading

What do you know about indigenous artwork? List three other forms of art you know.

Draw Apattern you would like to create with Métis Beadwork.



Comprehension Check

Is the statement true or false?

1) They went to a museum to get beads for their art.		False
Chiara chose colours that reminded her of the sky at sunset.	True	False
3) River made a sash with a circular pattern.	True	False
4) They worked on their beadwork in Chiara's backyard.	True	False
5) The story says that art is only about making something pretty.	True	False

Curriculum Connection 1.2, 2.2

Indigenous Dance - Inuit Story

Visualizing

Illustrate the story by drawing what you are picturing while you read.

The Dance of the Northern Lights

In a small Inuit community near the Arctic Circle, lived a young boy named Tuktu and his sister Nut was very excited because the annual Snow Moon Festival was just days aw the sister time when families gathered to celebrate the bright moon and the show which they believed were the spirits of their ancestors dancing the show t

Their Grandma SN with the stance of the festival. "You see," she said, holding up her colourful. "The path of this parks were inspired by the northern lights. We dance at the festivation of the festivation of the festivation."

For days, Tuktu and Nuka practiced the lance mount of a drum made of seal skin, and Nuka had ulu-shaped clappers. They add the mimic the walking of a polar bear and swayed their arms like the way.

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Curriculum Connection 1.2, 2,2

Finally, the night of the Snow Moon Festival arrived. The community gathered around a bonfire, the children's faces glowing from the flickering flames. Tuktu and Nuka felt a mix of excitement and nerves.

As they be to dance, the northern lights started to the sky, casting green and pink pink no covered ground.

Everyone join seem the very air was dancing. Grant a State of the sky and smiled, "Look of the sky and smiled, "Look of the sky and smiled, "Look of the sky are pleased; they have joined our of the sky

As Tuktu drumin and the both felt a warm connectors and their land. When y finished, they looked up and felt as if the swirling colours of the northern lights were giving them a standing ovation.

With hearts full of joy and a sense of deep connection to their heritage, Tuktu and Nuka knew they would keep this tradition alive for many more Snow Moon Festivals to come.

Block 3: Reading Letters

<u>Focus</u>

- Voice in letters
- New vocabulary, grammar rules, cohesive ties, sentence structure specific to letters
- Bias in texts (as applicable in letters) Implicit and explicit perspectives in various texts
- Making inferences after reading local inferences and global inferences using explicit and implicit evidence – do you listen to a letter persuading you?

Email Writing - New Vocabulary

Subject: Get Ready for Our Super Space Adventure! 2

Hello Future Astronauts,

Buckle up because we're going on an extraordinary trip through outer space! We're going to learn about celestial bodies, luminaries, and even black holes. Yep, our classroom is transforming into a "Space Station" for the forthcoming weeks!

First stop.

preserve from space detritus by examining things like recycling in space!

How from space detritus by examining things like recycling in space!

But wantere's the tic astronomer will visit our class to inform us about optical instruction with the tip various phenomena in the sky.

At the conclusion of escription of the state of the state

Got inquiries? Require additional speci

let ow.

See you all in class, Mrs. Carter

Vocabulary

Read the email and write any words the their meaning.

to en look up

Word	Meaning – Use Context Clues or Look Up ord gs

Letter Writing – Bias in Advertising

Dear Awesome Students,

Hey there! I'm Dino Dave, the world's greatest dinosaur explorer and puzzle solver! Guess what I have for you today? It's the Dino Dave Adventure Kit, and trust me, this kit will take you on an adventure you'll never forget!

This isn't just any old kit; it's a magical kit that will turn you into a real-life explorer! Wanna dig up dino hones? This kit has all the tools! Crazy about treasure hunts? It comes with maps and the string than any video game you've ever played. If you don't get a missing out on some serious fun.

Hurry ve Adventure Kit will make you the most surous school, just like me, Dino Davel

See you on the rel

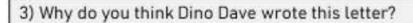
Your future favour orer Dino Dave

Questions

Answ qu

1) Is Dino Dave biased in his opinion th🌉	kit	is t	þ
---	-----	------	---

2) Is Dino Dave giving you the full story, or just his own opinion? Ho



4) Are there a lot of biased opinions in advertising? Explain and give an example.

Name:		
Name.		

Curriculum Connection 1.2, 1.3, 4.3

Letter Writing - Inferences

Hello there! I'm Astro Annie, and I spend my days looking at stars and exploring the universe. Being an astronaut isn't just a job for me, it's like living my dream every single day. Today, I want to share how my love for science and learning got me to where I am: Up in the sky, far away from Earth.

You're in grade 6 now, and you might think school is not that important. But trust me, what you learn today will help you reach for the stars tomorrow. Whether you want to be an astronaut long, a doctor, or an artist, giving your best in school is your launchpad to success.

Imagine pol as building a rocket ship. Every math problem you solve or book a piece to your rocket. The more you build, the higher you'll soar in uture!

Life won't always and wigh. You'll face challenges and might even feel line gup. For no astronaut ever made it to space without some exploring, and your future brig pernova.



Wishing you an out-of-this-won drne

Astro Annie 🧭

Questions

Answer the question

1) What is the perspective of Astro Annie? Do they state

y o popli 12

- 2) Make a local inference what conclusion can you make from this sentence: "Every math problem you solve or book you read is like adding a piece to your rocket."
- 3) Make a global inference what conclusions can you make from the entire reading? Ideas: Is Astro Annie a hard worker? Is it easy to become an astronaut?

Curriculum Connection 1.2, 1.3

Letter Writing - Inferences

Edmonton, Alberta September 25, 2023

Dear Cousin Aiden.

I hope this letter finds you in good spirits in Vancouver. School started a few weeks ago, and new teacher, Ms. Patel, is really focused on helping us understand the bigger problem in history and human experience. One of the most impactful experience are recently was visiting a Holocaust Memorial with my class.

The prial set of place of remembrance for the millions of people who lost their lives during the cause a terrible time in history. We listened to a speaker who talked to port a never forgetting these events. She encouraged us to think about the popular people treat others as less than human just because of their return to the popular people treat others as less than human just better the popular people treat others as less than human just because of their return to the popular people treat others as less than human just better the popular people treat others as less than human just because of their return to the popular people treat others as less than human just because of their return to the popular people treat others as less than human just because of their return to the popular people treat others as less than human just because of their return to the popular people treat others as less than human just because of their return to the popular people treat others as less than human just because of their return to the popular people treat others as less than human just because of their return to the popular people treat others as less than human just because of their return to the popular people treat others as less than human just because of their return to the popular people treat others are people treat others.

Ms. Patel had us reflect on the visit and ds and de for a very moving classroom discussion. Many of my class nates state that history does not repeat itself talks the importance of education and awareness, while others emphasis the prejudice and hatred in all its forms.

It's not easy to think about these things, but it feels neces . Un past helps us shape a better future. It's made me appreciate the country and the need to respect and honour that.

On a lighter note, our school has started a book club, which I've joined. We're currently reading a fantasy adventure book. Since you're into fantasy novels, maybe you can read it too, and we can discuss it next time we chat?

Mom and Dad are planning a weekend trip to a pumpkin patch. I'm excited about it, especially with Halloween coming up. What are your plans for Halloween this year?

Give my regards to Aunt Lisa and Uncle Steve. I'm really hoping we can catch up in person during the winter holidays.

Wishing you all the best, Oliver

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Curriculum Connection 1.2, 1.3

Letter Writing - Inferences

Local Inferences

Make inferences from the sentences below.

"We live the service of never forgetting these event."

"Understanding our past helps us rape."

Global Inferences

Make four inferences from the stire

Block 4: Narratives

Focus

- Indigenous storytelling norms, sports, values, artifacts, music
- Include cultural text forms indigenous story telling, songs
- Identify narrators' point of view
- Indigenous Storywork
 - Indigenous Storywork is built on the seven principles of respect, responsibility, reciprocity, reverence, holism, interrelatedness, and synergy.
- Literary devices Hyperbole and Idioms
- Sequencing the events of multiple plots in a story, explaining the cause and effect
- Flashbacks, antagonists, protagonists, stock characters, story within the story.

What is Indigenous Storywork?

Preface

Welcome to this report on **Indigenous** Storywork, a special way of teaching from Canada's indigenous nations. We'll explore what it is, the Seven Principles, and why it's important.

What is Indigenous Storywork?

Indigenous crywork is more than just telling stories. In Indigenous cultures, stories are passed do pelders to younger people. These stories teach important lessons about life, not of the community. Imagine a grandparent telling a story that has been done to years! Each story is like a treasure chest, full of wisdom.

The Seven Print oryw

In Indigenous Story the ling principles:

- Respect: Being courte ders ders others.
- Responsibility: Completing dut
- Reciprocity: The practice of mutual g and g and
- Reverence: Holding deep admiration and report of some limost sacred.
- Holism: Recognizing the interconnectedness
- Interrelatedness: Learning how every part in a system of to the part in a system.
- Synergy: Working together to create something that is more powerful individual efforts put together.

Why It Matters

This type of storytelling helps us understand the world from the Indigenous perspective. It promotes respect and understanding for cultures that have been here for a long time.

Glossary

- Indigenous: First people to live in a place.
- <u>Elders</u>: Older people with wisdom.
- Wisdom: Deep knowledge.
- <u>Cultures</u>: Way of life for different communities food, clothing, art, etc.

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Questi

True or False Is the statement true or false?

1) The Seven Principles are taught in different Indigenous stories.		False
2) Indigenous Storywork helps us understand the Indigenous perspective.	True	False
3) "Elders" in the glossary refers to older people with wisdom.		False
4) "Wisdom" in the glossary means lack of knowledge.		False
5) Indigenous Storywork promotes disrespect for cultures.		False

Answer the questions below.

k considered significant? 2) Paraphrase the 7 principles by rewrit words in one sentence each. Respect Responsibility Reciprocity Reverence Holism Interrelatedness Synergy

Indigenous Storywork - Narrative

81

The Tale of Wise Elder Nokomis and the Three Stones

Long ago, in an Indigenous community, there lived an elder named Nokomis. She was known for her wisdom and the stories she told around the fire.

One day, a group of children gathered to listen. "Today, I will tell you about the Three Stones of Life," she began.

Stone 1: pility

Name:

"First." Politing a smooth, blue stone, "this stone represents
Respond to punity, it is everyone's duty to look after the land, the water, and eacher. On a gran named Takoda ignored this. He threw trash into the river because a zyon dia proper place for it. Soon, the fish became sick, and the whole ferror learned to be responsible only after he had to help clean the river our between the stone of the learned to be responsible only after he had to help clean the river our between the stone of the learned to be responsible only after he had to

Stone 2: Respect

Next, she showed them a gree one. The proof of Respect. We must honor all living things and our ancestors. A girl of this lesson. She would pluck flowers carelessly and step on pass. But you have been lized that she was hurting the spirits of the Earth, she started treatment of the spirits of the Earth, she started treatment of the spirits of the Earth, she started treatment of the spirits of the Earth, she started treatment of the spirits of the Earth, she started treatment of the spirits of the Earth, she started treatment of the spirits of the Earth, she started treatment of the spirits of the Earth, she started treatment of the spirits of the Earth, she started treatment of the spirits of the Earth, she started treatment of the spirits of the Earth, she started treatment of the spirits of the Earth, she started treatment of the spirits of the Earth, she started treatment of the spirits of the Earth, she started treatment of the spirits of the Earth, she started treatment of the spirits of the Earth, she started treatment of the spirits of the Earth, she started treatment of the spirits of the Earth, she started treatment of the spirits of the Earth, she started treatment of the spirits of the spirits of the spirits of the Earth, she started treatment of the spirits of the

Stone 3: Interrelatedness

Finally, Nokomis held up a red stone. "This is the Stone of the points us that we are all connected. Wabanang, a young boy, would alway a describe the animals. Eventually, the animals moved by berry bushes stopped growing. Wabanang understood that what he did affect eryone and everything else."

As Nokomis placed the three stones back into her pouch, she looked at the children. "Remember, each of you holds these stones within you. Be responsible, show respect, and never forget how interconnected we all are."

The children nodded, grateful for the wisdom they had gained. From then on, they remembered the lessons of the three stones and lived in a way that honored their community and the Earth.

And so, the tale of Wise Elder Nokomis and the Three Stones became a cherished lesson for generations to come.

Name:			

Curriculum Connection 1.2, 2.2

Narrator's Point of View

The narrator's point of view is about who is sharing the tale. There are three main types you'll often see:

- First-Person: A person in the story is the one telling it. They'll use words like "I" and "we." Example: "I discovered a hidden cave!"
- Second-Person: The story speaks directly to you, making you a character in the plot. It
 uses words like "you" and "your." Example: "You stumble upon a hidden cave!"

Each gives a special touch to the story, making it feel different each time

Instructions

re stop ts and decide which point of view is being used.

1) I tripped over the hind	First	Second	Third
2) You find a mysterious key.	First	Second	Third
3) He saw a shooting star.		Second	Third
4) We laughed at the clown's joke.	/ Irst }	Second	Third
5) You pull the secret book from the shelf.	511	2/	Third
6) She sings her heart out.	~ 0	Se	Third
7) I solved the final riddle.	First		S _d
8) You leap over the puddle.	First	4	Mird
9) They danced until midnight.	First	Secon	Third

Book Hunt

Look in your classroom for books that are written in different points of view.

Name of Book	k Point of View	

Curriculum Connection 1.2, 2, 2, 3, 2

The Story of Solar System - Different Points of View

First-Person:

Hi there! I'm Sunny, the Sun at the centre of the solar system. Let me tell you about my planetary friends. Closest to me is Mercury, who's super fast, going around me in just 88 Earth days! Venus is next, and she's the hottest of the bunch. Earth is special because it has life, like_you! Mars is my red buddy, always curious about visitors.

After the pelt, we get to the gas giants—Jupiter,
Satur pe. They're big and a little
myster Pluto' planet but
got a new title planet



Second-Person:

Imagine you're soaring through land the total thick clouds. Now you're at Earth, waving to your friends. You take a k pit store of thick clouds and the soil.

Whoosh! You fly past the asteroid belt and reach or for gravity pull.

Saturn's rings are like nothing you've ever seen. You me to at Ur at Ur at Ur at Neptune, they're so far out! Finally, you wave hello to Pluto, who's a breely

Third-Person:

In the solar system, the Sun sits majestically at the centre, radiating light and warmth.

Mercury speeds around it, completing a full orbit in less than 90 Earth days. Venus,

covered in dense clouds, is next in line. Earth, the only planet known to have life, is third

from the Sun. Mars, the red planet, appears inviting but is mostly desert.

After the asteroid belt, Jupiter, the largest planet, comes into view. Saturn's stunning rings make it unique. Uranus and Neptune, the ice giants, are next, both mysterious and distant. Pluto, once considered a planet, is now known as a dwarf planet and sits at the edge of the solar system.

Questions

Answer the questions below.

1) Which part of the story did you enjoy the most: first-person, second-person, or third-person? Explain your choice.

2) Summa equence of planets described in the story.

Visualize

Draw the Solar System with the visualized them while reading.

s you

Advantages/Disadvantage of Points of View

Version 1: First-Person Point of View

Hey there, I'm a jar of Canadian Maple Syrup, and I've got pals who are a big deal in exports and imports. Take my friend, Blueberry, for instance. She goes all the way to Japan!

Then, we've got Mr. Salmon, who swims from the Atlantic Ocean to markets in Europe.

She come away places like Ecuador to brighten up our

Version 2: Seco

break

them up, and off they goth halfway across the world.



ou es tharvested bushels of blueberries. You pack bushels of blueberries and knowing your hard work will be enjoyed

dian supermarket. You see

these come from

ust grocery



Then, picture yoursel Hoppe bananas and coffee on the shelf different continents!" It's like to shopping!

Version 3: Third-Person Point of View

In Canada, exports and imports are like a two-way street. On one side of Canada sends out its delicious maple syrup, fresh blueberries, and high-quality salmon to countries worldwide. These exports not only earn money but also share a taste of Canadian culture.

On the other side, Canada receives imports like bananas from Ecuador and coffee from Colombia. These imports add variety to Canadian lives, offering flavours and products from around the globe.

So, whether it's maple syrup flying to other countries or bananas coming into Canada, exports and imports make the world an exciting, connected place!

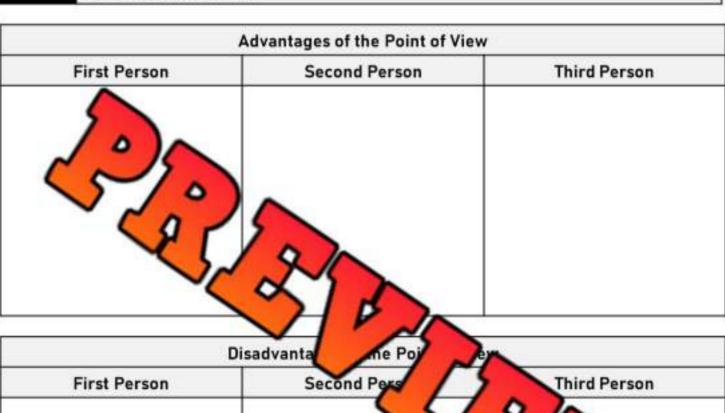
Curriculum Connection 1.2, 2.2, 3.2

Advantages/Disadvantage of Points of View

91

Analyze

Read the versions of the short story and describe the benefits/drawbacks of each point of view



Second Pers	Third Person
76 A	245
	7/20
	4
	Second Pers

Reflect	Which story is your favourite version? Explain why.	
-		
-		
-		

Name:		

Curriculum Connection 1.2

Hyperbole & Idiom

Literary devices are nifty tools that writers use to spice up their stories and make them extra exciting to read. These tricks help us picture what's happening, tap into our feelings, and understand what the story wants to tell us.

- Hyperbole: This is when you exaggerate something to make a point or add emphasis. It makes things more dramatic and catches your attention. Example: "I'm so hungry, I could eat a horse!"
- Idiom: are phrases that don't mean exactly what the words say.

 They have meaning that you have to figure out. Example: "It's raining cats and dogs out."

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 They have meaning that you have to figure out. Example: "It's raining cats and dogs out."

Think Read Pelow and find examples of hyperboles and idioms

One sunny day, The Tort slow, he made snails look like race cars! He always felt like the ways felt like the ways fast as lightning," he sigh

Then, his friend Benny the Butt at the long face, Timmy?" "I'm tired of being slower than molasses," Timmy gr

"Don't count your chickens before they have something none of us have: patience!" Just then, a gust of wind who by, turn sky so dark it looked like midnight at noon. "Oh no, I forgot my umbre dit's sats and dogs!"

Benny exclaimed.

"Don't worry, just stand under my shell," Timmy offered. Sometimes, slow and steady wins the race, especially when the standard with Benny learned that every cloud has a silver lining, especially when Timmy.

Hyperbole	
Hyperbole	
Hyperbole	
Idiom	
ldiom	
Idiom	

Curriculum Connection 1.2

Hyperbole - Visualizing

Visualize

Draw what you are picturing when you read the hyperboles below

Her smile was as bright as a thousand suns.

His backpack weighed a ton.

She ran as fast as a cheetah on a sugar rush.

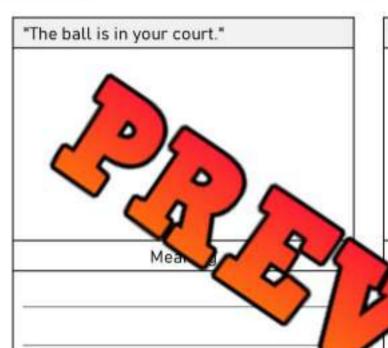
The tree all it sed the sky.

Idiom - Visualizing

Visualize

Draw the literal meaning of the idioms below. Then explain the figurative meaning – what the idioms really mean.

"Bite



"Don't cry over spilled milk."

Meaning

"It's raining cats and dogs."

Meaning

Meaning

Name:		

Curriculum Connection

Simile

A **simile** is a way to describe something by comparing it to something else, using the words "like" or "as." It helps make our writing more interesting and helps people picture things better. For example:

- The moon is like a big, round ball of cheese.
- Her smile is as bright as the sun.
- The cased like a lion.
- The was as cold as ice.



Thu.

ad the story below and find examples of simile.

Once upon a time had had hat was as colourful as a rainbow. She loved her flowers, which she had been new. One day, a butterfly as graceful as a ballerina flew into her good lily's had been seen to be a light as a feather watching it flutter around.

Soon, clouds as fluffy as cotton balls ed the elek knew rain was coming. "Oh no, my new seeds!" she thought. They need the too much, or they would drown. Sally ran as fast as a cheetah to her the seeds.

Raindrops fell as softly as whispers from the sky. The arrange of kids in the rain. After it stopped, the sun came out as bright as diameter had made a new friend—the butterfly stayed!

The end of this tale leaves everyone as happy as a clam, especially Saxy and her fluttery friend.

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Curriculum Connection 1.2

Simile

Scavenger Hunt

Find books that have examples of similes

Book Name	Example - Describe or quote the example.
'Where the Wild Things	Max's room became a forest, as wild as his imagination
200	The mouse's tail is as long as a spaghetti noodle.
2	
	577

Match The Column Match the sentence in Column A wi shows a simile. ord fro Jumn B that

Column A	Columb
As busy as	a feather
As light as	honey
As brave as	a racecar
As fast as	a bee
As sweet as	a lion

Metaphor

A **metaphor** is a way to talk about one thing by calling it something else. It helps us make a picture in our minds. For example, when we say "The world is a stage," we don't mean it's really a stage, but we understand life better by thinking of it that way.

- The moon is a glowing cookie in the sky.
- Her expensions stars.
- The classification is a zoo today.
- His
 n treasure.



Think

he below and find examples of metaphors.

Once upon a time, he house that was a castle to him. Max loved cheese, which was a cheese paradis on an adventure.

Max was a tiny race car, zooming three fields as was a green ocean, and Max swam through it. Finally, he reached the final tood like a giant guarding its secrets.

Inside, he saw cheese stacked like mountains. Max that he bearing with joy. He quickly filled his tiny bag, thinking it was a mag that anything. But then, he heard a meow. Uh-oh! The barn was also silent ninja in the shadows.

Max ran as if his feet were rockets. He dashed back to his house, which now felt like a safe island. Max learned that adventures can be exciting but also risky. From then on, his home was his favourite paradise.

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Name:			

Curriculum Connection 1.2

Imagery

Imagery in stories is when the writer uses words to create pictures in your mind. It's like painting with words so you can see, hear, smell, taste, or touch what's happening in the story without being there. Here are three examples:

 See: The big, yellow school bus rumbled down the street, looking_like a cheerful banana on wheels.



- Smell
 air smelled like fresh cookies from the oven,
 sweet rm, making my tummy rumble.
- Heal
 <li

Think Read hd derline examples of imagery. Then write them below

In the mountains of the second of the sky, lived a girl named Marisol.

The sun painted the morning day the air was filled with the scent of blooming flowers. Marisol loved to lake britishing at the market, smelling of spicy corn and sweet les.

In the daytime, Marisol worked with her more than the disquickly to make cloth with lots of colours. The market, where the laughter and chatter, as bright and colourful as parrots the following the laughter and chatter, as bright and colourful as parrots the following the laughter and chatter, as bright and colourful as parrots the following the laughter and chatter, as bright and colourful as parrots the following the laughter and chatter, as bright and colourful as parrots the following the laughter and chatter, as bright and colourful as parrots the following the laughter and chatter, as bright and colourful as parrots the following the laughter and chatter, as bright and colourful as parrots the following the laughter and chatter, as bright and colourful as parrots the following the laughter and chatter, as bright and colourful as parrots the laughter and chatter, as bright and colourful as parrots the laughter and chatter, as bright and colourful as parrots the laughter and chatter, as bright and colourful as parrots the laughter and chatter and chatter and chatter and chatter and chatter and chatter as the laughter and chatter and cha

At night, Marisol gazed up at the twinkling stars, feeling the seneath her feet. The cool breeze carried the promise of adventure, and she wher heart belonged to the beautiful land of Peru, wrapped in a blanket of history and dreams.

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Curriculum Connection 1.2

Scavenger Hunt

Find books that have examples of imagery.

Book Name	Example - Describe or quote the example.
"The Enchanted Forest" by Emma Johnson	"The trees whispered secrets to the wind, and the leaves danced like golden coins falling from the sky."
500	
	57

Describe

Describe the objects below as

possible.

Object	Descrip

Curriculum Connection 1.2

Imagery

Instructions

Imagine you were the one that took this picture.
Think about where this picture was taken.

Describe ing your five senses.

- What
- · / ~
- W you
- What do
- What do y











Imagery - Sensory Language

106

Sensory language in imagery involves using words that appeal to our five senses: sight, hearing, smell, taste, and touch, to create vivid pictures in the reader's mind. This type of language helps you experience the story as if you were there. Here are examples for each sense:

- Sight: sparkling, shadowy, vibrant
- · Hearing: thundering, whispering, chirping
- Smell srant, musty, fresh
- Taste: angy, bitter
- Toug
 Toug

By user ords, writers can make their descriptions more engaging and record, all of the ers to fully immerse themselves in the text.

Instructions

Some ensorthe word bank according to the sense that it relates and the correct section.

Muffled	Bland		Aromatic	Dim
Bitter	Rustling	(Ay)	Bright	Sizzling
Tart	Glistening	Crunchy	W	Musty
Fuzzy	Salty	Glowin	19/	Fragrant



Sequencing the Plot of a Story

109

- A) Tommy couldn't believe his eyes. There, shining in the night sky, was Orion, a constellation he'd just read about! His heart raced with excitement as he took out his telescope to get a closer look.
- B) Tommy was a space enthusiast. He loved reading about galaxies, stars, and constellations. His room was like a mini planetarium, filled with glow-in-the-dark stars and space posters.
- C) "Tommy fantastic observation!" said Mr. Johnson, his science teacher is of the school's astronomy club. "Don't forget to jot do mmy nodded and started writing notes in his species gazing



- D) Armed with the lub. The billions, and that trusty journal, Tommy was part of the after-school astronomy was part of the school's soccer field.
- E) Finally, with Orion perfection and perfection of the constellation into his journal. He ald the constellation into his journal into his j
- F) The next day, Tommy and Mr. Johnson Ked over the ske "This is amazing; you've even captured Orion's belt accurately," Mr. Johnson L, smi "V're becoming quite the young astronomer!"
- G) Earlier, when Tommy got off the school bus, he was the first of new excitement. But the second he saw Orion shining brightly in the sky, he was the second he saw Orion shining brightly in the sky, he was the second he saw Orion shining brightly in the sky, he was the second he saw Orion shining brightly in the sky, he was the second he saw Orion shining brightly in the sky, he was the second he saw Orion shining brightly in the sky, he was the second he saw Orion shining brightly in the sky, he was the second he saw Orion shining brightly in the sky, he was the second he saw Orion shining brightly in the sky, he was the second he saw Orion shining brightly in the sky, he was the second he saw Orion shining brightly in the sky, he was the second he saw Orion shining brightly in the sky, he was the second he saw Orion shining brightly in the sky, he was the second he saw Orion shining brightly in the sky, he was the second he saw Orion shining brightly in the sky, he was the second he saw Orion shining brightly in the sky, he was the second he saw Orion shining brightly in the sky, he was the second he saw Orion shining brightly in the sky, he was the second he saw Orion shining brightly in the sky, he was the second he was the secon
- H) A week later, Tommy presented his findings to the astronomy clubed closely as he described Orion's main stars. He felt super proud; he had no contributed to the club but also moved one step closer to his dream of bearing an astronomer.

Sequence

Write the order of the story using the letters for each paragraph. Then draw what you visualized when you read the story.

Plot	Sequ	en	су
------	------	----	----

Curriculum Connection 1.2

Narrative Writing - Cause and Effect

In stories, "cause and effect" tells us that something happens because of something else.

Think of it like a chain where one action leads to another.

- Cause: It rains. Effect: People use umbrellas.
- Cause: You study hard. Effect: You get good grades.
- Cause: A dog barks. Effect: People turn to look.

Instruction Is the underlined part of the sentence the cause or effect?

1) She every day, and now she can play complex song	Cause	Effect
2) The car ran usin stall on the highway.	Cause	Effect
3) The team worked toge on the championship.	Cause	Effect
4) He didn't water the plant went	Cause	Effect
5) She turned on the heater, making the	Cause	Effect
6) He left food out overnight, so ants investigate ki	Cause	Effect
7) She forgot to set her alarm, causing her to b	Cause	Effect
8) The movie was interesting, so everyone paid attention wed	ause	Effect
9) The cat knocked over the vase, leading to a mess on the flo	1	fect

Think

Think of either the cause or effect that matches below

Cause	Effect
She ate too much candy,	
	helped him get a new job.
She forgot her umbrella,	
	so nobody ate it.

Biodiversity Story – Cause and Effect

A Transformation in Maple Creek: Unity for a Healthier Planet

Once upon a time in the scenic Canadian town of Maple Creek, Fiona the fox, Oliver the owl, and Stanley the salamander were the best of friends. They thrived in their forest, filled with towering trees, pure rivers, and wide-open skies. But things started taking a turn for the worse, and they couldn't just stand by.

Fiona, who find abundant berry patches, now struggled to find even trees. This was because humans were cutting down the trees.

Oliver has nothed the resulty had an array of insects to feast on, but now they were becoming the find. The reason was clear: the garbage dumped in the river by hum pollut ter, affecting not just the fish but also the insects that lived near the value of the reason was clear.

Stanley's wetland, once a way ital to dry up. He found out that farming machines were draining the sw to agricultural land, taking away the water he needs to survive.

Just when things seemed dire, they met Raj, an enterior of the seemed dire, they met Raj, an enterior of the seemed dire, they met Raj, an enterior of the seemed dire, they met Raj, an enterior of the seemed dire, they met Raj, an enterior of the seemed dire, they met Raj, an enterior of the seemed dire, they met Raj, an enterior of the seemed dire, they met Raj, an enterior of the seemed dire, they met Raj, an enterior of the seemed dire, they met Raj, an enterior of the seemed dire, they met Raj, an enterior of the seemed dire, they met Raj, an enterior of the seemed dire, they met Raj, an enterior of the seemed dire, they met Raj, an enterior of the seemed dire, they met Raj, an enterior of the seemed dire, they met Raj, an enterior of the seemed dire, they met Raj, and enterior of the seemed dire, they met Raj, an enterior of the seemed dire, they met Raj, and enterior of the seemed directly dir

At the next community meeting, Raj spoke fervently. "Our consequences," he said. "By cutting down trees, we're not just all dishomes for ourselves but taking them away from animals like Fiona Oliver. Our trash in the river doesn't just disappear, it affects the ecosystem and harms creatures like Stanley."

Stirred by Raj's compelling speech and the animals' sad stories, the people of Maple Creek sprung into action. They established a conservation area, ensuring that Fiona, Oliver, and Stanley had a secure and healthy environment. They initiated a town-wide recycling program to cut down on pollution, which led to cleaner rivers and a return of insects for Oliver to eat. Lastly, they put a stop to draining the wetlands, allowing Stanley's habitat to recover and flourish.

In time, Fiona rejoiced as berry patches sprung up once more, Oliver was thrilled to see insects buzzing around, and Stanley felt at home again as his wetland was restored to its natural state. They had all learned an important lesson: impactful change is possible when a community unites to take good care of the Earth.

Story - The Great Prairie Race

The Great Prairie Race

In the vast, open prairies of Alberta, young Sarah prepared for the annual Prairie Kite Contest. Sarah, a creative and determined girl, had spent weeks crafting her kite. Her dream was to win against the reigning champion, Derek, known for his flashy, high tech kites.

Sarah's build, Lily, always cheerful and supportive, helped to the local touches. "This kite's going to soar high touches."

On the day of the sie was bustling with excitement. Sa pair patterns, stood out ngs erek smirked,

confident with his lates willed ood luck, you'll need it," he taunted.

As the contest began, a gust and denote the azure sky. Sarah's kite danced gracefully, catching everyone control to perform elaborate tricks.

Suddenly, a strong wind swept through, tanguarab arab skite strings.

Sarah's heart sank. Derek, frustrated, tried to compare the tangle.

Remembering an old tale from her grandpa about prairie and a navigated her kite, untangling the strings. The crowd cheered free again.

In the end, Sarah's kite reached the highest, and was declared the winner. Derek, impressed by her skill, approached her. "I guess fancy gadgets aren't everything. Well done, Sarah," he admitted graciously.

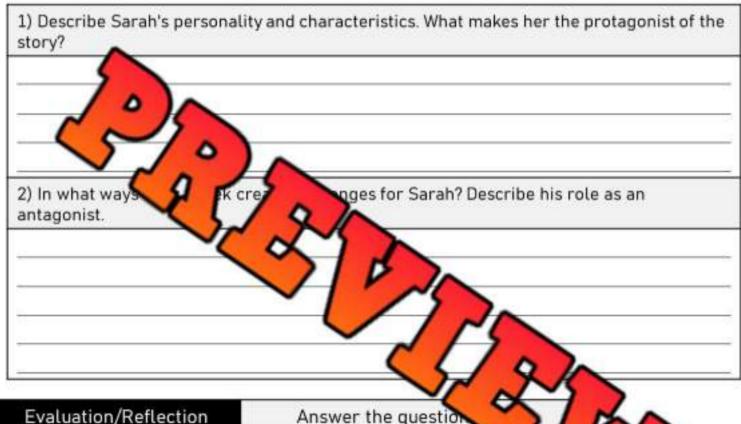
Sarah smiled, proud not just of winning, but of overcoming the challenge with patience and wisdom. Lily hugged her, saying, "You showed everyone what true skill looks like!"

As they walked home, the sun setting over the prairie, Sarah felt grateful for the experience. It wasn't just about winning; it was about facing challenges with courage and grace.

A protagonist is the main character at the center of a story who makes decisions, deals with consequences, and faces obstacles. An antagonist is an opponent of, or force acting against the protagonist and often gets in the protagonist's way or creates challenges. A stock character is a stereotypical figure recognized from familiar literature and traditions.

Character Analysis

Answer the following questions.



Answer the question

1) What do you think is the main message or theme of the story? Watconveying this message through its characters and events?	1 Ave in
	<u> </u>

2) If you were to add another character to the story, who would it be and what role would they play?

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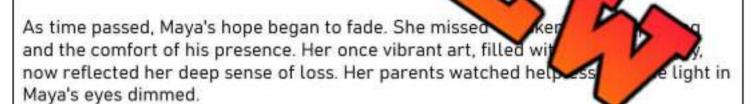
Tragedy Story

Whiskers In The Wind

In the heart of a bustling city, there was an old, cozy apartment where Maya lived with her beloved cat, Whiskers. Maya, a kind-hearted and imaginative girl, shared a special bond with Whiskers, who had been her companion since she was very young. Whereas, with his sleek black fur and bright green eyes, wasn't just a pet; he was Maya dant and friend.

Their e unexpected turn one stormy ning. Development outside, rattling the windows, part bed. In the chaos of the storm, so notice window had blown open. The new orn was nowhere to be found.

Maya searched everywhere, catting he can be the rain-soaked streets, but Whisken vanish like a shadow in the night. Her parents nelped putting up posters and asking neighbours, but of him.



eks with no sign

One day, while walking home, Maya thought she saw Whiskers in the distance. Her heart leaped, but as she drew closer, she realized it was just another black cat, not her Whiskers. The realization hit her hard. Whiskers was more than just a cat; he was a part of her, a part that she might never get back.

Maya never stopped missing Whiskers. She learned to live with the emptiness, but the special place in her heart that belonged to Whiskers remained untouched. It was a constant reminder of her first experience with loss, a tender scar that would stay with her forever.

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Historical Fiction Story

123

Changing Beliefs With Time

In the quiet town of Maple Grove, there lived a thoughtful boy named Elijah. Elijah had a curious mind and a kind heart. He often spent his afternoons in the town library, nestled in a corner with a mountain of books.

One sunny moon, Elijah found an old journal in the library. It is don't be a time when slavery was come takes, a time when slavery was an with a firm belief in the norms of is time to bout his daily life, which included the slaved people.



As Elijah flipped the hard to a wave of sadness. He couldn't be a sences been part of such unfair practices. Elijah's family had always matter their background.

Curled up in his reading nook, Elijah is an to in the action of the saw a young girl named Amelia, living in the same great transfather James. Amelia had long, wavy hair and a spirit that it is a long to ead, unlide the risks, she secretly taught herself and other enslaved children to ead, unlide the notes and whispers in the night.

Elijah was moved by Amelia's bravery in his imagined story. Showing and change, even in the darkest times. He thought about how, over good ons, his family's beliefs had transformed. They had learned from the past an osen a path of kindness and equality.

Closing the journal, Elijah made a decision. He would write his own story in the empty pages at the back of the journal. He wrote about Amelia, weaving her courage into his family's history. He wanted to show that even if the past was unchangeable, the future was theirs to write.

Elijah's story ended with a note of hope: "We may not choose our history, but we can choose our path forward. Let's fill it with kindness, understanding, and love for all." That evening, as Elijah shared his story with his family, he felt proud. He had added a new chapter to his family's legacy, one of learning, growth, and empathy.

Character Analysis

Answer the following questions.

Compare and contrast the characters of Elijah and his great-great-grandfather James.
 How are their beliefs and actions different?

2) What ory does Elijah imagine? Describe the character of Amelia and her a

Evaluation/Reflection

Ans

e que elow

1) How does the story show that perceptions an

fs ca er time?

- 2) Why is it important to learn from the past, according to the story
- 3) Have you ever learned something about your family's past that surprised you? How did it make you feel? Explain.

Narrative Structure

Understanding Narrative Structure

Narrative structure is like a blueprint for a story. It helps to organize the events in a way that makes the story interesting and easy to follow. Identifying the key elements of a story is called **Story Mapping**. Let's break down what narrative structure involves.

Beginning urney: Introduction

Every story with an introduction. Here, we meet the main characters and learn thich is where and when the story takes place. The introduction also so hint about the story's main problem or what the adventure might

Building the Excite Ri

As we move on, we read the mode of this part is all about build the standard of the standard o

NARRATIVE/

make us wonder, "What's

The Story's Peak: Climax

The climax is the most thrilling part of the stores the waiting for, where the main problem or conflict recharacters must face their biggest challenge, and ever fee exciting.

The Adventure Winds Down: Falling Action

After the climax, we enter the falling action. Things start to calm down as the characters deal with the aftermath of the climax. They work through the remaining challenges and start to find solutions.

Wrapping Up: Resolution

Finally, every story needs a resolution, where all the loose ends are tied up. The characters have learned important lessons, and the main problem is solved, one way or another. This part leaves us feeling satisfied, knowing how everything turned out for the characters we've been rooting for.

By following this structure, stories can take us on incredible journeys, filled with ups and downs, and leave us feeling like we've been part of something special.

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Name:

Answer

Which part of the narrative structure is described?

- The part where everything reaches a thrilling peak where outcomes hang in the balance.
- The part where all the story's threads come together, leaving us with a clear ending.
- The part where we get to know who's in the story and where it's happening.
- 4) The part tensions rise as challenges appear, making us wonder with appen next.
- 5) The problem of tart to calm down, and solutions to

Identify

the the story you think this sentence is from.

As the storm grew story by say to decipher the book's secrets became the book's secret became the book secret became the book's secret became the book's secret became the book secret became the book secret became the book's secret became the book secret became th	Falling Action	Rising Action
Marcus gazed at the mysterious anci hidden in the attic of his new house.	Introduction	Climax
3) Leo, now back from his unexpected journey, best of the past that no one else could tell.	Uling	Rising Action
4) The kitten's owner was finally found, but they were moved by Ava's care that they let her keep Sapphire.	Ses Z	Climax
5) After the light faded, Ali found himself surrounded by whispered voices of the past, revealing lost family secrets.		ng Action
 At the school talent show, Bella leapt out of Emily's backpack, revealing her unique ability to sing. 	Climax	Resolution
 Inside the house, Samantha stumbled upon a hidden room filled with strange gadgets and old photographs. 	Falling Action	Rising Action
In a bustling city park, Tina discovered a lost puppy with bright blue eyes under a bench.	Introduction	Climax
 Bill and Jill became the talk of the town, their unexpected performance turning into a heartwarming story of friendship. 	Falling Action	Rising Action
10) The moment Courtney read the last word of the spell, a blinding light filled the room, shaking the very ground.	Resolution	Climax

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Story Mapping - Desert of Stars

In the heart of a sprawling desert, where the sun turned sands golden, lived a curious girl named Sarah and her clever friend, Harry. Their home was a cozy glass dome, a haven in the harsh desert. One morning, they discovered a strange, metallic object buried in the sand, glowing with soft symbols. Their curiosity sparked, they unearthed it, revealing a hidden tunnel beneath.

Venturing the tunnel led them to an underground chamber where they met aliens we have been blue skin. The aliens explained that the artifact was a beact conspaceship, needing a special crystal to power it, hidden deep deser

Despite their Sara larry felt a surge of bravery. They a ked to across the desert, facing scorcing to be ous dunes. Finally, after what felt line on the crystal, glowing brilliantly at they reached for it, a giant desert critical merges eyes fixed on the precious stone.

Sarah and Harry knew they had to act fast.

together, they devised a plan to distract the creatures using their quick thinking and the alien's advanced they secured the crystal, narrowly escaping the creatures.

y. The worked, and

With the crystal in hand, they returned to the aliens, who were immediately set to work repairing their spaceship. As the ship humr life, preparing to return to the stars, the aliens thanked Sarah and Harry for their courage and kindness.

As the spaceship soared into the sky, Sarah and Harry watched in awe, knowing they had just experienced the adventure of a lifetime. They returned to their dome, their bond stronger than ever, their hearts filled with memories of the incredible journey they had shared.

And so, in the heart of the desert, under the vast, starry sky, Sarah and Harry learned that with bravery, friendship, and a touch of curiosity, even the most ordinary days could turn into extraordinary adventures.

Name:

Characterization

Understanding Characters in Stories

When you read a story, meeting different characters is like meeting new friends or sometimes foes. But how do we get to know them? Let's dive into the world of characters in stories!

What is O rization?

Charact way writers share what char to like. Think of it as a recipe that he way up the these characters are, from their pet at the lons.



Types of Character

- Direct Characterize is wear a character is like. For each of the straightforward, like a friend telling you about someon move.
- 2) Indirect Characterization: This work like work. The author shows us things about the character through the tions they say, how they interact with others, and what others but they say, how they jumps into a river to save a puppy, we figure to save a puppy.

How to Analyze Characters

To understand characters better, think about these points:

- Looks: What does the character look like? This can tell us a locut them
- Actions: What does the character do? Their actions can show us their true nature.
- Words: What does the character say, and how do they say it? This can reveal their thoughts and feelings.
- Thoughts: What is going on in the character's mind? Sometimes, we get a peek into their thoughts.
- Reactions: How do others react to the character? This can show us how the character fits into their world.

By looking at these aspects, you can become a character detective, uncovering the hidden depths of characters in any story you read!

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Instructions Read the sentences below and circle what characterization type is used.

Marcus is always punctual, arriving at school before the first bell every morning.	Direct	Indirect
Dr. Avery is a kind-hearted veterinarian who loves animals more than anything.	Direct	Indirect
Every weekend, Eliza volunteered at the animal shelter, cuddling the cared kittens.	Direct	Indirect
4) When the instructions again.	Direct	Indirect
5) The rian, ce is very knowledgeable about science	Direct	Indirect
6) During group s, Fire ook the lead, organizing tasks and the lead,	Direct	Indirect
7) Nora stayed behind to hear ear the classroom, arranging the channeat	Direct	Indirect
8) After the race, Seth shook hands smiling and congratulating them.	Direct	Indirect
9) Charlotte is a talented painter, capturing lawy	M	Indirect
10) Julian is an adventurous boy, always looking for new mountains to climb.	75	ect
11) At the sight of litter in the park, Mia stopped to pick it up and dispose of it properly.	Direc	Indirect
12) Kyle found a wallet on the ground and immediately turned it in to the lost and found.	Direct	Indirect
13) Mr. Benson is a strict teacher, known for his no- nonsense attitude.	Direct	Indirect
14) Without a word, Ivan held the door open for everyone after soccer practice.	Direct	Indirect
15) Theo is a curious student, always asking questions in science class.	Direct	Indirect

Characterization - Adrian's Sky-High Garden

In the heart of a bustling city, atop a gleaming skyscraper, lived Adrian, a young rooftop gardener with a green thumb like no other. Adrian's garden was a wonder, filled with vibrant flowers, lush vegetables, and even a small apple tree that defied the urban surrounding. This garden was not only Adrian's passion but also his secret; few knew of this green.

A possible of bond with plants. He could almost hear to whisper the second seco



One day, a problem arose. The builting's own annumous provate the rooftop, putting Adrian's garden at risk. Adrian was distributed to the birds and insects that had found let

With determination, Adrian and his friends devised a level mall exhibition on the rooftop, inviting residents to see the garden. Adria knowledge of plants, explaining how each one contributed to a healthier liment, even in the city. He spoke with such passion that the residents were captivated.

Moved by Adrian's dedication and the garden's beauty, the community petitioned the building owner to preserve the garden. Touched by the collective support, the owner agreed, allowing the garden to remain as a shared space for all to enjoy.

Adrian's garden became more than just a hobby, it was a lesson in perseverance, community, and the importance of green spaces in urban areas. Through his unique gift and the help of his friends, Adrian made a lasting impact, reminding everyone of the beauty and resilience of nature in the unlikeliest places.

What does your character do?

What do you think is going on in

Instructions

Characterize Adrian. In the center draw what you think he looks like and answer the following questions related to his personality.

your character's mind? do other What traits do you rs in the think your character has?

Story - Character Identification And Comparison

Fair Play in Greenwood Park

In the heart of a vibrant town named Greenwood, lived a young boy named Finn. Finn was known for his bright red hair, a love for soccer, and an unwavering sense of fairness. He believed in the power of justice and equity, often seen standing up for his classmates when disputes arose during recess. Despite his strengths, Finn was also known for patience and a habit of jumping to conclusions without hearing the whole sto

One composed on and his friends gathered in the paid their cer game, they discovered that their below all wissing. The news spread like will accus gan to fly. A quiet murmur among the paid of the paid to get their a distance.

Finn felt a surge of indignation and the importance of community and fair the the state of someone disrupting that peace was unacceptable. Without a set though the peace was unacceptable. Without a set though the peace was unacceptable and the peace was unacceptable. Without a set though the peace was unacceptable and the peace was unacceptable. Without a set though the peace was unacceptable and the peace was unacceptable. Without a set though the peace was unacceptable and the peace was unacceptable. Without a set though the peace was unacceptable and the peace was unacceptable. Without a set though the peace was unacceptable and the peace was unacceptable. Without a set though the peace was unacceptable and the peace was unacceptable. Without a set though the peace was unacceptable and the peace was unacceptable. Without a set though the peace was unacceptable and the peace was unacc

Elias, with his gentle eyes and calm demeanor, his experience of taking the soccer ball. Despite the harsh words through the soccer ball. Despite the harsh words through the ball of the

Finn, fueled by his belief in justice, had allowed his weakness of impation of cloud his judgment. He paused, taking a moment to really look at Elias. There was a sign of deceit, just a genuine wish to be included. Finn's friends, influenced by his actions, began to murmur amongst themselves, reconsidering their rush to judgment.

Realizing his mistake, Finn took a deep breath and extended his hand to Elias. "I'm sorry," he admitted. "I should have asked before accusing you. Do you want to help us look for the ball?"

Together, the group embarked on a thorough search, their combined efforts eventually leading them to discover the soccer ball tucked away behind a bush, forgotten after their last game. The relief and joy were palpable as they returned to their game, this time with Elias among them.

As the sun set on Greenwood Park, laughter and cheers filled the air. Finn had learned a valuable lesson about the importance of fairness and the danger of letting one's weaknesses dictate actions. His values of justice and equity were reinforced, but now he understood the importance of patience and listening to every side of the story.

That day, Finn not only found the missing soccer ball but also gained a new friend and a deeper understanding of what true fairness means. And from that day forward, he made a promise to himself to always seek the truth with an open heart and an open mind, embodying the values he held so dear.

Identify how he demonstrated these attributes.



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			Į		

Compare your own character traits with those of Finn. What similarities and differences do you have?

Similarities	Differences
5/0	
97	

Write

Write a short left of Introduction Story. Share your thought his what you might have done in the of advice or asking him a question of advice or advice

	5/2/2

Block 5: Persuasive Texts

Focus

- ✓ Vocabulary, grammar, cohesive ties, sentence structure in persuasive texts
- Critical thinking skills for understanding persuasive texts
- Diversity, inclusion, and accessibility themes in persuasive writing
- ✓ Making inferences after reading local inferences and global inferences using explicit and implicit evidence – do you believe the text? Has it changed your opinion?
- ✓ Reading Comprehension Strategy: Inferencing

Techniques of Persuasion

Understanding Persuasion

Persuasion means to convince others to agree with your ideas or actions. People can persuade others by using techniques that appeal to emotions or logic.

Emotional Appeals

feel happy ared, or excited, which can influence our decipole, a charity might show picturals and donate money.



Key Emotional

- Storytelling a tow very to connect with our hearts.
- Powerful Image sing to stir our emotions.
- Music and Sound: Market Market and Sound: Market Mar

Logical Appeals

Logical appeals use facts, evidence, a rea to convince us. They make us think and understand why someth a goo

Steps to Make a Logical Argument:

- State the Fact: Begin with a clear, true state
- Provide Evidence: Show proof like data, statistic
- Explain the Connection: Help understand how the

Mixing Emotions and Logic

The most persuasive messages often mix emotional and logical appears bey make us feel something and also think about the reasons behind it. For instance, a campaign to save forests might share facts about their importance to the planet and include emotional images of wildlife that depend on these forests.

Trust Matters

Being seen as trustworthy or an expert can also persuade people. If we believe someone knows what they're talking about, we're more likely to be convinced.

Other Persuasive Tricks

- Repetition: Saying something many times to make it stick in our minds.
- Asking Questions: Making us think by asking questions leading to their viewpoint.
- Comparing: Showing how one thing is better than another by comparing them.

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Identify

Read the following statements from different speeches and advertisements. Circle the type of persuasive appeal that is being used.

 Nine out of ten dentists recommend our toothpaste for stronger, healthier teeth. 	Emotional	Logical
Our ice cream is a scoop of comfort on a tough day, melting your worries away.	Emotional	Logical
3) Imagine a world where every child has a book to call their own.	Emotional	Logical
4) Studies that reading 20 minutes a day can significantly improve y	Emotional	Logical
5) This of head injuries in cycling by 85%.	Emotional	Logical
6) Join Pause a so that needy animals are waiting for.	Emotional	Logical
7) Our solar-page ato sefficiently, saving energy and money over	Emotional	Logical
8) Adopting a pet from the state of the stat	Emotional	Logical

Write

Write an advertisement to sell and logical appeals to persuade the ader.

Sugar Free Gumballs

Activity: Persuasive Speech Challenge

Objective

What are we learning more about?

To enhance students' public speaking, persuasion, and critical thinking skills by writing and presenting a short speech on a chosen topic. Students will learn to effectively use emotional appeals, logical reasoning, and establish their credibility to persuade



Instruc

wow do we complete the activity?

Step 2. Unde rsy ic

Discuss the interpers focusing on emotional appeal (pathos), logical appeal (logos), and ker composition of the person of the pe

Step 2: Choosing a Te

Provide a list of suitable top ent bat interests them.

Step 3: Crafting the Speech

Students will research their chosen topic, gathering as, states, and examples to support their argument. Encourage them to this part of the students of the students to write their speeches, ensuring they are element of pathos, logos, and ethos. The speech should have a clear introd.

Step 4: Practise

Give students time to practise their speeches in class. They can practice in the of peers or in small groups, providing each other with constructive feedback. Employee the importance of body language, eye contact, and voice modulation in enhancing their message.

Step 5: Presentation

Organize a class event where each student presents their speech. Use a timer to ensure speeches are kept to a predetermined length (e.g., 3–5 minutes). Encourage the audience (the rest of the class) to listen actively and respectfully.

Step 6: Reflect

Conclude the activity with a reflection session. Allow students to fill a worksheet to share their experiences, what they learned about persuasion, and how they felt while giving their speeches. Discuss how these skills can be applied in other areas of their lives.

Choose

Choose one of the following topics for your speech.

The Magic of Recycling	Wild Animals and Their Habitats	Climate Change and Our Planet
Adventures in Space Exploration	The Secrets of the Rainforest	How to Be a Young Entrepreneur
Mysteries of the Deep Ocean	The Science Behind Magic Tricks	The Life of a YouTube Star
The Future of Vid	Dinosaurs: Giants of the Past	The Mystery of the Bermuda Triangle
Superh	The Importance of Team Sports	The Wonders of the Solar System
Friend o	Discovering Ancient Civilizations	The History of Comic Books
The Al	he World of Potter	The Power of Renewable Energy

Write

Write to

you write your speech.

Vhich topic did you cho	~<	5/2	
		3	BO
			1/

Name:	143	Curriculum Connection 1.2.4.2, 4.3
Reflection	Answer the following questions.	
1) Why did you choos	e this particular topic for your persuasive	speech?
	perience of delivering the speech. How did ation?	I you feel before, during,
(0)		
5	<u>^</u>	
	1/2/2	
3) Ask your peers and from 1 to 10. Record		your speech on a scale
Ratings		
Average Rating		
elf – Evaluation	Answer the following q	24
 Based on the peer speech was? 	ratings and your own reflection, how	Ve Our
speecii was:	2	4/
2) How can the skills	you practised and developed through this	activity he applied in other
		activity be applied in other
or odd or your the or r	n future projects?	
	n future projects?	

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Persuasive Writing - Multiple Perspectives

Calculators Are Helpful in Math Class

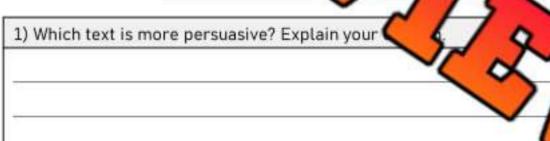
I think calculators should definitely be allowed in math class, and here's why. Imagine you're trying to solve a super hard multiplication problem. You feel stuck and frustrated, right? Well, with a calculator, you can quickly get the answer and move on to learning more complex skills. It's like having a math superhero right in your pocket! When you use a calculator, you feel more confident and less stressed. Math class should be about learning and baving fun, not struggling with basic calculations. Why make it harder than it has to be!

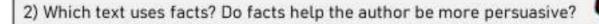
Calcy in sic Math Skills!

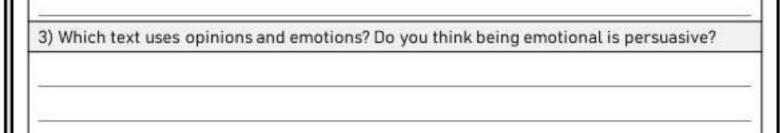
Accol to a styling of styling is who often use calculators in class struggle 20% more with basic mathematical properties who solve them manually. Another survey found that 70% of the salculators prevent kids from mastering the basics of arithment are set to that calculators might make it easy to skip important math steps. The concern tudents should not be using calculators to complete their math won.

Think Critically

Answer the q







Persuasive Writing - Thinking Critically

Hey, class! It's Kelly, and I've got an idea to share: we should totally have a say in what sports or games we play during gym class! Seriously, why do grown-ups get to make all the decisions? It's like they forget we're the ones actually running around!

First of all, gym class would be so much more fun if we got to pick the games. Our teachers usually worry about "exercise" and "safety," but we can choose games that are both safe and give us a good workout!

Here's and esome point: if we're picking the games, we'd be way more about gym class. We could try out new sports we've do not stick to classics that everyone loves. This could be about a stollar teamwork and how to play fair.

So let's make and ard our teachers that we want a say in gym class activities. Trust ole lot more exciting!

Think Critically

the questions below.

que

dasiv r hear an argument. Answer

a) Who is the source of the writing? Are they bia

We should ask questions when we re-

- b) Is this person a trustworthy source of information? Explain.
- c) What perspective is Kelly missing? What might teachers be thinking?
- 2) Kelly didn't use any statistics/facts. What facts/stats would have helped their argument?

Name:		
name.		

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Curriculum Connection 1.2, 1.3, 4.2, 4.3, 4.5

Propaganda – Critical Analysis

Propaganda is a way of sharing ideas or information with the purpose of influencing people's opinions or behaviors. It is often used by governments, organizations, or individuals to persuade large groups of people to think or act in a certain way.

Propaganda can be found in various forms, such as posters, advertisements, social media posts, or news articles. It's important to critically evaluate the information we receive to understand if it's propaganda and what it's trying to achieve.

Instructions

the text below and then critically analyze it by answering the questions paxt page.

Fast od: A Convenience or a Mouthful of Controversy?

Imagine a work of very more fast food meal. Sounds fun, right? Picture this: burgers, fries, and drink of the lunch, and dinner. Now, some people might tell you that fast food to you that fast food

Fast food is all about convenience and to the lives, who has the time to cook every day? Fast for the stime of some stime of some enjoy more of your day. And the variety there's some of your day everyone, from crispy chicken to cheesy pizzas to so way to socialize. Birthday parties or celebration to the social state of the s

restaurants are the go-to spots for fun times with fi

On the flip side, critics argue that fast food contributes to expense point out the excessive packaging, the carbon footprint of fast rood impact on animal welfare. It's essential to consider these factors, a planet and future.

However, it's also important to recognize the efforts some fast food chains are making towards sustainability, like using recyclable materials and sourcing ingredients responsibly. The debate around fast food isn't just about personal health; it's about our collective responsibility towards the Earth. As informed citizens, it's up to us to dig deeper and understand the full scope of our choices, not just for our well-being but for the planet's health too.

So, before you decide based on what others say, think about the perks of fast food. It's not just about the food; it's about the joy and convenience it brings into our lives. Remember, every story has two sides. It's crucial to weigh both before making a judgment. What's your take on this? Is fast food truly the villain it's made out to be, or is there more to the story?

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Block 6: Expository Writing

<u>Focus</u>

Reports

- ✓ Text features like bold text, hyperlinks, subheadings, and pull-down menus in digital reports.
- ✓ Diversity, inclusion, and accessibility themes facts
- ✓ Making inferences after reading
- Comparing reports with different text patterns and text features
- ✓ Read reports written by indigenous groups that share their history
- ✓ Reading Comprehension Strategy: Summarizing

Procedural Writing

- ✓ Reading how-to-guides
- ✓ Comparing procedural writing

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Curriculum Connection 1.2, 1.4, 2.2

Problem and Solution Report

Preface

This report aims to provide students with an understanding of the critical issue surrounding the Aral Sea, specifically focusing on the overuse of water resources. We will explore the problem and consider two potential solutions to mitigate its impact.

The Vanishing Act: Understanding the Aral Sea Crisis

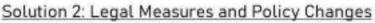
Once one world's largest lakes, the Aral Sea has experienced drastic reductions in both size me over the past few decades. This environmental catastrophe is mainly draw sive use of the lake's water resources for agricultural practices.

The Casue: W

Irrigation system and the rege-scale agriculture, have drained significant amounts of which are Arabara a result, the sea's water level has dropped, leading to ecological aster and local communities who rely on the sea for livelihood.

Solutions: Pathways to Restor

Solution 1: Water Conservation in Agric
One approach to solving this issue is by mentir
efficient agricultural practices. Using drip irrigatio
instead of traditional methods can significantly wa
consumption. This switch would allow for more to
naturally flow back into the Aral Sea.



Another solution involves establishing strict regulations on water used as a set limits on the amount of water extracted for agricultural and solutions are set limits on the amount of these laws would help restore the Aral Sea over

Glossary

- Aral Sea: A lake located in Central Asia that has dramatically reduced in size due to overuse of its water resources.
- Irrigation: The artificial application of water to land for agricultural purposes.
- <u>Ecological Disaster</u>. Severe damage to the environment, often caused by human activities.
- <u>Drip Irrigation</u>: A water-efficient method of irrigation that delivers water directly to the roots of plants.

By understanding the Aral Sea crisis and its potential solutions, we can work together to restore this vital natural resource for future generations.

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Activity – Summarizing Reports

Objective

What are we learning more about?

To summarize a four-part report, comprehend the major points, and collaborate as a team.



Instruction

How do we complete the activity?

- For Group Proups of 4. Each group receives a 4-part report.
- 2) Assign Parts: sture of picks one part from the report to read and summarize.
- Read and Summarize: Each students as short summary on a piece of paper. The summary uld because and capture the main idea of their section.
- Share Summaries: Once everyone has finished writing, ach
 sharing their summary with the rest of the group.
- 5) Create the Big Summary: After hearing all the summaries, work together to combine them into one big summary that captures the main points of the entire report. You can write this on a separate piece of paper.
- 6) Discuss: Talk about how each student's summary contributed to the overall understanding of the report. Were there any surprises? Did summarizing help you understand the report better?

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169

Curriculum Connection 1.2, 3.2

Instructions

Cut out the sections of the report below

1)

Space Exploration and Notable Space Missions

The Beginnings of Space Travel

Space exploration started a new chapter in human history with the launch of Sputnik 1 by the Soviet Union in 1957. This event marked the first time a man-made object successfully orbited Earth, paving the way for future space missions. Four years later, in 1961, astronaut Yuri Gagarin took another giant leap for mankind, becoming the first person to travel into the eard complete an orbit around Earth. These early ventures sparked global interest an estage for the more sophisticated missions that would follow.

2

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Not to be outdoor the property of the property

3)

International Efforts

Cooperation among nations led to the creation of the control of the country of th

4)

New Frontiers

The landscape of space exploration is continually evolving, now featuring private sector involvement. Companies like SpaceX have been making headlines by launching rockets and even sending astronauts to the ISS. They're also planning ambitious future missions, including potential colonization of Mars. Meanwhile, NASA hasn't slowed down; its Artemis program aims to bring humans back to the Moon by the mid-2020s. This time, the program has set its sights on more diverse representation, planning to include the first woman and the next man on the lunar surface. These developments are not only milestones in themselves but also crucial steps toward deeper exploration of our solar system and potentially beyond.

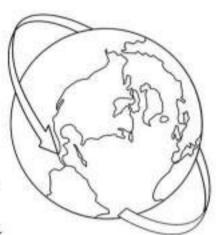
Comprehension - Text Features in Reports

Preface

This report will help you understand how the world being connected changes the way Canada buys and sells things with other countries. This is important because it affects what we can buy and what kind of foods we can eat.

What is _____ization?

Globalization is that countries all over the world are connect tech, and ways of life. Canada is a countrie at the send out things like wood and technologies and like wood and technologies.



Pros and Cons bbal

There are good and by the connected. On the good side, Canada can sell to more places, and the connected can sell to more places, and the connected connected. On the good side, Canada can sell to more places, and the connected connected connected. On the good side, Canada can sell to more places, and the connected connected

But there are cons too, like high the title of other countries. Some jobs even move to places where it's less et we to your appens when Canadian companies outsource their work to other country here on pay their employees less money.

List of Good and Bad Things

- Good: More markets, getting good at certain things, holid
- Bad: Higher competition, some jobs moving away, risks with r

How Globalization Affects Us

Being connected to the world changes our daily life. For example, the **goods** like phones and clothes that you see in stores often come from different countries. Also, you might eat fruits that come from countries with warmer climates.

Glossary

- Globalization: The big change that makes countries more connected.
- More Markets: Other countries you can sell to or buy from.
- Higher Competition: More places making the same things, so it's tougher to sell your stuff.
- Goods: Things that people buy and use.
- Outsource: When jobs go to other countries because it's cheaper to pay their wages.

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Summarize

Determine the main idea and support



2) Write 4 supporting details about the main idea.

Historical Development of Canadian Communities

Menu – Click To Learn More			
News	Stories	History	About
Latest Articles	Creation Stories	Anishinaabe	Who We Are
Canadian Articles	Storywork Stories	The Iron Road	Mission Statement
Articles Around the World	Poetry	Arrival of Europeans	FAQ

The Tale Design Communities Through the Eyes of Little Fox

Intro (

Hello explore one! Fox, and I belong to the Anishinaabe nation. This report is going to be urn bugh time. We'll explore how the communities in Canada have trained over the communities in the communities in the communities in the canada have trained over the communities in the canada have trained over the

The Original Community (rrival excomers

Once upon a time, my ance we work to soles, lived in harmony with the natural world around them. We do it was around the lush forests, and shared stories with the wisdom of the same aring campfires.

The Arrival of European Explorers

Things began to change when large ships arrive farlooked promising as we started trading essential states for tools and other useful items. However, it didn't take long for mother began to establish their own communities, sometime by other lands.

The Changing Landscape and New Challenges

As the years went by, significant changes started happening in our communities. People started talking about a "Confederation," a big union of provinces that led to the formation of a brand new country known as Canada.

The Iron Road and the Test of Time

Among the many transformations was the construction of the Canadian Pacific Railway, often Canadian Pacific Railway

called the "Iron Road." It stretched from the Atlantic to the Pacific, connecting communities that were once isolated. As time moved on, our nation faced incredible challenges, such as the two World Wars. However, we stood together, Indigenous communities and settlers alike, to protect the place we all call home.

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Report - Our Solar System

Our Cosmic Neighbourhood

The Solar System is an immense and fascinating place. It's located in the Milky Way galaxy and includes the Sun and all the objects that orbit around it. This includes eight planets, their moons, and numerous smaller objects like asteroids and comets.



The Mighty Su

At the centre of the restriction of the state of the stat

Planets Galore

There are eight planets in the Solar System. In or form of the Sun, they are Mercury, Venus, Earth, Mars, Jupiter, Saturn, Uland In the planet has its unique characteristics. For example, Venus is the largest. Most planets have moons orbiting them. Earth 1991 Some moons, like Saturn's Titan, even have atmospher 1992 occ

Amazing Dwarf Planets

Beyond Neptune, there are five recognized dwarf planets, including Pluto Is. These are smaller than the main planets and have unique orbits.

Comets: Cosmic Snowballs

Comets are made of ice, dust, and small rocky particles. They usually have long, glowing tails that can be seen when they come close to the Sun.

A Journey to Remember

Spaceships have visited every planet in our Solar System. The journey to Mars takes about eleven months, while reaching Pluto can take up to nine years.

The Fascinating Kuiper Belt

Beyond Neptune is the Kuiper Belt, a region filled with icy objects. It's believed that every comet ever has originated from this area.

Research

Research all the information written in the report and identify 8 incorrect statements. Write the correct fact after researching.

Incorrect Statement	Correct Fact	
1)		
2)		
3)		
4)		
5)	3/3	
6)		
7)		
8)		

Report - Justice, Equity And Fairness

Introduction

In our world, it's important that everyone is treated fairly and has the same chances to succeed. This report will look at justice, equity, and fairness around the globe, using simple numbers and facts to understand how different places are doing.



What Do Time Words Mean?

- Justice gets what they deserve.
- Equit veryone what they need to be successful, even if it's not the same for
- S. reat
 in a way that does not favor some over others.

Global Statisti

- School Acce of child wide start primary school. This is good news, but it means 9 out of child is chance.
- Girls vs Boys: In some as a second for every 100 boys. This shows us that not everyone get
- Clean Water. 2.2 billion peop which safe drinking water. This is a big iss
 ase clean the safe drinking water. This is a big iss
- Rich and Poor. The richest 10% of the obal poor of the income. This big gap shows a lack of equation.

Why Does This Matter?

When people aren't treated fairly, or don't have the same it of problems like poverty, lack of education, and health issues. Statistics, we can start to make changes for a better world.

it of to bigger

Ways to Improve

Here are some steps we can take to make things more fair for everyone:

- Support education for all, especially in places where certain groups are left out.
- Help provide clean water and health services to those who need them.
- Work on reducing the income gap so that the difference between the richest and the poorest is not so big.

Conclusion

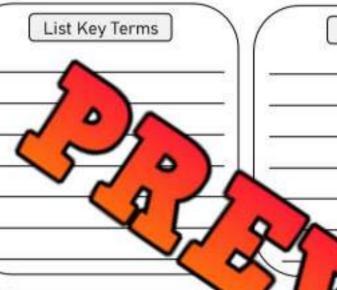
Justice, equity, and fairness are important for making sure everyone has a fair chance at a good life. By looking at the facts, we can see there's a lot of work to do, but together, we can make a difference.

Remember, every small step towards fairness can lead to big changes in the world.

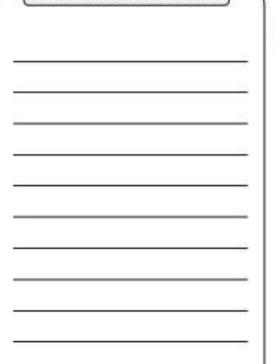
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Note-taking means writing down important information to help you remember it later. You listen or read carefully and write down the main points or ideas. Then you can look at your notes later to help you understand or remember what you read.

Note-Taking Read the justice report and take notes in the graphic organizer below.



Words I Need To Define



Questions I Have About The Report

S Main Points

Report - Waterfalls

What Are Waterfalls?

A waterfall is an area where water flows over a steep drop in a river or stream, creating a stunning visual effect. They can vary greatly in size, from small cascades to gigantic drops.

Notable Vals Around the World

Niar
Loca Canada and the United States, Niagara Falls is one of the most know s. It is made up of three different falls: Horseshoe Falls, American Fall VIIs. Together, they have the highest flow rate of any waterfall American Falls.

Victoria Falls
Victoria Falls, on the bore manufacture imbabwe, is one of the largest and most famous waterfalls in the local people call it si-o means "The Smoke That Thunders."

Angel Falls

Angel Falls in Venezuela is the world's high the other perfall. It has a height of 979 meters and a plunge of 807 met. The med after Jimmy Angel, a pilot from the United States who for wover the sin 1933.

Iguazu Falls

Iguazu Falls, located on the border of Argentina and Bras is reindividual drops. The largest of these is the Devil's Throat, whi The falls stretch over 2,700 meters, making it one of the most expandate fall systems.

Fascinating Facts

- Waterfalls can be temporary or permanent, depending on the water source and the season.
- The sound of water crashing down a waterfall can be heard from miles away.
- Some waterfalls freeze in the winter, creating stunning ice formations.

In conclusion, waterfalls are a mesmerizing natural feature found across the globe. They vary in size, shape, and location, but all offer a unique and aweinspiring experience.

Scanning or skimming a text means quickly looking through a written document to find specific information or keywords without reading everything in detail. It's like searching for clues without reading every single word. You glance at the titles, pictures, and some sentences to understand what the text is mostly about.

Skim And Scan

Skim and scan the text of the report by quickly looking through it and then answer the following questions.

	Questions	Answers
1)	Why gara Falls located?	
2)	many p Niagara Falls?	
3)	What count gel	
4)	What is the local name or or	
5)	Who was Angel Falls named after	
6)	Which falls are on the Argentina-Brazil boro	25
7)	Can waterfalls freeze?	1/1
8)	Are all waterfalls permanent?	
9)	How high is Angel Falls?	
10)	How many individual drops does Iguazu Falls have?	
11)	What is the height of the Devil's Throat?	
12)	Which waterfall has the highest flow rate in North America?	

What is Procedural Writing?

What is Procedural Writing?

Procedural writing is a type of writing that guides us through the steps of completing a task or making something. It acts as a set of instructions, similar to a manual for putting together a piece of furniture or a recipe in a cookbook. This kind of writing is essential because it ensures that we can follow clear steps to the ead desired outcome without confusion.



Featur Writing

- arly states the goal or task that will be explained.
- List Mater ns with a list of all items required to complete the task.
- Simple Language, ensuring they are straightforward as to up to up

ed in

Verbs of Action: It empt os action, such as 'write' or 'fold'.
 Illustrations or Diagrams: oven, guide the reader through the ste

Example: Planting

Materials:

1 small pot, Potting soil, 1 seed (e.g., sunflower), Steps:

- Prepare the Pot: Fill the pot three-quarters full with potti spoon.
- Plant the Seed: Make a small hole in the center of the soil. Plad seed in the hole and gently cover it with soil.
- Water Gently. Pour a small amount of water evenly over the soil to moisten it, being careful not to flood the pot.
- Place in Sunlight: Position the pot in a sunny spot where it can receive plenty of light.
- Care for the Seed: Water the soil regularly, keeping it moist but not soaked, to encourage the seed to sprout.

This example illustrates how procedural writing can guide us in starting a small garden project. The steps in procedural writing are designed to help us achieve a goal effectively!

Prereading

Before reading, answer the questions below.

Before reading, decide why you are reading this. Is it because your teacher told you to? Or is it because it looks interesting? How does that affect how you read it?

Conne 3 pour read them? When have you used instructions?

Order Order the steps below from the first step to the last in plan

Order

Make a small hole in the center of the soil. Place the seed in the hole and gently cover it with soil.

Position the pot in a sunny spot where it can receive plenty of light.

Water the soil regularly, keeping it moist but not soaked, to encourage the seed to sprout.

Fill the pot three-quarters full with potting soil using the spoon.

Pour a small amount of water evenly over the soil to moisten it, being careful not to flood the pot.

Curriculum Connection 1.2, 2.4

Linear Text - How To - Ordering Steps

Examine

The information in the procedural writing is in the wrong order. Number what should come first, second, third, and so on.



Order	Information				
~	Plates Forks, knives, and spoons kins es (optional)				
	old the a vase of flowers, optional) old the attack of place it on the left side of the plate, under the fork, or one of the plate, under the fork,				
	Place a g st a n the right side of the plate.				
	Make sure the proce is ou're using a tablecloth, spread it out evenly.				
	If you're having bread, prace ead to the top left of the main plate, with a butter knife plate rizontal ead plate.				
	Place a fork to the left of the plate. Or ght sight the knife closest to the plate with the blade facing inward the grant to the knife.				
	Setting The Table I				
	Add a simple centerpiece to the middle of the tab.				
	Set a plate in the center of each seating spot. Make sure between each plate.				
	If you're using dessert spoons or forks, place them above the place, with the handle facing to the right.				

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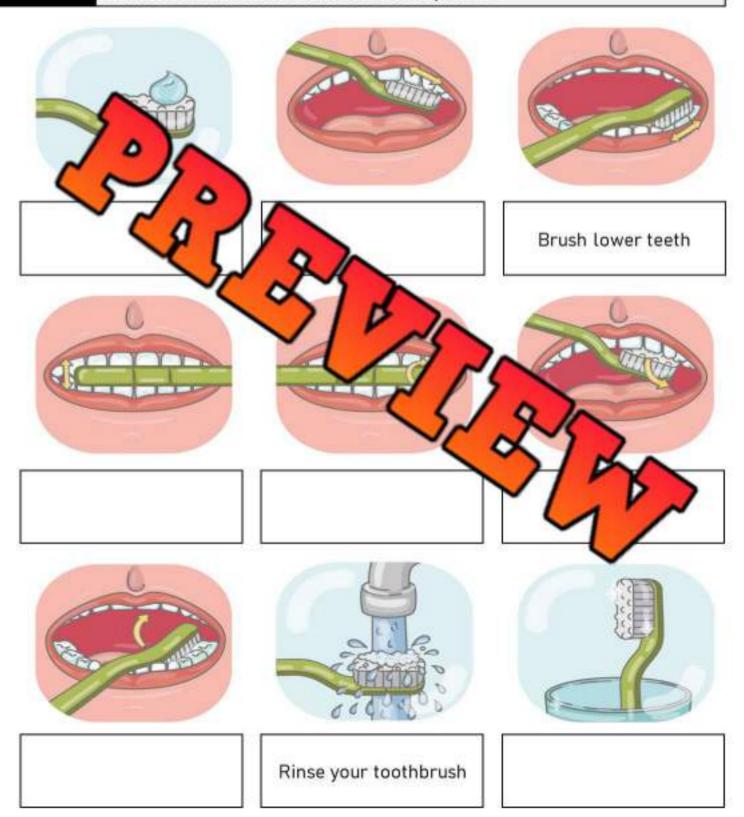
Is there only one way to do things? Have you ever set a table for a meal in a different way? Explain.

·=		
32		
So.		

Graphics in Procedural Writing

Label

Pictures in procedural texts are important because they help us understand what to do. Write instructions below each picture.



Curriculum Connection 12.14

Comparing Instructions – Making Hot Chocolate

Compare

Read both instructions. Which is easier to understand?

Step 1	Gather your materials: Sugar, cocoa, milk, marshmallows, mug, spoon.
Step 2	Add sugar to a mug.
Step 3	Add cocoa.
Step 4	little splash of milk.
Step 5	O) er.
St	ing milk.
Step 7	Pg Ve
Step 8	Add
C4 0	Faint A

HOW TO MAKE



ADD SUGAR



ADD COCOA



ADD A LITTLE SPLASH OF MILK





STIR WITH REMAINING MILK



POP IN MICROWAVE



ADD MARSHMALLOWS



ENJOY!

Curriculum Connection 1.2, 1.4, 3.2

Comparing Instructions – Playing Hopscotch

202

Compare

Read both instructions. Which is easier to understand?

Option 1:

How To Play Hopscotch

Draw a household grid with chalk, then toss a stone onto square op over square 1 to square 2 and onwar of square with the stone. Turn around the stone while balancing on one of, and start. Next round, aim for square 2. If you should be store with the stone while balancing on one of, and start. Next round, aim for square 2. If you should be stored that the stone while balancing on one of the stored balancing of the stored balancing on one of the stored balancing of the stored balancing of the stored balancing on one of the stored balancing of the stored ba



Step	Instructions
Step 1	With a piece of chalk, draw a opscote the pavement. It should have single and double squamber 1 to 10.
Step 2	Grab a small stone or beanbag to use onto the squares during the game.
Step 3	Stand behind the starting line and toss your maker of
Step 4	Skip over square 1 and hop on one foot onto square 2 nd ntinue hopping to the end of the grid. If you reach a double square np with both feet.
Step 5	At the end of the grid, turn around and hop back towards the start. Remember to skip the square with your marker.
Step 6	When you reach the square just before your marker, bend down to pick it up while still standing on one foot.
Step 7	After picking up the marker, hop over square 1 and out of the grid.
Step 8	On your next turn, throw the marker to square 2 and repeat the steps. If you throw the marker on the wrong square or step on a line, you lose your turn. The goal is to complete the pattern for every number up to 10.

Block 7: Poetry

Focus

- ✓ Literary devices in poetry: idioms and hyperbole
- ✓ Reading Comprehension Strategy: Visualizing
- Making inferences based on implicit evidence in a variety of poems.
- ✓ Critical thinking
- ✓ Read poems written by indigenous groups

Name:			

Curriculum Connection 1.2, 1.4

Types of Poems

Poetry is a fun way to write that helps you share feelings, ideas, or even tell stories. There are many kinds of poems, and each type has its own rules that make it unique. Here are some cool ones to learn about:

Haiku: Nature's Short Story

Haikus come from Japan and are usually about nature. They are short but can say a lot. Each Haiku has three lines. The first line has 5 syllables, the second has 7, and the third

has 5 again

Snowflakes gently fall Blanketing the earth in white Winter's quiet hug

Acrosti e Puz

Acrostic poem old use they have a secret message. The first letter of each line spells of dor when you read it from top to bottom. Here's an example:

y sk ing e's

If you read the first letters of each line well "S

Limerick: The Funny Poem

Limericks are meant to make you laugh! They have lined to me pattern is AABBA, which means the first, second, and fifth lined to leach and the third and fourth lines rhyme with each other. They also have



There once was a dog from Per-Who dreamt he was eating a shoe He awoke with a fright In the middle of the night To find that his dream had come true

Cinquain: The Five-Line Poem

Cinquains are poems with just five lines. Each line has a job to do. The first line is the title, the second has two descriptive words, the third has three action words, and the fourth has four words that show a feeling. The last line gives another word that means the same as the title

Ocean Blue, vast Rippling, flowing, deepening Home to many lives Sea

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Haiku Poetry - Metis Observations

Haiku Poetry - Métis Observations

The Métis people live in what's now known as Canada. Before Canada became a country, they lived off the land as skilled hunters, fishermen, and traders. They are known for their mix of Indigenous and European cultures. When more Europeans came, the Métis had to deal with changes, some of which led to conflicts.

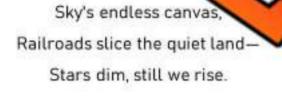
me haikus that help us think about how life changed for the Métis egan to change:





Hunters change

Rifles echo erds gro







Beads and woven sash, Traded for coins and paper—

What's the worth of roots?

These haikus give us little glimpses into the Métis experience. Each tiny poem shows the complex feelings and situations that happened when two different worlds met. The Métis, strong and adaptable, keep changing while also keeping their traditions alive. These poems help us think about their strength and the big changes they went through.

Acrostic Poems - Canada's Communities

Acrostic Poems - Comparing Urban and Rural Communities in Canada

Canada is a big country with many different places to live. Some people live in busy cities, while others live in quiet countryside areas. Let's explore these two kinds of communities: "Urban" and "Rural," through acrostic poems.

Acrostic Poems



Urban

- U Unending lights that shine all night
- R Roads filled with cars, a constant sight
- B Buildings tall, reaching a great height
- A A lot of people, bustling left and right
- N Noisy streets but lots to do tonight

Rural

- ng h
- er ure's guide
- R Rive otly, eaceful ride
- A Animals to ows
- L Less noise, a pla

In urban areas, you'll find lots of shops, schools, and places to play. People cities often use public transport like buses or subways. There's always something going on, from concerts to sports games.

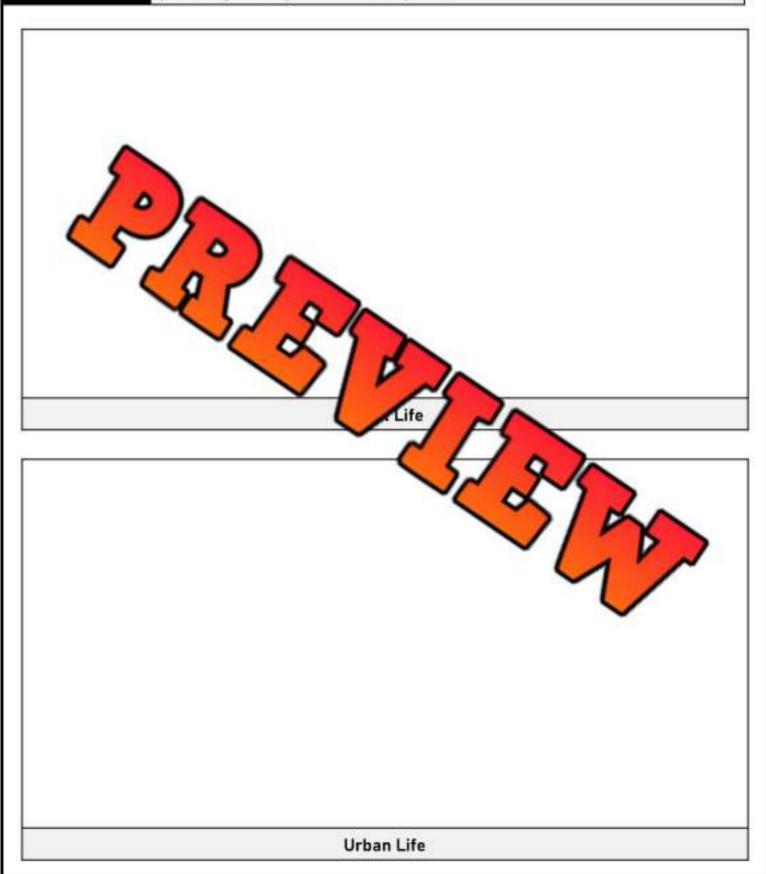
In rural areas, life is quieter and closer to nature. People might have to travel longer to get to shops or schools. You'll often see farms, and sometimes people have to look after their own animals. The great outdoors is right at your doorstep, ready for adventure.

Both kinds of communities have their own special things. In cities, you might enjoy museums or big parks. In the countryside, you might go fishing or hiking. Where would you like to live? Each place offers its own kind of fun and challenges.

can hide

Visualizing

Poetry is written to paint a picture in our minds. Draw what you are picturing while you read each poem.



Limerick Poem - Alliteration

Limerick Poetry - Honouring Indigenous Art Forms

Today we're going to dive into limericks that focus on Indigenous communities in Canada: the Inuit, First Nation, and Métis peoples. Each of these limericks features a literary technique called alliteration, making the poem more enjoyable and rhythmic. In alliteration and some each other in the sentence start with the same initial sound, making the poem more engaging and rhythmic.

Inuit Art:

n icy Inuit isle,

intricate style.

o keen,

Inuit Art

Inuit art Veryo

First Natio

In a First Nation village w

Takoda toiled on totems wide-ey

With timber and tool,

His talent a jewel,

Takoda's totemic tribute took the tide.

Métis Art:

Morgan, a Métis with might,

Made sashes that were such a sight.

With beads so bold,

And stories untold,

Métis traditions took flight.

2)

Cinquain Poems - Critical Thinking

Cinquain Poetry - Wonders of the Cosmos

Cinquains are neat, five-line poems where each line has a specific job, like describing or showing action. You can make your cinquains even cooler by adding similes and metaphors. Similes compare two things using the words "like" or "as." Metaphors say something is something else. For example, you can say a galaxy is "a swirl of stardust" or call a constant of the skies connect—the—dots." Let's look at cinquains that tell us about stars, great the stellations.

Stars

Bright, twinkling

Glowing, shimmering, light

Like diamonds in the sky

Sparkle

Galaxy

Galaxy

Spiraled, vast

Rotating, colliding, expanding

A cosmic dance floor

Universe

Black Hole

Hole

Dark, mysterious

allowing, pulling, absorbing

Merse's vacuum cleaner

Way

Creamy, struce

Stretching, archi

The galaxy's shining riv

Skyline

Orion

Orion

Hunter, bold

Guarding, aiming, standing

The sky's mighty warrior

Constellation

Big Dipper

Dipper

Curved, helpful

Guiding, pouring, pointing

The North Star's trusty sidekick

Ursa

Critical Thinking	Answer the questions below.
	ou think the stars are described as the "diamonds in the sky"? What ell you about their importance?
	s the "Black hole" poem make you feel? Happy, sad, excited, calm, surprised, nervous, creative, etc. Explain.
3) Which poem did you	
4) What was your favo favourite.	ourite part of the required audite just in why it was your
Quote	5/20
Evolain	

Visualizing

Re-read the poems below and draw what you are picturing.

Galaxy	Milky Way
	1

Rhyming Poems - Critical Thinking

Rhyming Poetry - Renewable vs. Non-renewable Electricity

Rhyming poems are fun to read because they have words that sound the same at the end of lines. You can use different patterns like ABAB or AABB to make your poem unique. Today, let's learn about different types of electricity through rhyming poems! There are wable sources, which can be replaced naturally, and non-renewable sources or run out. Solar energy, wind energy, and hydroelectric energy are rene en atural gas, and nuclear energy are non-renewable.

Solar Energy

Sunlight shining, nice

Turns into power, oh so ligh

Solar panels catch the rays,

Renewable energy, worthy of praise.

Coal Energy

Coal is dug from deep down low,

ens to electricity, but there's a woe.

the air, and can't renew.

ce that we may rue.

Wind Energy

Wind turbines spinning in the air,

Capture the breeze, it's only fair.

Renewable and clean, a choice so fine,

Turning gusts into energy, all the time.

Nath

Gas from harou

Burns to make p

It can run out, not rend

We must think, is it the best we can do?

Hydroelectric Energy

Water flowing, strong and fast,

Renewable it is, from river's dance,

In dams, it's stored to make power last.

Electricity made, given a chance.

Nuclear Energy

Atoms split, energy freed,

It's not renewable, waste lingers on,

Powerful source, but with a heed.

Careful thinking before it's gone.

Critical Thinking

Answer the questions below.

 In "Solar Energy," the phrase "Solar panels catch the rays" 	is used.	What does	this tell
you about the production of solar energy?			

2) Which p		e AABB and which	use ABAB rhyming patterns?
_/	٥		ABAB

3) Which poem do e the

4) What was your favourite par	e p	d explain why it was you
favourite.	, ,	

Quote

Explain

Visualizing

Re-read the poems below and draw what you are ring

Coal Energy	Wind Energy		

Identifying Poems and Literary Devices

Instructions

Name:

Name the type of poem and then the circle the literary devices used

Sun blazing so high Could fry an egg on the street Sumer's fierce furnace

s Used erbole

Metapho

Life

Vast, Wild

More species than stars in the sky

Crawling, Flying, Swimming

Diversity

Poem Type

Literary Devices Used

ldiom	Hyperbole		
Metaphor	Simile		

Out of this world, they say,

A universe far, far away.

Not written in stone,

Our place in the unknown.

Poem Type

Literary Devices Used

ldiom	Hyperbole	
Metaphor	Simile	

An astronaut named Mae
Wanted to visit the Milky Way.
She flew past Mars,
Even touched the stars,
And was back on Earth the same day!

Poem Type

Literary Devices Used

Idiom	Hyperbole		
Metaphor	Simile		

Birds of a feather,

ne sky,

together.

Literary D

Rhyming

Metaphor

Ne

Soaring high, pie in the sky

Kites dance, bidding clouds goodbye

You and me, never tell a lie.

Poem Type

Literary Devices Used

Idiom Hyperbole

Metaphor Simile

Block 8: Book Reviews

<u>Focus</u>

- ✓ Bias in book reviews identify explicit and implicit perspectives
- ✓ Reading comprehension strategy: inferencing
- ✓ Voice: word choice, word patterns, and sentence structure
- Literary devices in reviews hyperbole, idiom, alliteration, and metaphor

Name:	230
Name.	230

Curriculum Connection

Implicit and Explicit Perspectives - Book Reviews

Book Review: "Dinosaur Island: The Time-Travel Adventure"

"Dinosaur Island: The Time-Travel Adventure" is a book you won't be able to put down! Imagine stepping into a time machine with Sarah and Jack, two brave kids who lead this adventure. You'll travel back to the age of dinosaurs, where danger lurks around every corner. If you like time-twisting tales, then this book is perfect for you.

The story loss you on the edge of your seat with its thrilling challenges. Sarah and Jack have to so the less to find a special gemstone that can take them back to their own time. But the are moments when they have to dodge T-Rexes and other dinost the funny moments where their pet dog, Spot, does something silly, addition of the exciting adventure.

The ending have two won't expect. I don't want to spoil it, but let's to the adventure worth it. This book was really exercised and rea



Rating: 🏠

Perspectives

Answer the ques

OW.

 Write 3 explicit perspectives from the book q stated.

hes

spectives that are

Write 3 implicit perspectives that don't say exactly how they feel about the book, but they give hints.

Name:			

Curriculum Connection 1.2, 4.2, 4.3

Finding Bias in Reviews

What is Bias in Reviews?

Bias is when a reviewer lets their personal likes or dislikes affect how they review a book. For example, if someone really enjoys superhero stories, they might say all superhero books are great, even if some aren't that good. On the flip side, if a person doesn't like historical fiction, they might not give a good review to an excellent historical novel. Sometimes, bias can happen with certain themes, too. Let's say a reviewer doesn't like books with magic; they might rate those books lower, even if lots of kids love them. That's why it's a lidea to read different reviews to get a more complete picture of a book.

Biar

the reviews and answer the questions.

ie iew: "Skyward Journey" – 1/10

I suppose "Sky prey" transparent a good film, but let's be real, there's no water involved, so how good film, but let's be rea

The main characters are all aviations or their motivations when there's not a single erwat their motivations when there's not a single erwat the The villain is a rival explorer named Sky King, who wants to claim the will lands the lands who cares? If it's not happening underwater, it's that the lands the lands who care is a single erwat to care about the remaining the lands with the lands the lands with lands and lands the lands with lands the lands with lands and lands the lands with lands the lands with lands the lands with lands and lands the lands with lands the lands with lands and lands the lands with lands the lands with lands the lands with lands with lands the lands with land

It's a real miss for anyone who appreciates the beautined underwater world. I can't recommend "Skyward Journ ou're and can't get enough of underwater movies, steer clear of "Underwater Adventure: The Lost Treasure" instead. Now that a re-

1) Why is this review a biased review? What is the author's bias?

2) Should you believe everything the author writes about the movie? Why or why not?

Name:			
I NOTE THE			

Curriculum Connection 1.2, 4.2, 4.3

Our Voice in Review Writing

What is Voice in Writing?

In writing, "voice" is like the special style that shows who wrote something. Just like each of us has a unique way of talking, each writer has a unique way of writing. They choose certain words, make sentences of different lengths, and even use special punctuation marks. All these things together make up their writing voice. So, if you read something, you might be able to guess who wrote it by noticing these clues.

	ì	
•	_	 -

wily of 4 watched a movie and each wrote a review. Read them below.

- A) I represented the could read minds! It was hilarious when it told people's secrets. In the could read minds! It was hilarious when it told people's secrets. In the could read minds! It was hilarious when it told people's secrets. In the could read minds! It was hilarious when it told people's secrets. In the could read minds! It was hilarious when it told people's secrets. In the could read minds! It was hilarious when it told people's secrets.
- B) I was moved by how in the parts where they did experiments on the dog. That was too in the me.
- C) So this movie had its ups and downs, ya knowing my t's lit! But why add in all this science talk and family lessons? If you're a some parts of it.
- D) The way they filmed this movie was top-notch. I especially liked mind-reading look real. The storyline was kind of simple, though. I like me the deep stories, so that was unfortunate for me. But if you like action and comedy, you'll still have fun. It's worth a watch with the kids as you can zone out and relax.
- 1) Which family member wrote which review?

Dad Mom Teenager Youngest

2) Are you 100% positive about the guesses above? Why or why not?

Understanding Hyperbole in Review Writing

Hyperbole is when people exaggerate in reviews to make something sound really amazing or really bad. It's like stretching the truth to get a strong reaction. For example, if someone says a book is "the best thing since sliced bread," they're using hyperbole to tell you it's great.



Review Read the hyperbole below and answer the questions.

- 1) The gray this video game are light years ahead of anything else on the market.

 What Me

 Why Is It A Hyperbole

 How Does It Improve Writing?

 2) This restaurant serves the most mouth-water a life a shurgers ever.
- What It Means

 Why Is It A Hyperbole
- 3) The lead actor's performance was so dreadful it could bore a zombie to death.

 What It Means

 Why Is It A Hyperbole

 Do you like this hyperbole? Explain.

Curriculum Connection

Literary Devices in Reviews

Literary devices are techniques that help make the review more persuasive and engaging.

- Idioms: These are sayings that don't mean exactly what they say, like 'break a leg' when you want someone to do well.
- Metaphors: These say you're comparing things but don't use 'like' or 'as.' For example, 'She's a ray of sunshine.'
- Alliteration: This is when words close to each other start with the same sound, like 'happy wing bunnies."
- means saying something way bigger than it really is, like 'Her singing Hyper could bring a statue to tears."

Examine d find examples of the literary devices used ead

The Enchanted Backpack"

Wow, reading "The Encha ing a pot of gold at the end of a rainbow! In this story er a magical backpack in their attic. When the o a world full of talking animals and enchanted for

This book is the bee's knees in the world of kids and fabulously put together! The suspense had in ike riding the tallest roller coaster over and over. To sum it up, this

I give this book 5/5 stars. It was so good, I felt like time stood young adventurer out there!

Idiom

Alliteration

Metaphor

Hyperbole

Manage			
Name:			

Curriculum Connection 1.2

Review Writing - Inferences

Title: "Spine-Chilling Secrets in 'The Haunted Schoolhouse"

Introduction

Hey, young readers! Do you like stories that make your spine tingle? If so, "The Haunted Schoolhouse" is the book for you. It's so spooky, it feels like walking through a haunted maze on Hannel and January and

Summar

In this creepy to ds nar fer and Jonathan discover an old, haum as self-beighbourhood.

Once they step inside, they self-beighbourhood and ghouls! To escape and get back to the first the first that the



Thoughts

Opening this book is like opening a creaky door to a room book and surprises!

The characters are so lifelike, you'll think they're lurking right him the story is faster than a bat out of a cave, keeping you hooked from be all the author uses cool writing tricks like spine-chilling metaphors and eerie all thions to make the story even better. Seriously, this book is as rare as a blue moon on a foggy night!

Rating

I give this book a full 5/5 stars, no doubt about it! It was so thrilling, I forgot all about my homework. If you're into tales that make your heart race, you have to read this one.



Block 9: Graphic Texts

<u>Focus</u>

- ✓ Spatial order, images, graphics, visuals
- ✓ Graphic texts timelines, comics, memes, maps, infographics
- ✓ Text patterns in graphic text
- How images, graphics, and visuals contribute to the meaning in a text
- ✓ Reading Comprehension Strategy: Making Connections

Understanding Comics

Analyze

Read the comic and answer the questions.







Circle the text features used:

Speech Bubbles

Thought Bubbles

Captions

Sound Effects

Panels/Frames

Facial Expressions





1) Summarize the comic above. What happened?

2) Is the joke explained explicitly, or is it implicit? Explain the joke.

3) Global Inference: Is Mr. Duck a brave duck that shows no fear?

Understanding Graphic Texts

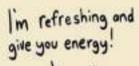
Analyze

Read the comic and answer the questions.



2) What do you think of this co

kpl

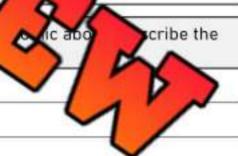




I'm low calorie and full of vitamins!



joke.



I WANT TO HURT YOU.



I want this one.



2) Make a connection: What does this remind you of in your life?

Text Features in Infographics

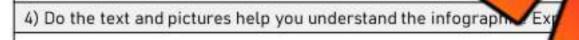
1) Write a title for this infographic.

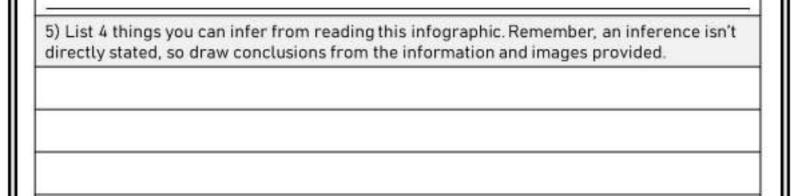
2) Does the caphic have more text es?

Sun Waning

Last Quarter

3) What did you learn from the graph





Curriculum Connection 1.2.1.4, 3.2

Reading Maps - Text Features

255

Reading a Map Made Easy

Maps help us know where things are. They have special clues:

- Country Names: Look for big, capitalized words like CANADA.
- Provinces and Territories: Smaller, but still capitalized words are provinces, like ONTAR
- Cities on tow
 Names with only the first letter capitalized are cities or tow



256

Curriculum Connection 1.2, 1.4, 3.2

Reading Maps - Text Features

Questions

Answer the questions below.

- 1) What do the big, capitalized words on a map usually represent?
- 2) How ca identify provinces or territories on a map?
- 3) How you i son a map?
- 4) What do black don

Think Label the provinces/territories/cities capitalization. Label Canada in the

the bank. Use the correct gle ck border.

Serr D	City
7	D
Numavu	Johns
NWT	Victoria
֡	

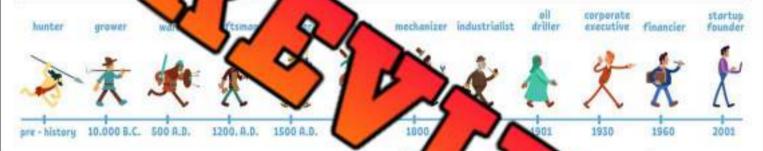
Graphic Text - What's a Timeline?

What's a Timeline?

A **timeline** is like a special ruler that shows when things happened. It helps us understand the order of events, like what came first, second, and so on. Timelines can show us history, like when dinosaurs lived, or even your own life, like when you lost your first tooth!

Features - What's on a Timeline?

- Dates: These tell us when something happened. It could be a year, a month, or day.
- Events bels: These are the important things that happened, like "Moon Landing."
- Ws point in the direction time is moving.
- Pictures: S
 ha ictures to help us understand the events better.



Analyze

Look closely at the timeline

swe o

- 1) What features are part of this timeline?
- 2) How has life changed for people? Explain what you've learned from the

Did the timeline help you learn about how our jobs have changed over time? Or would a paragraph have been a better choice? Explain.

Block 10: Biographies

<u>Focus</u>

- ✓ Biographies about important Indigenous people
- How images, graphics, and visuals contribute to the meaning in a text
- Reading Comprehension Strategies: Summarizing, visualizing, and making connections
- ✓ Text features glossary, preface, and timelines

263

Curriculum Connection 1.2, 1.4, 2.2

Biography - Chris Hadfield

Chris Hadfield: A Canadian Astronaut Above and Beyond

Preface

This biography will explore the life of an extraordinary Canadian—Chris Hadfield. Chris has done more than just travel to space; he has inspired countless people, especially young students like yourselves, to reach for the stars. As you read through this biography ou'll get to learn about his early life, space adventures, and how he's making an impact were on Earth.

Early Space

Christian de la August 29, 1959, in Sarnia, Ontario, Canada. As a young boy, he was lazed by Landing in 1969 and dreamed of becoming an astronaut.

Journey to the

Chris Hadfield because real page of the space for the first time in 1995. He was the only Canadian on the Indian formula Space Station (ISS). In 2012, he by the Indian Commander of the ISS!

Impact and Education

Chris Hadfield has not just floated in space on Earth, especially kids, about science and space write educational books and even made videos from to space common things like eating and sleeping are done to the His impact has made many young Canadians interested and space exploration.

Timeline

- 1959: Born in Sarnia, Ontario
- 1969: Inspired by the moon landing
- 1995: First space flight
- 2012: Became Commander of the ISS
- 2013: Returned to Earth and continued educational efforts

Glossary

- · Commander: The leader of a space mission.
- Impact: The change someone makes that affects others.
- International Space Station (ISS): A large spacecraft where astronauts from around the world live and work.
- Mission: Having an objective to complete a job in space.
- Zero Gravity. The condition where there is no pull from gravity, like in space.



Chris Hadfield

Name:	264	Curriculum Connection 1.2, 1.4, 2.2
Prereading	Before reading, answer the questions belo	ow.
Prediction: After read	ling the title and headings, make 2 predictions abo	ut Chris Hadfield.
		_
During P	Stop and write questions about what yo	u are reading.
2	3	
3		
Questions 1) What is a glossary	Answer the questions ? Why are they helpful when reading a readin	26
		1
2) How does the picto	ure of Chris Hadfield help you understand him bett	er?
3) What do you think	Hadfield's biggest accomplishment was?	7
19		

Biography - Elijah Harper

Elijah Harper: The Advocate for Indigenous Rights

Elijah Harper's Early Life

Elijah Harper was born on March 3, 1949, in Red Sucker Lake, Manitoba, Canada. He was a member of the **Oji-Cree First Nation**. Raised in a small community, Harper learned about the importance of his cultural heritage and began to dream of making therence for Indigenous people in Canada.

Major A

Elija v in 1990 when he used a single eagle feather to say "No" in the tobal effectively blocking the Meech Lake Accord. This accord did no the sand status of Indigenous peoples, and Harper's actions drew in the tissue. He later served in the Canadian House of Commons, continuity of Commons, conti

Life After Politics and Les

Although Harper left politics 799
impact. He became a symbol for Ind
against unfair laws and policies. He is elved se
for his contributions to Canadian society, in
of Manitoba and the Stanley Knowles Human
Harper passed away in 2013, but his legacy of fight
Indigenous rights remains strong.

Timeline

- 1949: Born in Red Sucker Lake, Manitoba
- 1990: Blocked the Meech Lake Accord with an eagle feather
- 1993-1997: Served in the Canadian House of Commons
- 2013: Passed away, leaving a lasting legacy

Glossary

- Oji-Cree First Nation: An Indigenous community in Canada.
- Meech Lake Accord: A proposed amendment to Canada's constitution that failed to recognize Indigenous rights.
- Eagle Feather: A symbol of spirituality and respect in many Indigenous cultures.
- Advocate: Someone who publicly supports a particular cause or policy.
- Legacy: The long-lasting impact a person leaves behind.



Curriculum Connection 1.2.1.4, 2.2

Understanding

Is the statement true or false?

1) Elijah Harper was born in 1949.	True	False
2) He was a member of the Cree First Nation.	True	False
3) Elijah Harper was born in Vancouver, British Columbia.	True	False
4) He blocked the Meech Lake Accord in 1990.	True	False
5) Harpe ved in the Manitoba legislature.	True	False
6) The peaccord recognized Indigenous rights.	True	False
7) ple leaf to say "No."	True	False
8) He served an e of Commons.	True	False
9) Harper left por h 199	True	False
10) He received the Or Apario.	True	False

Critical Thinking

An:

ques below.

1) Inference: How is Elijah Harper's legacy view	y, est	Manitoba?
	V/ 2	

2) Inference: How do you think Harper's eagle feather helped gain indiger whits?

4.1			
Name:			

271

Curriculum Connection 2.4

Organizing a Biography

Read

The report below has been organized incorrectly. Reorder the headings, sub-headings, preface, and index by writing the letters in the correct order

Biography of Orville Wright: The First to Fly

A) The Echos of Their Dreams

The determined on and ingenuity of the Wright brothers paved the world of aviation. Orville's legacy, shared with an the world. Every plane in the sky is a ment on and perseverance.



B) Early Years W Ities

Dive into the world ung where a childhood filled with wonder laid the foundation for his months.

C) Preface

Have you ever looked up at the sky and the

D) Childhood Adventures

Born on August 19, 1871, in Dayton, Ohio, Orville and his control inseparable. They shared a passion for discovery, fueled early by father gifted them. This toy set them on a path of wonder about how

E) Achieving Flight and Leaving a Legacy

Experience the pivotal moments when Orville took to the skies and discover how his contributions continue to influence the world of aviation.

F) The Momentous Flight

On December 17, 1903, in Kitty Hawk, North Carolina, Orville Wright made history. Climbing onto their invention named the Flyer, he flew for a brief 12 seconds. It was a short flight, but it marked the birth of aviation as we know it.

G) The Bicycle Shop Innovators

Before they took to the skies, the Wright brothers mastered the ground with their bicycle shop. It was more than just a place for bikes. Here, they explored principles of motion and balance, essential knowledge that would later aid their aviation experiments.

Name:	272	Curriculum Connection 2.4
	e letters in order from which paragraph/part s should go last. (A to G)	should go first, to
Critical Thinking	Answer the questions helew	i i
1) Did the	Answer the questions below. do its job in explaining what the biography will be	about?
_/^)		
77		
2) Did the preface	u into ding the rest of the biogra	aphy? Explain.
	ose 3 words from the biograph tisn't who the words or ask a friend/to who who who who were the words or ask a friend/to who who were the words or ask a friend/to who who were the words or ask a friend/to who who were the words or ask a friend/to who who were the words or ask a friend/to who who were the words or ask a friend/to who who were the words or ask a friend/to who who were the words or ask a friend/to who who were the words or ask a friend/to who who were the words or ask a friend/to who who were the words or ask a friend/to who who were the words or ask a friend/to who who were the words or ask a friend/to who who were the words or ask a friend/to who who were the words or ask a friend/to who who were the words or ask a friend/to who who were the words or ask a friend/to who who were the words of the wo	ur everyday an. Then use
Word	Definition - Whomas	1
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Word	Use It In A Sentence	
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